"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, cooler today; tomorrow fair, cool; fresh northwest winds.
For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 22,130. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1918.—TWENTY PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius. | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles. | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere.

HAIG'S TROOPS PUSH BEYOND HINDENBURG LINE, CAPTURING SEVERAL TOWNS EAST OF ARRAS; FRENCH ENCIRCLING ROYE, TAKE 600 PRISONERS

REVENUE BILL LAID BEFORE WILSON TO SETTLE DISPUTES

President Is Expected to Tell Kitchin of His Views in Support of McAdoo.

SECRETARY SEES CHAIRMAN

Treasury Insistent on Profits Schedule and Differential Between Incomes.

BEVERAGE TAXES DIVULGED

$6 a Barrel on Beer and $4.40 a Gallon on Distilled Spirits Are Now Drafted.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The split of opinion between Secretary McAdoo and Chairman Kitchin of the House Ways and Means Committee over disputed points in the $8,000,000,000 War Revenue bill, reached the point today where it became necessary to lay the matter before President Wilson for consideration.

The reporting of the bill, which is nearing its final stages in committee, has been delayed by the McAdoo-Kitchin differences, which are apparently almost irreconcilable. As a result of the reference of the matter to the President, the latter, who is supporting Mr. McAdoo's contention, is expected to inform Chairman Kitchin of the Administration's views in the matter.

Conferences between Secretary McAdoo and Chairman Kitchin were held today, after which it was announced that the Treasury officials still insisted upon their version of the excess profits and a differential between earned and unearned incomes. There were several imported discussions on the revenue situation which not only appears to be giving concern to the Treasury officials, because of its bearing upon the next Liberty Loan, but is worrying members of Congress.

Secretary McAdoo consulted President Wilson and laid before him a completed draft of the Revenue bill, especially emphasizing the two vital points of difference between the Treasury and the Ways and Means Committee members.

After this confernece the Secretary called in his advisors, R. C. Leffingwell and Professor Adams, head of the Excess Profits Board. It became known late this afternoon that the President had agreed with Secretary McAdoo as to the terms of the excess profits section. It was also reported that the President was in entire accord with the proposal that unearned incomes should be assessed 15 per cent. as a normal tax and that the normal tax on earned incomes should be 12 per cent.

President to Give Views.

The views of President Wilson will be communicated to Chairman Kitchin either by letter or by Secretary McAdoo in a further tax conference arranged for tomorrow.

The two points in controversy, representing the most essential and largest tax-levying possibilities in the bill, involved in Secretary McAdoo's recommendations are:

First—That the taxes on war profits be raised by an 80 per cent. war profit impost, with an alternative excess profit tax, based upon the present terms, of from 20 to 60 per cent.

Second—As to normal tax on incomes the Treasury insists that the normal tax on unearned incomes shall be 15 per cent. and the normal tax on earned incomes 12 per cent.

Chairman Kitchin's conclusions on these two points as tentatively accepted by his colleagues are: There shall be an 80 per cent. war tax, and this alternative excess profits levy: An exemption of $3,000 plus 8 per cent. of the invested capital and these rates: On incomes exceeding the exemptions, and not exceeding 15 per cent. of invested capital a tax of 35 per cent.; on incomes exceeding 15 per cent. and not exceeding 20 per cent. of invested capital a tax of 50 per cent.; on incomes exceeding 20 per cent. of invested capital a tax of 70 per cent.

As to the rates on individual incomes the committees favors 13 per cent. on unearned incomes, and 10 per cent. on earned ones.

Treasury officials expressed confidence that the Ways and Means Committee would finally accept the recommendations of the Treasury Department on these sections. While every effort was made today to prevent the impression becoming emphasized that the difference still existed between the taxmaking committee and the department, there was no offer by the Treasury to accept the compromise offered by Representative Kitchin.

One Treasury official said late tonight that the Treasury's recommendations on incomes would be adopted, and he was confident that if the House did not accept the advice of the Treasury experts on excess profits the plan favored by

Continued on Page Nine.

President Wilson in High Spirits, Whistles After War Conference

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—President Wilson late today walked to the State, War, and Navy Buildings from the White House and visited Secretary Baker, with whom he remained in conference for more than half an hour. The President seemed in the best of spirits and was whistling as he returned to the White House.

DRAFT BILL VOTE IN SENATE TODAY

Substantial Majority Indicated for Measure Making Service Age from 18 to 45.

EDUCATION PLAN ADOPTED

Open to All Soldiers and Sailors After War—"Work or Fight" Issue Yet to be Decided.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The Senate today agreed to vote on the Man Power bill at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, voting on amendments to be begun at 1 o'clock. Indications tonight were that the measure would be passed by a substantial majority. Debate on the bill tomorrow will be restricted to fifteen minutes for each Senator, with ten minutes additional on amendments.

The bill as passed by the House reached the Senate early today. It was at once substituted for the draft submitted by the Military Affairs Committee. Later the Senate draft was brought before that body as a substitute, so that the Senate amendments could be voted upon in their entirety.

The majority of the Senate is favorable to the provision in the bill making the draft age between 18 and 45 years. Senator Kirby of Arkansas still has his amendment before the Senate to make 21 years the lower limit, but this has met with scant support.

The anti-strike amendment, supported by leaders on both sides, will be fought out tomorrow. The amendment, as offered by Senator Thomas of Colorado, stipulates that any employe in an essential industry who fails to stick to his work shall become subject at once to the draft. Senator Cummins has an amendment providing that disputes be submitted to the War Labor Board, workmen to remain at work until a judgment is given and to abide by the decision of the Board. This will come up tomorrow along with the Thomas amendment.

In urging acceptance of his "work or fight" amendment Senator Thomas expressed the opinion that failure to provide against walkouts in essential industries would be likely seriously to cripple war work.

"We might find our industries at a halt at the most critical time," said Senator Thomas. "We want to be fair to our workmen, but the country's interests come ahead of everything else. This war cannot be won on sentiment. We must see that our war industries are increased, rather than diminished, for the balance of the war."

An amendment offered by Senator Smith of Georgia that the War Department be directed to issue uniforms and equipment to officers at cost was accepted by the Senate. Mr. Smith said officers were obliged to pay extravagant sums for uniforms, in some instances more than 50 per cent. in excess of a reasonable price.

Senator Shields of Tennessee offered an amendment providing that wives of soldiers and sailors serving with the American forces be exempt from civil service in taking Government positions. This was defeated 40 to 30.

An amendment providing for the college education of soldiers and sailors after discharge from service, when the was is over, at Government expense, was accepted 53 to 13. Senators opposing it took the view that the Government would be put to a heavy expense, with too much latitude allowed for waste of Government funds. Those advocating it maintained that young men forced into the draft were entitled, after the war, to complete their education and that almost any expense to which the Government might be put would be justified. In any event, they argued, the discharged soldiers and sailors would be entitled to an education extending up to the period of their service and not exceeding two years, so that the expense would not be extraordinary.

PLANS DRAFT REGISTRATION.

Advance Regulations Sent Out by Crowder Similar to Last Year's.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—With the Man Power bill in prospect of becoming a law in the next few days, General Crowder is hastening his plans for the registration of men between 18 and 45 sometime during the week of Sept. 2. He has mailed to all local draft officials advance unofficial regulations. These cover approximately thirty printed pages

Continued on Page Six.

MORE THAN A THIRST QUENCHER
Horsford's Acid Phosphate
Aids digestion, allays thirst, and is an especially refreshing Summer drink. Try it. —Advt.

SEMENOFF ROUTS REDS IN SIBERIA; CAPTURES TOWN

Cossack General with Czechoslovak Force Also Takes a Large Number of Prisoners.

AMERICANS REPEL BANDITS

Railroad Guard, Aided by Japanese, Beat Off 400 Chinese Armed with Machine Guns.

VLADIVOSTOK STRIKE ENDS

Chinese Substituted for Russians Who Wouldn't Work—Red Cross Tackles Big Task.

PEKING, Aug. 23.—General Semenoff, in command of a force of Czechoslovaks numbering several thousand, has attacked and defeated a Magyar-Bolshevist force at Motsievskala, Siberia. The town and many prisoners, including a large number of wounded, were taken.

The work of the Japanese in strengthening the Chinese frontier made the attack possible.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—General Semenoff's opponents in the Trans-Baikal region have withdrawn as a result of the arrival of Japanese troops at Manchuli, according to a Tien-tsin dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company. Only 3,000 of the Bolshevist troops remain in that region.

Japanese troops are completing their concentration on the Usuri front, according to dispatches from Vladivostok. At Engeneuka, sailors, supported by armored cars, attacked the Bolshevist troops in the face of heavy artillery fire and routed them.

The strike at Vladivostok is terminating in a fiasco. The striking laborers have been paid off and Chinese have been substituted for them. At the arsenal shops a serious clash between strikers and non-strikers occurred, but allied patrols intervened. The dispatch says that the Bolshevist fever among various elements of workmen is subsiding.

It is reported that Americans have privately loaned the city of Vladivostok 3,500,000 rubles, taking the tramways as security.

VLADIVOSTOK, Aug. 21, (Associated Press.)—American forces which have been landed here are in camp at the assembling plant of the big American Locomotive Works in the outskirts of the city. They chose this place rather than the Russian barracks, which require much renovation. A large building formerly used for housing employes of a German-Russian merchandising firm has been transformed into headquarters.

The Japanese are established in the Commercial School, which is situated on the bluff overlooking the harbor.

The first hostile engagement in which the troops have been involved occurred four miles beyond Razdolny, a suburb, where an American railway guard, assisted by the Japanese, drove back organized Chinese bandits. The bandit force numbered about 400, and was strongly armed with machine guns and trench mortars. They had threatened to loot Razdolny.

People arriving recently from Khabarovsk report that the Bolsheviki, since voluntary enlistments have ceased, are augmenting their strength by drafting peasants from the Ussuri country. Cossacks and prisoners of war have also been placed in the ranks.

Dr. R. B. Teusler, E. N. Frazar, and Dr. Hall of the American Red Cross are finding that their resources are seriously taxed in caring for the wounded Czechoslovaks and the sick and destitute refugees. There are 20,000 refugees, 4,000 of whom are children, between here and Manchuria station. Bishop Henry St. George Tucker of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Japan, is investigating conditions at Harbin and Hailar. He is accompanied by four American doctors and has enough supplies for the present. Other doctors and nurses are mobilising at Chang-Chun.

Dr. Teusler has authorized the Harbin Chapter of the Red Cross to supervise the distribution of $15,000 monthly for the care of children. The Red Cross is treating sixteen wounded British and sixty Czechoslovak surgical cases at Harbin.

Negotiations between General Horvath, the head of the Provisional Siberian Government in the East, and the Omsk Government, are virtually deadlocked. An agreement between them has been prevented by the failure of each side to offer sufficient concessions.

CZECHS APPEAL AGAIN FOR QUICK AID

Will Be Too Late for Group in Central Siberia Unless Received in Six Weeks.

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The vital importance of speeding up American and Entente aid to the Czechoslovak forces

Continued on Page Three.

German Agents Inventing Allied Atrocities in Russia

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The German progagandists in Scandinavia are circulating legends of "Czech atrocities" in Russia "perpetrated with the consent of the Allies, who are also said to have themselves retaliated for a supposed attack on General Poole by shooting members of the local Soviets. Other favorite allegations are that the British are ill-treating Jews in Siberia. In view of the British actions in Palestine and elsewhere this propaganda is making little progress.

ROSENWALD GOES TO CHEER TROOPS

Arrives in France on a Special Mission to Tell Them of Conditions at Home.

SENT BY SECRETARY BAKER

Carries Letters from Governors, Senators, and Others in Nation's Support of Army.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—Julius Rosenwald has arrived in Europe as a representative of the American War Department with a commission probably unprecedented in warfare. Wearing the uniform of an American officer, but without title or rank, he is to go among the soldiers, not to give them material things or routine diversions or oratory, but to talk man to man about the conditions at home, about the vocational opportunities that await them when they return, and to assure them of American support and sympathy.

The best official explanation of this unique work is contained in the following letter from Secretary of War Baker:

My Dear Mr. Rosenwald:

I want you to go to France, move around among the American troops and avail yourself of every opportunity to address the boys on the conditions at home, particularly the opportunities in American life as you have observed them in your own successful business career.

It is not unlikely that your chief opportunities will be among the men in the services of supply, of whom great numbers have been deprived of the opportunity of service at the front to render valuable service in the lines of communication, upon which the safety and efficiency of the army at the front depend. You will find them filled with the spirit of service and sacrifice. You will find all our boys enthusiastic, intelligent, and brave. Your special opportunity for usefulness to them will be to take a message from home pointing out how the country appreciates the services they are rendering, and how great the opportunity will be for them to build up business and professional careers at home when once the menace of militarism has been removed from the world.

Carry them as a message from me, or rather from the people of the United States, for whom I venture to speak, to them, this thought: That in a time of universal sacrifice they are having a heroic opportunity and their privilege is to vindicate again in the eyes of the world the wholesomeness and beauty of the principles upon which American liberty is based; that the war will free France and Europe, but, in addition, will free America, and when they have helped to make men free everywhere the blessings and rewards of a finer civilization will be especially theirs to enjoy, since they will have so greatly contributed to its preservation.

Carries a Touch of Home.

With his own personal knowledge of every part of the United States, Mr. Rosenwald is well equipped for his new task. Nothing cheers a soldier more than meeting an American who knows his particular State or town and can talk about it. Giving a soldier in France American tobacco pleases him. Telling him that you remember a store on the corner of the street on which he lives makes him supremely happy. He is immensely delighted to learn that you once went through his village, even if your train didn't stop there, and he hates to say good-bye to you.

In addition to his own sympathy with these young soldiers, his familiarity with their home districts, and his knowledge of the vocational opportunities awaiting them after the war, Mr. Rosenwald has invaluable material for his mission in the shape of many letters for the soldiers written to him by Governors and Senators representing States in all parts of the Union, and a personal message from Charles M. Schwab. He gave me the privilege today of reading these missives, and they sounded so

Continued on Page Two.

Calox, the Oxygen Tooth Powder.
Your dentist will tell you that you need a powder to clean your teeth; Calox, the Oxygen Tooth Powder, is the best powder.—Advt.

CLOSING ON GERMAN BASE

French Take Fresnoy to the North and St. Mard, West of Roye.

PRUSSIAN GUARD BEATEN

Division Thrown In Near Juvigny Forced to Withdraw, Leaving 400 Prisoners.

MANGIN REPULSES ATTACK

Has Taken 12,224 Prisoners in a Week—256 Cannon Added to the French Spoils.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, Aug. 26, (Associated Press.)—Fighting in water up to their waists in the marshes along the Avre and charging the crews of machine guns who served their weapons until killed, the troops of the 3d French Army today took two of the strongest defenses of Roye. They also captured 600 prisoners and took important booty, including a large number of machine guns.

The first attack was upon the village of Fresnoy, two and one-half miles north of Roye, where the Germans had restored the old fortifications of 1914-17, reinforced them with wire, and installed many machine gun nests. After a short artillery preparation, the French infantry stormed the position, rushing the concrete blockhouses and killing the gunners at their pieces.

Fresnoy was one of the centres of enemy resistance around Roye that had held out against previous assaults, and from it the Germans had launched counterattacks in an effort to check the French offensive. Prisoners say the garrison had orders to hold out at any cost. The French attacked from the north and south simultaneously and with such dash that the enemy, although aware of the impending attack, was overwhelmed. Four hundred prisoners, including sixteen officers, were captured in the town.

The village of St. Mard, in the low marshlands of the Avre, south of Roye and also a strong outpost of that town, fell into the hands of General Debeney's men after a violent struggle this afternoon. The Germans had reinforced their old defenses by flooding the ground around their concrete blockhouses with water turned out from the Avre.

The battle opened with a hard struggle for the foot bridges over the river. The Germans tried desperately to recapture the bridges, but were driven off by the French, who fought in water to their waists. At St. Mard, as at Fresnoy, the German machine gun fire was silenced only when the gunners were killed at their pieces.

Roye is now invested from the west, north, and south, and the Germans have but a feeble hold on it. The success of the French today in breaking through the old entrenchments and with the growing British advance in the north increases the threat to the entire Chaulnes-Roye line, which may break at any moment.

North of Soissons, on the extreme right of the French line, the Germans renewed their efforts against the line from Pont-St. Mard to Juvigny during the night. They were not only repulsed everywhere, but the French made fresh gains and occupied Domaine Wood. This added one more serious defeat for the Prussian Guard.

German Line Cannot Hold.

By G. H. PERRIS.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Aug. 26—The German front along the old Somme battlefield, from Bapaume and Roye to the hills between Lassigny and Noyon, is the enemy's outpost line which, despite the strength of its field works, cannot long be held. It is at the mercy of

Continued on Page Two.

American Airmen Drop 40 Bombs on Conflans; British Again Raid Mannheim and Frankfort

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Aug. 26, (Associated Press.)—American bombing machines again raided Conflans Sunday, dropping forty bombs on the railroad yards, despite heavy anti-aircraft fire. All the bursts were well together at the east end of the yards, one causing a big explosion, as though an ammunition car had been hit. The northern edge of the roundhouse also was struck.

German planes appeared as the Americans completed their mission and followed the Amricans back to their lines, but failed to engage them in battle.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—Chemical factories at Mannheim and the railway station at Frankfort were successfully attacked Sunday night by the British Independent Air Force, according to an official communication issued tonight.

All the British machines returned safely to their base.

In the bombing of Mannheim last Thursday the Independent Air Force lost seven airplanes. The frank report of this loss has caught the public imagination here. The outstanding feature of the exploit was the heroic determination of the British squadrons. They were heavily attacked as they flew to their objective, they knew that equally stern fighting would await them on their way back, but nothing daunted them. "It takes more than the risk of danger to halt British airmen when they have made up their minds to reach an objective," said one newspaper.

It is pointed out that the Germans were in largely superior numbers and had only to think of fighting, whereas the British had both fighting and bombing to attend to. The odds were all on the German side, but the British aviators reached Mannheim and did their job.

Newspaper editorials point out that the bombing was well worth the risk, for Mannheim is the centre of the great chemical industry, and the raid is believed to have done damage which will compel the German armies, for a time at least, to do without supplies of war chemicals from that quarter.

The British aviators did not suffer without hitting back, the newspapers also point out, for three German fighting planes were beaten down.

Officially it is noted that the Germans are now making most determined efforts to protect towns by concentrating large numbers of fighting machines and anti-aircraft guns. Commenting on the raid, a British air officer said today:

"We suffered losses, but we won a splendid victory. We set out to bomb Mannheim and no German efforts could frustrate our intention."

British Capture of Monchy-le-Preux Gives Them Command of 3 Valleys

Position Stands Right Across the Top of the Old Hindenburg Line —Bapaume, Virtually in Haig's Possession, Reported to be Empty—Attack Sweeps On to South of It.

By HENRY W. NEVINSON.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Aug. 26.—Fine and steady as the advance along the whole line of the two armies has been, all other news is thrown into the background for the day by the announcement that Canadians and some other British troops have captured Monchy-le-Preux, five miles west and a little south of Arras upon the Cambrai Road.

The position was famous in the earlier years of the war. Standing as it does right across the top of the old Hindenburg line and marking the extreme British advance in that direction, its importance as commanding not only the valley of the Scarpe, but the Cojeul and Sensée, can hardly be overstated.

Its capture, which took place at 9 o'clock this morning, without strong opposition or great loss, will bring fresh nonor to the troops engaged, but no details are known as yet, and though I was at the time within sight of the hill from the ridges above Croiselles, it was five miles away and looked only like a long, dark mound surmounted by stalks of trees.

Besides my whole interest was concentrated upon the situation in Croiselles, where the enemy was still holding out with machine guns on the spot and with artillery probably securely placed behind the main Hindenburg line, which is only about 2,500 yards distant.

However, the recapture of Monchy and the fact that the British are advancing upon Guemappe, a mile south of it upon the Cojeul, is the most important item of news from this front.

As I probably mentioned before, the northern point of the British advance hitherto was Neville-Vitasse, about four miles southwest from Monchy, and the same distance south of Arras. This place itself is well across the head of the original Hindenburg line, and the British now hold it securely.

Coming south and a little east for a few miles one would reach Croiselles early, in peace time, and coming from the west over the hard-fought railway from Arras to Albert and passing through Boyelles and other indistinguishable heaps of ruins I quite hoped to reach it this morning, but it was still in the enemy's hands and his shells were falling at random over the grassy waste of ridges which apparently had never been cultivated, a rare thing in France.

Over the top of the ridge which just concealed the village, machine gun bullets were sweeping in occasional showers, also at random from the village and from behind the Hindenburg line the Germans were evidently endeavoring to check any new attacks upon Croisilles from this quarter. Indeed, they had already checked two, as I heard from men who had hastily dug trenches there—men showing the strain of danger and watching, and sick with mud and dirt and sleeplessness, all the more because rain fell hard at intervals, but quite confident in the success of the advance if the order for it should come.

Close behind me on my right lay the ruins of St. Legère, which were taken yesterday, I think by the Guards. Certainly those splendid troops were engaged in the dashing and bloody action near the ruins of Mory, about a mile and a half further south, and that also was yesterday afternoon about 5 o'clock.

The 36th Bavarian Division, good soldiers and freshly brought into line, began violent counterattacks upon the front where the Guards then linked up with another British unit. With a heavy fire of artillery and machine guns they began to force the British backward out of Mory and had made some progress when the Guards fixed bayonets and charged back upon them. Seventy Bavarians were killed by bayonet thrusts, a few prisoners were taken, and the position among the ruins was restored. In this action the King's Company of Grenadiers was specially distinguished.

A little west and south of Mory, upon the main road from Arras to Bapaume, stand the villages of Behagnies and Sapignies, both British now, though only after serious fighting. A mile west of Sapignies is Favreuil, where a battle raged yesterday, since the enemy had here thrown in two new divisions, the 111th and 120th, in hopes of checking the movement round north of Bapaume, from which it is a little over a mile distant.

As they approached the British airmen harassed them with bombs,

Continued on Page Two.

CANADIANS IN THE VAN

They Storm Wancourt and Monchy in New Northern Offensive.

BAPAUME IN GREATER PERIL

Germans Are Driven Back North and South—Towns to the Southwest Taken.

BATTLE ON 30-MILE FRONT

British Win Two Villages on Somme and Capture More Prisoners and Guns.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—On a thirty-mile front from the River Scarpe at at a point east of Arras to Lihons, south of the Somme, British troops were in battle today, crossing the Hindenburg line on the northernmost sector of their attack.

The villages of Wancourt and Monchy-le-Preux, which formed part of the famous German defense, were captured by Canadians this morning, and the victors continued their progress to the east of them.

Scottish troops have pushed eastward on the north bank of the Scarpe and reached the outskirts of Roeux, north of Monchy-le-Preux.

Bapaume, gradually being surrounded, is still further threatened by this successful extension of the British attack to the north, not to mention the fact that the Germans have been forced back immediately to the north of the city, and that heavy counterattacks to the south have been utterly broken.

Field Marshal Haig's night bulletin also reports the capture of Montauban and Bazentin-le-Grand, southwest of Bapaume, a little to the west of the highroad from Bapaume to the Somme at Suzanne, which, with Cappy, on the opposite bank, has also fallen before the British attack.

The capture of Montauban represents an advance of two miles in the last twenty-four hours.

These British gains were made in a pouring rain.

More prisoners, heavy guns, and machine guns have been taken by the troops in their advance.

Crushing German Rearguards.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, Aug. 26, (Associated Press.)—The German retirement is continuing along many parts of the battlefront tonight. The British are overwhelming the enemy's rearguards in heavy fighting.

Reports indicated that at least one counterattack has been broken up by the British artillery concentrating its fire on massed enemy troops.

South of the Scarpe the Canadians, driving along the Arras-Albert-Cambrai road, have gained more ground and added more than 1,000 Germans to the British total of prisoners during today's fighting.

With the battlefront widened by a surprise attack in the north, so that it now extends all the way to the River Scarpe, the British again have made steady progress eastward all day long.

The enemy's resistance, offered in many sectors, has taken on more and more the aspect of rearguard actions—stubbornly fought, but nevertheless rearguard actions.

Haig's Guns Pound Rear Lines.

There are rumors that a counter-attack has been developed by the enemy in an effort to gain the time which he badly needs, as his main roads, especially in the centre of the battle zone, which are required for moving material to the rear, have been broken or are under fire from the British big guns, which have been shoved up so that they range far behind the enemy's line.

In many localities the retreating Germans have left strong posts of machine guns supported by single field guns in an effort to delay the

advancing British. These field guns have had no effect.

Cappy, a little town just south of the Somme, was lined with machine guns when the Australians, in the middle of the night and during a driving rainstorm, attacked it. A lone field gun from the rear of the town threatened to do some damage until a daring group circled round and crept upon it from the rear and hurled themselves on the gunners, killing them. Then, with the assistance of tanks, Cappy was cleared of the live machine gunners, and the Australians pressed on. About the same time Suzanne, almost across the river from Cappy, fell in somewhat the same manner.

To the north British patrols are now operating with more freedom. Combles, an important position south of Bapaume, has been gradually encroached upon, and the town, through which pass many roads which the Germans must use, is under a hot fire.

Combles is also a logical point for the concentration of troops, and undoubtedly heavy damage has been inflicted upon men and material here.

It is an interesting feature of the battle that the Mametz Wood, which has been taken and passed, was attacked and captured by the same units of Welsh troops which attacked the position in July, 1916.

The attack south of the Scarpe was delivered in co-operation with tanks. These steel monsters rolled through the rain and shot their way through the German first lines almost before the Germans realized that they were being attacked.

North of Bapaume the Germans have been driven further back. According to a report from the front lines the British have reached the Bapaume-Beugnatre road and have established themselves there.

The Germans are making great efforts to hold Bapaume, but the town is gradually being surrounded.

In the south there was new activity. Below the Scarpe the British continued to push forward last night and today. A vicious German counterattack at Eaucourt-l'Abbaye was repulsed with heavy losses for the enemy, while additional prisoners were captured by the British.

South of Bapaume the Germans this morning launched another heavy counterattack. The British permitted them to come up to the trenches and then met them with the point of the bayonet.

More prisoners, heavy guns, and machine guns have been taken in the past twelve hours.

Everywhere from the River Scarpe to Lihons the battle continues today and the British are making progress despite a stiff resistance from the German machine gunners. Astride the River Somme the British have materially advanced their lines.

Despair Evinced in Captured Letters

Many letters taken from prisoners and dead Germans indicate that hopeless despair is beginning to prevail on the German side of the line. A letter written home by a German who was stationed in a town which has now been captured said:

"The war has been lost for some time, only those high up are failing to admit it."

The letter added:

"Oh, poor Germany! Only the dead at the front have forgotten this swindle."

Another letter said: "This cannot last much longer," while still another German wrote: "Our losses greatly exceed all the drafts. Germany is sure to lose very soon."

It is a fact that many letters taken from prisoners, whether written by them to be posted home or received by them from civilians in the interior of Germany, are in the same vein. One German in Berlin chided his brother at the front about making rapid progress to the rear. He then predicted that the war was surely coming to an end, and that, with the Allies then waging an economic war, Germany would be ruined.

Many of these letters were written before the British began their drive.

BRITISH HEADQU RTERS IN FRANCE, Aug. 26, (Reuter.)—British troops yesterday took 1,500 more prisoners and made a further collection of guns, trench mortars, and machine guns. Field Marshal Haig's forces swung forward as far as Longueval in their advance north of the Somme.

OUR GUNS BLOW UP AMMUNITION DUMPS

Shelling of German Stores North of Vesle Made Possble by Aerial Observers.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE FRONT, Aug. 26, (Associated Press.)—Several German ammunition dumps north of the Vesle River were blown up today by high explosives from the American guns. This was the only notable incident in the operations between Soissons and Rheims, although the exchange between the artilleries continued.

The destruction of the dumps was made possible by aerial observation by American aviators. They were located near Revillon and early in the day a battery of long range guns began dropping shells at points indicated. The observation posts soon after reported great clouds of smoke from the targets.

An indication of the lengths to which Germany is going for war materials is contained in a letter taken from a dead soldier. It was written by his wife and informed him that the great bronze statue of Emperor William at Luneburg, Pomerania, had been torn down and sent to the foundry to be converted into ordnance, as had also the roofs of churches.

The Times Special Cable Dispatches from the Battlefront

BRITISH GET MONCHY, COMMAND 3 VALLEYS

By HENRY W. NEVINSON.

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

and at the village they were met by a barrage. Then a British unit advanced to the attack and swept the ruins out, capturing 110 men and 5 officers. Bapaume itself is reported to lie empty, but the British make no unnecessary haste about entering the place, which is of little military value. At the moment their line passes just between Bapaume and its suburb of Avesnes, but the town is virtually theirs, or will be if the advance north of it reaches Beugnatre.

South of Bapaume the line interlines slightly west and apparently includes Martinpuich and Pozières, which I saw attacked on Saturday, as I wrote; but I seem to have been mistaken in saying the British had the Bois des Foureaux, so terribly known in past history as High Wood. I understand they have only one corner of it as yet.

They hold Mametz Wood, near the famous position of Contalmaison, which is also theirs, but as I write the Germans are reported still at Montauban, though the British are near enough to shell Combles, three miles further east.

So the line approaches the uplands overlooking the links or loops of the Somme, and on the north, or right, bank of the river the Australians are reported in Suzanne, which is barely nine miles from Péronne, while just across the river the village of Cuppy is now in the hands of other Australian troops. These last-named positions, however, are apparently not quite secured yet, as German posts are believed to be lurking about Suzanne.

Further south within the limits of the British armies I do not hear of any important change, but now their forward movement extends from the Scarpe to the Somme, and south from the Somme almost to Roye, and and extends for close upon forty miles.

In eighteen days the armies of General Byng and General Rawlinson have drawn that line, and I do not know what higher praise soldiers could have.

SOUGHT TO PROTECT THIEPVAL BY FLOOD

Germans Caused Ancre River to Overflow in Effort to Hold the British Back.

By HENRY W. NEVINSON.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES, Aug. 24.—Some say that last night and this morning were the turning points of the present campaign, and, perhaps, of the whole war. An officer of high position, who speaks with knowledge and caution, said in a conversation tonight that the enemy seemed to be cracking. No one need deny that five months ago many German Generals thought the British were cracking, but they have not cracked yet, and there is no doubt that the armies opposed to them here are disconcerted, and that the two British armies engaged along the present battlefront of about thirty miles are pressing this advantage to the utmost.

I need hardly repeat that those two armies are the Third, under General Byng, along the upper reaches of the Ancre, and the Fourth, under General Rawlinson, astride the Somme and south of it to the point of union with the French near Lihons. As the tide of war is running so fast that the advance will certainly have developed at most points by the time of telegraphing tomorrow, I may tonight try to describe just a very small part of the victorious progress I have been able to follow throughout the day, so as to show what happens when the enemy's line seems to be cracking.

I had always desired to see Thiepval, that terrible position, so famous in the old battle of the Somme, and now, since the end of last March, once again in the enemy's hands. So, hearing last night that there was to be an attempt to take it, I went early this morning to Mesnil Wood, overlooking the Ancre from its western to its right bank.

River Flooded by Germans.

The village of Mesnil is, of course, a mere heap of ruins, the wood a group of large sticks partly covered with leaves, the pleasant country house which crowned it a framework of shattered walls; but just at the foot of the hill ran the Ancre, unnaturally broad and flooded, as could be seen from the numbers of trees sticking dismally out from its waters. The Germans, no doubt, caused the flood as a means of defense when they lately withdrew from the western bank. Probably they obstructed the narrow but deep and powerful current at Albert, though some say they flooded both the Ancre and the Somme by breaking down all the locks, which I should have thought would have exactly the opposite effect.

Across the flood the opposite bank also rose steeply, and there, just upon my left, stood the sombre Hill of Thiepval. It rises gradually to no great height, but is dark and gloomy, partly, no doubt, from association, but chiefly owing to fires, shellholes, lines of defense, and relics of the large wood upon its face above the river.

The little village and château which give the name to it lie in a slight hollow, rather behind the summit—of course, in ruins, but above the village down—which rises again still rather higher to the old Schwaben redoubt, which commanded all this blunt curve or angle of the Ancre from Miraumont downward.

From the direction of Miraumont and its neighbors, Irles, Grandcourt, and Beaucourt, came the sound of guns heavily firing, which showed that Miraumont still was strongly held by the enemy, though almost surrounded. The town itself was just hidden by the curve of the river and the northern slopes of Thiepval, but Beaucourt was in sight, and the smoke and dust going up from the country beyond, varied with one great column of fiery smoke where some dump of oil or explosives was alight, proved how resolute was the fighting on both sides.

On my right also, further down the river, I could hear guns evidently firing upon the highroad; running northeast from Albert to Pozières, and so to Bapaume, having the memorable position of Contalmaison close on the southern side before Pozières is reached, but from Thiepval itself there came no sound except when every few minutes a big shell burst beside its wood as though the enemy were feeling for a path by which the British troops and ammunititon might be going up. It was evident that the redoubtable hill had been captured already and was probably empty.

Arras Railroad Destroyed.

Coming down from Mesnil Wood, an officer who accompanied me and I crossed the railway from Arras to Albert and Amiens, which road here runs along the western bank of the Ancre and further up by Achiet-le-Grand. It has been the object of much hard fighting. It is, of course, broken to pieces, the lines torn up, and bridges crushed down across it in a permanent way, owing to the craters of heavy shells and gaps at streams; yet I believe that the industrious sappers could put it all straight in a fortnight, for to put everything straight is the function of that most enviable corps when they are not engaged upon blowing everything up.

Then came the floods and the main stream of the river. A causeway with bridges used to run across here to the opposite village of Autuille, but of course it has disappeared like the village. The only way to cross seemed by wading and swimming, and I have since heard that the British troops, chiefly Welshmen, I believe, did, in fact, cross somewhere there by wading and swimming.

During last night, guided by a brilliant harvest moon happily over the deepest current, we found long and narrow planks still lying, placed there perhaps for the benefit of a Brigadier or Colonel. No one was there now, and as we climbed the right front of Thiepval Hill the silence seemed ominous.

In these situations one can never be sure where the enemy's line remains, and we had no wish to run into it, as I very nearly did at Chipilly a fortnight ago. Besides, after a retreat there are sure to be many odd Germans lurking in shell holes and dugouts; and some of them may think it their duty to take another shot for the Fatherland before they are "mopped up," to use our soldiers' expressive phrase. So we advanced cautiously to the top of the ridge, always resolving to go back at the next point above us, but never going.

After reaching the summit and descending on the other side, we were relieved to meet two or three real British soldiers at last, bringing in a big troop of prisoners, with the self-confident nonchalance habitual to their class. As we went forward we met another troop of prisoners, and then small groups, and isolated men. Over the whole of the next ridge and the valley beyond the Germans were scattered about. They were evidence of an army, or at least of a division, which had lost its cohesion and courageous hope.

Though I was of course unarmed, they made no attempt to shoot me or any one else. If they were fortunate enough to be detected in their hiding places, they surrendered at once, throwing down their rifles and flinging off their equipment, especially their heavy iron helmets, which now are usually camouflaged with patches of brown, yellow, and green paint. They flung away everything except their clothes and a little sack in which the generally carried black bread, bits of meat, soap, and razor. They had thrown away their regulation cowhide knapsack long ago, as it is too heavy for fighting.

Lone Trooper Rounds Up Germans.

I saw one mounted British soldier, who seemed to be prowling around on his own initiative, bring in seven of them in two batches, though he was armed only with a German revolver, without cartridges.

As I understand their language, I could overhear them talking among themselves while they rested and waited for others to be brought in. They complained that they lost their companies through the fault of their Sergeant Major, but were heartily glad to be taken.

One said he was "fed up to the neck with the war" and would never fight again. Another said he would fight no longer in a war for the upper classes and the capitalists; another looked forward to seeing England again, as he had sailed to Southampton and Bristol with his ship. Another, of homely nature, said:

"In her nice little house up on the Oder my mother keeps an empty bed for me, and here I am sleeping in mud and covered with lice."

They belonged to the 330th and 331st Prussian Regiments, but came from various parts of Hanover, Silesia, and German Poland, and other provinces. Three of them complained that they were only just 19 and had been at the front for more than a year. So they went on their way.

We had climbed the next ridge, along the top of which runs the road from Albert to Bapaume, and close in front of us on our left stood the ruins of huts and the railroad which the army once built on the ruins of Pozières. Up the slopes toward a small pyramid where a Pozières windmill once stood, we could see the British infantry advancing in groups, some in files, some in extended lines. They had advanced over Thiepval's almost impregnable position with hardly a check, and Pozières was the next point to fall; but between Albert and Pozières, south of the road beyond Boisselle and Meaulte, the fighting evidently still continued.

Returning to Mesnil, and making our way down the right bank of the Ancre, we entered the ruins of Albert itself. Next to Ypres, it is the most entirely ruined town of considerable size that I have seen. The expensive, but not beautiful, church so long famed for the statue of the Virgin leaning from its spire is now a hopeless ruin of bricks and marble, gaining almost Roman dignity in its fall.

The former officers' club is shattered, the market square is a heap of litter, the whole town is reduced to a mere chaos of timbers, bricks, and stones. Over the ruins shrapnel burst, and sometimes a heavy shell threw up red and yellow dust. The enemy rearguard was protecting his retreat, but his army could nowhere hold on tight. It seemed, as the officer said, that he was cracking.

CLOSING ON GERMAN BASE

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

events further north and south. The great German retreat in this region in the Spring of last year to the then new Hindenburg line took us somewhat by surprise. This time General Debeny and General Humbert are ready to pounce at a moment's notice on the retreating foe.

The Oise front, which, as I have shown, is hardly favorable for a frontal attack, is comparatively quiet, but I found this morning considerable effervescence on General Mangin's front. Here, on the wide, bare heights and in the wooded gullies north of Soissons, the boche is in a desperately nervous condition. It is natural, since we threaten on, the one hand, to turn his position along the Aisne and Vesle, while, on the other, we are within gun range of the once famous hinge of the Hindenburg line between Coucy and the Soissons road in the west end of Chemin des Dames. It is certain the enemy will put up a determined resistance between the Ailette and Soissons and along the Aisne Heights.

In the former sector he is already doing so. Two strong German counterattacks were broken on Saturday in the neighborhood of Montecouvre and at a hill and farmstead east of Bagneux, and yesterday General von Eben sent in the first of the guard, which were severely punished. The French made 600 prisoners during the two days' combat at this point, and greatly advanced their line.

General Mangin's army has made 12,224 prisoners in the last week, including 255 officers and has taken 256 cannon.

The appearance of Austrian infantry, relieving German divisions in the hitherto quiet front of Lorraine, was not needed to prove the decay of the German effectives. The class of 1920 is being incorporated, and the 1921 class is being registered. It is a question, however, whether the decline of the morale in the German Army is not a more serious factor than the lack of numbers.

Counterattack Smashed.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY ON THE OISE FRONT, Aug. 26, (Associated Press.)—Violent counterattacks launched by the Germans this morning between the River Ailette, at Mont St. Mard, and Juvigny, north of Soissons, were completely smashed by the French. General Mangin's army is still menacing the German communications between the River Aisne and the Soissons and Laon region.

The French troops are still stoutly holding the positions they have won in this sector, and further gains on the plateau to the eastward in the direction of the Chemin des Dames would put the enemy in another dangerous pocket.

The French at Juvigny are within four miles of the railroad running toward Laon, and they also are within seven miles of the highroad going in the same direction. This highroad joins the Chemin des Dames eight miles away, near Malmaison, the western pillar of the celebrated Chemin des Dames position.

The First Division of the Prussian Guard was brought up yesterday, but it achieved no success. Its first rush gained ground between Pont St. Mard and Orme-de-Montecouve, north of Juvigny. It was obliged to abandon the field soon after, however, leaving a considerable number of dead and 400 unwounded prisoners.

Enemy troops between the Aisne River and the road from Soissons to Chauny are in the same danger as that which threatens General von Hutier's men in the Lassigny salient unless they are able to resist the pressure from General Mangin's troops.

Germans Fail East of Soissons.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—The Germans today attempted a counteroffensive on a large scale against the right wing of General Mangin's army in the region between Vailly and Soissons. The attack utterly failed.

General Mangin's army repulsed the German onslaughts everywhere and in some instances gained ground. The French flung back the attacking troops even beyond their starting points.

23,500 CASUALTIES IN THE BRITISH DRIVE

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The British Third and Fourth Armies suffered casualties estimated at about 23,500 between Aug. 21 and Aug. 25, according to advices from the front. During this same period the German losses in prisoners alone have amounted to 20,000 men in the battle east of the Ancre.

The official correspondent with the Australian forces in France telegraphs: "The Germans are retreating, fighting rearguard actions. On Saturday night ammunition dumps could be seen burning everywhere.

"About 12,000 Germans have been captured by the Australians alone since Aug. 8, a much greater number than all the Australian casualties."

Official Reports of the Day's Operations

British

LONDON, Aug. 26.

Night Report—At 3 o'clock this morning Canadian, Scottish, and London troops attacked on both sides of the Scarpe River from Croisilles to the neighborhood of Gavrelle. On the south bank of the river Canadian divisions, attacking with great gallantry, passed rapidly through the enemy's foremost defenses and captured the high ground known as Orange Hill in the first rush of their assault.

Despite heavy storms of rain, the Canadian troops pressed on, and at an early hour reached Wancourt and Monchy-le-Preux.

During the morning the rain ceased. These troops completed the capture of both villages and have made progress beyond them.

Meanwhile, north of the Scarpe, Scottish troops, advancing once more over the ground on which they fought in 1917, carried the German first defensive system south of Gavrelle, reaching the outskirts of Roeux. The chemical works north of Roeux are again in our possession.

On the right of the Canadians and Scottish, London troops, who during the preceding days had fought their way forward toward Croisilles and Heninel, continued their attacks. Although they met with vigorous resistance from parties of German infantry and machine gunners, they have made substantial progress and have completed the capture of the high ground between Croisilles and Heninel. In this new sector of attack many prisoners have been taken by us during the day.

On the southern portion of the battlefront our advance has continued on both sides of the Somme. Australian troops have taken Cappy and have made progress east of the village. North of the Somme they have entered Suzanne.

Further north English troops have pushed forward in the direction of Montauban, and the Welsh troops have captured Bazentin-le-Grand.

On the remainder of the battlefront fighting has taken place at a number of points. Our pressure has everywhere been maintained, and our line has been advanced in certain sectors.

Day Report—At 3 o'clock this morning our troops attacked in the Scarpe sector, and are reported to have made good progress.

On the southern portion of the battlefront we have advanced our line slightly astride the Somme, and by a successful operation carried out yesterday afternoon have made progress in the direction of Maricourt.

Yesterday evening the enemy launched strong counterattacks south and north of Bapaume, in the neighborhood of Eaucourt l'Abbaye and Favreuil. In both localities the attacks were repulsed. North of Favreuil our troops met the enemy with the bayonet, inflicting heavy casualties upon him and taking prisoners.

Another counterattack attempted by the enemy later in the evening in this latter neighborhood was also unsuccessful. Favreuil is in our hands, and we have made progress beyond the village.

North of this point we have improved our position southeast of Mory and west of Croisilles.

Heavy rain is falling on the battlefront.

French

PARIS, Aug. 26.

Night Report—On both sides of the Avre we carried out two local operations which enabled us to occupy Fresnoy-les-Roye and St. Mard, despite spirited resistance offered by the enemy. Prisoners counted up to the present exceed 600.

In the Vosges we repulsed several attempts at surprise attacks.

Day Report—Very vigorous artillery actions occurred during the night in the region of Roye and Beuvraignes, (three miles to the south of Roye.) The artillery fire was also heavy between the Ailette, Oise, and Aisne Rivers.

Two German surprise attacks in the Vosges sector were without result, and we took prisoners.

The night was calm on the rest of the front.

German

BERLIN, Aug. 26, (via London.)—*Day Report.*—There have been forefield engagements near Bailleul and north of the Scarpe. West of Croisilles, enemy attacks were held down by our fire.

On both sides of Bapaume the enemy continues his attacks between St. Leger and Martinpuich. It was his intention to break through our frontier by bringing strong forces of infantry and tanks into action.

Where the enemy was repulsed under our fire or by counterattack fresh forces constantly renewed the attack. The enemy penetrated our lines running west of Mory and west of Bapaume to Martinpuich. North of Bapaume local preparations and our reserves brought the enemy to a standstill on the eastern outskirts of Mory and Favreuil and west of Bapaume. Further attacks collapsed before these lines.

Southwest of Bapaume the enemy advanced on Gueudecourt, between Thilloy and Flers. Prussian reserve regiments and marine infantry in powerful counterattacks threw him back on the Thilloy-Martinpuich line. Both places were recaptured.

During the afternoon the enemy worked up to our line Bazentin-Le-Petit-Carnoy-Suzanne, which had been withdrawn from the Ancre front. Strong attacks launched in the evening between Carnoy and the Somme were repulsed. South of the Somme, after several assaults, the enemy established himself in Cappy and Fontaine-les-Cappy. On both sides of the Roman road (Amiens-Vermand) we beat back his attacks.

ROSENWALD GOES TO CHEER TROOPS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

well even in comfortable Paris that I know they will be godsends at the front and up and down the long lines of communication back of the front.

If, despite cable tolls, we report every time the Kaiser condescends to declare Gott his associate, it is surely worth while to transmit a word or two of these messages of American statesmen asking God's blessing on the American soldiers. Don't read them as if you were sitting comfortably at an American breakfast table or in your own Town Hall, where you take your Governor and Senator as a matter of course. Try to imagine yourself marooned in some French village, the name of which you can't pronounce, in a supply service wishing you were up at the front where some get killed, but where some win the Cross of War. Under those circumstances a familiar letter even from a fellow against whom you voted is a welcome message.

Extracts from Governors' Letters.

Below are only short extracts from a few of the many long letters. First are letters from the Governors:

Capper of Kansas—"Your years of war shall not be years of waste in your lives. Your places are ready for you when you return. Your loved ones are cared for while you are away."

Burnquist of Minnesota—"The folks at home are working, saving, giving, and going the limit to back you up."

Phillip of Wisconsin—"All is well at home. We have bumper crops, enough to feed all our own people and a big surplus to spare. We miss you very much. We shall welcome the great day when your work is completed and you return to Wisconsin in triumph."

Henderson of Alabama, who forgets that he is a Governor, and writes like a father or a mother: "Things at home are the same as when you left except for the absence of yourselves, who are so dear to us. But there are no complainers. Both in the homes and kitchens here at home is the same spirit of loyalty and determination that you show in France.

Last week we had our first taste of victory since you got there, but we must not let it slack us in preparations for the big final victory. May Almighty God preserve and protect you and lead you to that victory."

Milliken of Maine: "We are doing everything we can for the welfare and comfort of your families while you are away."

Lowden of Illinois: "No Illinois man will lose his life in vain by the war."

Norbeck of South Dakota: "Your State sends you greetings. I inclose copies of the special laws which South Dakota has enacted to protect your interest while you are away."

Townsend of Delaware: "Whisper to them of our prayers for their return when and only when their great cause is truly and permanently won."

Frazier of North Dakota: "We are solidly behind you, not only during the war, but after you return to your pursuits of peace."

Withycombe, Oregon—"The American boys now in France will be the great men of the future in the United States."

Edge of New Jersey—"Your State rejoices at the fact that you are part and parcel of a great army taken suddenly from peace, but able to push back the Huns raised on the sword and cannon."

Brough, Arkansas—"This State has unbounded faith in your ability to lick the Huns."

Holcombe, Connecticut—"When you return this State will belong to you."

Houx, Wyoming—"Your State glories in the fact that in helping to bar the Huns from Paris you showed the same indomitable spirit as the French at Verdun."

Keyes, New Hampshire—"We appreciate what you are already doing toward accomplishing the grand result in which the final winning factor will be the American Army."

Messages From Senators.

Following are extracts from a few similar letters to Mr. Rosenwald from Senators:

Borah of Idaho—"The last few days have been proud days for all Americans. Our soldiers have revealed the American character to the world and have justified the faith we have always had in our kind of Government. That men could be taken from the vocations of a peace-loving nation and in so short a time and with such hurried training meet with such endurance, valor, and success the most thoroughly trained soldiers in the annals of war is one of the marvels of the world.

"As that splendid courage has been displayed upon the enemy's own chosen battlefields and as the news has come back laden with reports of united and individual daring, you could feel the bonds of national unity tightening and the spirit of national pride and purpose growing stronger day by day. Please say to these soldiers that language is inadequate to express our gratitude and pride."

McCumber, of North Dakota—"Assure the soldiers that five millions more are back of them in the field to make victory complete, to win reparation for all the crimes against innocent countries, to make such a hideous war evermore impossible."

Williams, of Mississippi—"Tell my Mississippians that they are battling for the most precious thing in the world—civilization. I don't have to tell these Southern soldiers to remember their fathers. They cannot forget them. We are using such wisdom as we have in our poor gray heads putting down concealed enemies here while the troops fight the open enemy there."

Smoot of Utah—"You are not fighting a British, French, or American war, but a war for liberty and justice. Behind you are 30,000,000 fighting Americans ready to die in the same cause."

Owen of Oklahoma—"America is organizing herself down to the individual home in every school district to support you in the field."

Wadsworth of New York—"We are with you through thick and thin."

Gronna of North Dakota—"North Dakota is proud of all her soldiers and their unselfish sacrifice for liberty, our undivided support and every dollar is at command for their victory. Give my greetings to all, including my son, if you happened to see him. He is a Lieutenant."

Lenroot of Wisconsin—"We no longer say that we must win or will win the war, but we say we are winning. There are 4,000,000 more ready to help you drive the enemy to Berlin."

Warren of Wyoming—"No words can express the feelings in my heart for every man there, from son-in-law Pershing down to the newest recruit in the service."

Schwab Tells of Ship Progress.

Charles M. Schwab's message to Mr. Rosenwald is:

"Tell the boys in France that we read with wondering eyes of the marvelous feats they are performing at the front, our hearts are overflowing with patriotic enthusiasm and gratitude for the unswerving stand they are making in the cause of liberty. We are with them in every possible way. Devoting all our energies, we will make all sacrifices, however great, that they may be provided with food, ammunition, and other supplies.

"Ships are coming out now at an undreamed of pace. The launching on Aug. 5 at Hog Island will start our big gun, which is a mile of ships, and will shoot many times each month.

"God be with them. May they return covered with the glory of magnificent deeds, which, after all, is only in keeping with American traditions. Good luck and a safe voyage to you."

Ex-President Taft wrote: "They are offering their lives in the cause. We must win if the lives of any of us are to be worth living."

SPAIN'S STAND PUTS BERLIN IN DILEMMA

Fear of Yielding to Madrid on U-Boat War Without Placating Other Neutrals.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 26.—Relations between Germany and Spain appear to be causing not a little discomfort in Berlin. I learn from a most reliable source that the situation is looked upon as serious, and that the German Government's reply to the Spanish representative is couched in much stronger terms than the semi-official statement would suggest.

Today the Vorwärts, dealing with the situation, says it is not merely a matter of Spain's neutrality, but of that of all Latin America.

"If Spain abandoned her neutrality," it says, "that would be the greatest political triumph the Entente could win. A wise and conciliatory policy on the part of the German Government is necessary."

The Vorwärts rejects the idea that Entente propaganda is behind the Spanish representations, and adds: "The Spanish Government was forced to take the step it did by the U-boat warfare. The first move has been made with all the usual international politeness, but after the first step has been taken it is difficult for any Government to draw back. If Germany refuses to meet Spain, the Madrid Government will be forced to take further steps. We demand that the German Government shall not force this neutral State into the ranks of our enemies and so fully complete the world coalition against us."

The journal concludes by asking the advocates of restricted submarine war to show how Germany can steer clear of this fresh complication. The great fear of the German Government appears to be that if it yields to Spanish demands it will create a precedent which other neutral powers, especially Holland, will not be slow to take advantage of. For Germany could scarcely deny to Holland and Norway any particular "favor" she might grant to Spain.

The Eckerson Company, Jersey City, N. J.
L. S. Beardsley, Architect.

"Turner for Concrete"

Turner keeps up to his schedules—and still does 94 per cent. of all his work for Uncle Sam—all on time.

TURNER Construction Co

Adds Zest to Cold Meats 15c

Gulden's Mustard gives an extra relish to summer foods and war-economy dishes. A tasty spread for war bread. Always ready to use.

GULDEN'S Mustard

Made Clean—Kept Clean

Popular Since 1867

AEOLIAN HALL

THERE is an opportunity for a few high-class firms to secure offices in Aeolian Hall, October 1st. Applications should be made now.

ELLEN & JEFFERY

Agents for Aeolian Hall

Telephone, Vanderbilt 897

CHURCHILL'S

More than a Restaurant A Broadway Institution

DINNER.

At Churchill's the *cuisine, entertainment* and *atmosphere* combine to make dinner a delightful occasion.

Churchill's Cabaret, a metropolitan feature, is presented at Dinner and Supper.

Dancing On the Main Floor

Max Schling Flowers

THE best florists in every city are our representatives.

They are waiting at the other end of our 'phone for your orders, or we will reach them by telegram.

For this Reason

WITHIN TWO HOURS WE CAN DELIVER FLOWERS FOR YOU IN ANY CITY IN THE UNITED STATES OR CANADA, THE SAME AS IN NEW YORK CITY.

'Phone Plaza 7241

Max Schling, Inc.

785 Fifth Ave., Cor. 60th St.

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Quick Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Contains no dangerous or deleterious substance.

Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw

Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.

No payment accepted unless successful.

Frederick N. Whitley, Inc. Engineers and Contractors 217 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

PARIS CRITICS PRAISE HAIG'S NEW TACTICS

Rapid Pinching of Small Salients Obviates Peril of a Counterdrive.

HONOR POST FOR OUR MEN

Foch Believed to be Holding Them as Shock Troops for His Final Offensive.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—"Two fine days for the British," sums up the opinion of Paris this morning on the manner in which the armies of Generals Byng and Rawlinson are taking their revenge for the trick the Germans played them at the beginning of last year by their sudden retreat back to the Hindenburg line, and especially for the losses the enemy caused them by his tremendous drive against Amiens last March.

The British, as Paris expresses it, were merely serving their apprenticeship to victory last year, and had to suffer all the disappointments and disillusions of a novice. Now, however, as their magnificent work of the last months has shown, they are fully accomplished craftsmen. Their second conquest of the bloodstained fields of Picardy will have no painful sequel except for the boches.

"We used to say that it takes five years to make a soldier," said a French officer to me this morning, "but the British have shown us that they have created a magnificent army running into millions of men in far less time."

Owing to the excessively late arrival here of the British night communiqué, of which more than one journal complains this morning, public comment on yesterday's victorious advance is necessarily somewhat meagre. Among the public, however, the enthusiasm evoked by the British success is wholehearted and unbounded.

Preparing for the Grand Attack.

The fundamental difference between the British offensive of last year and the present one has not failed to receive attention. It is pointed out that in 1917 the Somme was the sole terrain of the offensive, whereas now it forms only a single portion of the great general battlefront. The extension of the battlefront, which has been so admirably carried out by the British, continues in a great series of co-ordinated operations, which appear to have as their objective the spreading out of the whole of the German armies into one long and comparatively thin line. Once they have been forced by Foch's present tactics to assume this position, the ground will have been fully prepared for a great general attack by the Allies, that will have for its principal object a smashing blow that shall pierce the enemy battlefront at a point where it is found to be weakest and throw the masses of his troops, after being divided in two, back upon themselves in hopeless confusion to the right and the left.

From that point, with the allied armies intact, all that will be left to do will be to administer a coup de grace to the broken and battered German formations.

The development of the battle so far indicates that this is what Foch is aiming at. Ludendorff's method of defense has been to mass his men in depth to meet the various allied attacks. Foch, by increasing the rapidly lengthening battlefront, has forced the German reserves to be thrown successively in sector after sector. On the principle that a hedge is much easier to cross than a forest, Foch, with each successive prolongation of the battlefront, is steadily transforming the German forest into a hedge.

When the enemy has been forced to use up all his forests to build a hedge—and the process is now well advanced—Foch's moment for the great general offensive will have come.

Haig's beautifully articulated manœuvre, as it is termed here, is exactly similar to that which freed Montdidier, further south. Unqualified praise is bestowed by the French experts on the British commanders and their General Staffs for having conceived, and later carried out, "this fine manoeuvre," and on the troops "who, in very difficult country, are dominating and beating the enemy resolved to defend his positions foot by foot."

"Saturday's work," writes Maurice Hutin in the Echo de Paris, "which proved once again the splendid tenacity and will to conquer of all the children of Britain and her dominions, did honor to our allies."

Experts here especially admire the tactical progress adopted by Byng and Rawlinson. During the last two days, it is pointed out, their line never ceased to form a series of salients and re-entrants which have disappeared successively in order to form new concavities and new convexities as the line was being gradually advanced eastward.

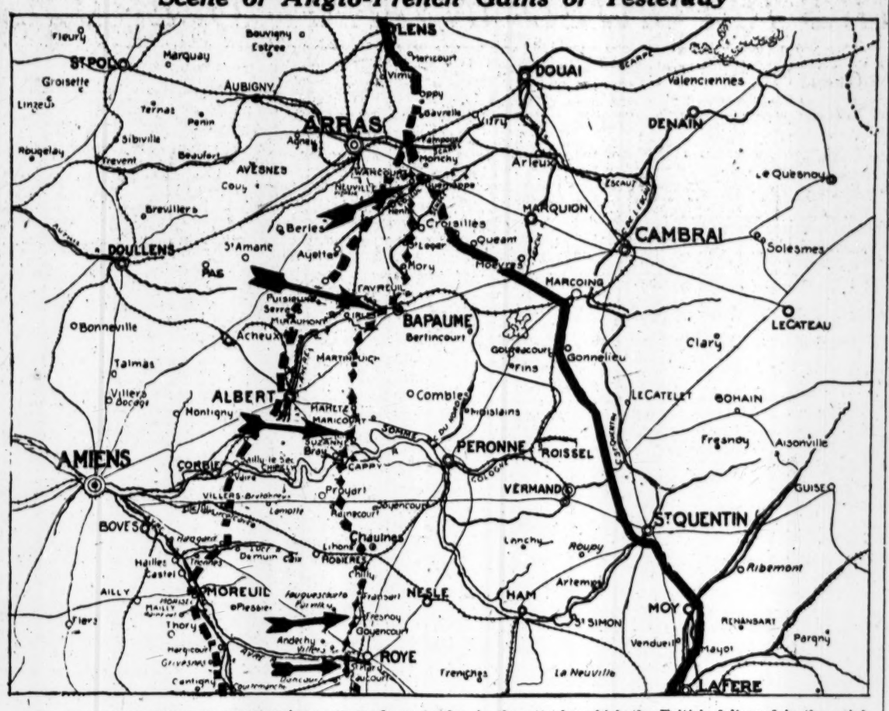
Successive Flanking of the Foe.

Today, the third day, the line presents the same contours. Every time powerful and solidly defended positions are encountered the British Generals, avoiding the heavy losses that would result from a frontal attack, direct their efforts against the less formidable positions to the right and left, and thus transform the more dangerous centres of resistance into fresh salients which can later be pinched out by enveloping them from the north and south.

As the battle develops the fundamental difference between the German and the allied methods is becoming daily clearer. All the great German offensives aimed at creating huge salients in the allied lines, as bases for future offensives. Foch on the other hand, by reasoned and progressive extension of the battlefront, has pinioned down the enemy reserves in sector after sector and deprived them of the liberty of manoeuvre, while his own forces are free to advance on one section of the front after another, steadily strengthened by the constant flow of American reserves. No dangerous pockets or salients are being created which may lead to disastrous flank attacks such as that which crumpled up the Crown Prince's armies on the Marne, and everywhere the Allies are steadily and surely advancing.

The fact which gives especial satisfaction here is that so far, with the exception of a few special units, the American Army, whose organization was recently formally announced, has as yet taken no part in the battle of the Somme and the Oise. The allied high command, as one Paris military critic points out, has therefore at its disposal the magnificent mass of fresh reserves who daily are increasing in number, and who will constitute the shock divisions of the allied armies the day when Foch shall give the signal for the offensive that will bring the decisive victory. The present brilliant operations of the French and the British are preparing the final blow, which will be confided to the American legions. Such tasks, it is recalled in Paris, were always confided by Napoleon to the elite of his troops.

Scene of Anglo-French Gains of Yesterday



Arrows indicate points at which gains were made yesterday in the attacks which the British delivered in the neighborhood of Wancourt, Bapaume, and Suzanne, and the French at Fresnoy-les-Roye and St. Mard.

Southwest of Bapaume the British captured the villages of Montauban and Bazentin-le-Grand.

The diamond-dotted line represents the front as it stands today; the solid black line at the right the Hindenburg line, and the broken line at the left that from which the British launched their August attack.

The War Situation

By THE MILITARY EXPERT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

With the collapse of the German defensive along the line of the Ancre River the British task in this immediate sector approached its end. For the reasons which were explained yesterday this line had to be driven back before any material progress dared to be attempted elsewhere. But this was only a short stretch of line on a very long front. It was only a short link in the long chain which the allied high command is forging about the main German positions. The basic plan behind all of these movements is a huge envelopment of two flanks widely separated. One is well to the north—just below Arras. The other rests at Noyon. The French, as will be noted later, have accomplished all of the preliminary steps of their part in this plan. The British are well on the way to the achievement of theirs. Bapaume must go. The British line must be pushed even to the east of this important crossing. And with every yard of British advance the German position will become more and more disturbing.

Germany is not looking ahead with any great pleasure to a retirement. Her leaders would like to remain where they are until weather conditions are such that they could pull back their lines without the possibility of quick pursuit. They have never since the war began faced a retrograde movement under the conditions which now prevail, and they are not anxious to try the experiment.

The British, on the other hand, have every intention of forcing the movement if it is possible to do so. It was in furtherance of this purpose that an attack was delivered yesterday to the north along the valley of the Scarpe. Just how far it can be pushed is at present doubtful. It is distinctly to be noted, however, that in making this thrust which took the towns of Monchy le Preux and Wancourt, the Canadians have crossed the famous Hindenburg line and have passed at least a mile beyond it. This is a distinctly notable feat, from which considerable results may eventually follow. It is the first time since the allied offensives started that the original line from which they began their retreat has been reached. The news of this engagement is scanty, as the first news of a British offensive always is. But considerable progress has been made in a direction which is most embarrassing to the German command.

At the same time the British in the south have advanced their line beyond Montauban, a movement which if it continues will divide the long front on which the British are operating into two small enveloping operations, one north and one south of the Somme.

On the French front the fighting has died down to a point of relative quiet. Except for vigorous artillery action and some infantry fighting west of the Oise bend and in the vicinity of Roye the last two days have brought nothing of interest. As a matter of fact it would appear that the end of the French offensive along the Oise front has been reached. There is very little likelihood that Foch will try to drive against the river. The barrier is too strong to risk such an engagement. The losses would be very heavy and it is not altogether clear at present how they would be justified. Again it must be remembered that much of the allied success has been due to new tactics in which the tanks played quite an important role. Tanks cannot cross the Oise without suitable bridges, and such bridges are difficult to construct under artillery fire. While the German armies have been badly shaken and in some places torn to pieces they are not in a panic or in a rout. They are still fighting desperately and are still capable of effective resistance. It is therefore probable that along the Oise at least Foch will be content for the present with what he has already taken.

Between the Oise and the Aisne, however, we may still witness some heavy fighting. Between these rivers there is a plateau shaped like the letter 'Y.' The stem runs from the Soissons-Laon Railroad, between Vauxaillon and Neuville to Juvigny, where the fork begins. One branch runs northwest and the other southwest from Juvigny, the dividing line being a small ravine. The French are gradually, by very small steps, pushing along both branches of this plateau and are approaching the stem. When the end is reached, the German line to the east must be readjusted.

Except on this plateau, then, we need not look for material French operations. Foch's object seems to have been pretty thoroughly accomplished, however. About the southern end of the line he has thrown a loop which will ever be a threat of a dangerous flanking move. On the north the same thing is in progress. The actual springing of the trap which is to complete the envelopment of the line may well wait until a little later. The most difficult part of the problem, as far as Foch is concerned, still lies ahead. The terrain is all heavily against him, the natural obstacles much more important. He will need his strength for this part of his test.

GERMANY FEARS DISASTER.

Several Newspapers Hope Hindenburg Line Will Stop Allies.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—Dull apathy is giving way to intense anxiety, according to reports from Berlin received at The Hague, says The Daily Mail correspondent in the Dutch capital. Newspapers for reassurance and several papers pin their faith on the Hindenburg line.

The Cologne Volkszeitung, a leading Catholic exponent of annexations, denounces the "wiseacres" and whoever had been so foolish as to believe that there were no war aims outside Germany.

"Germany is no longer fighting for Belgium or Alsace-Lorraine," the paper says, "but for its sheer existence. A great battle is going on. It is a battle upon the glacis of the fortress called Germany. We stand alone and have no help to expect from any one."

FAVOR LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

French Radicals Urge Realization of President Wilson's Plan.

PARIS, Aug. 26. (Havas.)—The Executive Committee of the Radical Party at a meeting yesterday adopted a resolution in favor of a society of nations, as outlined by President Wilson.

The party will urge its member in the French Parliament to work for the realization of such a plan.

AMERICANS ESCAPE FROM EHRENBREITSTEIN

Airmen Recaptured at Dutch Border After Fleeing from Famous Fortress.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

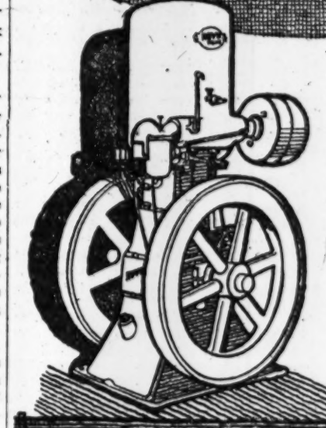
THE HAGUE, Aug. 26.—That American prisoners intend to outwit the Germans and make use of every opportunity to escape is apparent from information reaching THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent direct from Germany.

Six American airplanes, recently reported as landing at Coblenz, really landed on the Moselle, where the latter joins the Rhine, having lost their bearings. One of their objectives was a bridge over the Rhine where the "Archies" became very violent. The Americans were all imprisoned in the fortress at Ehrenbreitstein, which is situated on a high hill overlooking Coblenz and the Rhine, and is considered one of the impregnable fortresses of the Rhine defenses, and is almost unapproachable.

Nevertheless, an American Captain, who piloted one machine, as well as the observer, managed to escape from the fortress, to the astonishment of the Germans, and had not been recaptured up until a few days ago, although the whole country was scoured and all ships and barges on the Rhine were subjected to a rigorous examination.

The Dutch papers, however, report that the two American officers were caught when trying to cross the Dutch frontier from Germany a few days ago.

NOVO RELIABLE POWER



WHY do you carry your traveling bag for a week-end trip, instead of your trunk?

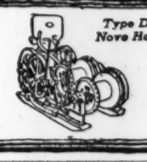
Because it's light, handy and exactly answers your purpose. It costs less and is more dependable.

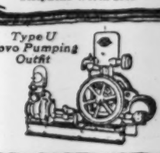
For quite similar reasons, Novo Outfits, reliable, compact, portable and economical, are used by a great many contractors in preference to steam or electricity, for such operations as pumping, hoisting, sawing, air compression.

For concrete mixers, Novo Engines are pretty nearly standard power.

75 types and sizes of Outfits equipped with Novo Engines. Operate with gasoline, kerosene, distillate, natural or artificial gas.

NOVO ENGINE CO.
Clarence E. Belmont, Vice-Pres. & Gen. Mgr.
Factory and Main Office, Lansing, Michigan
New York Office, 145 Chambers St.
Telephone Worth 1383


Type DH Novo Hoist


Type U Novo Pumping Outfit

SILVER-APPERSON LINEAGE

SILVER-APPERSON-EIGHTS are built by the famous Apperson Brothers, who in

1893 Built the first commercially practical automobile.
1895 Were awarded first prize for the best designed gasoline engine for motor cars (at Chicago).
1897 Won the first speed contest held in America (at Boston).
1898 Made the first long overland run (from Kokomo to New York).
1901 Were the first to run 100 miles without a stop.
1904 Created the first Chicago-to-New York record (72 hours' continuous day and night running. In this run the Appersons were the first to use double ignition, magneto and battery).

Their latest and greatest achievement is the Silver-Apperson-Eight, whose motor has but one cam-shaft and but two cam-gears; doing away with the complicated trigger-board—thereby eliminating eighty parts.

C. T. SILVER, 509 5th Ave., N. Y.

Inklings Of Fall! Stein-Bloch Suits, $25 To $60

EQUALLY appropriate for this week or next month, because they're *medium weight*, Smart, plain shades or colorful patterns. The old prices, $25 to $60, in spite of aeroplaning costs.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

Safe Deposit Vaults
on Ground Floor in Each Building.

THE MANHATTAN STORAGE & WAREHOUSE CO

Lexington Ave. and 42nd Street.
Seventh Ave. and 52nd Street.

There's *something* about them you'll like—

Trade Mark

Twenty for a Quarter

Herbert Tareyton London Cigarettes

RECTOR'S
Supreme Table d'Hote Dinner $1.50
Every Ev'g in the Futurist Ball Room
BROADWAY AT 48 ST

$100,000,000 worth of coffee a year brought to the American table in foreign ships. One of the many possibilities for the development of our merchant marine service after the war is treated by Edward N. Hurley in this week's Annalist. Just out. The Annalist, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

CZECHS APPEAL FOR SPEEDY HELP

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

in Central Siberia before it is too late to be of real service to them and to Russia was emphasized late tonight when it became known that they are making an impressive appeal for help.

Friends of the Czechs in Washington have received information that the acting Foreign Minister of the Czechoslovaks at Amoy has issued an appeal to hasten the aid that has been assured them by President Wilson and the Entente Powers. In this appeal he describes those of the Czechoslovaks forces who are in Central Siberia as being hopelessly outnumbered by a combination of Austrian and German prisoners and Russian Red Guards, and as being inadequately supplied and almost in despair. Unless aid reaches them within six weeks it will be too late.

There are two main groups of Czechoslovaks in Siberia. There is an eastern group at and around Vladivostok, to which point the American and Japanese Governments have already sent troops. This group is not in any immediate danger. The two American infantry regiments of regulars and the Japanese forces already landed there are able to care for and aid this group.

The second, and by far the larger and more important group, stretches along the Trans-Siberian Railway all the way from Irkutsk, on the western shore of Lake Baikal, to Samara in European Russia. This group is in possession of Tomsk, Omsk, Scheljabinsk, in Siberia, and Uza and Samara in European Russia. The distance between Tomsk and Samara is 1,675 miles and the ability of the Czechoslovaks to seize these long stretches of the Trans-Siberian Railway has been one of the amazing epics of the war.

These are the Czechoslovak units which it is vitally important to aid. They are, according to information received here through authentic channels tonight, almost in despair of receiving soon enough—the aid that has been assured them. Most important of all is represented to be the need to furnish aid to the Czechoslovak forces at Irkutsk. It is declared to be highly essential to establish a juncture between the Czechoslovak forces who control the railway for a short distance west of Vladivostok and those who are at Irkutsk and west of that point.

This is declared to be extremely vital because the bulk of the armed Austrian and German prisoners of war who have been operating in association with the Red Guards and other forces of the Bolshevist régime are in the region between Lake Baikal and Vladivostok and around Chita, which is near the point from which the Trans-Siberian Railway branches down through Manchuria to Harbin and Vladivostok.

It is feared that unless very definite and precise military steps are taken to circumvent it, these Austro-Germans, balked at moving toward Vladivostok, and taking advantage of the fact that the Siberian Winter will be along inside of six weeks, may move westward from Chita toward Irkutsk in an effort to take advantage of the plight in which the various detachments of Czechoslovaks would find themselves, lacking, as they do, guns, ammunition, and clothing.

Should this assistance not reach them in less than six weeks, the movements of the Czechoslovaks west of Irkutsk will be in danger of collapse. Then, it is apprehended, it would be possible for the Austro-Germans who are leading the Bolshevist forces to wipe out the Czechoslovak forces around Irkutsk, and retire westward along the Trans-Siberian Railway toward European Russia, destroying the railway as they retreat and massacring the Czechoslovak detachments as they go.

How this situation will be met is a problem for the military authorities, but it is said that in order to deal with it effectively it will probably be necessary to send more Entente troops into Siberia than were contemplated at the time the United States and Japanese Governments reached their agreement for sending an expedition to Vladivostok.

Acting Secretary Polk's recent formal announcement of this Government's position and purposes stated that the United States Government had proposed to Japan and that Japan had consented "that each of the two Governments send a force of a few thousand men to Vladivostok, with the purpose of cooperating as a single force in the occupation of Vladivostok and in safeguarding, as far as it may be, the country to the rear of the westward moving Czechoslovaks."

The information reaching Washington friends of the Czechoslovaks, describing the situation of those in Central Siberia, as being such as to require a speeding up of the program for aiding them, is of such a character as probably to require a reconsideration of the original plan, with a view to taking additional steps to meet the situation.

"There is now a chance to aid those Central Siberian groups of Czechoslovaks, it is asserted, which may slip beyond the grasp of those now in a position to do it if the opportunity is seized, but which, if lost, will set back the whole fine movement for aiding them and at the same time serving the Russian people and delivering them from their present desperate circumstances.

SAYS TROTZKY ARMY IS AGAINST GERMANS

Ransome Also Avers Red Chiefs Are "Uncompromisingly Opposed" to Them.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—Arthur Ransome, who while in Russia was in the confidence of the Bolshevist leaders and was the principal medium for the transmission of their views abroad, telegraphs to The Daily News from Stockholm under date of Saturday:

"I had a long talk today with M. Usenius, who was the official representative of the Red Finn Government at Stockholm. Usenius is a Social Democrat memoer of the Finnish Metal Workers' Union, and spent two years in America. He, like most of the metal workers, was opposed to the armed revolt in Finland, but bowed to the will of the majority and did not shirk the responsibility when it became inevitable. I asked him about the Red Finns' attitude toward the Allies at Murman and toward the Soviet Republic. He said the newspaper stories here about the Finnish leader Rahja, who is alleged to have taken 10,000 Red Finns to Murman, are extremely inaccurate.

"'Comparatively few Finns,' he said, 'have gone north from Petrograd, but great numbers have retreated out of Northern Finland and are escaping across the frontier. After suppression of the revolt they have joined forces with the English in the north, believing the English could help them against the Germans and White Finns. That, of course, was before the Allies had taken definite steps against the Soviet Republic. When it became clear that the Allies were opposed to the Soviet, Rahja tried to withdraw the Red Finns from Murmansk. The Finnish Social Democrats at Petrograd issued a declaration that no Finns should help the Allies, who opposed the Socialist Russian Government.'

"I asked whether Rahja brought away many. Usenius replied: 'A good number, but the majority remained, believing that only the English can help them.'

"Red" Finn Means Bolshevik.

"I asked him to define the 'Red' attitude to the Soviet Government. He said:

"'We can be convinced that no other, even the Socialist parties in Russia, should they come into power, would have given Finland real self-government, and that is what we want. We are neither for the English nor for the Germans.'

"I next referred to a conversation I had with Tokoi, the Finnish leader in Moscow, when Tokoi emphasized the fact that the Red Finns were for the Bolsheviki. Usenius replied:

"'That is so, and Tokoi, an older man, finds it more difficult to sympathize with the doings of the Extreme Left.'

"He then referred to Akselrod's and Roussanoff's proposal to send an International Commission of Inquiry to investigate the doings of the Bolsheviki. He said the Swedish Social Democrats were agreed on condition that all other parties should take part. He complained that they did not say how many or what countries were to be represented, and added that the scheme, in any case, was wrong, because it began by assuming that the prisoner was guilty.

"'Our business as Socialists is to help, not to criticise,' he added.

"That sentence, I think, pretty well expresses the attitude of the Finnish Reds toward the Russian Republic. I then asked him what he thought of the possibility of war between the Allies and Finland. Usenius said he did not believe in it.

Doubts Finnish Army Will Fight.

"'The Finnish Army,' he said, 'consists of very few men, and they are not yet in condition to be forced to do what it does not want. It does not want to fight. Food conditions in Finland also are bad. In the north frosts have ruined the potato crop, and done much damage to corn. The position in Finland is difficult enough without war. Therefore, it is unlikely that the Finns will take any initiative.

"'On the other hand, the communications are so bad that any serious attempt on the part of the English to drive the Germans out of Finland is unlikely, because that would need preparations on a vast scale, and the attempt could only become serious if Petrograd were in allied hands, so that the Allies could threaten the Southern Finnish Railroad.'

"I asked what he thought of the possibilities of German initiative, and if he knew of their preparations north of the Gulf of Bothnia, where they made a regular base of the harbor at Kemi, near Torneo, and at the old railhead at Rovaniemi, whence it is reported they constructed a railway running to Lake Enare. He said:

German Plans and Difficulties.

"'We have no precise information on that. We do not know what sort of a railway has been made, but we do know that the snows are such that in Winter it is almost impossible to keep it clear. The German object is to develop northward to Petchenga, but I think it likely at present that they will simply use the English presence as an excuse that they want to take away wood, of which there is a great quantity.

"'In the more southerly sections there is, of course, a good road to Rovaniemi and Onari; it is good only in certain seasons. Besides this line runs parallel with the Murman Railway, and suggests preparation on a parallel front. The distance between the two is very great, and the country is such that it would be very difficult for large bodies of troops to get within fighting distance of each other. Also events on the western front seem likely to make it impossible for the Germans to spare a large number of troops necessary for any serious arctic operations.

"'Hence, perhaps, the German urgency in trying to force on the preparation of the Finnish Army. They are even going so far as to issue Finnish newspapers with the object of the Prussianization of Finland and the creation of a military spirit. I have myself seen selections from this propaganda, some of which consist of an elementary kind of essay on the perfect soldier.'

"I asked Usenius what attitude the Reds would take in case, in spite of all, there should be war. He said that if many Social Democrats were forced into the Finnish Army they would probably be neutral. I asked whether there was any probability of a fresh Red rebellion. He said:

"'None whatever while the Germans are in Finland; unless there is a German revolution. Then probably the Reds would return from Russia and find help actually in the new Finnish Army, which contains many conscripts who are unsympathetic with the Whites and openly say they would be glad to learn the use of arms because of future possibilities.'

Germans Active in Gulf of Finland.

"Activity has been renewed by the Germans in the Gulf of Finland. A steamer with a safe conduct from the Germans was arrested by a German destroyer on the way to Reval and made to return to Bjorko, where it found the German battleship Kolberg and a fleet of trawlers. This report should perhaps be set beside one of a few days ago, when the Finnish shore batteries fired fifty shots at Russian boats that were mining the Finnish waters near Petrograd. The feeling in Petrograd for some days has been that of expectation of a German attack.

"Even should there be persons in favor of inviting help from the Germans, there can be no question about the attitude of the Executive Committee, which has uncompromisingly opposed any sort of collaboration with them.

"The feeling of the people is extremely anti-German. Steady propaganda has been carried on by the Soviet leaders during the last six months, never losing an opportunity of explaining both the abominable and temporary character of the Brest-Litovsk peace and never losing an opportunity of exposing all the misdeeds of the Germans in the Ukraine, which are now bearing fruit; and I am definitely informed that the Red army which Trotzky has created is definitely anti-German."

RUSE BY TROTZKY FAILS.

Tried to Pass Off as Jaroslav Prisoners Men Arrested in Petrograd.

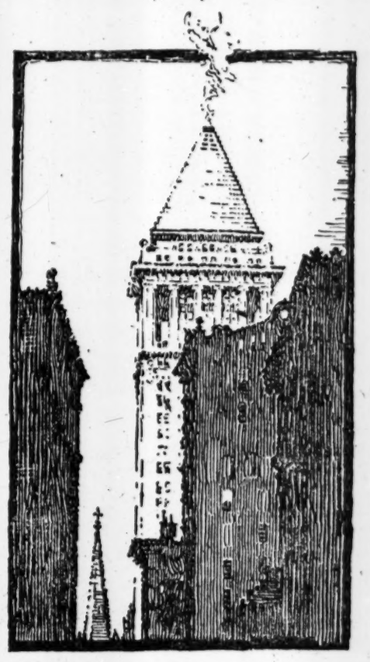
Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Recent reports that both Moscow and Petrograd had been virtually abandoned by the principal Bolshevist leaders appeared to be confirmed by information reaching the State Department today from Sweden.

The report stated that the information had been supplied by a personage, identity not disclosed for diplomatic reasons, who had just arrived at Stockholm from Petrograd, which city he had left as late as Aug. 18. He also repeated the reports that have been current in Petrograd and denied that Nicolai Lenine, who had been serving as Bolshevist Premier, had gone on board a battleship at Kronstadt, and that Minister of War Leon Trotzky had boarded the yacht of the late Czar Nicholas II. a little below Petrograd.

According to the dispatch to the State Department, this informant also said that a meeting was recently held at Kronstadt in an effort to induce the soldiers there to fight against the Czechoslovaks. Seven thousand persons were present. They were addressed by Trotzky and other Bolshevist leaders.

The Bolsheviki had made a number of arrests at Petrograd and sent the prisoners to Kronstadt, where the garrison was told that the captives had been taken at Jaroslav in a counter revolutionary plot and "ought to be tried and executed." But the garrison learned that the prisoners were innocents from Petrograd, released them, and permitted them to remain at Kronstadt or return to Petrograd.



"How many women at this luncheon table know whether their husbands have made a will?"

Mrs. Archer Stanley challenged her guests.

THE above is an excerpt from an entertaining booklet, "The Street of By-and-By," written by a well-known woman author, telling of the injustices and sufferings which so often attend the failure of the husband to write a will.

We shall be glad to send you a copy; ask also for booklet "The First Step in Making Your Will."

Downtown Office: 16 Wall Street
Astor Trust Office: Fifth Avenue at 42nd Street

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY
Member Federal Reserve System

NOW
Is the Time to Invest in
5%
GUARANTEED MORTGAGES
Real estate valuations are more conservative than ever—rents are higher than ever—New York's population is greater than ever.
Safest Investment in the World.
LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. $9,000,000
59 Liberty St., N. Y. 184 Montague St., Bkn.

DENBY TRUCKS
have established so universal a reputation for reliability of operation and for low upkeep cost because of the utmost attention given to the details that affect the maintenance cost.
The steady service a DENBY has given ——— is convincing proof of this.

COLE & DIXON
Inc.
123 W. 64th Street
Tel. Columbus 6821
JERSEY CITY BRANCH:
535 Communipaw Ave.
ALBANY BRANCH:
204 Washington Ave.

IOWA
Securities for Safety
Iowa First Farm Mortgage
and
Tax Free Municipal Bonds
are unaffected by changing conditions. Farms and cities of the premier agricultural state of the Union are the basis of security. For the investment of surplus funds or savings these bonds combine absolute safety & principle, dependable income and ready marketability.
Denominations
$50—$100—$500—$1000
Partial Payments if Desired
WRITE FOR FREE BOOK
Iowa Investments No. 613
Bankers Mortgage Company
Capital $2,000,000
Des Moines Iowa

Great Western
Champagne

BRUT SPECIAL
(Absolutely Brut)
SPECIAL RESERVE
(Very Dry)
EXTRA DRY
(Medium)
Only American Champagne ever awarded Gold Medals at Foreign Expositions
Produced by the old French slow method of fermentation in the bottle, taking from six to seven years of time.
Pleasant Valley Wine Co., Rheims, N. Y.
AMERICA'S OLDEST & LARGEST PRODUCERS

"Round Two!" Prize-fight? No, just the second service of
Club Cocktails
where an introduction always leads through better acquaintance to everlasting friendship.

TRIMO
PIPE WRENCHES AND TRIMO MONKEY
WRENCHES

WILL LAST YOU FOR YEARS
Made on Honor—Fully Guaranteed
Sold at about the price of others
Wood handles in 6 to 14 inch, inclusive. Steel handles in all sizes
NEW YORK OFFICE
TRIMONT MFG. CO. 248 CANAL ST.

LIEUT. H. W. CAYGILL AGAIN VICTIM OF GAS

Mount Vernon Officer Was the Editor of The Spectator at Columbia.

WON FRENCH DECORATION

Capt. J. G. Finn, Wounded, Was in Corporation Counsel's Office —Other Casualties.

LIEUTENANT HARRY W. CAYGILL, who is a son of Alderman Ranson Caygill of Mount Vernon, N. Y., recently received the ribbon of the Legion of Honor of France for gallantry in action, and only a few weeks ago returned to duty after having been in the hospital 55 days recovering from German mustard gas. He has again been wounded and gassed and is now in a hospital near Paris. Lieutenant Caygill was honored by the French Government for an exploit in the first days of the Marne battle. The advance of a platoon of the 23d Infantry, which he was leading, was held up by a German machine gun, whereupon Lieutenant Caygill went forward with drawn pistol and in a hand-to-hand encounter captured the officer commanding the surviving members of the machine gun crew.

Lieutenant Caygill is a graduate of Columbia University, class of 1917. At Columbia he was the editor of the university publication, The Spectator. He was graduated at the second Plattsburg Camp, commissioned a First Lieutenant, and assigned to the Regulars. He is 23 years old.

LIEUTENANT DEAN N. JENKS, who has been killed in action, was born in this city thirty-two years ago. When war was declared he was living in Colorado. Lieutenant Jenks was a graduate of the Fort Sheridan (Ill.) Officers' Training Camp.

LIEUTENANT GEORGE E. BRAKER, killed in battle, was in a Regular Army infantry unit fighting in the Marne sector. His home was at 430 South Sixtieth Street, Philadelphia.

CAPTAIN JAMES G. FINN, commanding Company H, 165th Infantry, Rainbow Division, has been wounded. Miss Helen E. Finn of 245 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn, who is a sister, received the information in a letter from him yesterday. Captain Finn is a graduate of Bowdoin College and was an assistant in the office of the Corporation Counsel when he resigned to enter the Federal service. He was a First Lieutenant in the 14th Infantry of Brooklyn before the war, and was one of the officers transferred from that unit to the Rainbow Division.

Jamaica Soldier Gassed.

SERGEANT ROBERT L. FLACK of the Machine Gun Company of the 165th Infantry, has been gassed and is now convalescent in a French hospital. He is a son of Mrs. John H. Valentine of 31 Bergen Avenue, Jamaica, L. I. Sergeant Flack is a veteran of the New York National Guard.

SERGEANT HUGH MCMILLAN, a brother of Mrs. Catherine Christie of Corona, L. I., was wounded on July 29. He went to France with a Regular Army infantry unit.

PRIVATE WILLIAM J. MCDOUGAL, a brother of Mrs. James Dunn of Glen Cove, L. I., was wounded on July 18. He is in the 9th Infantry.

IRVING NEEDLEMAN, killed in action, lived when drafted into the Camp Upton Division last September, at 117 East 113th Street with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Max Needleman. From Camp Upton he was transferred to the 18th Infantry, with which he was fighting when killed. He was 24 years old and was killed July 20.

TIMOTHY CALLAHAN, severely wounded, is a member of the 165th Infantry of the New York Division. He is a brother of Mrs. Ethel Farrell of 737 Third Avenue. Callaghan is 24 years old and was known to his friends, his sister said, as "Smiling Time."

JOHN H. DOYLE, who has been wounded, is a brother of Mrs. Elizabeth Unghfear of 645 Manhattan Avenue, Brooklyn. He is a veteran of the 16th Infantry and served with that regiment in Alaska, the Philippines, and Mexico. Doyle is 31 years old and is a graduate of St. Anthony's Roman Catholic School in Brooklyn.

HENRY G. SILVERSTON, reported wounded, went to France with the 47th Infantry. He is a son of Mrs. S. Silverston of 871 Seventy-second Street, Brooklyn. Silverston, who is 25 years old, enlisted in the regulars last November.

BOLESLAW PLEZIA, who was severely wounded on July 18, is a cousin of Walter Slauk of 71 Berry Street, Brooklyn. Plezia came to the United States from Austria five years ago. He is in Company B, 16th Infantry.

HENRY TELLONE, killed in action, was a son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Tellone of Newark. He was 22 years old and went to France with the 38th Infantry. Several days ago letters written by Mrs. Tellone to her son were returned unopened and marked "Killed in action." Yesterday Tellone's name appeared in the casualty list.

JOHN RUSSELL, JR., a son of John Russell of 195 Shepherd Avenue, East Orange, has been wounded. He went to France with Company F, 9th Infantry.

New Jersey Casualties.

FRANK KULESCZCK has been wounded, according to a telegram received yesterday by his parents, who live at 194 Mulberry Street, Trenton. He is in the 3d Division of regulars. He was born in Russia.

RICHARD H. JONES of Phillipsburg, N. J., is in an American base hospital suffering from shell shock. His parents are Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Jones.

CHARLES HAGGERTY of Phillipsburg, has been gassed. He is a son of Mrs. Sarah Jones.

CHARLES TITUS, a son of Mrs. Elizabeth Titus of Blairstown, N. J, has been wounded.

MELVIN SPITZ, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Spitz of 80 Broad Street, Newark, has been wounded. He is in the 165th Infantry. Spitz is now convalescent in a hospital near Nantes.

WILLIAM J. VIERBUCHEN, who is a marine, has been wounded. He is a son of Mrs. Mary Vierbuchen of 272 Lafayette Street, Newark.

CAPTAIN HAMILTON K. FOSTER, who is referred to in the casualty list as Lieutenant, and who has been wounded, was promoted to Captain a few days ago. Captain Foster commands Company A, 20th Infantry, and before his promotion was in the battalion commanded by Major Theodore Roosevelt, Jr. He is a son of Dr. and Mrs. M. L. Foster of New Rochelle and was appointed a Second Lieutenant of regulars from civil life.

WILLIAM T. GREEN, wounded severely, lived at 44 Fourth Street, Brooklyn, when he enlisted in May, 1917.

PROHIBITION DATE PUT OFF TO JULY 1

Senate Agreement for Passage of Bill Believed to be in Sight, President Concurring.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Nation-wide prohibition, as embraced in the Gore amendment to the Food Stimulation bill, now on the Senate calendar, will not become effective, if put through the Senate, until July 1 of next year, at the earliest. This was agreed to today by leaders among the "drys" in the Senate after Senator Sheppard of Texas, Democratic prohibition leader, had conferred with President Wilson at the White House.

Under the amendment as originally drawn nation-wide prohibition would become operative Jan. 1 next. The House Ways and Means Committee, in making up the $8,000,000,000 War Revenue bill, went on the theory that prohibition would not be forced through by the end of the year. So the committee put down $1,000,000,000 as a probable war tax on liquors. If the prohibition amendment were adopted, this would have to be cut from the bill, or at least a large part of it. This prospective loss of $1,000,000,000 of liquor revenue, if the Gore amendment should shut off liquors by Jan. 1, has caused some concern in Administration quarters.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26. (Associated Press.)—An agreement for passage of legislation to stop sales of all intoxicating beverages on July 1, 1919, leaders of both wet and dry factions in the Senate stated tonight, seemed to be in sight. President Wilson was represented as not opposing the legislation, and Senators believed the House would accept the proposal under negotiation. A definite "gentlemen's agreement" in the Senate is expected within a few days.

The wartime Prohibition bill pending in the Senate came up for consideration today under the unanimous consent agreement made several weeks ago, giving it right of way until disposed of, but was temporarily displaced while the Senate proceeded with the Man Power bill.

At President Wilson's suggestion, according to Senator Sheppard of Texas, postponement of the date from Jan. 1 to July 1 was agreed to by spokesmen of both factions. The President, it was stated, believes additional time should be given for financial and other adjustments. Opponent of the legislation were declared to be convinced that it could not be defeated, and to be satisfied with the proposed extension of time. Formal conclusion of an agreement is expected to pave the way for passage of the bill by the Senate late this week or early next week.

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page 19.

364 CASUALTIES REPORTED IN ARMY OVERSEAS

100 Killed in Action, 200 Wounded; No List Issued for Marine Corps

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The War Department today gave out two army casualty lists containing 364 names, bringing the total for the army to 21,160. No Marine Corps casualties were announced. The total for army and marines is now 24,061. The lists issued today included the names of 100 killed in action, 24 died of wounds, 7 died of accident, 5 died of disease, 148 severely wounded, 51 wounded to a degree undetermined, 1 slightly wounded, and 28 missing.

SUMMARY OF ARMY CASUALTIES TO DATE.

Deaths.	Previously Reported.	Reported Aug. 26.	Total.
Killed in action	3,981	100	4,081
Lost at sea	291	..	291
Died of wounds	1,291	24	1,315
Died of accident or other causes	727	7	734
Died of disease	1,595	5	1,600
Total	7,885	136	8,021
Wounded	10,677	200	10,877
Missing, including prisoners	2,234	28	2,262
Total	20,796	364	21,160

ARMY CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED AUG. 26.

Army casualties announced today, with next of kin and emergency addresses, were as follows:

KILLED IN ACTON—100.

Captains.

ADAMS, JOHN C.; R. R. Adams, Bklyn. Navy Yard, Bklyn.
SLEPPY, KIRBY B.; Mrs. A. D. Sleppy, Binghamton, N.Y.
VALENTINE, FRANK C.; Mcdill Valentine, Ottawa, Can.

Lieutenants.

BRAKER, GEORGE E.; Mrs. G. E. Braker, Philadelphia.
BLOECHER, RAYMOND F.; Mrs. Bloecher, Wittenberg, Wis.
COLEMAN, EUGENE W.; Mrs. M. Coleman, St. Louis, Mo.
JENKS, DEAN A.; Mrs. E. A. Jenks, Denver, Col.
LA DUE, CHARLES P.; Mrs.C.P.LaDue, Waterbury,Conn.
THOMPSON, M. T.; Mrs. M. Thompson, Menomonie, Wis.

Sergeants.

MOON, ELLIS J.; William W. Moon, Huntsville, Ala.
PEITZMEYER, HENRY; Mrs. W. J. Held, Irvington, Ill.
WOJCIECHOWSKI, A.; V. Wojciechowski, Bay City, Mich.

Corporals.

ANDERSON, CARL; Miss A. Anderson, 221 E. 23d St, N.Y.
BANGS, LOUIS S.; Mrs. S. S. Bangs, Charlestown, Mass.
BRAUN, GEORGE W.; Mrs. E. Lulk, Jersey City, N. J.
CURRY, WILLIAM L.; Mrs. Mary Deven, Philadelphia.
GROUT, LEO M.; Mrs. Leo M. Grout, Philadelphia.
MONEYHUN, R. C.; Mrs. L. Moneyhun, Toms Creek, Va.
MYERS, GEORGE W.; Mrs. J. Myers, Alma, Mich.
NADOLSKI, W. M.; Mrs. J. Nadolski, Bay City, Mich.
POUNDS, DON CARLOS; C. A. Rounds, Adams, N. Y.
SMITH, JAMES; Miss Alice Smith, Derby, England.
SULLIVAN, E.; Mrs. E. Sullivan, Grand Rapids, Mich.
WINEMAN, LESTER A.; David M. Wineman, Derry, Penn.

Wagoner.

STAFFORD, ROY; Albert Stafford, Des Moines, Iowa.

Mechanics.

IGO, ROBERT I.; William T. Igo, Derry, Penn.
KLINE, AZLE B.; Mrs. M. Kline, Coffeyville, Kan.

Privates.

BAIRD, C. R.; Mrs. Fannie G. Baird, Hickman, Tenn.
BENNER, WM. B.; Mrs. Abbie Benner, Waltham, Mass.
BRIDGES, J. D.; R. H. Bridges, Albany, Ga.
BURCH, J. C.; William Burch, Coleman, Mich.
BLASE, E. H.; A. H. Blase, Mexico, Mo.
BEATTY, LEON; S. P. Beatty, Washington, Iowa.
CUROTTO, VITTORIO; G. Curotto, Rassaro Renoa, Italy.
CHRISTOPHER, ERVIN; E. Christopher, Culberson, N. C.
CORNWELL, A. G.; G. N. Cornwell, Dubuque, Iowa.
CURRY, T. C.; Joseph Curry, Corning, Iowa.
CRANDALL, M. L.; Wesley Crandall, Pittsford, Mich.
DIETRICH, A. H.; Mrs. Mary Dietrich, Milwaukee, Wis.
DAVIDSON, W. H.; C. R. Davidson, Apollo, Penn.
FITZGERALD, J. R.; Mrs. A. Fitzgerald, Wheeling, W.Va.
FROST, E. F.; Nels P. Frost, Smolan, Kan.
FRANCOVICK, PETER; Mrs. Helen Keshen, Crivitz, Wis.
FOWLER, J. E.; Mrs. Bell E. Fowler, Lincoln, Cal.
FIELDS, WILLIAM; Mrs. Helen Fields, St. Louis, Mich.
GORDON, LEON W.; Anthony W. Gordon, Tulsa, Okla.
GEWEHR, W. E.; Mrs. Mamie Gewehr, Coaldale, Penn.
GRAHAM, H. G.; J. W. Graham, Mystic, Iowa.
HAUBRIS, P. F. Jr.; P. F. Haubris, Ss. Seattle, Wash.
HUME, FORREST T. D.; W. Hume, Drake, N. D.
HOGSED, PAUL; Sam Hogshed, Andrew, N. C.
HOFF, CONRAD; Henry Hoff, Harrah, Wash.
HISHORSEISFAST, I.; R.Hishorseisfast, White Horse,S.D.
HEAD, L. W.; Miss Lola Head, Greenfield, Iowa.
JUNO, GEORGE J.; Medford, Rock Island, Tenn.
JOHNSON, WM. B.; Mrs. E. J. Johnson, Kernersville, N.C.
JAMES, CLAY; Mrs. Georgia James, Indianapolis, Ind.
KOLLAR, JOHN; John Polyak, Torrington, Conn.
KNOTT, GEORGE; Mrs. Lizzie Knott, Brownsville, Penn.
KELLY, WALTER P.; Patrick Kelly, Worcester, Mass.
KILLIAM, ALBERT S.; Mrs. A.O. Sprague, Sheridan, Wyo.
KALKBRENNER, F.; W. Kalkbrenner, Cincinnati, Ohio.
MOFFATT, C. M.; Mrs. Marie Moffatt, Detroit, Mich.
MARUCA, G.; Mrs. C. F. Maruca, Chiaszzia, Italy.
MORGAN, LOMAN; Will Morgan, Andrew, N. C.
MATHIESON, J. A.; Mrs.E.Mathieson, Sundas Center,Can.
MAAS, PETER J.; John S. Maas, Madison, Wis.
NEEDLEMAN, I.; M. Needleman, Russell, 115th St., N. Y.
NEAR, J. E.; Mrs. Rose Near, Niles, Ohio.
NELSON, ALBERT L.; Sam Dyrind, Chetek, Wis.
O'CONNOR, FRANK J.; John O'Connor, Berlin, Wis.
PHILLIPPI, NEAL W.; Mrs. Jane Phillippi, Latrobe, Penn.
PERKINS, A. G.; Mrs. G. Creel, Charleston, W. Va.
PENNEWILL, H. O.; F. G. Pennewill, St. Joseph, Mo.
PEARSON, WILL Z.; Lee Pearson, Elkville, N. C.
PAUL, JOHN; J. S. Paul, 619 E. 26th St., Paterson, N. J.
PHILLIPS, DEWEY; John Phillips, Saginaw, Mich.
PEACH, ARTHUR; Bert Landon, Bradyville, Iowa.
ROOD, ARTHUR G.; Mrs. Elizabeth Rood, Oakland, Cal.
RAUTSIS, JOHN; Joe Raustis, Gubernookowinska, Russia.
ROWE, JOHN R.; Mrs. A. J. Rowe, Honolulu, Hawaii.
SWORDS, ANDREW; Mike Swords, Roxbok, Mass.
STONE, G. B.; Mrs. J. A. Crawford, Liberty, Mo.
SMITH, W. E.; Mrs. Ellen Smith, Philadelphia, Penn.
SOLLENBERGER, R. F.; Mrs. I.Sollenberger, Williamsburg, Penn.
SHORT, JOHN; W. M. Short, Conway, Iowa.
SCHULTZ, J. E.; Mrs. Katie Klatt, Daggett, Mich.
SADKOWSKI, CHESTER; S. Autinovich, Detroit, Mich.
TUCKER, ELMER; Mrs. Lula Tucker, Kennett, Mo.
TOWER, CHARLES; Fred R. Tower, Roxbok, Mass.
TELLONE, H.; A. Tellone, 610 Orange St., Newark, N. J.
TIRA, FLORENCE; Mrs. Domanico Tira, Cicoino, Italy.
TIEGS, EMIL; Miss Anna Tiegs, Shawano, Wis.
THOMLIS, EVENS; John Thomas, Yale, Ky.
VAN WERT, PETER; Mrs. M. Luxton, Bay City, Mich.
WILLARD, R. C.; Mrs. A. Willard, Seattle, Wash.
WILCZYNSKI, A.; Mrs. J. M. Wilczynski, Detroit, Mich.
WALKER, J. T.; Mrs. Sophia Walker, Detroit, Mich.
ZIMMERLE, G. W.; Mrs. J. H. Zimmerle, Woodburn, Ore.
ZEMAN, FRANK; Mrs. Antonette Zeman, Cicero, Ill.

DIED OF WOUNDS—24.

Corporals.

BARNETT, H. P.; Mrs. J. Barnett, Mount Vernon, Ala.
LANGE, HARRY L.; Mrs. Anna L. Lange, Horison, Wis.

Privates.

BLAYNEY, HUBERT; Gilbert Blayney, Olin, Iowa.
COOK, ELMER; Mrs. A. Blackenship, Oceana, W. Va.
GRAVELL, WILLIAM J.; G. Gravell, Little Falls, Minn.
HUSCHKE, B. H.; Mrs. Clara Senkbeil, Payette, Idaho.
INGRAM, JUDSON E.; Elsworth Ingram, Houghton, Mich.
LEE, HAROLD J.; Ben H. Lee, Minneapolis, Minn.
LYTLE, CLYDE L.; Mrs. Cath. Lytle, Shamokin, Penn.
LIPSITZ, HENRY; Jacob Lipsitz, Grand Rapids, Wis.
LEMONT, E. A.; Mrs. M. H. Lemont, De Smet, S. D.
LINDSAY, ANDREW D.; Mrs. Annie Miller, Lynn, Mass.
MICHALEK, WINCENTY; Onufry Michalek, Chicago, Ill.
MUNSINGER, CLYDE W.; A. Munsinger, Tabor, Iowa.
MORRISON, JOHN M.; Mrs. W. Morrison, Pittsfield, Mass.
MCNAMARA, HUBERT; John McNamara, Cazenovia, Wis.
MCINTYRE, J. E.; John McIntyre, Punxsutawney, Penn.
POMEROY, R. S.; A. Pomeroy, Cabin Creek Jct., W. Va.
PINKSTON, ALLEN B.; T. Pinkston, St. Louis, Mich.
ROONEY, JOSEPH P.; Mrs. M. O'Shea, Rochester, N. Y.
SULLIVAN, GROVER; James Sullivan, Pryor, Okla.
SCHWARTZ, B. C.; Gustav Schwartz, Manitowoc, Wis.
WESOLOWSKI, JOZEF; Mrs. Julia Deaskra, Chicago, Ill.
WITZEL, JOSEPH J.; Anna Kranich, Chicago, Ill.

DIED OF DISEASE—5.

Privates.

BATIS, THOMAS; Mrs. Mary Batis, Maysville, Ky.
ELLER, WILLIAM C.; Wm. H. Eller, Atlanta, Ind.
GOUDIE, C. A.; L. W. Goudie, Lisbon, N. H.
REDMOND, HARVEY W.; Mrs. Delia Redmond, Post, Tex.
RAY, HERMAN; Mrs. Norah Ray Perry, Waller, Tenn.

DIED OF AIRPLANE ACCIDENT—2.

Lieutenants.

WATKINS, CHARLES L.; J. Watkins, Great Falls, Mon.
PHILLIS, LOUIS I.; H. W. Phillis, Chicago, Ill.

DIED OF ACCIDENT AND OTHER CAUSES—5.

Captain.

ELLETT, ALEXANDER M.; Mrs. B. Ellett, Chillicothe,Me.

Lieutenant.

HARRIS, ARTHUR F.; Mrs. A. F. Harris, Louisville,Ky.

Privates.

BRIDGES, THOMAS W.; Mrs. Flora Bridges, Malden, Mo.
FLEMING, WM. McK.; Miss L. Fleming, Harrington, Del.
KNOTT, CHARLIE I.; James A. Knott, Dickson, Tenn.

WOUNDED SEVERELY—148.

Lieutenants.

CHRISTENSEN, W. C.; A. Christensen, Eau Claire, Wis.
FICK, EVERETT S.; Mrs. Helen Fick, Winnfield, La.
FOSTER, HAMILTON K.; M. L. Foster, New Rochelle,N.Y.
GEHL, E. S.; Peter L. Gehl, Hartford, Wis.
HOWARD, GEORGE L.; George S. Howard, Malone, N. Y.
HEVENER, RICHARD S.; Mrs.A.W.Hevener, Concord,N.H.
JACOBS, OSCAR F.; Mrs. Abbie Jacobs, Aurora, Ind.
LUCE, EARLE P.; Mrs. M. H. Luce, Kansas City, Mo.

Sergeants.

DUBE, HENRY J.; Mrs. Alphonse Dube, Winsted, Conn.
DUNN, GEORGE H.; Thomas K. Dunn, Latrobe, Penn.
DEEDS, JOHN M.; George W. Deeds, Ligonier, Penn.
FATORA, JOHN A.; Mrs. John Fatora, New Barry, Penn.
HENGHAN, PATRICK J.; Mrs.M.Kald, So. Boston, Mass.
KNUTSON, LOUIS; John Knutson, Chicago, Ill.
KORSMOE, ALBERT E.; Mrs. Ole Korsmoe, Ashland, Wis.
LUNDQUIST, EMIL; August Lundquist, Ligonier, Penn.
MCDONALD, EDWARD; Mrs. E. McDonald, Pittsburgh.
MCSORLEY, JAMES; Frank McSorley, Eau Claire, Wis.
PANTCHUCK, THEODORE; Simon Pantchuck, Chicago.
WHITNEY, BRUCE C.; C. S. Whitney, WallaWalla, Wash.

Corporals.

ABRAHAM, WILLIAM R.; Mrs.L.Abraham, Oshkosh, Wis.
CUNNINGHAM, B. C.; Mrs.E.Cunningham, Arkansas City, Kan.
BOYER, JOSEPH; H. Boyer, Fort De France, Martinique.
DAVIDSON, FRED G.; R. J. Davidson, Crockett, Va.
FRIEDRICH, M. P.; Mrs. Mary Kraus, Minneapolis, Minn.
FELLAND, WINTER M.; Mrs. T. Felland, Madison, Wis.
FALEER, EDWARD L.; Mrs. Lena Faleer, Detroit, Mich.
HUNT, DAVID B.; M. O. Hunt, Portland, Ore.
JUHASZ, JOHN; John Juhasz, Hostetter, Penn.
JASINSKI, WALTER; John Jasinski, Detroit, Mich.
MORRILL, CHARLIE; Mrs. P. Perkins, Geneva, Neb.
MONTGOMERY, WM. B.; J. B. Montgomery, Brice, Texas.
MARGESON, WYLIE; George Margeson, Marquoketa, Iowa.
PLEMON, RICHARD; J. Plemon, Eau Claire, Wis.
ROZIER, ANDREW; Dock C. Collins, Galveston, Texas.
STEKELBERG, WM. C.; F. Stekelberg, Middleton, Wis.
TURNER, JAMES B.; L. T. Turner, Mashulaville, Miss.

Cook.

McGARVEY, GEORGE; Hattie Hedger, Terre Haute, Ind.

Buglers.

EGAN, RAYMOND E.; E. E. Egan, Philadelphia, Penn.
GIVENS, HARRY H.; Mrs. M. Givens, Parkersburg, W.Va.

Mechanics.

HAUGER, WILFORD C.; R. A. Hauger, Latrobe, Penn.
MACKEL, O. W.; Mrs. Ivy Mackel, Rochester Mills, Penn.
McLOUGHLIN, E. J.; Miss E.McLoughlin, Quinspoxet, Mass.

Privates.

ANDERSON, R. W.; W. M. Anderson, Chicago, Ill.
AMARO, P. M.; Mrs. Harriet Golden, Baraboo, Wis.
ACKLEY, R. F.; Emma Ackley, Odanah, Wis.
ASKINS, C. W.; Albert Askins, Lovington, Ill.
APPERLEY, F.; D. Apperley, Whitewood, Sask., Canada.
ADCOCK, T. D.; Medford, Rock Island, Tenn.
BUTLER, C. H.; J. E. Butler, Newby, Okla.
BLUBAUGH, W. H.; Mrs. C. Blubaugh, Waynesboro, Penn.
BRUUM, G. A.; Christ Bruum, Mellen, Wis.
BROWNWELL, A. S.; Mrs. A. Brownwell, Lewiston Jct., Penn.
BLAUVELT, F. H.; C. H. Blauvelt, 1,245 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
BLANCHARD, J. J.; Mrs. Alice Blanchard, Amelia, La.
BENSON, BERT; Mary H. Benson, Donelson, Tenn.
BENSON, BERNT; Alfred Benson, Eau Claire, Wis.
BALDIS, EDWARD; Alfred Knith, Detroit, Mich.
CULLEN, RICHARD; Ben Vondrak, Chicago, Ill.
COVEY, HENRY; Mrs. Mary Deering, Russellville, Okla.
COLEMAN, WILLIAM; Mrs. T. Quibby, St. Michaels, Md.
CIBALKA, J. J.; Joseph Cibalka, La Crosse, Wis.
CALLAGHAN, T.; Mrs. E. Farrell, 737 3d Av., New York.
CARON, LEO E.; Joseph Caron, Worcester, Mass.
CREECH, T. P.; Mrs. A. Creel, Charleston, W. Va.
CHRISTIE, RALPH; Mrs. Isabell Curtis, Woburn, Mass.
CHANCE, JASPER; Charlie Chance, Petersburg, Va.
CASTAGNOLA, D.; J. Castagnola, Johnstown, Penn.
DOLE, WILLIAM; Felix Dodo; Carbondale, Penn.
DOMMIO, ANTONINE; Mrs. Rose Dommio, Palmi, S. Italy
DOYLE, J. H.; Mrs.E.Ungerfear, 645 Man'tan Av., B'klyn, N.Y.
DAVIS, C. L.; R. A. Davis, Monroe, Ind.
ELENGER, J. A.; Mrs. Jennie Raubke, St. Louis, Mo.
ERWIN, ANDREW; Mike Erwin, Adairsville, Ga.
EDWARDS, W. M.; Mrs. O. E. Ellis, Covington, Ind.
FISHER, B. W.; J. K. Fisher, Wooster, Ohio.
FREDRICKSON, F. H.; Ed Enger, Portland, N. D.
FORD, ISAAC J.; C. H. Ford, Green Sulphur Spgs, W.Va.
FITZGERALD, GOLDEN; Mrs.R.Fitzgerald, Montebello, Va.
FILIPOUSKI, JAN; Philip Filipouski, Michigan City, Ind.
FELTS, J. W.; Robert Felts, Mex Meadows, Va.
GIBSON, R. E.; Mrs. John B. Gibson, Latrobe, Penn.
GIBSON, C. O.; Mrs. Ella Gibson, Brooklyn, Penn.
GWIN, RALPH R.; Mrs. Minnie H. Gwin, Hot Springs, Va.
GREEN, WM. T.; Margaret Green, 44 4th St., Brooklyn.
GILES, LESTER H.; Mrs. Mattie T. Giles, Melrose, Mass.
HART, PHILLIP; Mrs. P. J. Hart, Kenton, Ohio.
HAYNES, CHARLES T.; E. Haynes, Washington, Ind.
HOOTEN, MARION; Mrs. Mae Hooten, Keil, Ill.
HOBBS, RODNEY J.; S. W. Hobbs, Eros, La.
HALL, TEMPTON C.; Mrs. Susie Williams, Texhoma, Okla.
HUK, MIKE; Joseph Huk, Buffalo, N. Y.
HAYWARD, C. H.; Mrs. H. B. Hayward, Waltham, Mass.
HALLA, FRANK; Joseph Halla, Tabor, S. D.
HALL, EDWARD A.; Mrs. Ida M. Hall, Malden, Mass.
HALLES, ALEXANDER; Elias Halles, Shubuta, Miss.
HUDDLESTON, IRA W.; W. H. Huddleston, Elaine, Ark.
HERRIN, LAURIE B.; Sharod L. Herrin, Lulaton, Ga.
HARRISON, EDWIN H.; Edgar Harrison, Lockbourne, Ohio.
JENSEN, CARL; Andrew Jensen, Leverne, N. D.
JONES, LLOYD D.; Mrs. Ella D. Jones, Racine, Wis.
JULIA, RALPH; Joe Domenick, Miners Village, Penn.
KELLER, STEPHEN I.; Mrs. John Keller.
KERR, J. S.; Mrs. Ida Kerr, Frederick, Okla.
KOWALSKI, FRANK; John Kowalski, Altoona, Penn.
KOUDELKA, ANTON; Mrs. B. Koudelka, Chicago, Ill.
KIRKLAND, JOSEPH F.; G.W. Kirkland, Rockwood, Tenn.
LESLEY, BENJAMIN F.; R. M. Smallwood, Benton, Ark.
LITTLE, T. H.; James Little, Emmetsburg, Md.
LA SALES, CLARENCE; Mrs. C. Sales, Superior, Wis.
LA BOOKS, MATHEW; John Androkaites, Cleveland, Ohio.
MANNING, E. J.; Mrs. Mary J. Manning, Stillwater, N. Y.
MUNSON, LEROY E.; Magnus Munson, Dakota, Minn.
MUND, ARNOLD; William Mund, Pleasant Hill, Ill.
MORRIS, WILLIAM A.; Donald Garrison, Lindsay, Okla.
MOORE, JAMES C.; J. A. Moore, Parker, Tenn.
MILLER, DEWEY; Levi Miller, Millville, Fla.
MARSHALL, A.; Mrs. Carrie Marshall, Cincinnati, Ohio.
LEIGHTON, HAROLD D.; C. A. Leighton, Kingfisher, Okla.
LELAND, SELMER T.; Isaac Leland, Weldon, Canada.
MILLER, GEORGE D.; Francis Miller, Henley, Mo.
MIDDLETON, ANDY; Tom Middleton, Gimlet, Ky.
MAZZINI, CHRIS P.; Mrs.Ada Mazzini, San Francisco,Cal.
MANITU, THEODORE; John Manitu, Woodlawn, Penn.
McDONALD, OSCAR M.; Mrs. L. McDonald, Taswell, Ind.
NUCKOLLS, B. E.; B. Nuckolls, Flowery Branch, Ga.
OLENCAK, L. M.; Olencak, 201 John St., S. Amboy, N. J.
PORRECA, A. L.; Mrs. Elvire De Ritis, Rochester, N. Y.
PETERS, HAZEN P.; Mrs. Minnie Sullivan, Detroit, Mich.
PATRINOS, SATIRIOS; Mrs.Anna Patrinos, Waukesha, Wis.
PAGE, CURTIS F.; Mrs. Mary E. Barefoot, Wade, N. C.
POORMAN, FREEMONT; Mrs. S. Poorman, Archbold, Ohio.
PATE, LINZIE R.; John Pate, Rockingham, N. C.
ROSAN, JAMES; George Rosan, Percy, Ill.
RYAN, HARRY J.; Mrs. Thomas Ryan, Lincoln, Ill.
REHM, WAYNE; Mrs. F. A. Rehm, Union Mills, Ind.
RAGENOSKI, F. A.; Mrs. Tillie Ragenoski, Berlin, Wis.
RUSINOWECZ, JOHN; L. Rusinowecz, Shenandoah, Penn
ROBERTS, LAWRENCE; Mrs. A. Roberts, Escanaba, Mich.
SVEYCAR, EDWARD; James Sveycar, Chicago, Ill.
SHRADER, F. S.; H. M. Shrader, Wytheville, Va.
SCARINO, ANTONIO; Mrs. F. Scarino, Benevento, Italy.
SHEA, EDWARD W.; Mrs. Shea, Worcester, Mass.
SHAW, HORNE A.; Mrs. Bessie Wadsworth, Shawmute, Ala.
SANDERS, CLAUDE; George Sanders, Indian Spgs., Ind.
SHELL, HUCKLEBERRY; Mrs. J. Shell, Stillwell, Okla.
WINES, GEORGE; Mrs. M. W. Wines, Stone Bridge, Va.
WILLOUGHBY, E.; Mrs. M. V. Willoughby, Goldsboro, N.C.

WOUNDED SLIGHTLY—1.

Corporal.

STAVES, FRANK O.; Edward Staves, Southbridge, Mass.

WOUNDED (DEGREE UNDETERMINED)—51.

Corporals.

BERDANIER, G. A.; A. H. Berdanier, Frackville, Penn.
HAYES, WILLIAM H.; P. J. Hayes, Pottsville, Penn.
PROCTOR, ROBERT H.; Robert W. Proctor, Paris, Texas.

Wagoners.

KNARR, JOHN A.; John F. Knarr, Schuylkill Haven, Penn.
REUTER, EUGENE; John T. Reuter, Philadelphia.

Privates.

AUTREY, LAWRENCE; T. Autrey, Hanson Ferry, Wash.
BUZARD, EDWIN J.; A. J. Buzard, Spokane, Wash.
BEERS, MERLE E.; Frank Beers, Dayton, Penn.
BALKOW, WALTER; Aleck Balkow, Newark, N. J.
CRUCIANI, SAM; Pete Cruciani, Aultman, Penn.
DOYLE, JOHN J.; Patrick Doyle, Ernest, Penn.
DEMOELIN, F.; Mrs. A. Demoelin, Blairsville, Penn.
DUFFY, CHARLES; Mrs. Kate Duffy, Cosmopolis, Wash.
DEEMER, IRA; Lemuel Deemer, Apollo, Penn.
DEAVEN, H. B.; Jacob H. Deaven, Pine Grove, Penn.
FLETCHER, W. L.; L. W. Fletcher, Walla Walla, Wash.
GREGORY, WILLIAM J.; Mrs.B.Gregory, Watertown, N.Y.
GIFFEN, WALTER D.; James E. Giffen, Volant, Penn.
GEDDERT, WM. H.; F. Geddert, Rogers City, Mich.
GALANIF, ALEXIS; Paul Galanif, Hyde Park, Wash.
GOSSER, CLARENCE E.; F. S. Gosser, Leechburg, Penn.
HILLARD, ALVIN;

WHITMAN AND LEWIS START CAMPAIGNS

Governor Not "Silent," as Was Planned, but Praises Opponent.

LEWIS KEEPS UP ATTACKS

Urges Governor to Ride in the Subway During Rush Hours and Tell Voters What He Thinks of It.

Governor Whitman and Attorney General Merton E. Lewis, rival candidates for the Republican nomination for Governor, opened their speaking campaigns in this city last night. Governor Whitman addressed five meetings of Republican Assembly districts clubs, Attorney General Lewis three.

Mr. Lewis, accompanied by Deputy Attorney General Alfred L. Becker, spoke as the guest of Republican district organizations committed to the third term candidacy of his opponent, and in the circumstances was compelled to practice considerable restraint in his utterances. Mr. Lewis, it was predicted last night, would really open up on the Governor in speeches that he will deliver under the auspices of friendly organizations in Brooklyn later in the week. In his speeches last night he took the Governor to task for his sudden change of front on the prohibition issue, his ambition to obtain a third term as a stepping stone to the Presidential nomination in 1920, and his ignoring entirely the mandate from two Republican State Conventions in favor of a return to the convention method of nominating candidates.

Before the Governor started on his speaking tour his campaign managers announced that he would conduct a "silent" campaign, merely shaking hands with the Republicans he met at the district meetings. The Governor wasn't silent last night, but he did say kind things about his opponent.

Praised Lewis's Work.

"The office of Attorney General Lewis—and I say this though we are not on terms politically friendly for the time being—has been administered with unquestionable and rare fidelity," said the Governor. In all his meetings the Governor predicted that "the faithful servants at Albany of the State and the Republican Party" would be "triumphantly renominated and re-elected."

The Governor in his first speech at the Federal Club of the Sixth Assembly District, which was repeated at all the meetings except one of negro Republicans in the Nineteenth Assembly District, eliminated the war and support of the Federal Administration in its war policies as an issue in the campaign. At the negro meeting the Governor roused his audience to a high pitch of enthusiasm by reading a letter from ex-Public Service Commissioner William Hayward, who resigned that office to become Colonel of a negro regiment. The Colonel in his letter and the Governor in his speech lauded the negro soldiers.

Attorney General Lewis was cordially received at the three meetings he addressed in the Eighth, Eleventh, and Seventeenth Assembly Districts. In his speech at the meeting in the Liberty Republican Club of the Seventeenth, Mr. Lewis said that Governor Whitman last December had told him he thought the question of ratification of the Federal Prohibition amendment should be submitted to a referendum before being acted upon in the Legislature. Later, Mr. Lewis said, the Governor had sent for Senators and Assemblymen and urged them to vote for immediate ratification.

"I do not know what was responsible for the Governor's change of front," said Mr. Lewis," but I do know that the lobby of the Anti-Saloon League had been camping on Governor Whitman's doorstep for some time before he sent his message to the Assembly accusing that body of cowardice and comparing it to the Assembly of Tweed's day for not complying without question with the demand of the Anti-Saloon League for immediate ratification."

There were many women in the audiences Mr. Lewis addressed. Although the Attorney General has not been regarded friendly to the suffrage cause, they were more cordial than were the men in their reception of him.

Wants Whitman in Subway.

Earlier in the day Mr. Lewis at his campaign headquarters in the Murray Hill Hotel urged the Governor to take advantage of his stay in this city to take a trip in the subway during the night rush hours, and then tell the voters at his meetings what he thought of conditions.

"If this subject is too abstruse for him to grapple with," Mr. Lewis said, "he might tell them what he thinks of the members of the Public Service Commission, under whose administration present subway conditions have been made possible."

It was definitely settled yesterday that the name of State Controller Eugene M. Travis, candidate for renomination, would remain on the Republican primary ballot. Chief Judge Frank H. Hiscock of the Court of Appeals decided that it would not be practical to convene that tribunal for the purpose of passing finally on the petition made by John Kissel of Kings, a contestant for the Republican nomination for Controller, to have the name of Mr. Travis left off the ballot on the ground of irregularity in the designating petitions filed on his behalf. Justice Cropsey of the Supreme Court, sitting in Brooklyn, ruled Travis out, but the Appellate Division reversed the decision. Louis J. Altkrug, attorney for Mr. Kissel, announced last night, despite the inability to obtain a ruling from the highest court prior to the primaries, he would press the appeal afterward with a view to obtaining a settlement of the legal questions involved.

Deputy Attorney General Alfred L. Becker, who is candidate for the nomination for Attorney General on the Lewis ticket, announced yesterday the personnel of his Campaign Committee, which includes Henry W. Taft, Otto T. Bannard, William M. K. Olcott, William Jay Schieffelin, Mortimer Schiff, and Henry Clews of Manhattan; Darwin R. James, Jr., Henry Davenport, Meier Steinbrink, and Thomas G. Flaherty of Kings; Edgar Truman Brackett, ex-State Senator from Saratoga; ex-Governor Horace White and ex-Senator Harvey D. Hinman of Broome, V. V. Francioit of Cattaraugus, and Adelbert Moot of Erie.

Mr. Becker's campaign managers are preparing to make the most of the indorsement obtained from Colonel Theodore Roosevelt for their candidate. This was given on the ground that Mr. Becker in his present position had done valuable work for the suppression of pro-German activities. The Roosevelt indorsement is printed on the front page of a folder dealing with the official achievements of Mr. Becker, which was sent broadcast through the mails to Republican voters in the State yesterday.

Ford Offers His Service Plants.

DETROIT, Aug. 26.—The Ford Motor Company has offered its thirty-one assembling and service plants in various parts of the country to the Government, it was announced here today. One of the Eastern plants already has been accepted by the Government. It was stated, and is being used in the production of gas masks.

Airplane Ambulances for Army.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Airplane ambulances to carry injured aviators quickly from the scene of an accident to a field hospital are to be provided at all flying fields. A standard training plane is used for the ambulance. The rear cockpit is cleared and enlarged sufficiently to permit a combination stretcher seat to be placed in it. The injured man is placed with his head toward the pilot and rests easily.

SWIFT & COMPANY'S sales of beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Aug. 24th, averaged as follows: Domestic Beef, 21.66 cents per pound.—Advt.

MICHIGAN CANVASS FOR SENATOR ENDS

Nomination of Ford by Democrats Expected—Strong Claims for Osborn and Newberry.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 26.—The end of the Senate campaign, with tomorrow Primary Day, finds the supporters respectively of Truman H. Newberry, Chase S. Osborn, and Henry Ford confident and calm. Democratic leaders are satisfied that Henry Ford will be the next nominee of their party, and that James W. Helme will not make a flurry in the ranks. A number of them express the belief that Mr. Ford will be the Republican nominee, also, though the Democrats would prefer to see Mr. Ford nominated by them only. Then they could make a straight-out campaign in the Fall election. If nominated on both tickets, Mr. Ford would have five days after the official canvass to elect on which ticket to run.

Both the Osborn and Newberry supporters base their hopes largely on polls of the State. The Osborn claims are supported by a canvass of the State recently made by The Chicago Tribune, which declared Osborn would be nominated and elected. Henry A. Montgomery, Mr. Osborn's local manager, declares a poll was recently taken for the Republican National Committee, and Osborn's election was predicted.

The Newberry supporters point to a poll of eighty counties of the State recently made by The Grand Rapids Herald, a paper not especially friendly to Mr. Newberry. This poll showed Mr. Newberry overwhelmingly in the lead. The poll was taken among editors, County Clerks, State Senators, and representatives. It has been pointed out by critics that the poll represents politicians, and that no poll was taken of the plain voters.

Henry Ford's local supporters in the Republican primary have not polled the State.

The Osborn and Newberry camps both claim to have enlisted most of the former warriors of William Alden Smith. The Osborn supporters say they will get some of the older Warner strength, though ex-Governor Warner declared himself for Ford, and Richard H. Fletcher, Labor Commissioner, is reckoned as belonging to the Newberry forces.

WON'T CRITICISE WILSON.

But Missouri Republicans Will Demand Nonpartisan Conduct of War.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 26.—Republican leaders have decided there shall be no indorsement of the war record of President Wilson's administration in the platform to be adopted tomorrow by the Republican State Convention. Instead, it is said, the draft of the platform will contain a strong indorsement of the war and its vigorous prosecution to a successful termination.

The platform will contain nothing in the nature of criticism of President Wilson or the manner of conducting the war, but there will be "a strong plea for a nonpartisan conduct of the war in the future."

OSBORN AIMS AT MURPHY.

Says His Fight Is Chiefly Against Tammany Leader's Methods.

William Church Osborn, candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor against Alfred E. Smith, President of the Board of Aldermen, said yesterday that his fight was not directed so much against his opponent as it was against Charles F. Murphy and his political methods.

"These methods are apparent in the matter of the Supreme Court Justiceship fight in Queens," said Mr. Osborn. "Borough President Maurice E. Connolly is a candidate for the nomination. He was opposed in the Democratic primaries by County Judge Burt J. Humphrey. Now the newspapers state that Mr. Smith and Chairman Edwin S. Harris of the Democratic State Committee went to Long Island City and induced Judge Humphrey to withdraw from the primary contest. As a result the people have been deprived of their right to choose their own candidate."

Mr. Osborn has canceled his speaking engagements up State, but will carry on instead a lively publicity campaign during the closing week of the primary contest. He said reports from up State indicated that his candidacy was being very well received.

CONSTANTINOPLE ATTACKED

Two Air Squadrons Raid the Turkish Capital.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 25.—"Two hostile air squadrons attacked Constantinople Wednesday night," says a Turkish official statement received here today.

Naval Carpenter's Mate Killed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The death of John P. McArtle, Willmette, Ill., carpenter's mate, from a fracture of the skull as the result of a fall from a scaffold, was announced today by the Navy Department.

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page 19.

LONDON UPHOLDS LODGE PEACE TERMS

Press Agrees That War Must End In a Democratic, Not Diplomatic, Peace.

FOE MUST ADMIT DEFEAT

Otherwise Hope of a Real League of Nations Would Be Vain and Another War Come.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—Senator Lodge's program of war aims contains no specification making a clearer appeal to the British people than his exclusion of the permissibility of another treaty of Vienna. The war for democracy will be ended by a democratic, and not a diplomatic, peace.

Practically all the organs of English public opinion are agreed that no peace which satisfies German autocracy can satisfy British democracy. Here and there is some quarrel with the use of the phrase "Dictated peace" on the ground that it too nearly resembles the "knock-out blow" policy, but on the essentials there is practical unanimity of view. Peace intrigues, whether engineered by a discredited deposed monarch or by any other German agency, are under the circumstances calculated to have a sorry career and in the light of the developments which have taken place since the words were uttered that English statesman, Asquith, who said it would be easy to reject a first German peace offer, but that it might be difficult to so deal with a second, might wish to revise his prediction. Great democrat that he is the late Premier would undoubtedly agree that the democracy which is winning the war will settle terms of peace.

Lord Hugh Cecil, in the course of correspondence dealing with Lord Lansdowne's proposals, has admirably delineated what may be described as the dominant temper of the British people. The British Government, he says, cannot, as Lansdowne thinks, endeavor to facilitate the opening of negotiations, because much more is now at issue than the causes of British intervention.

"The war is now a crusade," he writes. "We fight to overthrow a principle, stamp out a moral disease, extirpate an abomination. The war is no longer one between two groups of nations. It is the civilized world fighting to chastise rebels against its fundamental laws. The war can end not in conversations and negotiations as between equals, but in the recognized defeat, and consequent submission, of the rebel nation.

"If the result of the war were to show that Germany could hold its own against the world, unconditioned nationalism which is the evil principle that Germans maintain would have been justified in point of force, though not of right. It is vital to the idea of supernational supremacy, which is implied in a league of nations, to prove that there is a power in the world greater than the strength of the most warlike nation. Otherwise Germany might become neither a loyal member nor even an obedient subject of the league. Its nationalism might still remain undimmed, seeking afresh to strengthen itself by accumulated force till it should be strong enough to fight again. Other nations would be obliged to do likewise, and the league would fail of its purpose.

"The war must be fought till it ends in the submission of Germany. By submission I do not in the least mean destruction. Indeed, it is not, I believe, possible to destroy a strong and united nation by military defeat. We do not seek to destroy Germany, but we seek to force the Germans to recognize that they have been defeated and to submit to the authority of a world stronger than they. Moloch must be humiliated in sight of all his votaries if they are to accept a purer faith."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Senator Lodge's statement of the "irreducible minimum" in peace terms beyond which the United States and the Entente Powers should not yield has found a prompt response in Italy. The Italians, according to a diplomatic dispatch received from Rome today, are particularly pleased by the statement which Senator Lodge made regarding Italian aspirations. The dispatch follows:

"The declaration by Senator Lodge on Italian rights in the irredenta countries and the necessity of the great Slav populations of Austria forming independent States has been received with the liveliest sympathy in Italy, because it proves that the United States understands the new Italian spirit.

"The Epoca, commenting on Italy's foreign policy in a leading article which voices the majority of Italian public opinion, recalls the explicit declaration of Premier Orlando before the Chamber on Feb. 12, in which he solemnly affirmed the rights of all nationalities oppressed by Austria, together with the completion of Italian notional unity. The Epoca says that Italy and its Government today are more persuaded than ever of the necessity of recognizing the rights of the Jugoslav nationality.

"In Trajan's Forum a great Italo-Rumanian demonstration took place in the presence of the Ministers, representatives of the Chamber, Senate, municipalities, the Rumanian Legion, Italia Irredenta, and leading Rumanian personages. The Mayor of Rome expressed the greetings of Rome's citizens and exhorted the sons of Rumania to support with Roman firmness the present situation. The Roman eagles which showed the road to honor, he said, tomorrow would point the road to glory. Rumanian Representative Mandlescu thanked the Italian people and Government for their solidarity and help, and announced the presence of the Rumanian Legion fighting at the Italian front. He prophesied a closer bond between Rumania and Italy."

WIDER TIES FOR VATICAN.

Representation with America Is Sought, but Not Expected Now.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Aug. 26.—Discussion over the diplomatic relations between the Vatican and China and the opposition of France to the appointment of a Papal Nuncio at Peking brings up the question of the relations of the Holy See with all other countries. It is the evident aim one day for America and Japan also to have a representative accredited to the Pope, these being the only two great powers that never have had a permanent Plenipotentiary to the Papacy.

France had an Embassy until relations were broken under Pope Pius X. Spain has an Ambassador; Russia, despite the strongly anti-Catholic policy followed under the Czars, had a Minister; Austria has an Ambassador; Germany two Ministers, one representing Prussia and the other representing Bavaria; Portugal, by order of the Braganza Monarchy, had an Ambassador accredited to the Pope, while only a Minister was accredited to the King of Italy, although the Dowager Queen Maria Pia was a sister of the Italian sovereign.

The Portuguese Republic broke off diplomatic relations with the Holy See, resumed just now at the request of the new President. England, since the time of Henry VIII., has been among countries which discontinued any official relations with the Vatican; but at the beginning of this war it saw the advisability of having a representative there to counteract the influence of the Central Empires, and appointed a Minister Plenipotentiary.

America and Japan have had occasional special missions to the Vatican on given questions, in case of the former the most important being that intrusted to ex-President W. H. Taft regarding the Friars' lands in the Philippines. The Vatican has no illusions as to the possibility of setting up diplomatic relations with America while Wilson is President, or with Japan under the present Government there; but such circumstances may arise as to suggest to both America and Japan the advisability of entertaining relations with the Vatican just as happened with England recently, and with China, who both asked an exchange of diplomatists.

TOBACCO SUBSTITUTES FAIL

Shutdown of German Cigar Factories an Industrial Blow.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 26.—It has been announced that all the cigar factories in Germany will be closed down toward the end of the year on account of the exhaustion of tobacco supplies.

This will involve between 2,000 and 3,000 concerns and will throw more than 100,000 workers out of employment. It has been found impossible to obtain any fresh supplies from Holland, and no home supplies will be available till well on in 1919. Practically all the substitutes for tobacco have been found to be failures. Something like £50,000,000 is sunk in the German cigar industry, and it is declared that after an idleness of any considerable period it will be only with the very greatest difficulties that the industry will get to going again.

ALL CONEY HAILS K. OF C.

President Wilson Presses Button as Week's Celebration Starts.

The Knights of Columbus "Coney Island Week" was ushered in at 8:15 o'clock last night, when President Wilson in Washington pressed a button that released a large bell at Tenth Street and Surf Avenue. His signal started a parade of fifteen floats, depicting war scenes in which the Knights of Columbus have played a part. The police said there were 125,000 at the celebration opening.

More than 100 city and borough officials were entertained at a gold dinner, among those attending being Alfred E. Smith, President of the Board of Aldermen; Congressman J. J. Delaney, Borough President Edward Riegelmann, Sheriff Daniel J. Griffin, County Clerk William E. Kelley, Commissioner of Public Works Geiger, Police Commissioner Enright, Fire Commissioner Thomas Drennan, John H. McCooey, Richardson Webster, and Jacob A. Livingston.

Edward B. Goate, director of the celebration, announced that more than 1,000,000 tickets at $1 apiece were being sold for the week under the auspices of the War Camp Activities Fund.

CARDINAL IS BETTER; FRIENDS RENEW HOPE

Physicians Report That Condition of Prelate Is Satisfactory—Pope Asks for Messages.

Special to The New York Times.

MAMARONECK, Aug. 26.—A slight improvement was noted in the condition of Cardinal Farley today and the physicians in attendance at Orienta Point decided tonight not to issue an official bulletin. Monsignor Carroll, the Cardinal's secretary, said that the condition of the prelate showed a slight improvement and, though he was still in a very critical state, his condition was considered satisfactory. The Cardinal, i nspite of his 77 years, has shown surprising vitality in his fight for life and his friends are hopeful that he will be able to overcome the attacks of pneumonia.

It was said tonight that Cardinal Farley was resting easily. No one called at Orienta Point today, but inquiries continued to come in from the numerous friends of the Cardinal.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Aug. 25.—The Pope, deeply concerned over Cardinal Farley's illness, has ordered that he be constantly informed of the condition of the patient. The Pope had special prayers said for the Cardinal's recovery, saying he hoped the Almighty would spare the precious life, so valuable to the Catholic Church of America. Cardinal Merry del Val, also much grieved, recalled how much pleasure he had when, as Secretary of State under Pius X., he announced to Archbishop Farley his elevation to the purple. That was a memorable day for America when, together with Archbishop Farley, Archbishop William O'Connell, and Mgr. Falconio, the latter an American citizen, were created Cardinals in the same consistory.

Sleeve Star for State Guard.

ALBANY, Aug. 26.—Officers and enlisted men of the New York Guard henceforth must wear on their sleeves a scarlet five-pointed star, under an order issued by Adjt. Gen. Sherrill today. The order carries out instructions of the War Department, and it is understood that its purpose is to distinguish State militia organizations from units that are in Federal service.

Pledge to Buy W. S. S. Regularly

BONWIT TELLER & CO.

The Specialty Shop of Originations

FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

Have Arranged for TO-DAY

A Most Exceptional Sale of

WOMEN'S TRICOLETTE FROCKS

At the Especially Low Price

35.00

Four new fall models are included in drop stitch and solid weaves, featuring plain-tailored, panel and fringed styles. Colors: Black, taupe, navy blue, brown and mahogany.

Other Special Values Offered To-day

Women's Satin Frocks
New fall silhouettes designed with fringed panels or surplice models with self embroidered tunic skirts. 49.50

Women's Embroidered Georgette Frocks
Straightline fall model with smart round neck; the embroidery is done in a delicate tracery design of gold thread. 49.50

Women's Plaited Georgette Frocks
Fall model in straightline effect with panel front finished at bottom with gold embroidery and deep silk fringe. 59.50

Women's Charmeuse Frocks
Surplice bodice models with panel sides finished with self colored fringe or pointed tunic skirts bordered with velvet. 59.50

Gimbel Brothers

32nd ST - BROADWAY - 33rd ST.

80° in the Shade—and Men Are Buying Winter Overcoats!

Some men smiled yesterday, as they mopped their brows, when they read Gimbels advertisement of Winter overcoats.

But some others got busy—you'd be surprised how many.

The fact of the matter is that conditions in the woolen market are opening men's eyes to the truth that Winter clothes may double in price before the snow flies.

And, next Winter, these early buyers may be the fellows who do the laughing.

Gimbels are now offering

A Great Group of Overcoats

at $30

That will likely be double before November 1st

The stock is immense, the styles are top notch, and the materials are so good that we wonder if the coats will be duplicated for love or money.

Buy Your Overcoat Now!

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor.

TO BE SOLD BY THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

The Property of

A. W. FABER

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, A. MITCHELL PALMER, Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale to the highest bidder, at public sale, on the premises of the plant of A. W. FABER, Dickerson and Hecker Streets, Newark, New Jersey, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., on Tuesday, the seventeenth day of September, 1918, all the property and assets of every kind and description belonging to A. W. FABER as a going concern, including all the real estate, buildings, trade names, good will, machinery, modern plant for the manufacture of rubber goods, stock of crude rubber, supplies and other property.

Full description of and information concerning the property to be sold and the inspection thereof and the terms and conditions of sale may be obtained by application to the office of the Director of Sales, 110 West 42nd St., New York City.

JOSEPH F. GUFFEY, Director of Sales.

A. MITCHELL PALMER, Alien Property Custodian.

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th Sts.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

The Answer Repeated Substantially As follows From an actual Conversation

"My Income Tax will just about eat up my savings, this year."

"Do you run many Charge Accounts?"

"Why?"

"That may be the answer."

"I don't get you."

"When you buy merchandise at the store where your credit standing is recognized, you give little thought to the amount of money spent—that is to say—the goods purchased and charged to you. The thought comes when it is too late, after the merchandise has been used and you get the bill."

"I never thought of it in that way before."

"Then again, you know that no store where you charge goods is going to sell you its merchandise with its money without making you pay, don't you?"

"Why—er—yes, but that's not a whale of a lot."

"You're mistaken."

"Come across."

"Every time you buy goods on a charge account you pay a tax to cover the costs to that store of doing a credit business."

"Costs? What costs?"

"The cost to the store of maintaining a huge charge account department, with its clerks and collectors and expert Credit Men."

"Come, come, that can't be such an expense."

"NO? Well, R. H. MACY & CO. will tell you that it is a very big item of expense attached to the credit system of merchandising."

"Go on."

"Second, the cost to the store of carrying its charge customers. And third, the cost of its 'bad' accounts. Besides which, every *cash purchaser* has to pay the store *charge account prices* to support this system of special privilege to credit customers."

Through Our D. A. System of Patriotic Shopping

you deposit an amount with us at 4%.

We pay interest on deposits from the day of deposit to the day of withdrawal.

Against this—your own cash—you charge yourself for the goods you buy. We merely handle the transaction and make no profit other than that which naturally comes from securing you as a permanent customer.

You may withdraw your money at any time.

We have but one price for every one, and that is at least 6% lower than what our competitors ask.

Moral:

IF YOU CAN AFFORD TO PAY YOUR BILLS MONTHLY YOU DO NOT NEED CREDIT. IF YOU DO NOT NEED CREDIT, WHY PAY FOR IT?

Ask for Particulars.

R. H. Macy & Co. *Depositors' Account Dept., Private Bankers, under the supervision of the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York.*

Macy's—Main Floor Balcony, 34th Street.

Store Hours Until Further Notice.

Store Opens 9 A. M., Closes 5:30 P. M., Except Saturdays, Store Opens 9 A. M., Closes 12 Noon.

The Wrong Peace

"And so Peace came, and when our soldiers climbing out of the trenches said: 'God help you if you haven't let us finish our work!' we told them that their work *was* finished—that they had saved civilization." * * *

"But the monstrous thing was true—before the one war was done the masters of Germany had been at work in preparation for the next."

To realize the threat which now hangs over us—read Eugene P. Lyle's sensational story in the September

Everybody's MAGAZINE

Tel. Melrose 2282-3—Bedford 9600. —Local & Long Distance—

Trucking

We have the largest fleet of heavy motor trucks in New York City for heavy hauling. Seven Large Warehouses for

Storage

Near All Freight Terminals. Within free lighterage limits.

CALLAN BROS.
Motor Trucking Contractors
Gen. Office, Yards and Docks, 134-135th Sts., Mott Haven Canal.

New Tires

At Remarkably Low Prices

30 x 3½	Non-Skid	$12.99
32 x 3½	"	16.52
31 x 4	"	19.76
33 x 4	"	20.97
34 x 4	"	22.84
35 x 4½	"	27.76
36 x 5	"	31.76
37 x 5	"	34.54

Other Sizes Equally as Low
Plain Tread Tires Much Less

You are doing yourself an injustice if you don't examine the tires we offer. All new, fresh, standard makes, with big mileage guaranteed in writing. Mail orders shipped at once when accompanied by check or M. O.

Manufacturers' Surplus Tire Co.
789 7th Av., bet. 51st & 52d Sts., N. Y.

Ready For His Bath With Cuticura Soap

Cuticura Soap is ideal for baby because of its absolute purity and delicate medication. Assisted by touches of Cuticura Ointment to rashes, irritations and chafings it is often all that is necessary to promote and maintain the purity and beauty of baby's skin.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. 6M, Boston." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

FURS ADVANCE SALE

Poiret, Kamchatka & Taupe Fox Scarfs $25

Chas. Horwitz
41 E. 8th St. (Est. 1892)
Two Blocks West of Wanamaker
Telephone 137 Stuyvesant

ARROW FORM-FIT COLLARS
ARE CURVE CUT TO FIT THE NECK AND SHOULDERS.

In the Mid-Week Pictorial is presented another section of a gravure

Landscape MAP of the Western Front

2 1-6 x 3 1-4 feet

Shows clearly 750 towns, main roads, rivers, railroads, woods, frontiers, old and new battle lines. A distinct aid to understanding army movements.

MID-WEEK PICTORIAL
The New York Times Illustrated War Weekly
At News Stands
10c per copy—$5.00 a year.

WASTE OF PAPER STIRS THE HOUSE

Members Protest Against Mass of "Leave to Print" Oratory in The Record.

ASSAIL OFFICIAL BULLETIN

Belief Expressed That It Should Be Suppressed or Reduced in Size.

RESTRICTIONS ON BOOKS

Publishers Are Asked to Make a Big Reduction in the Number to be Turned Out.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—In debate in the House today, precipitated by an alleged abuse of the "extension of remarks privilege," it was asserted by several speakers that, in view of the prevailing shortage, newsprint paper might be conserved by abolishing the Official Bulletin and publications of the Food, Fuel, and Shipping Boards. It was declared by one speaker that it might be necessary to commandeer paper in order to print the Congressional Record.

Five pages of the Congressional Record were found to be filled with a report of the renomination of Representative Blanton of Texas, inserted by him under the extension of remarks privilege, while eight pages were used by Representative A. T. Treadway to report speeches he had made from time to time. These examples brought the matter before the House.

Representative Joseph Walsh of Massachusetts, known as the "official objector" to the extension of remarks abuse, invited the attention of the House to the thirteen pages which, he said, were wasted.

"On Page 10,341 of The Congressional Record appears an extension of remarks by Mr. Blanton of Texas," said Mr. Walsh. "The remarks convey to an anxious world information as to the returns at a recent primary held in Comanche County and various other communities in the great State of Texas. It is a personal exultation over a political victory. In view of the shortage in print paper, it seems to me that such an extension ought not to be passed by without comment.

"My colleague from Massachusetts, Mr. Treadway, on Page 10,333 of The Record, under leave to extend remarks, has set forth extracts from speeches made by him during the second session of the Sixty-fifth Congress"

Reprinting Cost Government $300.

Representative Henry A. Barnhart of Indiana, Chairman of the Committee on Printing, said that the reprinting of the speeches inserted by Representative Treadway cost the Government $300. He said further:

"The time has come when it seems that it may be necessary for the Government Printing Office to ask the President to commandeer the paper to get out the publications that we need. I believe it the duty of the Speaker and every member to see to it that every time a man asks to have his remarks extended he state what he is going to print in the extension."

"Does not the gentleman think that a good deal of paper could be conserved by the suppression of the official bulletin?" asked Representative Clark of Florida.

"That is a matter in the hands of the President of the United States," replied Mr. Barnhart. "There is a widespread opinion that it could be reduced and that if the information given out in the Official Bulletin could be given to the newspapers of the country it would be much more generally read than it is in the Official Bulletin."

"If Congress wishes to adopt a policy to conserve, does not the gentleman think that the executive departments ought to lead in that?" asked Representative Good.

"Yes," Mr. Barnhart replied, "but that is up to the Committee on Appropriations, which controls the allowance for printing to those departments."

Publishers of certain kinds of books have been asked to make a big reduction in new titles of books to be manufactured in this country after Oct. 1. This is contemplated under new regulations controlling the use of paper by publishers promulgated by the War Industries Board, through the pulp and paper section.

The publications affected are trade books, copyright reprints, toy books, juvenile and noncopyright books. The regulations direct that, beginning with Oct. 1, there shall be a reduction in new titles of books manufactured in this country—in these classifications—of 25 per cent. of the average of the three years from July 1, 1915, to June 30 last. Publishers who have not been in business for five years will have their reduced tonnage based on their tonnage used in the year which ended June 30 last. Bona fide publishers who maintain no connection with existing publishers may apply to the War Industries Board for registration and allotment of the number of titles to be published in the first year.

The regulations make an exception in favor of books of research, published under subsidy, and war service books published for the United States or allied Governments under subsidy. Nor will they apply to books in manufacture to be published prior to Oct. 1. All shipments of books "on sale," "on consignment," or "protected," are prohibited, but where a traveling salesman of a publishing house has been unable to solicit an advance order for any particular publication, because of time limitation, the publisher may ship a sample order "on sale" not in excess of 100 copies.

JEWS REGISTER FOR DRAFT.

Eight Hundred and Thirty on List —Will Join Saturday's Registrants.

Eight hundred and thirty young men of Jewish extraction who have reached the age of 21 since June 5 were added to the list of 7,072 who registered for the selective draft in New York City last Saturday, making the estimated total of registrants 7,902. The registrants were those in whose favor a special ruling was made allowing them to register yesterday if their religious tenets forbade them to work on the Sabbath.

The figures for the city by boroughs are as follows:

Manhattan	375
Brooklyn	318
Bronx	113
Queens	18
Richmond	6
Total	830

Several districts in Manhattan, Brooklyn, the Bronx, and Queens are still to be heard from.

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page 19.

U-BOAT SINKS FIVE SHIPS, WOUNDS CREW

Steamer Eric Destroyed by Shellfire Off Miquelon—Five Men Hurt.

ST. PIERRE, Aug. 26.—The steamer Eric of 600 tons has been sunk by shell fire, presumably by the same submarine which sent four fishing schooners to the bottom on Sunday off Miquelon Island. Five of the crew of the Eric, which hailed from St. John's, N. F., were wounded.

The news of the sinking of the four fishing schooners by a German submarine was brought here today by the crew of the E. B. Walters of Lunenburg, N. S., one of the vessels destroyed. Tonight the crews of all the other sunken vessels, numbering about ninety men, were landed here safely.

According to the information given by these men the U-boat's victims were the fishing schooners J. Flaherty of Gloucester, Mass., and the E. B. Walters, the C. M. Walters, and the Verna D. Adams, all of Lunenburg, N. S.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Aug. 26.—The sinking of the Gloucester fishing schooner J. J. Flaherty by a German submarine was reported in a message received here today by the owners from Captain Charles T. Gregory, who, with his crew of 24, has landed safely at St. Pierre. Captain Gregory did not tell where or when his vessel was sent down, the message merely stating "Torpedoed; all hands saved and at St. Pierre." The J. J. Flaherty, a vessel of 162 tons gross, was owned by the Gorton-Pew fisheries Company and valued at $50,000. She left this port May 22, and was equipped to salt and cure fish before returning home.

LIVES LOST ON LAKE EDEN.

Six of Crew Killed or Drowned—Ten Others Still Missing.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Six members of the crew are believed to have been drowned or killed by the torpedo explosion, and nine members of the crew and one member of the naval armed guard are still missing as the result of the sinking of the American steamer Lake Eden in foreign waters on Aug. 21. A report to the Navy Department today names the following as drowned or killed:

George Bruce, master; C. Craft, second engineer; P. Derham, fourth engineer; C. Maller, boatswain; A. Martin and Muller, (initials and rating not given.)

The member of the Naval Guard not accounted for as rescued is Ralph E. Hooten, gunner, of Laurel Hill, Fla.

The following members of the crew were still missing, although hope still is held that they may have escaped:

C. Feres, fireman; A. Mosher, chief cook; J. Harms, steward; H. Ricardo, mess boy; Johnson, sailor; Lyrecian, sailor; Loronzow, fireman; Duterok, fireman; Stanbor, second cook.

7 FISHING BOATS SUNK.

Three of Them Were Dutch—Destroyed Near Free Channel.

YMUIDEN, Holland, Aug. 26.—Seven fishing boats have been sunk by the same submarine. Three of them were of Dutch registry. The crews of the destroyed boats have been landed here.

The craft were fishing a few miles outsidt of what has been known as the "free channel."

WARNS AGAINST PERISCOPES

Captain Says That Sometimes They Are Attached to Mines.

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Aug. 26.—The Captain of an American steamship which arrived today said that shipmasters should be very careful before they attempt to ram a U-boat when only the periscope can be seen above the surface of the sea.

"I was in company," he continued, "with the tanker Luz Blanca when she was sunk near Halifax recently and had a narrow escape myself. The submarine, which was apparently one of the old 125-foot type, with one gun forward and a maximum speed of fourteen knots on the surface, came after my ship when it had settled the tanker. I manoeuvred five or six times at full speed and managed to get clear.

"When the Hun commander saw that I was going to escape he submerged. Shortly afterward I sighted what looked like the periscope of the U-boat on my port bow. From my previous experience in the North Sea I realized at once that this was a false periscope attached to a fine big mine a few feet below the surface. Had I steered for the periscope my ship would have been blown to pieces At the present time the U-boats have the advantage over the American coastwise vessels in speed and guns. When all American steamships are equipped with automatic guns fore and aft the submarines will return to their base on the German coast."

SEES TROUBLE AFTER WAR.

Cunard Line Chairman Takes Pessimistic View of Future.

LIVERPOOL, July 17.—"Stormy days" after the war were predicted today by Sir Alfred Booth, presiding at the annual meeting of the Cunard Line. The principal dangers he foresaw were:

Difficulty of deflating currency anad credit without destroying confidence.

The tendency to maintain Government control, which, he said, would produce a deadening effect on enterprise.

International attempt to divide up the raw materials of the world among competing industries, making politics, instead of price, the determining factor of distribution. "The international jealousies engendered by such a system," said Sir Alfred, "would be sufficient to kill any league of nations which we might have to form."

Labor unrest due to false hopes of a new heaven and a new earth.

DRAFT BILL VOTE IN SENATE TODAY

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

and deal with all phases of the gigantic task connected with the enrollment of approximately 13,000,000 men, representing the estimated total between the ages of 18 and 20 and 31 and 45, both inclusive, not heretofore registered and not already enlisted in the army or navy.

The regulations give the following tentative ruling by the Provost Marshal General as to the persons required by the act to register:

"All male persons who shall have attained their eighteenth birthday and shall not have attained their forty-sixth birthday on or before the day set for registration by the President must register. The only exceptions are:

"(a) Persons who, prior to the day set for registration by the President, have registered under the terms of the act approved May 18, 1917, (which fixed the original age limits at 21 to 30 inclusive,) or under the terms of the public resolution of Congress approved May 20, 1918, (providing for the registration since June 5, 1917, of those reaching the age of 21 years,) whether called for public service or not.

"(b) Officers and enlisted men of the regular army; officers appointed, and men of the forces drafted, under the provisions of the act approved May 18, 1917; officers and enlisted men of the National Guard while in the service of the United States; and the officers of the Officers' Reserve Corps and enlisted men in the enlisted Reserve Corps while in the service of the United States; and

"(c) Officers and enlisted men of the Navy and Marine Corps and officers and enlisted and enrolled men of the Naval Reserve force and Marine Corps reserve while in the service of the United States.

Subsequent Registration.

"Persons not subject to registration solely on account of being in the military or naval service of the United States become subject to registration and are required to register immediately upon leaving such military or navy service.

"Citizens of the United States or persons who have declared their intention to become citizens of the United States who do not register on account of absence from the territorial limits of the United States are required to register within five days after their return to the United States."

The regulations warn registrants and all other persons charged with a knowledge of the regulations that ignorance of the provisions will not excuse them.

"These regulations," it is set forth, "have the force and effect of law, and all persons required by these regulations to be registered, and all persons who may claim any right or privilege in respect of any registrant, are charged with knowledge of the provisions hereof. Failure by any person required to be registered to perform any duty prescribed by these regulations is a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for one year, and may result in the loss of valuable rights and privileges and an immediate induction into the military service."

The regulations provide registration machinery, under the supervision in each State of the Governor and Adjutant General, and prescribe the functions of the local draft boards and Central Registration Committees; the places of registration, the duties of the registrars, of the Mayors, County and Township Clerks, county and city attorneys, agents of publicity, the Post Office Department and Postmasters, and Federal, State, and municipal police officials.

As in the case of the first registration on June 5, 1917, use is to be made, so far as possible, of the election machinery in the various States, particularly in the use of voting booths as places of registration. In cities of 30,000 population and over, the local authorities are called upon to assist the local draft boards in providing places of registration, and making available for such purpose public buildings under their control. As far as possible a place of registration will be provided in each of the customary voting precincts within the city, with the assistance furnished of persons ordinarily employed in setting up voting booths.

Booths Open Fourteen Hours.

Registration booths will be opened to registrants at 7 A. M. on the day set for the registration, and will remain open until 9 P. M. Placards explaining to registrants how questions in the registration cards are to be answered will be posted conspicuously. In each place of registration there will be a table and two chairs, (one for the registrar and one for the registrant,) with the necessary stationery and blank forms. Only one registrant will be permitted to approach the table at a time.

Questions will be asked of the registrants as they appear on the registration card, and registrars are especially instructed to be patient and painstaking in explaining these questions. If the registrant appears sullen, or inclined to falsify, evade or refuse to answer, his attention is to be called to the law and the penalties prescribed for such conduct. If he continues refractory, the registrar is instructed not to delay the registration, but to take the man's name, note the witnesses to the occurrence, and, after giving one more opportunity to the man to reconsider, report the case to the chief registrar, who, in turn, will report it to the local boards. Failure on the part of the registrar to take this action renders him equally liable to punishment under the law and his oath of office.

After registering each man, the registrar will make out for the registrant a certificate, which the registrant is cautioned to keep with him always.

At the close of the day the registration cards are turned over to the chief registrar, who delivers them in person to the Chairman of the local board, together with a summarization report.

On the day following the registration the local board will cause to be numbered consecutively, beginning with number one, all the cards in its possession, without attempting to arrange them alphabetically or in any other way. These numbers will be "serial numbers" for the registrants. Subsequent regulations will be issued prescribing the method of determining the "order numbers," (showing order of liability to service,) and no "registration" numbers will be needed and none will be assigned. When the "serial" numbers have been assigned each board will prepare five identical lists of the names of all registrants, with the "serial number" beside each name. One of these lists will be posted at the office of the board, one made accessible to the press, one sent to the Adjutant General of the State, one sent to the Provost Marshal General at Washington, and one retained by the board.

It will be the duty of all registrants to ascertain their serial numbers in order that, when the drawing takes place at Washington, they will know their "order of liability" to call.

SCHINASI BROS.

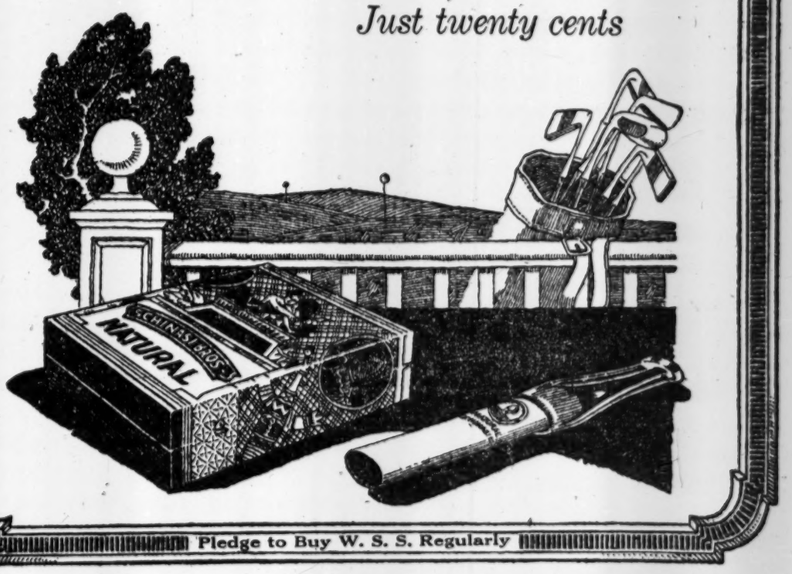
NATURAL

The *Original* Egyptian

CIGARETTE

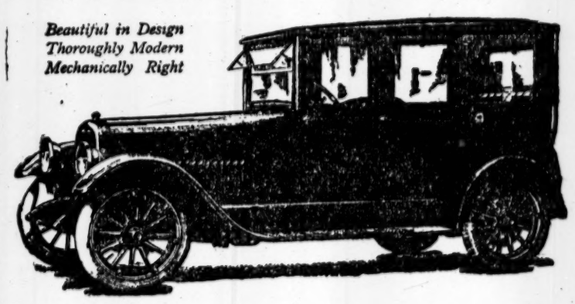
Just as I said—Some men were lucky enough to start smoking Naturals early in life; others later. But both are lucky.

Just twenty cents



Pledge to Buy W. S. S. Regularly

Beautiful in Design
Thoroughly Modern
Mechanically Right



The New Studebaker Sedan

The truly remarkable riding qualities of the New Studebaker Sedan, the perfect balance and ease of control, the resourceful power, wide flexibility, suppleness of springs, and the satisfying comfort of both front and tonneau seats, make this car especially desirable, viewed from any angle.

Its rare grace of lines, beautiful interior appointments, splendid finish and novel features of construction, make it imperative that you see the car to appreciate its unusual appeal.

STUDEBAKER CORPORATION
New York Branch: 56th St. and Broadway

De Palma

Be a Godfather! Treat 'em Right!

65,000 of our boys are in New York and in nearby camps on the way to War.

Stop Them! Ask Them!

to be your guest at the Police Reserve Games next Saturday, August 31, to see:

RALPH DE PALMA SMASH HIS OWN WORLD'S SPEED RECORD.
70 AEROPLANES IN BATTLE MANOEUVRES.
400 PERSHING'S VETS., JUST HOME FROM FRANCE.
800 MEN IN A SHAM BATTLE.
ROMAN CHARIOT RACES.
POLICE DOGS. TRACK EVENTS.

—AT THE—

SHEEPSHEAD BAY MOTORDROME

Entertain Them! Buy Tickets for Them!

CARUSO WILL SING FOR THEM.
McCORMACK WILL SING FOR THEM.
AMATO WILL SING FOR THEM.

A Monster $20 Show for One Dollar!

Give Them the Time of Their Lives! Buy Tickets for Them!

500,000 tickets must be sold to equip the voluntary, self-sacrificing members of the Police Reserve. One man bought 11,000. How many will you buy? Send check to Frederick A. Wallis, Deputy Police Commissioner, Police Headquarters, New York City.

Police Reserves will distribute tickets with your compliments if requested.

THIS SPACE IS DONATED BY A FRIEND OF THE CITY

The KNOX Orient

IDEAL for early Fall to slip from the straw hat to the felt. Made with KNOX traditional quality—much wear cannot rob it of its pristine smartness.

EIGHT AND TEN DOLLARS

Knox Felt Hats, Eight Dollars to Thirty
Knox Cloth Hats, Five Dollars to Eight

KNOX HAT COMPANY
Incorporated
452 Fifth Avenue at 40th Street
196 Fifth Avenue at 23rd Street *161 Broadway, Singer Building*

BACARDI Makes the Perfect COCKTAIL, RICKEY or HIGHBALL. Try It and Be Convinced.

Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY, N. Y.

CHARLES ROBERTS
Buys
Fine Gems and Jewelry
FROM A
Single Stone to a Complete Collection.
1404 BROADWAY Telephone Greeley 3000

'LIGHTNIN' FLASHES A HIT AT THE GAIETY

Winchell Smith's New Rural Melodrama Is Better Even Than "Turn to the Right."

FRANK BACON TRIUMPHS

Humor and Charm Pervade Homely Play of the Soil, with Its Old Characters and Old Situations.

'LIGHTNIN,' a comedy in a prologue and three acts, by Winchell Smith and Frank Bacon. At the Gaiety Theatre.

Lightnin' Bill Jones	Frank Bacon
John Marvin	Ralph Morgan
Raymond Thomas	Paul Stanton
Lemuel Townsend	Thomas MacLarnie
Rodney Harper	Harry Davenport
Everett Hammond	E. J. Blunkall
Nevin Blodgett	Sam Colt
Oscar Nelsen	George Thompson
Fred Peters	Sidney Coburn
Walter Lennon	William F. Granger
Zeb Crothers	George Spelvin
Liveryman	Fred Conklin
Hotel Clerk	James C. Lane
Mildred Buckley	Beatrice Nichols
Mrs. Jones	Jessie Pringle
Margaret Davis	Jane Oaker
Mrs. Harper	Bessie Bacon
Freda	Beth Martin
Emily Jarvis	Sue Wilson
Mrs. Moore	Phyllis Rankin
Mrs. Jordan	Minnie Palmer
Mrs. Brainerd	May Duryea
Mrs. Starr	Frances Kennan
Mrs. Cogshall	Ruth Towle
Mrs. Brewer	Helen Story

Winchell Smith's talent for extracting corking entertainment from the homely dramatic situations which have been doing service in plays innumerable all these years—drawing it from the soil, as it were—was demonstrated anew at the Gaiety Theatre last night by Mr. Smith's newest play, "Lightnin'." Like "Turn to the Right," the new piece probably does not contain a single situation which is dramatically new, yet it is doubtful if three plays presented during the season will approach it for sheer entertaining power. It is, as a matter of fact, a better show than "Turn to the Right," for it contains, in addition to the puppets, heroes, and villains of that piece, one character which is played so convincingly as to make him real. This is Lightnin' Bill Jones, acted by Frank Bacon.

Mr. Bacon was the original author of the play, and it was from his manuscript that Mr. Smith evolved the piece as it is now played. He generously gave all credit to his collaborator in his curtain speech last night, but it may at least be assumed that the original author created the leading character. Lightnin' is a nondescript of uncertain age, who has seen plenty in his time and is not averse to talking about it. Is crime the subject under discussion? Lightnin' has been a detective. Or if law comes up, Lightnin' has been a Judge. Should the conversation veer to bees, Lightnin' is none the less at home. He drove a swarm of bees across the desert in the dead of Winter, and without losing a bee.

When not reminiscing, Lightnin'—perversely thus named because of a deep and abiding laziness—is ex-officio proprietor of a run-down hotel on the border line between Nevada and California. That is to say, his wife is the proprietor; Lightnin' himself puts in his time roaming the hills, regaling his cronies with accounts of his exploits, most of them imaginary, and spending his pension money—he had been the first man to enlist, of course, in '61—for liquor.

Then into his horizon come our good old melodramatic friends, the land sharks. They discover a valuable waterfall on his property and scheme to get it away from him in exchange for some worthless securities. But Lightnin', in his cross-country rambles, has come upon the hut of a youth who is both lumberman and lawyer—and whose mother had been swindled by these very same villians—and thus the plot is foiled. The second act draws all concerned into a Reno courtroom, and here all the various sides of the plot are thrashed out—a railroad claim against the young lumberman, the divorce action of Lightnin's wife, (encouraged, of course, by the desperate villians, who hoped thereby to obtain the woman's property without her husband's signature,) and also the divorce case of the comedy relief lady, who presently marries the Judge.

All of this is covered with such an amount of genuine humor that one is well into the second act before it is discovered that it is merely the same old figures of rural melodrama which are being paraded again. By that time, however, one is so interested in the central character and so captivated by the fun of the thing that it no longer matters. Even the rather trite affair of the comedy relief lady and the Judge—as theatrical an episode as ever was inserted in a play—takes on new value from the general charm and humor which pervades the whole piece.

For Mr. Bacon the evening was a distinct triumph. Not even the fact that practically all of the humorous lines were his could spoil his performance, for there was never a moment when he appeared conscious of his characterization or tried to hammer a point home. On the contrary, he leaned to the other extreme. He played with a dry, detached air which seemed to imply that his thoughts were never really on the matter in question, but were really concerned with the stirring days of his youth, when he shepherded the bees over the desert. In his moments of drunkenness this repression was particularly valuable. He achieved admirably the thick utterance of the inebriate, thereby conveying his condition perfectly without so much as a single stagger. Altogether an admirable and perfectly sustained characterization.

The remainder of the acting was, in the main, also excellent. Frank Morgan was the young lawyer hero, and revealed himself as a highly promising juvenile. Thomas LacLarnie was amusing as the judge, and Sam Colt, Paul Stanton and E. J. Blunkall took care of a trio of villains handily. Beatrice Nichols was the heroine, both pretty and capable, and Jane Oaker at least kept the comedy relief lady from being too obviously what she was intended to be, viz., comedy relief. Jessie Pringle, as the wife of Lightnin', overplayed most of her scenes, but was delightful in a last-act reconciliation. A bit was played by Minnie Palmer, of early fame.

"Lightnin," taken all in all, is one of the real hits of the early season. What's more, it deserves to be.

MARJORIE RAMBEAU IN WAR MELODRAMA

WHERE POPPIES BLOOM, a melodrama in three acts, by Roi Cooper Megrue, founded on the French of Henri Kistemaekers. At the Republic Theatre.

Breval	John Gautier
Charlie	Will Deming
La Garde	Laurence Eddinger
Pierre	Alfred Hesse
Henry	Percival Knight
Velleres	Marcel Rousseau
Brochier	Paul Doucet
Truant	Roy Walling
Bertolle	Lewis S. Stone
Shorty	Frank Nelson
Marianne	Marjorie Rambeau
Rene	Pedro de Cordoba

In his program Mr. Megrue acknowledges that "When Poppies Bloom" was "founded on the French of Henri Kistemaekers." As to what the original may have been, one can only gather and surmise, but it was evidently not fitting material for American audiences. The emotional drama that unfolded last night at the Republic may be warranted not to bring the blush of modesty to the cheek of shame; but it does something even harder to bear. It brings the blush of shame to the cheek of modesty.

Miss Rambeau appears as a young widow, a Red Cross nurse, whose heart is torn between loyalty to a husband whom she mourns as dead, and love for a young French officer whom she has nursed under fire in the most romantic circumstances. Potentially the situation is dramatic enough, and there is a striking potential climax when it is discovered that her husband is in reality not dead but is serving as a German spy within the French lines. But if the plain truth be told, Mr. Megrue has not been fortunate in developing the theme. There are things, as Kipling has remarked, that "no feller does," and these are the things which make up the major part of the action.

The young lover has not seen his former nurse since she heard that her husband was dead; yet, all in mourning as she is, and pathetically heartbroken, he shows no trace of sympathy for her loss, but straightaway urges his own suit in the most ardent and impetuous manner. That is a bad start, and it augurs ill for his success. But the heroine in her turn is subject to similar lapses of human feeling. She has deeply loved her husband, both for himself and as the father of their child; but, when she finds that his professions of loyalty to France were false, she uproots the devotion of a lifetime with scarcely a quiver and turns resolutely against him. And it is not only the things that are done which lack emotional truth and sincerity. The manner in which they are done is even more destructive of interest and illusion. When the "happy ending" comes and these two are betrothed, the verdict is that they deserved each other.

The leading parts are in the hands of very capable actors, the husband being played by Lewis S. Stone and the lover by Pedro de Cordoba. But owing to the material they have to work with none of them scores. Miss Rambeau is bewitchingly lovely in her mourning. She is gracious and charming in her scenes with a group of poilus; and, in the scene in which she speaks of her supposedly dead husband, she strikes a note of sincere and beautiful grief. But in the climacteric scenes, though she plays with great energy and potential power, the effect is only the more painful.

The laurels of the evening fell to actors in the minor parts. Ill at ease as Mr. Megrue is in writing emotional drama, his command of familiar character and of the telling comedy line is unequaled on our stage. The colloquies between Percival Knight as a cockney Tommy, (much the same character which he played in "Getting Together,") and Will Deming as an American from Broadway kept the audience in an incessant breeze of laughter. The single setting—the interior of a war-shattered château—was highly atmospheric, and the melodramatic finale, which resulted from the explosion of a bomb from a Gotha, was very effective in its kind.

It may well be that Miss Rambeau's prestige and the comedy of Messrs. Knight and Deming will carry the production to a measure of success. But it will not add one cubit to the artistic stature of any of the principals.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.
NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE
Pop. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 50c. to $2.00. Extra Mat. Labor Day (Sept. 2d).
Ziegfeld Follies
ALL SEATS AT BOX OFFICE.
ROOF ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC PHONE 240 BRYANT.

Winchell Smith & Frank Bacon's New Comedy
LIGHTNIN'
HIT The GAIETY THEATRE Last Evening and it was
Some Hit
Evgs. 8:30. FIRST MAT. TOM'W 2:30.

LYCEUM WEST 45TH ST. Evgs. at 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
Last Week at this Theatre
Next Week Manhattan Opera House
DAVID BELASCO Presents
TIGER ROSE

GEO. COHAN THEATRE, B'way & 43d St. Mats. Wed. & Sat. Labor Day 2:30
NXT. THURSDAY NIGHT. SEATS NOW.
MITZI In "HEAD OVER HEELS"
The Gay Henry W. Savage Musical Play.

COHAN & HARRIS THEA., W. 43d St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. TOMORROW (Pop.), Sat. & Labor Day.
THREE The Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written.
FACES EAST
Hundreds Turned Away at Every Performance.

HUDSON West 44th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats TOM'W, Sat. & Labor Day.
FRIENDLY ENEMIES
With LOUIS MANN & SAM BERNARD

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. TOMOR'W, Sat. & Labor Day.
GOING UP The Talk of the Town
The Aviation Musical Comedy Sensation.

STANDARD B'way & 90 st. Beg. Monday Night, Sept. 2d (Labor Day)
LOU TELLEGEN in "BLIND YOUTH."
Subscriptions & Seats NOW at Box Office.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE
Beg. MAT. LABOR DAY, Sept. 2. Seats Now
DAVID BELASCO Presents
"TIGER ROSE"
Original Lyceum Theatre Cast and Production
Manhattan Opera House Prices.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'WAY & 47 ST. Daily Mats. 25c-$1.
EDDIE FOY & YOUNGER BROS., Lester Sheehan & Pearl Regay, Lambert & Ball, others, and VAN & SCHENCK.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'WAY & 96 ST.
JOS. E. HOWARD, DOLLY CONNOLLY, HARR. TWINS, RYAN & LEE, Others.

Galli-Curci CONCERT AT OCEAN GROVE NEW JERSEY, ON MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, AT 8 P. M. CHOICE RESERVED SEATS FOR ALL PARTS OF HOUSE AT JACOBS' NORMANDIE HOTEL TICKET OFFICE, BROADWAY AND THIRTY-EIGHTH ST. PHONES GREELEY 4188-4189—Asbury 1800. St. James Theatre, Asbury Park.

"Everything" is the Biggest thing ever."—Journal. And at the Lowest Prices
AT THE HIPPODROME
Mat. Today $1 Best Seats Evenings at 8:15

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Twice Daily 2:15 & 8:15. Popular Prices.
Hoey & Lee & GIRLS DE LOOKS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SAM S. & LEE SHUBERT, INC.
WINTER GARDEN Evgs. at 8. Matinee TODAY at 2.
PASSING SHOW OF 1918
Extra Matinee Labor Day, Mon., Sept. 2.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. TONIGHT at 8:30.
SELWYN & CO. Present Their Annual Laugh Festival
Double Exposure
A Play of Personalities. By AVERY HOPWOOD.
Matinees Tomorrow, Sat. & Labor Day.

REPUBLIC W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TOM'W, Sat. & Labor Day 2:30
MARJORIE RAMBEAU
In "WHERE POPPIES BLOOM."

CENTURY THEA., 62nd, nr. B'way. Phone Columbus 8800. Evs. 8:10. Evs. & Sat. Mat. 75c-$2 Mat. Tom'w Best Seats $1
LAST 7 TIMES
YIP, YIP, YAPHANK
A MUSICAL "MESS" COOKED UP BY THE BOYS OF CAMP UPTON.
Words and Music by SERGT. IRVING BERLIN

CENTURY THEATRE Special. Beginning LABOR DAY MAT.
AL JOLSON IN SINBAD
SEATS NOW ON SALE.

48TH ST. Theatre B'way Thurs. Eve. at 8:30
GEORGE BROADHURST Presents
THE WOMAN ON THE INDEX
Seats Now on Sale. Extra Mat. Labor Day.

HARRIS WEST 42d St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, Sat. & Labor Day 2:30.
WHY WORRY?
With Fannie Brice and Avon Comedy 4.

The Lustre OF THE BLUE PEARL
AT THE LONGACRE WILL DAZZLE YOU. WEST 48TH ST. EVES. AT 8:30. MATS. TO-M'W., SAT. & LABOR DAY, 2:30.
GEORGE NASH and Great Cast.

ASTOR THEA., 45th & B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w, Sat. & Labor Day 2:30.
MR. & MRS. SIDNEY DREW
Personally in a spoken comedy "KEEP HER SMILING"

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8. Mats. Tom'w, Sat., Lab. Day 2.
MAYTIME NOW IN ITS SECOND YEAR.
With JOHN CHARLES THOMAS John T. Murray—Laura Arnold.

BOOTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2:30.
The Stuart Walker Co. in Booth Tarkington's Comedy SEVENTEEN
LAST WEEK after 8 MONTHS.

MON. NIGHT, SEPT. 2. Seats Thurs.
Oliver Morosco's Comedy ONE OF US

PLAYHOUSE 48TH, EAST OF B'WAY. Telephone Bryant 2628.
Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, Sat., Lab. Day 2:30
"Honest laughs kept sounding like a nest of machine guns."—N. Y. Herald.
George Broadhurst presents the Laughing Hit,
She Walked in Her Sleep
"Clever Writing, Fresh Humor, Good Taste and Real Charm."—Times.

A GREAT NATIONAL DOCUMENT.
"The Play Aroused the Audience to a High Pitch of emotional Patriotism."—The World.
William Faversham & Laxine Elliott's Production of
ALLEGIANCE
By Amelia Rives and Prince Troubetzkoy.
"It Made the Audience Sit Up."—Times.
"It Deals With Human Stuff in a Sincere Way."—Post.
MATS. WED., SAT. & LABOR DAY.
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE
39TH ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
IT STRIKES SPARKS

BROADHURST 44th St., W. of B'way. Bryant 64. Evgs. 8:20. Matinees Thurs., Sat., Labor Day 2:20.
"A BROADWAY HIT."—Herald.
George Broadhurst's Musical Play HE DIDN'T WANT TO DO IT
"A BEAUTY SHOW."—Tribune.

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, Sat. & Labor Day 2:30.
UNDER ORDERS
With Shelley Hull & Effie Shannon

ROOF CENTURY THEATRE AT 11:30.
CENTURY GROVE MIDNIGHT REVUE
BEAUTIFUL GIRLS 'N' EVERYTHING
A BIG HIT....MOLLIE KING

CAN Y'IMAGINE? ! !
A Very Good Young Man
With WALLACE EDDINGER, ADA LEWIS, RUTH FINDLAY, ALAN DINEHART
PLYMOUTH THEA., W. 45th. Evs. 8:20. Mts. Tom'w, Sat., Lab. Day 2:20
Seats Selling 8 Weeks in Advance.

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15.
Blanche BATES in GETTING TOGETHER Holbrook BLINN Last 7 Times.

Beginning MON., SEPT. 2d For 3 Weeks. 2d Time in N.Y.
SAN CARLO GRAND OPERA CO.
1st Week: Mon., Aida; Tues., Rigoletto; Wed. Mat., Tales of Hoffmann; Eve., Cavalleria & Pagliacci; Thurs., Carmen; Fri., Faust; Sat. Mat., Romeo & Juliet; Eve., Il Trovatore. 50c to $2. Wed. Mat. 50c to $1.50. Seats Now on Sale.

SHUBERT-RIVIERA BROADWAY AND 97TH ST.
Beg. LABOR DAY MATINEE. Seats now.
EYES OF YOUTH with ALMA TELL.
High't Price Or. Seats, $1. Tues. & Thurs. Mats 50c

STEEPLECHASE
CONEY'S FUNNY PLACE
Ocean & Pool Bathing, Dancing, Roller Skating & 35 other attractions.

New Mat. Today BRIGHTON Brighton Beach. "An American Ace," Tennessee Ten, Bob Hall, Senor Westony, & others, Marie Nordstrom.

MOTION PICTURES.
JOS. M. SCHENCK Presents The Adorable, Always Wonderful
NORMA TALMADGE
In Her Newest Production
"HER ONLY WAY"
NOW BEING SHOWN AT
LOEW THEATRES
Watch for Date at Your Nearest Theatre.

44TH ST. THEATRE D. W. Griffith's SUPREME TRIUMPH
HEARTS OF THE WORLD
TWICE DAILY Mats. at 2:10 Nights at 8:10 Nights & Sat. Mat. 25c-$1.50 Other Mats. (inc. Sun.) 25c to $1

RIVOLI B'way and 49th St. 50-75-$1.00. Loges $1.50
Cecil B. De Mille's "Till I Come Back to You." Soloists, Review. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA

RIALTO Times Square 50-75-$1.00.
Dorothy Gish & Geo. Fawcett in "The Hun Within." Review. Com. RIALTO ORCHESTRA

BROADWAY THEATRE, at 41st St. Cont. Noon to 11 P. M.
"Crashing Through To Berlin." Mightiest of All War Spectacles.

Plaza Madison Ave., at 59th St. The Great Decision—Reasons Why America Entered the War. "Waifs, an Accidental Romance."

81 st St. Theatre, on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3980
J. Warren Kerrigan in "Burglar for a Night."
Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

STRAND B'way at 47th St.
John Barrymore in "On the Quiet." Comedy. Ditmars Review. Strand Orchestra.

Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF 10, 20, 30
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
WM. S. HART in "RIDDLE GAWNE."

FOLLY CAPRICE PABST HARLEM West 125th St.
TOMORROW NIGHT For the First Time in America
FRANCES DEMAREST, GERTRUDE VANDERBILT, MIZI GIZI, MARY EATON, GENEVIEVE HOUGHTON, R. LEONHARD, R. BEGNIER, EMANUEL LIST, ARTHUR ALDRIDGE, THE FOUR FARINIES, THE FLYING NYMPHS, SIGNORINA EVA LEONI, NINA ANDREE, JEAN MacARTHUR, AMANDA BROWN, "THE 1918 GRAPHOPHONE REVIEW," JEAN DORVAL, BETTY PAYNE, "REVUE DE MONTMARTE," AND OTHERS.
Concert Starts at 7 P. M. Cover
First Show Starts at 8:15. Charge
From 11:30 to 1 A. M., Cabaret $1 and 50c.

Loew's American Roof 43d St., W. of B'way Every Eve. at 8:15.
CAPT. BARNETT & SON, TROVELLO & CO., BARNOLD'S Reserved DOGS AND SIX OTHER ACTS. All Seats 25, 35, 50

INSTRUCTION.
The Ely School
In the country, one hour from New York City
Upper School—girls from fifteen to twenty.
Junior School—girls from ten to fifteen.
Reopens September 25th.
ELY COURT
GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT

The Clark School for Concentration
A SCHOOL WHERE RECORDS ARE MADE
Boarding and Day Pupils. Catalogs on Request.
Summer School now in session.
Boys' School, 72d St. & West End Ave. Girls' School, 301 West 72d St.
Main Office at Girls' School—Phone 744 Columbus.

New York Preparatory School 30TH YEAR
New York—72 Park Av., bet. 38-39 Sts. Brooklyn—Cor. Franklin and Jefferson Aves.
PREPARES ESPECIALLY FOR
REGENTS
and COLLEGE EXAMINATIONS
also WEST POINT & ANNAPOLIS
THOROUGH COURSES IN STENOGRAPHY & TYPEWRITING
NEW TERM BEGINS SEPTEMBER 16.
Send for Catalog & Success in Regents' Exams.

BALLARD SCHOOL
For Practical Education
FALL COURSES
Secretarial Training, Art, Cookery, First Aid, Trained Attendance, Languages, Dressmaking and Dress Designing. Commercial Law, Banking, Foreign Trade, Merchandising, and Bible Study.
CENTRAL Y. W. C. A.
610 Lexington Ave, Plaza 10,100

Clason Point Military Academy
For Boys. Catholic Boarding & Day School. Directed by the Christian Brothers. Located within the environs of the city, centred in beautiful 110-acre Park, bordering on waters of Long Island Sound. Prepares for College; combines religious training, military discipline. All Athletics. 56th year opens Sept. 11. Catalog on request.
REV. BROTHER ROBERT, Director. Clason Point Military Academy, (Bronx.) New York City.

THE BROWN SCHOOL OF TUTORING
241 West 75th St. Phone Col. 8894.
Founded 1900. Positively one at a time with teacher, teaches pupils HOW TO STUDY and to acquire INDEPENDENCE OF THOUGHT. Percentage of subjects passed in June, nearly double that of other schools. Study supervision. Two years' work in one.
"A School With an Atmosphere of Work."

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL
Founded 1764
5, 7 & 9 W. 93D ST. Reopens Sept. 24.
Fireproof building. Boys prepared for Columbia, Cornell, Harvard, Princeton, Yale, & other colleges. Approved by Regents. Business Course. Primary. Military Drill. Gymnasium. Playground. Tel. 3787 River.

McBURNEY SCHOOL 518 W. 57th Street Phone 7920 Columbus
Prepares for college and for life. Write for booklet, "That Day of Yours," and catalogue. Member of Faculty will call on parents by appointment.

Dictaphone and Typewriting
(Instead of Shorthand.) Pays Double the Salary. Learned in half the time! New Catalog Free. Special Summer Rates. Positions Guaranteed. Days: 9:30 to 3. Nights: Come from Business. Call, write or phone—Beekman 2728.
DICTAPHONE SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 154 NASSAU ST.

MASSEE COUNTRY SCHOOL. Individual attention. Rapid preparation for college; 3 years work in one; 15 miles from New York. New Gym. and dormitories. All sports. Manual training. Manual Training Junior Department for young boys 6 years up. Unusually successful record. Address W. W. Massee, Ph. D., Box 200, Bronxville, N. Y.

KINDERGARTEN-PRIMARY TRAINING SCHOOL.
Affiliated with New York University. Course accredited by N. Y. City and State. Address Miss Harriette Melissa Mills, Principal, New York University, Washington Sq., N. Y. City.

Kelvin School
G. A. L. Dionne, Headmaster, 531 W. 70th St. Preparation for September examinations of all colleges. 15th year. Laboratory. Highly experienced instructors. Office hours, 9:30-11:30 daily. Telephone, Columbus 8306.

WYKEHAM RISE
COUNTRY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
F. E. Davies, L. L. A., Principal, Washington, Connecticut. Boston representative, Mabel E. Bowman, A. B., Vice-Principal, Cohasset, Massachusetts.

WILBRAHAM ACADEMY.
Fits for life and for college work. Five brick buildings, modern gymnasium. Athletic field, campus and farm of 250 acres. Enrollment—60 boys. Moderate rates. GAYLORD W. DOUGLASS, Headmaster, Box 286, Wilbraham, Mass.

SERGIO SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES
Our Logical Method makes pupils SPEAK 11th Year at 315 Fifth Ave., 32nd St.

DWIGHT SCHOOL 72 Park Av. bet. 38-39 Sts.
College & Regents Exams. 39th year. Moderate Fees. Makes a study of the individual student.

STEVENS SCHOOL
SIXTH ST., HOBOKEN, N. J.
Reopens September 16. Register Now.

"L'Ecole Francaise" School of French
Native Teachers. Private Lessons. Small Classes.
Moderate Rates. Day and Evening. 420 W. 121st St., near Columbia University. Tel. M'side 4660.

FRENCH ITALIAN, SPANISH, &c., taught at Buccini School of Languages to intellectual pupils, wishing to avoid disappointment. Call now. 220 West 59th St. Est. 1893.

FRENCH, SPANISH, ITALIAN, RUSSIAN taught privately. Native teachers. Afternoons. Evenings by appointment. N. Y. School of Languages, 1,416 Broadway.

CLARK COLLEGE.
War Time Courses for men preparing for Army Commission.
Edmund C. Sanford, Pres., Worcester, Mass.

NEWTON ACADEMY for boys 9 to 16. Modern equipment. Personal attention. Catalog. Address Principal, Box U, Newton, N. J.

Singing Lesson, individual or classes. Mrs. R. Sanchez, 54 West 90th St.

INSTRUCTION.
War Training for Women
A Call to Service—Trained Woman Secretaries are needed to speed Government Work

One of the Government's great needs is for *trained* secretaries and statistical workers. To help supply them, Drexel Institute, in co-operation with the U. S. Civil Service Commission, has prepared special training courses.

Graduates of these courses will be eligible for certification to positions under Civil Service. The certificate of graduation will be the basis for rating; no further scholastic test will be required.

1. A four months' intensive course for High School graduates who are qualified in Stenography and Typewriting and have had one year's experience in business.
2. A one year's intensive course for college graduates. Specific technical and statistical secretarial training of high grade.
3. A two years' course for High School Graduates.

Drexel Institute's special war training courses for women have been approved by the United States Civil Service Commission.

Students who enter these courses will be at once in training for their country's service.

Uniform will be worn. Military regulations.

Enrollment will be limited and applicants carefully selected. As courses begin October 7, we urge you to write at once for complete Bulletin and enrollment blanks.

The nation needs you.

DREXEL INSTITUTE
Hollis Godfrey, Sc. D., Eng. D., LL. D., D. C. L., President.
Philadelphia, Penna.

In addition to the above courses, Drexel Institute offers intensive courses in Dietetics, and an Engineerieg Course under the control of the War Department.

Better Yourself!
Don't be content with a mere clerkship or bookkeeping job—when you can so easily enter the ranks of an honored profession. Your chance is right now—there is an insistent, unsatisfied demand for accountants, at excellent salaries. Just look at the want ads—both Government and private corporations are urgently calling for trained men. You will be serving your country, as well as shaping a better career for yourself, if you seize this opportunity. Our course of training, in spare time, at low cost, without sacrifice of your present employment, will equip you to fill one of these excellent-paying positions, just as it has fitted thousands of others.
WALTON TRAINING IN
Accounting Business Law Economics
has received high endorsements from leaders in the Accountancy profession, the American Association of Public Accountants, and leading universities (which use our courses). Walton students have won signal honors in examinations, and remarkable advancement in their positions.
Evening Classes or Correspondence Instruction.
Call or phone today for interview—or ask for Bulletin.
Room 707, Singer Bldg., New York. (*Phones Cortlandt 4563-4564.*)
WALTON SCHOOL of COMMERCE

"New York's Model Preparatory School"
Rhodes School 8-10-12-14 W. 125TH St.
FOUNDED MCMXI
A Memorial to John Cecil Rhodes
Statesman, Philanthropist and Founder of Rhodes Scholarships
Thorough and Systematic Preparation for All COLLEGES, UNIVERSITIES, TECHNICAL SCHOOLS
At Moderate Tuition Fees
Rhodes is a school with a studious atmosphere, perfect equipment and a thoroughly qualified teaching staff
Early enrollment for the school year 1918-1919 is recommended
Obtain Rhodes Academic Catalogue T
"New York's Model Preparatory School"

Accountants in demand—
they are needed to carry the burden of financial detail and business organization—to
—audit expenditures; determine costs; prepare tax returns; calculate cost-plus prices; control buying and stores; devise office procedures; systematize; organize; supervise.
Thousands of successful Certified Public Accountants, Auditors, Controllers, Treasurers, Disbursing Officers, Credit Men, and Executives have been trained in affiliated schools giving Pace Courses. Classes are held after business hours under guidance of specially trained instructors.
For Bulletin giving valuable information and details of courses apply to: F. P. Lamphear, 215 W. 23d St., N. Y., or C. W. Stowell, 55 Hanson Pl., Brooklyn.

Associated Schools for Secretaries
Secretarial Training for Educated Women
KATHARINE GIBBS SCHOOL of SECRETARIAL TRAINING
Architects' Building
101 Park Avenue New York
Tel. Vanderbilt 5567
BOSTON SCHOOL for SECRETARIES
Nottingham Chambers
25 Huntington Ave. (Copley Square)
Boston Tel. Back Bay 2913
All work individualized so that each student advances as rapidly as *she* is able.
Fall term opens Sept. 16th. Send for booklet.

CARSON LONG INSTITUTE
80th year. A home school for boys, 6 buildings, 18 acres in the healthful foothills of the Blue Ridge. Individual and personal instruction—how to learn, how to labor, how to live. Our aim is knowledge, character, culture, efficiency. College Preparatory, Business, Junior courses, Spanish, French, Public Speaking. Separate building for boys under 13 years. Strong religious but non-sectarian influences. $345 and up; Juniors, $280. Address CARSON LONG INSTITUTE, Box 16, New Bloomfield, Pa.

Collegiate School For Boys Founded 1639
is a College Preparatory School with strong Primary and Junior Grades. Modern school building. Large Gymnasium. Military Drill and Supervised Athletics. Afternoon outing classes. 241-43 W. 77th St., N. Y. 280th year begins Oct. 1. Catalogue. A. F. Warren, Headmaster

Florence Nightingale School for BACKWARD CHILDREN
238th St. and Riverdale Ave. Tel. 316 Kingsbridge.
BOARDING AND DAY PUPILS
Full particulars upon application.

HARLEM Y. W. C. A.
240 Lenox Ave., Cor. 122d St.
High Grade Business School
Day and Evening.
Send for circular. Register early.

Law School Fordham University
WOOLWORTH BLDG., NEW YORK.
Afternoon Classes 4:15 to 6:15
Evening Classes 7:45 to 9:45
Term Begins Sept. 26. CASE SYSTEM.
WRITE FOR BULLETIN N.

Brooklyn Law School 305 WASHINGTON ST. BROOKLYN, NEW YORK
Fall Term Begins Monday, Sept. 30th
Send for Catalogue
DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS

Mercersburg Academy offers a thorough moral training for college or business. Under Christian masters from the great universities. Located in the Cumberland Valley, one of the most picturesque spots of America. New gymnasium. Equipment modern. Write for catalog. Address Box 121, William Mann Irvine, LL.D., Headmaster, Mercersburg, Pa.

POLYTECHNIC PREPARATORY COUNTRY DAY SCHOOL
7TH AVE. AND 9TH ST., BROOKLYN
The school that cares for a boy all day.
Catalogue sent on request.
Alexander M. White Joseph Dana Allen
President Board of Trustees Headmaster

Rose L. Fritz School
Registered by the Regents.
Personally supervised by Miss Fritz
Winner of 40 Championships
Stenographic and Secretarial Training
Fall Term Opens Sept. 5
Send for Catalog 334 Fifth Avenue

THE HART SCHOOL Day and boarding school for both sexes. Small classes. Tutoring. Rapid preparation for college. Summer session begins July 1. 351 West 75th St. Tel. Columbus 9250.

INSTRUCTION.
PREPARE NOW
The demand for well trained office-assistants, accountants, stenographers, and secretaries was never so great as now. Thousands of attractive positions (stepping stones to higher places) are opening every day for those who are qualified to fill them. Safeguard your future by starting today
AT THE
school which has sixty years of success behind it; the school which has graduated thousands of young men and women fully equipped and able to make their way in the business world. Commercial, stenographic, and secretarial courses; higher accounting, cost accounting, and auditing; commercial Spanish. Send for prospectus. No solicitors.
FALL TERM OPENS SEPT. 3.
PACKARD COMMERCIAL SCHOOL
Lexington Ave. and 35th St.

FRENCH SPANISH ITALIAN
QUICKLY ACQUIRED ON ANY PHONOGRAPH.

You hear the exact pronunciation and learn to speak with perfect accent. You waste no time on appointments; for your teacher is always ready. Use your spare moments this Summer and speak another language next Fall.
LANGUAGE PHONE METHOD
and Rosenthal's Practical Linguistry. A system of disc records to fit all phonographs. Simple, inexpensive and convenient. F. M. C.—French Military Conversation. A short course for war service. Call for free demonstration or write for booklet.
THE LANGUAGE PHONE METHOD, 907 Putnam Bldg., 2 West 45th St., near 5th Ave.

SCHOOL ADVICE FREE
Call and consult with school specialist. Free information and catalogs of all boarding schools in the U. S.
AMERICAN SCHOOLS' ASSOCIATION
Bureau maintained by the schools to help you.
1012 Times Bldg., N. Y. Phone Bryant 8980

LEARN AVIATION MECHANICS WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY
MEN & WOMEN.
Aviation Mechanics' Course..$60 (6 weeks)
Aero-Engine Course.....$35 (3 weeks)
Wireless Course.....$25 (4 weeks)
NEW CLASSES NOW FORMING.
Write, Call or Phone for Free Illustrated Booklet "S"
EAGLE AVIATION SCHOOL
Phone Bryant 9078 110-114 West 42d St.

Ethical Culture School
Normal Training Department
Learn to guard the Health and Lives of Children. Courses in Conservation of Childhood, Home, Nursing, Story Telling, Crafts. Many calls for teachers. Kindergarten, Primary and Play Ground Courses. Fall term opens September 17, 1918. Address Jessica Beers, Principal.
Central Park West at 63d Street.

Eastman-Gaines
Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Secretarial, Typewriting, Civil Service and Stenotype Departments.
Day and Evening Sessions. Call or write for Catalogue.
1234 St. & Lenox Ave.

RATES ADVANCE $12 NEXT WEEK
THIS WEEK, Night School, pays for COMPLETE COURSE in STENOGRAPHY and TYPEWRITING OR TELEGRAPHY. Positions Guaranteed. Day School $15. Gaffey's School, 5 E. 35th St.
NEAR 5TH AV. TEL. VANDERBILT 4060. EST. 1884.

COOPER UNION
Free instruction for young women in Stenography & Typewriting Telegraphy
Day Session Only.
Apply Now for Fall Term.
Cooper Union, 8th St. & 4th Ave.

SCUDDER SCHOOL
Secretarial and Household Arts
150 Girls from 25 States and Canada.
Thos. M. Scudder, Registrar, 316 W. 72d St. Tel. Col. 4779.

Bookkeepers and Credit Office Assistants.
DOUBLE YOUR SALARY
Personal Evening Training. Practical Bookkeeping. Credit Investigation. Moderate Rates. Write for Prospectus.
EDWARD LEVI—Manager
ROOM 619—200 FIFTH AVENUE

SECRETARIAL SCHOOL
worth seeing
Merchants & Bankers' Business School
Madison Ave. at 58th St. N. Y. C.

LANGUAGES Berlitz School
MANHATTAN: 28-30 West 34th St.
BROOKLYN: 218-220 Livingston St.
Terms may be begun at any time.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL
542-544 Fifth Ave. (45th St.) Oldest and preeminently the most successful. Prepares for and obtains excellent positions. Write for Catalog T. Prof. Alexander, M. A., Director.

PRATT SCHOOL, 62 West 45th St. Secretarial training. Individual instruction; reservation must be made in advance; reference required. Enroll now for Fall session.

Bookkeeping, Stenography
Catalog of Evening Business Courses now ready. Write or telephone for copy.
23d St. Y. M. C. A., 215 W. 23d St., N. Y.

The Pace Institute REMINGTON SECRETARIAL COURSE, also Shorthand, Touch Typewriting, Bookkeeping, and Telegraphy taught individually Day and Eve. 1931 B'way, cor. 65th.

BRONX COMMERCIAL SCHOOL, 830 Westchester Av. Shorthand, Bookkeeping; day, night. Catalog.

KIMBALL SCHOOL, 116 W. 14th St. Stenography, bookkeeping. Secretarial courses. Civil Service. Day and evening. Booklet.

JUNIOR PLATTSBURG.
Six weeks' Camp from September 1st. Long Point, Lake Champlain, N. Y.
Miller Business School.—Prepares for Secretarial, Stenographic, General Business Employment. Fifth National Bank Building, Lexington Ave., at 23d St.

INSTRUCTION—Swimming.
HELP!

DROWNING!!
It is never *safe* on

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. FRANCE, Secretary.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, AUG. 27, 1918.

OFFICES: [Telephone Bryant 1000.]
Times Building.....Times Square
Times Annex.....42d St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....7 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem..2,109 Seventh Av., near 125th St.
Bronx.....2,914 Third Avenue
Washington Heights.....3,526 Broadway
Brooklyn.....401 Fulton Street
Staten Island...86 Stuy. Pl., New Brighton
Queens.....317 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I.
Elizabeth.....250 Morris Avenue
Hoboken.....61 Second Street
Jersey City.....80 Montgomery Street
Paterson.....18 Park Avenue
WASHINGTON.....Riggs Building
CHICAGO.....1802-1804 Tribune Building
St. Louis.....409 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT.....403 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Market Street
LONDON.....12 Salisbury Square, E. C.
PARIS.....Au Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

TWO CENTS in Metropolitan District (50 mile radius). Three Cents within 200 miles. Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents, City; Seven Cents elsewhere.

By Mail, Postpaid.	One Year.	Six Months.	One Month.
DAILY & SUNDAY.	$11.00	$6.00	$1.00
One week, 35c.			
DAILY only	9.00	4.50	.85
One week, 20c.			
SUNDAY only	3.00	1.75	.30

The above rates apply to U. S. soldiers and sailors abroad.

CANADIAN RATES.

DAILY & SUNDAY	$11.00	$6.00	$1.00
One week, 35c.			
DAILY only	9.00	4.50	.85
One week, 20c.			
SUNDAY only	6.00	3.25	.55

FOREIGN RATES.

DAILY & SUNDAY	$26.00	$13.00	$2.40
DAILY only	17.40	8.90	1.45
SUNDAY only	9.75	5.10	.80

Binder, Picture Section, $1.75; Magazine, $1.25.
THE ANNALIST, (Mondays,) per year, $4; Canada, $4.50; other countries, $5. Binder for 26 issues, (one vol.,) $1.25.
TIMES BOOK REVIEW, (Weekly,) per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.
TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, (Thursdays,) 1 year, $5; Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25.
THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $3, (foreign, $4.) Per Copy, 25c.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $3; per year, $5.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.
All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

IT IS NOT TOO LATE.

In his examination by the Senate Military Affairs Committee Major Gen. WILLIAM H. KENLY, Chief of Military Aeronautics, was asked whether "the establishment of a separate Department of Aeronautics "distinct from, yet co-operating with, "the Navy and War Departments" was desirable and expedient. His answer:

> I believe, Sir, it would be a very wise thing to do. It is a specialized arm of growing importance. I think the biggest thing in aviation that has been done has been the point of view taken by Great Britain.

By which General KENLY meant the creation of an Air Ministry to have charge of aircraft production and deliver to the army and navy the machines they needed. Lieut. Col. T. H. BANE, expert of the Signal Corps, who also appeared before the committee, said, when asked his opinion of aircraft production abroad:

> There is nothing mysterious about the construction of aircraft. It is perfectly standard. The British are probably head and shoulders ahead of the rest of the world, and we could not go far wrong in following in their footsteps, in view of the fact that we are so young at this game.

It cannot be said that "over here" there has been nothing mysterious about the construction of airplanes. Quite the contrary. Things have fallen out so that America must go full steam ahead in producing fighting and bombing planes, or another year will pass without that participation in aerial warfare on the western front to which we were pledged upon entering the war. Our machines, piloted by trained aviators, (we have the aviators, 3,000 of them,) were to insure complete mastery of the air by midsummer, 1918. Had the dream come true, the Germans would be unable to make a stand today against the onslaughts of the Allies from Arras to Rheims, and demoralization of the Kaiser's armies would inevitably follow.

Is it too late for an Air Department in the United States? General KENLY thinks it is not, and Lieut. Col. BANE evidently agrees with him. Airplane production is nowhere near the "peak," which was promised long, long ago by the War Department; in fact, by Secretary BAKER, who himself never realized the magnitude of the aviation problem. For the solution of it about $1,000,000,000 has been appropriated, a sum large enough to provide America with a new fleet from dreadnoughts to destroyers. Only now are we beginning to place American-made De Havilland Fours, a precious few, on the western front. Early in August, General PERSHING reported, eighteen of them made a reconnoissance behind the German lines.

An Air Department head—call him by what name or title you like—would have the authority, that no one seems to have now, to regulate and speed production and systematically to furnish the army and navy with the planes they require for general use and for special purposes. He would not have to reconcile independent and conflicting policies. His word would be law. He would be responsible. He could be displaced if he did not make a record. Mr. JOHN D. RYAN was to bring order out of chaos and build up a smoothly functioning machine, but the tools were not given him; he could ask and negotiate, but not command. In his testimony before the Senate committee General KENLY said:

> It became evident to me that, with an independent head of production, and an independent head of operations, which I am—I have no power to direct Mr. RYAN to do anything, nor can he give me any directions—the success of our work would be dependent upon the closest sort of co-operation.

It was like the strategy and tactics on the front in France, which never succeeded, except in spots, until unity of command was established. Now the Allies are winning victory after victory because FERDINAND FOCH is in supreme command, and can make his own plans and order them to be carried out by competent lieutenants. Mr. RYAN and General KENLY get on as well as they can by drawing up and signing agreements, furnishing the Chief of Staff with copies. There has been much friction all the way through the patched-up organization, "a lack of co-operation on the part "of subordinates, particularly along "technical and engineering lines." Within a few days these two able and energetic men have prepared a fresh agreement, a sort of ultimatum to all concerned, as a hint to engineers and technical experts, who are at sixes and sevens so much, that they must "get along harmoniously."

If ever a man made out a convincing case for an Air Department, it is General KENLY. He urges the necessary legislation. Why not follow England's example before it is too late? Must we forever wallow in our own conceit? Who in Washington is opposing unity of command in aircraft production, and what are the reasons?

BAY STATE CONSTITUTION MAKERS.

"Con Con Closes," so a Swinburnian builder of headlines in The Boston Herald irreverently records the end, for 1918, of the Massachusetts Constitutional Convention. It began its labors in 1917. It will resume them next Summer. Is it to be perpetual and immortal?

Most of the nineteen amendments to be voted on in November are beneficial, harmless, or unimportant. The initiative and referendum, which hardly seems calculated for Massachusetts latitudes, and the singular proposal to give the Legislature power to make voting compulsory are serious matters of contention.

An amendment which looks natural and desirable to mere outlanders authorizes the Legislature to provide for biennial instead of annual elections of State officers. Annual sessions of the Great and General Court the convention couldn't bring itself to favor. Georgia, Massachusetts, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island, South Carolina, six States faithful to old habit or the gratification of parochial ambitions, still stick to the expensive superfluity of annual sessions. Surely there are many more than laws enough, and a diminution of legislative palaver would add to the happiness of the community.

The Alabama Legislature meets every four years. Alabama! "Blessed" word, more blessed even than "Mesopotamia."

THE LUSITANIA CRIME.

The decisions of the United States Courts in cases involving the application of the law of nations have always commanded high respect among the jurists of other nations. It may be said that our courts bore a leading part in establishing the laws of neutrality. The decision of Judge JULIUS M. MAYER of the Federal District Court of New York holding the Cunard Company blameless for the loss of the Lusitania and declaring that the guilt of that crime is Germany's alone will take its place beside other American opinions that have so notably contributed to the determination of law and national practice in this great field of jurisprudence.

Judge MAYER proceeds from a lucid and ordered review of the facts and the evidence to a well-reasoned conclusion. He finds it established by evidence that the Lusitania was a ship of unimpaired and unmistakable merchant character. She was unarmed, she carried no explosives, no munitions that could be exploded by fire or impact of collision. She was in charge of a competent commander, who was skillful in the navigation of his vessel under the orders of his company and the dictates of his own experienced judgment. She had drawn near to the coast of Ireland in order that her exact position might be determined; her speed had been reduced somewhat, because of Captain TURNER'S wish to pass through the most dangerous waters of the voyage, from the entrance of St. George's to the Liverpool Bar, in the darkness of night; and in order that he might have a favorable tide for going over the bar without waiting to pick up a pilot, which would have occasioned a dangerous delay. The Court, therefore, finds "as a fact" that the Captain, and hence the company, were not negligent.

The Lusitania was struck while Captain TURNER was taking observations to determine accurately his bearings. Torpedoes were discharged against the side of the vessel without any warning, without any opportunity for the passengers and crew to seek safety. The pretense that the newspaper advertisement published on the morning of May 1 by the Imperial German Embassy at Washington constituted a warning is dismissed by Judge MAYER as having no bearing upon the issue other than that the advertisement served to emphasize the necessity for taking all precautions, which, in fact, were taken. Neither the company nor the Captain could have believed that it was the intention of the German Government, by the instrumentality of a submarine, to send the Lusitania to the bottom without warning. By a multitude of citations from the law of nations as established by civilized usage, and evidenced by the words of commentators and jurists, Judge MAYER justifies the belief, everywhere entertained prior to the criminal act, that, notwithstanding its danger zones decree, the German Government would not take upon itself the guilt of such an infamous deed. Even the German Prize Code declares that "before proceeding to the destruction "of a vessel, the safety of all persons "on board, and, so far as possible, "their effects, is to be provided for." The Court finds that there was abundant warrant for the belief "that this "simple, humane, and universally accepted principle would not be violated." It is, therefore, the finding of the Court that:

> The fault must be laid upon those who are responsible for the sinking of the vessel, in the legal as well as in the moral sense. * * * But while in this lawsuit there may be no recovery, it is not to be doubted that the United States of America and her allies will well remember the rights of those affected by the sinking of the Lusitania, and, when the time shall come, will see to it that reparations shall be made for one of the most indefensible acts of modern times.

The Imperial Government could meet with baseless assumptions, false reasoning and assurances given only to be disregarded the emphatic protests of our State Department against the outrage upon the laws of man and God committed in the wanton and unlawful destruction of the Lusitania. Those protests came from a political department of the Government. In the decision of Judge MAYER it is laid down by a high court of law that the act of the submarine commander was a crime, for which the German Government must be held responsible in the legal as well as in the moral sense. From that there is no escape. The Imperial Government stands condemned as a criminal. And it is in a highly interesting addendum to his legal opinion that the Judge declares the belief that "when the time shall come," which may be assumed to be when the peace conference meets, reparation will be demanded and enforced for this monstrous act of savagery.

MR. GOMPERS AND LABOR PACIFISM.

In addition to his unremitting and fruitful patriotic labors at home, Mr. SAMUEL GOMPERS has done the United States invaluable service abroad. He is for "a dictated peace" as strongly as Mr. LODGE and the rest of us, outside of the Socialist Little Germany and the imitation intellectuals of American pacifism, few but unfit.

Keen and steady was the opposition of the Federation of Labor to the Stockholm Conference and all the other German sideshows, the yearnings of some weak-kneed or weak-headed Entente Socialists for "conversations" with the German Socialists, long notorious agents and tools of the German Government. Steady and keen is the federation's opposition to all the games and devices of the dupes or accomplices of the German Socialists to bring about a peace by understanding, a peace of negotiation, a peace that shall leave Germany free to continue her policy of dominion.

Mr. GOMPERS has blocked once the little game of Mr. ARTHUR HENDERSON and the other gods of what is now the Independent Labor Party, which consists in large part of "middle class" people. Mr. GOMPERS has sailed for Europe, to block Mr. HENDERSON'S game again. Mr. HENDERSON has been fed with ideas from cleverer men. The circumstances of his retirement from the War Cabinet are familiar. Since the ending of the political "truce," it has been whispered to him that he might form a Cabinet of his own some day. While he is ostensibly, and doubtless to his own mind sincerely, in favor of the war, he is always nibbling at German peace bait.

HAVELOCK WILSON of the Seamen and Firemen's Union, Labor Ministers like HODGE, ROBERTS, BARNES, and the old trade unionists, are the best representatives of British labor in politics. The pacifist and the "middle class" Socialists of the Independent Labor Party make a good deal of noise, but the numbers of the organization are absurdly out of proportion to its vociferation; and the whole collection of British Socialists, some of whose leaders are fiercely anti-German, is probably less than the vote (52,560) for the Socialist candidate for Governor of New York in 1916.

Wherever pacifism sticks up its sleek malignant head, Mr. GOMPERS will whack it.

A HALF-CENTURY PETITION.

Fifty Republican women have signed a petition which we must be forgiven for calling amusing, asking Governor WHITMAN, as a booster of the prohibition amendment, to pledge himself to abstain from the use of "alcoholic beverages."

Since the Republican unofficial State Convention was unable to take notice of this amendment, and since the relations of politics and politicians to "the drink traffic" have usually a strong color of unreality and humbug, one may imagine, if he likes, that this half century of signers may have unconsciously a political suggestion or impetus behind it.

On the face of it, however, the petition seems to be the invention of some never-enough-to-be-punished, waggish Wet to reduce prohibition to absurder absurdity. Voluntary total abstinence, prohibition for one's self, can be practiced and is practiced by multitudes, especially now, when the price of wet goods is steep. The Drys want to do away with this voluntary total abstinence and compel everybody to total abstinence; and here are fifty Republican prohibitionists calling for voluntary total abstinence. One can forgive what might, in the case of men, seem a hint of impertinence, and is but misdirected zeal, in this petition. It is such an admirable joke on the Drys.

THE SPANISH-AMERICAN CREDIT.

It is well to leave dollars and pesetas out of the discussion as much as possible when considering the advantage of the opening of a credit to our buyers of a half-billion of pesetas. Dollars and pesetas have settled par values when they are in the same place, and then there can be neither discount nor premium on either. Such differences arise when the dollars are here and it is wished to spend them there, or when pesetas are lacking here to pay for goods bought in Spain. Those are exchange difficulties, and are less important than price difficulties, with which the exchange problem is so mingled that it is difficult for the expert to say which is controlling. Dealers in cotton or pesetas may gain or lose by dealings in them, but the margin of profit or loss depends on the business done, and is not altered whether the exchange is at par or at a discount or a premium. The profit or loss is according to the operation, and not according to the exchange.

Spain wants cotton and cotton machinery. We want supplies for PERSHING'S army. The credit facilitates the exchange of one for the other, regardless of whether we pay pesetas in Spain, or Spain pays dollars here. Ordinarily, the difference would be merely the cost of the transfer of gold from either to the other. Now the transfer is rather impracticable than merely more costly. Spain does not want gold, and we do not want to spare gold. The difference in the exchange value of the coins reflects upon the credit of neither country, and is due as well to our association with our allies as to the difficulties of trade direct between Spain and the United States. If it were possible to compartment that trade the exchange difficulty could be ended. But our credit is inseparable from that of our allies, and the "discount" on the dollar is due to the discount on their currencies rather than to any specific doubt of our credit. If pounds and francs were to rise dollars would rise automatically, without anything being done to make dollars worth more anywhere. All currencies are at a discount in neutral countries when trade is unbalanced without a supply of exchange to cover it.

The remedy must be found eventually in trade adjustments. Temporary adjustments are made by our buying the discounted exchange of our allies against their promise to repay us par and interest after terms of years. The discount on dollars is rather to the credit of our loyalty to our allies than to any discredit of our traders. And the importance of the dislocation of the exchanges is magnified. Firstly, nothing counts but winning the war, as to which the discount on the exchanges signifies not at all. And, secondly, the discount does not bear the meaning of normal times. It does not mean lack of either goods or gold to meet any and all demands, but the difficulty of putting them where their worth counts. When trade becomes normal these troubles will disappear.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Why Did He Spare the Kaiser?

It is "significant of much," as somebody said once, that, in a church like the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian, a congregation composed of such people as gather there should not only have listened with approval, but should have expressed the approval by cheers and applause as vehement as ever were heard at political meetings in hot campaigns, while the Rev. Dr. MARK A. MATTHEWS told what he thought ought to be done to Germany and the Germans after they have been thoroughly beaten. Of what it is significant there need be no difficulty in deciding, for Dr. MATTHEWS went appreciably further than do any except the very fiercest of Germany's enemies in formulating the punishments he thought she deserves, and he did not hesitate to make out a long list of highly placed Germans, military men and civilians, who should be court-martialed and shot as the criminals he held them to be.

With all this the assembled Presbyterians cordially agreed, and they seemed especially pleased by Dr. MATTHEWS'S declaration that, when the allied nations assembled after the war to determine the conditions of peace, the German Government should be present only as is the prisoner who has been called into court for sentence. Curiously enough, though, when he came to telling what should be done with the Kaiser, whose personal responsibility for the war and its horrors is vastly greater than that of any other man alive or dead, the penalty demanded was not the one inflicted by a firing squad or the hangman, but merely exile for life to some lonely island, with nothing to read there except literature which tells of the triumph, peace, and prosperity of the United States and its allies.

That the Kaiser wouldn't like that is true. But with good reason he would count himself lucky, indeed, and earnestly thank whatever stars he might have left if nothing worse befell, and just possibly he, too, would see the clement of the humorous there would be in the allotment to him of such a fate. Can it be that Dr. MATTHEWS, fierce hater of Germany as he is, shares the reverence for a crown that still lingers in so many minds and would have the post-bellum shootings stop just short of the Great Offender? He should read again the history of CROMWELL and his Ironsides and observe in the later English chronicles the effect on British royalty of what happened then to its representative.

A Peace Prize Used for War Purposes.

Possibly more of immediate and direct good would have been accomplished by Colonel ROOSEVELT with his Nobel Peace Prize money if he had given it in a lump sum to a single organization, and the American Red Cross naturally suggests itself to anybody who considers the possibility. Such consideration, however, is purely academic, and it does not, or at any rate should not, imply criticism of the wide distribution which the Colonel chose to make.

In the first place, the money was his own, absolutely, or as near to absolutely as any money can be one's own in wartime, and he was under no obligation at all to give it away—under none, that is, except the one imposed on him by his own feeling that to do so would be fine and therefore right. And, as the Colonel's sense of the practical is by no means dull or undeveloped, it may well be that he accomplished more by distributing the money as he did, among many beneficiaries, than he would have done by turning it all over even to the best of them. Which is the best, or even if there is a best where many are so good, is a matter of opinion, and a question of some delicacy besides. Taking the course he did, the Colonel not only showed the catholicity of his interest in, and appreciation of, the great organizations and societies whose good works are widely known, but he bestowed upon many other agencies and agents of relief whose operations have come less or not at all to public notice the very valuable guarantee of his approval. That will help them far more than the money he bestowed in these instances, for it can safely be assumed that these gifts were not carelessly made, and that every one of these objects and causes is what is called "worthy."

But how strange a thing it is that this money awarded to the Colonel in recognition of effectual work for international peace should all go for purposes which relate, at least obliquely, not to peace, but to war. This fact—it is to be hoped—will pain the pacifists as much as the Germans and their friends will be pained by their own failure to get any of it, but wiser and decenter folk will rejoice. It's quite all right as it is, and admirable, too, is the fact that the Colonel tied no conditions to his gifts—that he trusted the recipients to make proper use of them, and did not even offer any suggestions except a few that were in effect an authorization for the exercise of full discretionary power.

A Soldier's Courtesy Illustrated.

In most pleasing contrast with some of the current talk and writing about the American Army's part and purpose in the war was General PERSHING'S answer to the message he had received from the Federal Council of Churches. After referring to the help our men get from the knowledge that they have a united country behind them to appreciate their deeds and to meet their needs, the General hastened to write: "We Americans have the added inspiration and encouragement that flow from the example and friendship of our allies, who for four years have been fighting our battles in fighting their own."

There was nothing in that of coming over to teach the art and practice of war to men who have learned it in the hard school of dreadful experience—no hint of an expectation to do more than stand side by side with heroic veterans of innumerable battles.

General PERSHING is as far as possible from lacking confidence in American soldiers, but it is a confidence marked with becoming modesty—the becoming modesty for which another and excellent name is common courtesy. In the General's message there is no faintest hint of "brigading the living with the dead." That dreadful statement could ne made only some thousands of miles back of the firing line.

High Praise for Our Men.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It will, I am sure, be of interest to you and to your readers to read one more well-deserved tribute to the bravery and fine fighting qualities of the American Army in France. I cull the following glowing paragraph, with no apologies for its breadth of expression, from a letter today received from one of my brothers, who has been fighting for four years and is now a Major, commanding what is known to the British Army as "the fechting battery," and which in March fought the famous eight-day rear-guard action and received a tricolor from the French Army for its gallantry. He writes:

"I have seen and heard many things to their (the Americans') greater and everlasting glory in action here. They are damned good. They are as good fighters as the Anzacs, and that's going some, and on the southern show have fought like wounded tigers. Their one idea is to get over the top and into the Hun and stay put. Grand!" Grand, indeed.

COSMO HAMILTON.

New York, Aug. 24, 1918.

Excess Profits.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The raising of war revenue by taking excess profits is again under discussion in Washington. The Secretary of the Treasury is reported to desire a reconsideration of this feature of the exceeding war revenue law; but Mr. Kitchen favors its retention and development.

Little space is given to this subject by the press. This may indicate that the public, regarding the matter as a phase of fiscal policy, is prepared for anything that may be deemed necessary to win the war, and is but mildly interested.

But the excess profits of enterprise—the profits that remain after providing for operation, maintenance and living expenses—constitute the only source in private hands from which extensions and development of industry and commerce can be provided for.

Excess profits are the thyroid gland of business life. If the Government shall take over these profits and administer them, it will, by this act, take the development of material civilization out of private hands; and such development will cease unless the Government shall assume the responsibility for it.

The program under consideration may be all right as a war measure but as a permanent fiscal policy it spells stagnation or socialism.

JOHN C. TEN EYCK.

New York, Aug. 22, 1918.

THE POILU'S GHOST.

I am a poilu's ghost. I fell
Where Soissons shamed the sinks of hell
With musketry and spattered shell.

You ask: "In Paradise how fare
The dead?" How should we know or care?
We would not leave the trench-graves here
For Paradise, while sacred France
Bears on her breast one Vandal lance
To scar the Frank's inheritance!

For, mark you well! We may not sleep
The while the Ardenne peasants weep—
The while the beasts who slew us keep
This slender strip, which is the all
Of earth that we, the dead, may call
Our own tonight! Though you may fall
Above, where now we hear you tread,
Win back the line for which we bled!
Oh, keep your faith with us, the dead!

KADRA MAYSI.

ROOSEVELT DEMANDS SPEED-UP OF WAR

Would Send 4,000,000 Fighters, Thousands of Guns, and a Vast Air Fleet by April.

EXCORIATES ALL PACIFISTS

Says We Must Make Ready to Solve Industrial Problems That Will Come with Peace.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 26.—Speed up the war, prepare to defend ourselves afterward and make ready to solve the industrial social problems which will come with peace, were the demands of Theodore Roosevelt expressed in an address he delivered here today at the centennial celebration of the admission of Illinois to statehood.

"The two great needs of the moment," said the Colonel, "are to insist upon thorough-going and absolute Americanism throughout this land and to speed up the war; and secondarily to these needs come the needs of beginning even now to make ready, to prepare for the tasks that are to come after the war, the task of preparing so that never again shall war find us helpless, and the task of preparing for the social and industrial problems which this earth-shaking conflict of giants will leave in its ruinous wake.

"To insist upon thorough-going, 100 per cent. Americanism among all our people is merely another way of saying that we insist upon being a nation proud of our national past and confident of our future as the greatest of the nations of mankind; for if we permit our people to be split into a score of different nationalities, each speaking a different language and each paying its real soul homage to some national ideal overseas, we shall not be a nation at all, but merely a polyglot boarding house, and nobody feels much loyalty to a polyglot boarding house or is proud to belong to it.

American Pacifism Disloyal.

"We are not internationalists. We are American nationalists. We intend to do justice to all other nations. But in the last four years the professed internationalists, like the profound pacifists, have played the game of brutal German autocracy, the game of the militaristic and capitalistic tyranny which now absolutely rules the Prussianized Germany of the Hohenzollerns. American pacifism has been the tool and ally of German militarism, and has represented, and always will represent, deep disloyalty to our beloved country.

"For the moment the pacifists and internationalists and pro-Germans dare not be noisy. But let our people beware of them as soon as the peace negotiations begin and from that time onward. They have worked with the past and they will work together in the future, the pro-Germans furnishing the most powerful and most sinister element of the combination, while the pacifists and the internationalists prance in the foreground and furnish the rhetoric.

"Let our people remember that for the two and a half years before we entered the war the pacifists clamorously insisted that if we kept unprepared we would avoid war. Well, we tried the experiment. We kept completely unprepared. Even after we broke off diplomatic relations with Germany we refused to make the slightest preparation, and nevertheless we drifted into the war. Pacifism and unpreparedness never keep a nation out of war. They invite war, and they insure that if war comes it shall be costly and long-drawn-out and bloody.

"Let us remember this when the peace comes. Don't trust the pacifists; they are the enemies of righteousness. Don't trust the internationalists; they are the enemies of nationalism and Americanism.

"When peace comes let us accept any reasonable proposal, whether calling for a league of nations or for any other machinery, which we can in good faith act upon, and which does really offer some chance of lessening the number of future wars and diminishing their area. But let us remember that any promise that such a league or other piece of machinery will definitely do away with war is either sheer nonsense or rank hypocrisy.

An Army of the People.

"Let us rest our strength on an army which shall consist not of a special caste, but of the people themselves; on an army produced by the universal obligatory training of all our young men some time between the ages of 19 and 21.

"This is for the future. Our immediate duty is to win the war. We must speed up this to the limit. We must try to finish it at the earliest possible moment, but be resolved to finish it, no matter how long it takes. We must insist on the peace of complete and overwhelming victory. We must remember that a huge army put in the field at the time will accomplish what the same number of men put into the field in driblets can never accomplish. We have a much larger population and much greater natural resources than Germany or than France and England combined.

"Therefore by next Spring we should have thousands of our own field guns, and scores of thousands of our own airplanes at the front, and an enormous ship tonnage in which to ferry across the ocean no many troops that by April we may have 4,000,000 trained fighting men at the front, not counting non-combatants and reserves. The age limits for the draft should be greatly increased and the exemptions greatly diminished."

Colonel Roosevelt enumerated some of the industrial problems that must be solved. He advocated co-operation among individuals and control by the Government to help business men succeed, but demanded a fair division of profits among all concerned. Workingmen, he said, should have their right insured to collective action, including collective bargaining. In a very real sense, he said, they should be made partners in the business, with a share in the profits and, at least along certain lines, a share in the control. But there must be no limiting of production, no reduction of the efficiency of the skillful and hard-working men to the plane of the shiftless and inefficient.

Insuring the rights of the farmer, he declared, should be a cardinal feature of the national policy. The farmer should be enabled to own his own farm. The national agricultural department, he urged, should be completely reorganized and its activities made more productive. Legislation to make the working farmer a land owner should be at once enacted.

"Drastic action should be taken," said Colonel Roosevelt," to stop the purchase of agricultural land for speculative purposes. A system of marketing must be developed so as to do away with the hold-up methods that, in so many places, still obtain. There must be co-operation on a large scale among the farmers in marketing their products."

DAILY PAPERS AT 5 CENTS.

Atlanta Publications Announce Increase—Baltimore Editions Up, Too.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 26.—Both Atlanta afternoon newspapers, the Journal and the Georgian, announced today that, effective Sept. 1, the street sale price will be increased from three to five cents for the daily edition and from five to seven cents for the Sunday editions. Yearly subscriptions will be advanced about $1.75.

The Constitution, the only morning paper, remains at five cents for daily editions, but Sunday editions will be increased to seven cents, with an advance in subscription rates corresponding to the new rates of the afternoon papers.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 26.—All three of Baltimore's evening newspapers—The News, Star, and Evening Sun—today announced an advance in price from one cent to two cents, due to the mounting costs of white paper and general charges of newspapers.

MINISTER ADMITS DEFEAT.

German Official Says Loss of Ground Is Not Important.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—A diplomatic dispatch received from Basle today quotes the German War Minister as having said in an interview in the Morgen Post that the question of territory does "not play any part" in the present military operations.

"Unfortunately," the Minister is credited with asserting, "too much has been said about it. It is true that the last operations have not been attended with the success for which we had hoped. We have experienced some setbacks and, let us confess it, suffered a defeat. At the front ever since the beginning the possibilities of a check have been admitted, but in the rear such a reverse constitutes a warning, for it shows us that the war is not yet finished. What has to be done now is to drive back the enemy attacks and spare our own forces."

A diplomatic telegram from Berne states that, according to the Augsburger Abend Zeitung of Munich, the General commanding the district of Madgeburg, Prussia, has published a regulation threatening any person who spreads alarmist rumors with a year's imprisonment and a fine of 1,000 marks. Persons who ask questions likely to lead to affirmations of that nature will be subject to like penalties.

The Berliner Zeitung, says a Geneva dispatch, states that Imperial Chancellor von Hertling has exercised great pressure on leaders of the Reichstag in order to make them abandon their intention of demanding the convocation of the Reichstag Main Committee.

The Munich Neuste Nachrichten deplores the fact that the Reichstag itself will not be convoked soon, chiefly on account of the effect that this will produce outside Germany.

FINED BY FOOD BOARD.

Francis H. Leggett & Co. Turn In $1,400 to Red Cross.

The Federal Food Board announced yesterday that Francis H. Leggett & Co. had contributed $1,400.33 to the American Red Cross as penalty for taking excess profit on certain lots of barley flour and rice flour. The firm realized 12 per cent., it was said, whereas the margin allowed is 10 per cent. The amount paid to the Red Cross represented the excess.

The Food Board also issued a statement correcting the impression reported to exist in some parts of the trade that rye flour may now be used as substitute only to the extent of one-fifth of the substitute required, except in cases where large stocks of dark or medium rye on hand are in danger of spoiling. In such cases application should be made to the Food Board for permission to use rye flour as a substitute in larger quantities than permitted under the rules of July 19.

Harry Eckstein, a flour dealer at 3 Ainslie Street, Brooklyn, has been found guilty by the board of taking excessive profits for wheat flour. He had the option of contributing $3,619.08 to the Red Cross or having his license suspended. Eckstein, however, asked permission to sell some flour at a loss to the extent of the contribution suggested, and the board consented.

SEEK RECRUITS FOR SIBERIA

Brigade of British and Canadians Will Be Sent There Direct.

Major C. Brooman White, in charge of the British and Canadian Recruiting Mission at 220 West Forty-second Street, yesterday announced that beginning today volunteers will be accepted for the Siberian Expeditionary Force and that recruiting for this service will continue for two weeks only. The brigade will include artillery, infantry and engineer units and will be sent direct to Siberia without delay. Recruits accepted will receive the same pay as the Canadian soldiers.

Because of an urgent request from London for more fighting men, Major White yesterday emphasized the fact that Canadians and Britons between the ages of 20 and 45 years ought to realize the importance of the draft treaty now in force between the United States and Great Britain. Under this treaty recruits will not be accepted for service in the British or Canadian forces after Sept. 28, 1918. Those who have failed to answer the call will then be drafted by the United States Government.

THRIFT DRIVE SUM ASSURED.

Renewed Efforts of Salesmen Promise $25,000,000 Here.

Determined to raise $5,000,000 a day in the sale of War Savings Stamps for the remaining days of their $25,000,000 drive, the salesmen of the city renewed their efforts with such vigor yesterday as to make their goal certain of achievement before Friday night, when the campaign ends.

One feature of the drive was carried on in Wall Street yesterday with the aid of some of the well-known newspaper cartoonists, who drew cartoons on the steps of the Sub-Treasury. Among these were Oscar Cesare, Jimmy Swinnerton, and Tom McNamara. Their drawings were auctioned off at once for subscriptions in War Savings Stamps, the cartoon by Cesare being obtained by Martin Vogel, Jr., the five-weeks-old son of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States, for $1,000.

Addresses were delivered by Martin Vogel, Assistant Treasurer of the United States; William Fellowes Morgan, President of the Merchants' Association, and Roy F. Soule of the National War Savings Committee.

SEIZED COTTON TO BE SOLD.

Palmer Offers 950 Bales Once Owned by Enemy Aliens.

A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian, announced yesterday that all of the cotton in this vicinity held for export to Germany or elsewhere after the war, and formerly owned by enemy aliens, would be sold on Thursday, Aug. 29, at Providence, R. I. The lot contains 560 bales, and constitutes the remainder of the 1,250 bales stored in the Terminal Warehouse Company's plant at Providence. The cotton will be disposed of on the basis of 500 pounds to the bale, but without guaranty of quality or weight.

By order of the Alien Property Custodian, 7,549 bales of devitalized wheat gluten, amounting to 2,057,000 pounds, were sold yesterday at public auction at the Rossiter Stores at Fifty-ninth Street and North River. The sale was conducted by Horace O. Kilbourn. The entire amount of wheat gluten was purchased by Armour & Co., for 6¼ cents a pound.

CRITICISE THE WEBB LAW.

Argentinans Fear It Will Hamper Freedom of Their Markets.

BUENOS AIRES, Aug. 25.—The Webb law, which has been passed by the United States Congress and permits American exporters to co-operate in foreign trade, is sharply criticised in a long editorial printed today by La Epoca, the Government newspaper. This measure has been repeatedly attacked by other leading newspapers of Argentina.

"South American markets will be left to fight as best they can against the same commercial practices which are prohibited between the States," says La Epoca. "It is not likely we shall find tolerable that which the States have prohibited because it was obnoxious to them."

The newspaper expresses the hope that after the war the competition of other nations will counterbalance the effect of the Webb law in Argentina.

MINISTER ADMITS DEFEAT.

German Official Says Loss of Ground Is Not Important.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—A diplomatic dispatch received from Basle today quotes the German War Minister as having said in an interview in the Morgen Post that the question of territory does "not play any part" in the present military operations.

"Unfortunately," the Minister is credited with asserting, "too much has been said about it. It is true that the last operations have not been attended with the success for which we had hoped. We have experienced some setbacks and, let us confess it, suffered a defeat. At the front ever since the beginning the possibilities of a check have been admitted, but in the rear such a reverse constitutes a warning, for it shows us that the war is not yet finished. What has to be done now is to drive back the enemy attacks and spare our own forces."

A diplomatic telegram from Berne states that, according to the Augsburger Abend Zeitung of Munich, the General commanding the district of Madgeburg, Prussia, has published a regulation threatening any person who spreads alarmist rumors with a year's imprisonment and a fine of 1,000 marks. Persons who ask questions likely to lead to affirmations of that nature will be subject to like penalties.

The Berliner Zeitung, says a Geneva dispatch, states that Imperial Chancellor von Hertling has exercised great pressure on leaders of the Reichstag in order to make them abandon their intention of demanding the convocation of the Reichstag Main Committee.

The Munich Neuste Nachrichten deplores the fact that the Reichstag itself will not be convoked soon, chiefly on account of the effect that this will produce outside Germany.

FINED BY FOOD BOARD.

Francis H. Leggett & Co. Turn In $1,400 to Red Cross.

The Federal Food Board announced yesterday that Francis H. Leggett & Co. had contributed $1,400.33 to the American Red Cross as penalty for taking excess profit on certain lots of barley flour and rice flour. The firm realized 12 per cent., it was said, whereas the margin allowed is 10 per cent. The amount paid to the Red Cross represented the excess.

The Food Board also issued a statement correcting the impression reported to exist in some parts of the trade that rye flour may now be used as substitute only to the extent of one-fifth of the substitute required, except in cases where large stocks of dark or medium rye on hand are in danger of spoiling. In such cases application should be made to the Food Board for permission to use rye flour as a substitute in larger quantities than permitted under the rules of July 19.

Harry Eckstein, a flour dealer at 3 Ainslie Street, Brooklyn, has been found guilty by the board of taking excessive profits for wheat flour. He had the option of contributing $3,619.08 to the Red Cross or having his license suspended. Eckstein, however, asked permission to sell some flour at a loss to the extent of the contribution suggested, and the board consented.

SEEK RECRUITS FOR SIBERIA

Brigade of British and Canadians Will Be Sent There Direct.

Major C. Brooman White, in charge of the British and Canadian Recruiting Mission at 220 West Forty-second Street, yesterday announced that beginning today volunteers will be accepted for the Siberian Expeditionary Force and that recruiting for this service will continue for two weeks only. The brigade will include artillery, infantry and engineer units and will be sent direct to Siberia without delay. Recruits accepted will receive the same pay as the Canadian soldiers.

Because of an urgent request from London for more fighting men, Major White yesterday emphasized the fact that Canadians and Britons between the ages of 20 and 45 years ought to realize the importance of the draft treaty now in force between the United States and Great Britain. Under this treaty recruits will not be accepted for service in the British or Canadian forces after Sept

BRITISH WOMEN SAY 'WAR TILL VICTORY'

They Stand With Lloyd George and Against Pacifism, Says Mrs. Pankhurst.

GIVES OUT THEIR PLATFORM

Tells What They Have Done and Warns Against Coming Propaganda to Let Bulgaria Out.

Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the English suffragist leader, author and lecturer, returned to New York yesterday after a tour through the Eastern cities delivering addresses on women's work in the war and a visit to Washington.

After delivering a speech in New York on Labor Day in which at the request of Samuel Gompers, she will deal with the ruin of Russia by the Bolsheviki, Mrs. Pankhurst will go to Canada and then to England for the general election in October to fight for Lloyd George.

Mrs. Pankhurst said yesterday:

"It has been stated that our party was in favor of the Socialist Labor program. That is the very one we have been fighting against. Lloyd George has not got a machine behind him in the coming general election like the 'Wait and See' Liberal leader, Asquith, but he has the women voters with him and we are fighters from the start.

"All the real English people who believe in the win-the-war policy will stand solid with Lloyd George, and the only ones against him will be the pacifist 'Germany-is-not-so-bad' type and the backers of the Bolshevik propaganda now being circulated in England.

"Asquith, with his delay, linger and wait-a-while policy will never get control of the Government again while the women have the power to prevent it."

Platform of the Women.

Mrs. Pankhurst made public this platform of the Woman's Party in England:

War till victory, followed by a peace imposed upon the Germans and their allies which, by withdrawing subject populations from their control and by reducing their mineral and other warlike resources, will make it physically impossible for the Germans to wage another war with any prospects of success. The peace terms to include those indicated in the Allies' note to President Wilson, as follows:

"The restitution of provinces formerly torn from the Allies by force or against the wish of the inhabitants; the liberation of the Italians, also of the Slavs, Rumanians, and Czechoslovaks from foreign domination; the setting free of the populations subject to the bloody tyranny of the Turks, and the turning out of Europe of the Ottoman Empire as decidedly foreign to Western civilization."

In particular, the peace terms to include the restoration to France of Alsace and Lorraine and the dismemberment of the ramshackle Hapsburg Empire, these changes in the map of Europe being essential as a guarantee of future peace.

The adoption of more radical and vigorous war measures, with a view to securing complete and speedy victory. Such measures to include:

Food rationing, accompanied by the development of communal kitchens, so as to economize domestic labor, reduce food waste, and guarantee to the people the best possible food at the lowest possible prices, cooked in the most skillful way, so that its full nutritive value may be secured.

All non-essential industry to be now reduced and even prohibited in order to liberate additional labor power for agriculture and war industry and fighting power for the trenches.

Efficient and loyal public service to be guaranteed by holding all Government departments of officials having enemy blood or connections, and of all officials who have pacifist and pro-German leanings, or have displayed lack of the necessary zeal and competence.

Better co-ordination of the military, naval, and aerial efforts of the Allies. Such co-ordination to be based on the principle of pooling the honor and the resources of the Allies.

She pointed out that the Woman's Party had accomplished the following things since the beginning of the war:

Set an example of loyalty and unity, undertook a great patriotic campaign, supported military service and held recruiting meetings, pioneered and campaigned for the employment of women in munition works, which was the cause of increasing Britain's military strength; sent women speakers all over the world to uphold the Allies' cause at public meetings, carried war into the pacifists' camp and refuted their arguments; attacked the evil of German influence in England; waged war on the "wait and see" war policy of the late Asquith government; fought against every form of compromise peace; devoted every effort against strike agitation, and roused the industrial workers to greater efforts in the national cause.

'Ware the New Peace Offensive.

In speaking of the expected German peace campaign this Fall, Mrs. Pankhurst said:

"It has already commenced in England and France with the intriguing over the proposal to declare Bulgaria a republic and grant her a separate peace, which is being carried on by the pro-Bulgarian-Balkan sympathisers. This would be a great injustice to Serbia and Rumania and a violation of the Treaty of Bucharest which was signed some time before the war commenced in August, 1914.

"My daughter, Christabel Pankhurst, who is the head of the Woman's Party in London, sent me a cable today containing a copy of the protest which she sent on behalf of the organization to Premier Lloyd George as a protest against Bulgaria being allowed to make a separate peace whether the Government becomes republican or not. The message reads:

The Women's Party, having noticed a rumor that Bulgaria may declare herself a republic, nevertheless feels assured that the British Government, having regard for the fact that the Bulgarian people are equally responsible with their sovereign for the aggressive and iniquitous national policy of Bulgaria, which is the Prussia of the Balkans, will refuse to make any compromise peace with Bulgaria, whether that country be under a monarchical or a republican regime. Especially in view of the fact that any form of compromise peace would invoke spoliation of our faithful and heroic allies, Serbia, Rumania, and Greece, and would involve also the violation of British and allied pledges and honorable obligations to maintain Serbia, Rumania, and Greece in the possession of all territory they held before the war under the original Treaty of Bucharest.

"The German peace drive," Mrs. Pankhurst continued, "has already started in the United States by the dissemination of the reports that Germany is starving, her people are rioting and pulling down the Emperor's picture and that the army has lost its spirit. Each time the Allies have driven the Huns back the same reports have been sent out via Switzerland or Holland, and these are followed by the various peace offers through neutral countries.

"I do not think for one minute that England would make peace now with the enemy, but there are men there and in France who will try to circulate the let-bygones-be-bygones humanitarian talk to try to influence the people. America has done a great work toward ending the war by sending an army to Russia we must go on fighting the Bolsheviki until their power over the people has been eradicated for all time."

Eddie Foy and Six at the Palace.

Eddie Foy and the younger Foys—reduced from seven to six by the enlistment of the eldest—are the headliners at the Palace this week in an amusing Irish-Italian act entitled "Slumwhere." Lester Sheehan and Pearl Regay, presenting songs, dances, and one thing and another, scored heavily with the matinée audience, and the program also included the popular Maud Lambert and Ernest Ball, the still more popular Van and Schenck, and Herbert Clifton.

Miss Costikyan Weds Ensign.

The marriage of Richard Boardman Stanley, Ensign, United States Navy Reserves, F. C., a son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Stanley of Lincoln, N. H., and Miss Vera Costikyan, a daughter of M. N. Costikyan of 423 West 120th Street, was celebrated at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Broadway Tabernacle, the Rev. William A. Kirkwood, the assistant pastor, officiating. The bride was attended by her sister-in-law, Mrs. Costikyan, wife of Lieutenant Kevork Costikyan, U. S. A., Camp Meade, Md. Ensign Stanley had his brother, Herbert W. Stanley, as his best man, and there were no ushers. Ensign Stanley will take his bride to Hampton Roads, where he is stationed.

La Vie-Hellner Engagement.

George A. La Vie of 24 West Eighty-eighth Street, New York, announces the engagement of his daughter, Miss Mary La Vie, to Van Camden Hellner, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hellner of Philadelphia and Spring Lake, N. J. No date has been set for the wedding.

JESSE R. GRANT, JUST DIVORCED, MARRIES

Youngest Son of Late President, Aged 60, Weds Mrs. Lillian B. Wilkins, Widow, 41.

BEGAN NEVADA SUIT IN 1914

Lawyer Announced His Candidacy for Democratic Nomination for Presidency in 1908.

Jesse Root Grant, the youngest son of the late President Ulysses S. Grant, who obtained a Nevada divorce last week, and Mrs. Lillian Burns Wilkins of Inwood, N. Y., were married in this city yesterday afternoon after they had obtained a license from City Clerk Scully. Mr. Grant gave his age as 60 and his residence as 617 Fifth Avenue, the number of the Democratic Club, and Mrs. Wilkins gave her age as 41, and said she was a widow. Mr. Grant could not be reached at the Democratic Club last evening, but at the home of Mrs. Wilkins it was said that the marriage ceremony had been performed and that Mr. and Mrs. Grant had left the city for a few weeks.

Mr. Grant was born in St. Louis and was graduated from Columbia Law School in 1879, and in 1880 married Miss Elizabeth Chapman, a daughter of William S. Chapman of San Francisco, by whom he has two children, a son, Chapman Grant, aged 35, and a daughter, Mrs. Nellie Grant Cronan, the wife of a naval officer, aged 30.

In 1914 he began divorce proceedings in Goldfield, Nev., alleging his wife's desertion as the cause. He obtained a decree, but Mrs. Grant had the decree set aside. On Aug. 21 he again obtained a decree on the ground of desertion in Tonopah, Nev. This time Mrs. Grant did not contest the suit.

In 1908, after a stump speech tour through the South and West, Mr. Grant announced at the Manhattan Club, this city, his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the Presidency in opposition to W. J. Bryan.

Obituary Notes.

Policeman WILLIAM BARRETT, 58 years old, died yesterday at Gouverneur Hospital. He lived at 385 Second Avenue.

OSCAR NICHOLS, 61 years old, a Government inspector of finished uniforms, died suddenly at noon yesterday at 62 West Fourteenth Street.

GEORGE SELLECK, a member of the Greenwich, (Conn.,) Board of Estimate and Taxation, died on Saturday at his home in Stanwich, Conn.

Mrs. EMMA J. DOWLING, 45 years old, wife of Detective John J. Dowling of the Sixteenth Inspection District, died yesterday in the Holy Family Hospital, Brooklyn.

Professor AUGUST WALTHER, who directed a conservatory of music in Erie, Penn., and formerly in the Bedford section of Brooklyn, died at Erie on Friday.

Mrs. JULIA CLOWES, wife of Norris A. Clowes, editorial manager of the Brooklyn office of The New York World, died yesterday at her home, 146 Pierrepont Street, Brooklyn, aged 77 years.

JOHN GOLDER, employed for many years by the F. D. Brewster Company, manufacturing confectioners, died yesterday in Flower Hospital in his forty-fifth year. His home was at 325 East Sixty-sixth Street.

JOSEPH C. MAIGNE, associated with his brother in the O. J. Maigne Company, manufacturer of printers' rollers at 358 Pearl St., died on Sunday at his residence, 1,112 Dean Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Maigne was a member of the 13th Regiment of Brooklyn during the civil war.

Mrs. FLORETTA WEIL BAUER, a native of Alsace-Lorraine, France, where her husband, Michael Bauer, was formerly in the cattle business, died at her home, 107 Euclid Avenue, Cypress Hills, on Saturday. She was 71 years old.

Mrs. ELLEN M. SWIFT, widow of Dr. William Swift, died on Saturday at her home, 54 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn. Mrs. Swift came of Colonial ancestry, and was formerly active in the work of the P. E. Church of St. Luke.

CHARLES HOPKINS HARTSHORNE, Chairman of the New Jersey State Board of Bar Examiners and a lecturer at New York Law school, died yesterday, in his fifth year, at his home, 67 Warren Place, Montclair, N. J. He was senior member of the law firm of Hartshorne, Insley & Leake of Jersey City.

CRANMORE N. WALLACE of Boston, long identified with New England textile properties and President of the Ludlow Manufacturing Association, controlling eleven mills, died yesterday in Beverly, Mass. He was 74 years old.

LAUNCH 19 SHIPS; 8 MORE FINISHED

Record for Last Week—Launchings to Date Total 535, with 2,923,973 Tonnage.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Nineteen ships were launched last week for the Emergency Fleet Corporation. Eight were steel ships contracted for, one a requisitioned steel ship, and ten wooden. This brings the total number of ships thus far launched to 535, with an aggregate tonnage of 2,923,973 deadweight.

In addition two steel requisitioned ships, five steel contract, and one wooden ship were completed for the corporation.

The contract steel ship launchings were:

Builder and Name of Ship.	Tonnage.
Moore S. B. Co., Zirkel	9,600
Bethlehem S. S. Corp., Berwyn	7,400
Los Angeles S. B. and D. D. Co., Wilmington	8,600
American S. B. Co., Lake Arrowsmith	3,350
American S. B. Co., Lake Galera	3,350
American S. B. Co., Lake Alavada	3,500
American S. B. Co., Lake Gaspar	3,350
American S. B. Co., Lake Fen du Lac	3,550

Total number of ships—8; deadweight tons, 43,350.

Total contract ships launched to date—99; deadweight tons, 633,350.

The requisitioned steel ship launching was:

Builder and Name of Ship.	Tonnage.
New York S. B. Co., E. L. Doheny III.	12,300

Total requisition ships launched to date—207; deadweight tons, 1,694,523.

Grand total steel ships launched to date—306, deadweight tons, 2,328,873.

The wooden ships launched were:

Builder and Name of Ship.	Tonnage.
Traylor S. B. Corp., Buhisan	3,500
Crowninshield S. B. Co., Fame	Tug
Southern D. D. & S. B. Co., Arenas	3,500
Pacific American Fisheries, Bobring	3,500
Northwest Engr. Works, Potter	Tug
Fulton S. B. Co., Cocopa	3,500
Grant Smith Porter S. Co., Latoka	3,500
Peninsula S. B. Co., Braxton	4,000
Skinner & Eddy Corp., Babcock	7,500
Nilson & Keles, Octorara	3,500

Total wooden ships launched to date—136, 553,600 tons.

Total tugs launched to date—2.

Total composite launched to date—11, 41,500 tons.

Total launched—169, 807,100 tons.

The requisitioned steel ships completed and delivered during the week were:

Name, Place, and Class.	Tonnage.
W. S. Rheem, Alameda, Cal., tanker	10,475
Lake Borgne, Superior, Wis., cargo	3,500

The contract steel ships completed were:

Name, Place, and Class.	Tonnage.
*Crawl Keyes, Ecorse, Mich., cargo	3,350
West Galoc, Los Angeles, Cal., cargo	8,500
Lake Gadney, Cleveland, Ohio, cargo	3,850
Lake Elko, Lorain, Ohio, cargo	3,550
Lake Ormoc, Detroit, Mich., cargo	3,350

*Completed last week, but not reported in time.

The other ship completed during the week was the Bellota, a wood and composite ship of 3,500 tons.

So far the grand total of deliveries of steel, wood, and composite ships have been 281 vessels, with a deadweight tonnage of 1,725,731.

Fishing craft destroyed by German submarines off the New England coast will be replaced by the Emergency Fleet Corporation at the request of the Food Administration with deep sea modern trawlers. Construction will be begun immediately on seventy-five vessels, to be in operation on the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts and in the Gulf of Mexico early in 1919. The Food Administration asked for the boats in order to increase the production of salt water fish.

PRINCE RUPPRECHT TO WED.

Luxemburg Princess to be Bride of German Army Commander.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 26.—King Leopold of Bavaria, at a family dinner on Sunday, according to an official statement made in Munich, announced the engagement of Crown Prince Rupprecht to the Princess Antoinette of Luxemburg.

Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria, who has been in command of the German armies on the northern front in the west, recently went to Munich, it was reported, for a rest. His first wife died in 1912. The Crown Prince was born in 1869.

Princess Antoinette is one of the five sisters of the Grand Duchess Marie Adelaide of Luxemburg. All are unmarried. It has been reported several times through neutral sources that Emperor William was making vain attempts to have the Grand Duchess marry a German Prince. The Princess Antoinette is thirty years the junior of Crown Prince Rupprecht.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

COWING—WRIGHT.—At Brooklyn, N. Y., on Monday, Aug. 26, 1918, by the Rev. Dr. James M. Farrar, Edna D. Wright, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William A. Wright, to Captain Howard O. Cowing, U. S. A.

MORTON—DURYEA.—Helen Royce Duryea, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Jesse Townsend Duryea of Bronxville, N. Y., to Lieutenant Roger Morton, U. S. A., son of Dr. and Mrs. Daniel Morton of St. Joseph, Mo., at Fort Riley, Kan., on Saturday, Aug. 24.

SHERMAN—DECKER.—On Aug. 26, 1918, at Morgan Chapel, Church of the Heavenly Rest, New York City, Alice Mills, daughter of the late David H. and L. Cecilia Decker, to Dr. Irving P. Sherman.

STANLEY—COSTIKYAN.—On Monday, Aug. 26, at the Broadway Tabernacle, by the Rev. William A. Kirkwood, Vera Costikyan to Richard Boardman Stanley, Ensign, United States Naval Reserve Flying Corps.

Died.

ADAMS.—In Canaan, Conn., Aug. 25, Sarah Walker Adams, in the eighty-third year of her age.

ADAMS.—On Sunday, Aug. 25, 1918, Mary Louise, wife of the late Frederick M. Adams. Funeral service at her late residence, 180 West Ninety-second Street, on Tuesday, Aug. 27, at 2 o'clock.

BEHREND.—May. For information refer to "FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway and 66th St. Frank E. Campbell.

BERNSTEIN.—Abraham, Aug. 26, at the Lenox Hill Hospital. Funeral services to be held Bialystocker Synagogue, Willett Street, between Grand and Broome, on Tuesday, Aug. 27, 1 P. M.

BISHOP.—At Dunellen, N. J., Aug. 26, Audrey, infant daughter of Oakes E. and Edna Smith Bishop. Funeral services at the residence of her parents, 751 Beck St., Bronx, Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment private.

BOSCHEN.—Entered into eternal rest, Ottilie M. Heuer, dearly beloved wife of John H. Boschen, Sunday, Aug. 25, 1918. Funeral services at her late home, 416 West 154th St., Tuesday evening, Aug. 27, at 8 o'clock.

BRATTIGAM.—At Montclair, N. J., Sunday morning, Aug. 25, 1918, Sophie S., wife of Frederick A. Brattigam, and daughter of the late Richard and Sophia Stone Sears. Funeral private.

COHEN.—On Sunday, Aug. 25, at the New Monterey Hotel, North Asbury Park, N. J., Justina, wife of the late Mendes Cohen of Baltimore, and daughter of the late Benjamin and Emily Grace Nathan. Interment in Baltimore, Md.

COHEN.—On Monday, Aug. 26, Gussie, nee White, in her 61st year, widow of the late Morris Cohen and beloved mother of Sylvester, Pearl Ulmer, and Hortense Kursman. Funeral services Aug. 28, 1918, from her late residence, 875 West 180th St., at 1 o'clock. St. Louis papers please copy.

DE MARTINI.—On Sunday, Aug. 25, Paul Michael De Martini, beloved son of John De Martini, in his 21st year. Funeral from his late residence, 375 Arlington Av., Jersey City, on Wednesday, Aug. 28, at 10 A. M., to the Church of St. Patrick, on Grand St., where a solemn high mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment in family plot in Calvary Cemetery.

DOUBLEDAY.—At Freeport, N. Y., Aug. 26, 1918, Nettie Dimon Doubleday, widow of William C. Doubleday. Funeral from home of Mrs. Walter C. Rhodes, 231 Whaley Av., Freeport, N. Y., Wednesday, at 3 P. M. Train leaves Pennsylvania Station, 1:55 P. M.

DRURY.—On Aug. 25, Elizabeth C., (Lila,) beloved daughter of the late Hugh and Ellen Drury and sister of the Rev. Martin J. Drury. Funeral from her late residence, 339 East 141st St., Wednesday, Aug. 28, at 9:30 A. M., thence to St. Jerome's Church, 138th St. and Alexander Av.

FAUSS.—At Red Bank, N. J., Aug. 24, 1918, Daniel Fauss, father of Dennis C. and Albert J. Fauss, in his 86th year. Solemn requiem mass at St. James Church, Red Bank, Tuesday, Aug. 27, at 10 A. M.

FINLEY.—Monday, Aug. 26, 1918, Freeman J., beloved husband of Wilhelmina Finley. Funeral services at his late residence, 228 East 170th Street, Wednesday evening, Aug. 28, at 8 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

FORSTER.—Suddenly, on Monday, Aug. 26, 1918, Frank Forster, aged 58 years. Interment at Pennington, N. J.

GALLAGHER.—On Aug. 25, Terrence Gallagher. Funeral from his late residence, 20 Edgecombe Av., on Tuesday, Aug. 27, 9:30 A. M. Requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul at St. Charles Borromeo's Church, 211 West 141st St., at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

GORDON.—Monday, Aug. 26, Elizabeth MacNeil Gordon, daughter of Charles Walton and the late Elizabeth M. Wylie Gordon, in her 19th year. Funeral private at the home of her aunt, Miss Grace L. Gordon, Flushing, L. I.

HARTSHORNE.—At Montclair, N. J., early Monday morning, Aug. 26, 1918, Charles H., son of the late Samuel H. and Elizabeth V. Hartshorne, in his 67th year. Private funeral services will be held at his home, 67 Warren Place, Montclair, Wednesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Friends are kindly requested not to send flowers.

HAUCK.—On Sunday evening, Aug. 25, at the home of her daughter, Louise Truberg, Malverne, L. I., Louisa Hauck, nee Grunig, in her 59th year, beloved wife of Louis Hauck, mother of Louis, Matilda, Henry, and Louise. Funeral services at St. Luke's Lutheran Church, 424 St., between 7th and 8th Avs., New York, Wednesday Aug. 28, at 2 P. M. Interment Woodlawn.

HEWART.—On Aug. 14, killed in action with the British Royal Air Force in France, Lieutenant Richard Alexander Hewat of North Adams, Mass., aged 22 years.

Died.

HILL.—On Sunday, Aug. 25, at her residence, 126 West 94th St., Caroline Gertrude, daughter of the late Charles Montgomery and Caroline Gertrude Hamerslein Hill. Funeral services at Pottsville, Penn., on Tuesday, Aug. 27.

JACOBS.—Florence, on Sunday, Aug. 25, after a short illness, the dearly beloved daughter of Mae and the late Nellie Saxe Jacobs. Funeral from Meyers & Co. Funeral Parlor, 228 Lenox Av. Funeral private.

JOHNSON.—At Newark, N. J., on Monday, Aug. 26, 1918, Monroe P. Johnson, husband of Annie A. Johnson. Funeral services will be held at his home, 520 Clifton Av., Newark, on Thursday, Aug. 29, at 2:30 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Interment at the convenience of the family.

KELLOGG.—At Katonah, N. Y., on Sunday evening, Aug. 25, 1918, Gardner J. Kellogg. Funeral service from the residence of his son, Henry W. Kellogg, Wednesday afternoon, Aug. 28, at 1:30 o'clock. Burial at Woodland Cemetery in Stamford, Conn.

LONSDALE.—At Montclair, N. J., Monday evening, Aug. 26, 1918, James Lonsdale, in his 82d year. Funeral services will be held at his home, 174 Montclair Av., Wednesday morning, 10 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

McARDLE.—On Monday, Aug. 26, 1918, Vincent McArdle, beloved husband of Ethel Furness and brother of Peter, Frank, Thomas, and Harry McArdle, and Mrs. Elsie Gilfeather, in the 32d year of his age. Funeral Wednesday at 10 A. M., with mass of requiem at St. Monica's Church, Washington St., Jamaica, N. Y. Interment Cavalry Cemetery.

MAGUIRE.—Thomas John, beloved husband of Margaret Maguire, (nee McCarthy,) and son of Francis Maguire and brother of Margaret and Michael, died Aug. 25, 1918. Funeral from residence of his father, 110 Rogers Avenue, Brooklyn. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

MAIGNE.—On Sunday, Aug. 25, 1918, Joseph C., of 1,112 Dean St., Brooklyn. Funeral services will be held at his late residence on Tuesday, Aug. 27, 1918, at 8 P. M.

MANHEIMER.—Hannah, on Monday, Aug. 26, 1918, at her residence, 212 East 60th St., in her 70th year, widow the late Meier Manheimer and beloved mother of Jacob, Seligman, Abraham, and Joseph Manheimer and Caroline Stern. Funeral on Wednesday, Aug. 28, 1918, at 10 A. M., from Temple Rodeph Sholom, 63d St. and Lexington Av. Relatives, friends, and members of Temple Rodeph Sholom and Rodeph Sholom Sisterhood are respectfully invited to attend. Kindly omit flowers.

MAY.—Simon, dearly beloved father of Barbara Jacob, in his 90th year. Funeral from his late residence, 2,250 Grand Concourse, Tuesday, Aug. 27, 2 P. M.

MAY.—Noah Benevolent Society, officers and members, are requested to attend the funeral of our late brother, Simon May, from his late residence, 2,250 Grand Concourse, Tuesday, Aug. 27, at 2 P. M.
HERMAN BRAND, President.

MAY.—Simon. Brethren of Rehoboth Lodge are requested to attend the funeral of our late brother, Tuesday, 2 P. M., from 2,250 Grand Concourse. L. WEILER, Pres.
S. NATHAN, Sec'y.

MELVILLE.—On Aug. 25, 1918, Luthera S. Melville. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 2,696 Creston Av., Bronx, on Tuesday, Aug. 27, at 2 P. M.

OTT.—Entered into rest after a short illness, Aug. 26, 1918, Louis Ott, Sr., in his 86th year. Services Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at his late residence, 313 East Seventeenth Street. Interment private, Woodlawn Cemetery.

OTTO.—Carl M., at Scarsdale, N. Y., on Sunday, Aug. 25, 1918. Funeral services at his late residence, 180 Claremont Av., New York City, on Thursday, Aug. 29, at 10 A. M.

RAYNOR.—Entered into rest Aug. 24, 1918, at his home, Westfield, N. J., Edwin Pitch Raynor, beloved husband of Sarah Stewart Raynor. Funeral private.

REES.—At Alexandria Bay, N. Y., on Friday, Aug. 23, 1918, Marguerite E., beloved wife of Charles S. Rees. Funeral services held at country home, Bella Vista, on the St. Lawrence River, Sunday, Aug. 25. Interment private, from her late residence, 170 West 73d St., N. Y. C., Tuesday, Aug. 27, 1918, at 2 P. M.

SAFFER.—Hyman, beloved husband of Anna, met with death through an automobile accident. Funeral at his late residence, 155 Blake Av., Tuesday, 10 A. M.

SCHLIM.—At Huntington, L. I., Aug. 26, 1918, Henry Schlim, in his 81st year. Funeral service will be held from the residence of Mrs. Herbert Roselle, Halesite, L. I., on Wednesday, Aug. 28, at 1 P. M. Interment Cypress Hills Cemetery, at 3:30 P. M.

SCOFIELD.—Suddenly on Sunday, Aug. 25, 1918, John W. Scofield; relatives and friends, also Mosaic Lodge No. 418, F. & A. M., and Crescent Chapter No. 220, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 70 Linden Avenue, Jersey City, on Tuesday, at 8 P. M. Funeral from St. Mark's Episcopal Church, Jersey Avenue, Jersey City, on Wednesday, at 10 A. M. Interment Montrose, Dak., S. D.

SIMON.—On Sunday, Aug. 25, Mrs. Laura Simon, (nee Loewenthal,) beloved wife of the late Tobias Simon, and beloved mother of Estelle and Irma. Funeral from her late residence, 68 Washington Av., Cedarhurst, L. I., at 1:30 P. M., Tuesday, Aug. 27. Interment at Salem Fields.

SIMON.—Members of Temple Israel of Far Rockaway are requested to attend the funeral of Mrs. Laura Simon from her late residence, 68 Washington Av., Cedarhurst, L. I., on Tuesday, Aug. 27, at 1:30 P. M.
E. LOUIS JACOBS,
Honorary Secretary.

SIMPSON.—Helen Bonham, daughter of the late John L. and Theresa C. Bonham, entered into rest Saturday, Aug. 24, 1918. Funeral from the residence of Dr. J. J. Baumann, South Nyack, N. Y., on Tuesday, Aug. 27, on arrival of train leaving Erie Depot, Jersey City, at 10:05 A. M.

SNIDER.—On Monday, Aug. 26, 1918, Anna M. Snider. Funeral services at her late residence, 62 North Walnut Street, East Orange, N. J., on Wednesday, Aug. 28, at 2:30 P. M.

Died.

TIERNEY.—A Month Mind Mass for the happy repose of the soul of the late Rev. Edw. J. Tierney, at St. Mary's Church, Rosebank, S. I., Aug. 29, at 10 A. M.

VAN BERGEN.—On Aug. 26, 1918, at Westport, Conn., Frances Ashton, daughter of the late John P. and Margaret C. Van Bergen, in the 76th year of her age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WASHBURN.—Lester M., 23 years, the son of Charles H. and Kitty M. Services at his late residence, 666 Park Place, Brooklyn, Wednesday, Aug. 28, 8 P. M. Funeral Thursday, Aug. 29, 10 A. M.

WATROUS.—At her home, Atlantic Highlands, N. J., Sunday, Aug. 25, Blanche, daughter of Amanda Bowne Watrous and the late Alexander C. Watrous.

WOODS.—At Hollis, L. I., Aug. 26, 1918, Hugh P., son of Ellen and the late Patrick H. Woods. Funeral from residence, Sagamore Av., 10:30 o'clock Thursday morning; thence to St. Gerard's Church, Hollis, for solemn requiem mass at 11 o'clock. Relatives and friends invited.

WRIGHT.—At White Plains, New York, Aug. 25, 1918, John Garner. Funeral services from his late residence, 65 Maple Avenue, White Plains, Wednesday afternoon, the 28th, at 4 o'clock.

WRIGHT.—At a special meeting of the Board of Governors of the Scarsdale Golf and Country Club held on Aug. 26, 1918, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

"Inasmuch as John G. Wright, a Governor and an officer of this, the Scarsdale Golf and Country Club, and a member endeared to us by a vigorous personality and a long association, died on Aug. 25, 1918, at the height of his vigor and usefulness,

"Resolved, That this testimonial, necessarily inadequate as it is, be spread upon the minutes of this club as a formal expression of what can only be expressed adequately in the feeling and sentiment of his friends and associates.

"An Englishman by birth, he brought to his American citizenship the sterling, downright qualities and best traditions of his race. He was a true sportsman, a staunch friend, and a loyal gentleman—a man whose loss could never be more keenly felt than in times like these."

O. H. CHENEY, President.
GEORGE A. HARWOOD, Secretary.

QUEBEC CHIEF JUSTICE DIES.

MONTREAL, Que., Aug. 26.—Sir Horace Archambault, Chief Justice of Quebec, died suddenly from heart disease at Trois Pistoles yesterday. He was 61 years old.

Educated at L'Assomption College and Laval University, Sir Horace had been Professor of Commercial and Maritime Law at Laval University since 1881. He was Attorney General and Speaker of the Legislative Council from 1897 to 1905, and in 1908 was appointed Judge of the King's Bench.

WILSON TAKES HAND IN REVENUE DISPUTE

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

Secretary McAdoo would be taken up by the Senate Finance Committee.

Kitchin Foretells Delay.

Chairman Kitchin said that because of the differences between his committee and the Treasury, the bill would not be reported as prompt'y as had been expected.

"We cannot get this bill out in time to get it through the House and Senate by Sept. 28—the time for the next loan—and therefore there is no need to rush it," he said.

Many House Democrats are anxious to have the revenue bill delayed until after the Congressional elections. It is asserted by some of these members, viewing the situation politically, that the enactment of the bill before November would prove detrimental to Democratic incumbent in close districts. Whether there are any political considerations operating, it is becoming apparent that the revenue bill cannot be enacted for at least another two months. Leaders in the Senate assert that at least five weeks will be given to hearings by the Finance Committee after the bill is received from the House and that fully a month will be consumed by debate in the Senate.

"I cannot see how the bill can be disposed of finally by the Senate before late in October or perhaps not until after the November election," said Senator Penrose. "The Senate Finance Committee does not intend to allow a bill of such magnitude to be rushed through the committee hastily. If there is a desire to hasten its passage, I cannot understand why the Ways and Means Committee should delay reporting it to the House."

In the Ways and Means Committee today Representative J. Hampton Moore made an unsuccessful attempt to persuade the committee to adopt a proposition advanced by him in the House and by Senator Weeks of Massachusetts in the Senate for the appointment of a committee to audit war expenses. The vote was along strict party lines. Mr. Moore said so much money was being appropriated that it was time for a strict accounting and audit.

Proposed Taxes on Beverages.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Coincident with negotiations started in the Senate between prohibition and anti-prohibition leaders to postpone the effective date of the wartime national prohibition measure to be taken up soon, provisions of the revenue bill dealing with taxes on intoxicating liquors became known.

The schedule for the taxation of beverages proposes that all distilled spirits, either in bond or produced or imported, shall be subjected to a tax of $4.40 on a proof gallon, or on a wine gallon, if below proof. Should the distilled spirits be withdrawn for manufacture or production, the tax would be doubled.

On imported perfumes containing distilled spirits a tax of $3.30 a wine gallon is proposed. A rectifier's tax of 30 cents a proof gallon is to be levied on beverages, not including gin, produced by redistillation or aromatics.

On distilled spirits produced in this country, or imported and held for sale when the bill becomes a law, a floor tax of $2.20 is proposed. In event these spirits are intended for sale as beverages or beverage manufacture the floor tax would be doubled. For articles on which the tax under the 1917 tax has been paid, and which are held for sale when the present bill becomes a law a floor tax of 15 cents a gallon is provided.

The bill proposes a tax of $6 a barrel of 31 gallons on beer, lager beer, ale, porter, and other fermented liquors. On wines the tax is 10 cents a gallon on wines containing 14 per cent. alcohol, 40 cents for 14 to 21 per cent., $1 for 21 to 24 per cent., and the distilled spirits tax on wines containing more than 24 per cent. A wine producers' tax of 60 cents a gallon on grape brandy or wine spirits used in fortifying wines is proposed.

Champagne is to be taxed 12 cents a half pint in bottles; artificially carbonated wines, 6 cents a half-pint bottle; liquor cordials and such beverages, 6 cents a half pint. On all sweet wine held for sale by the producer an additional tax of 20 cents a gallon is to be levied on grape brandy or wine spirits used in fortifying, and an additional tax of 30 cents a gallon on all grape brandy or wine spirits withdrawn by a producer of sweet wines for fortifying purposes.

Included in the schedule is an independent tax of 30 per cent. on the sale prices of beverages containing less than ½ per cent. of alcohol sold by the manufacturer, producer or importer, and 20 per cent. on all unfermented grape juice, ginger ale, root beer, sarsaparilla, pop, artificial mineral waters and other soft drinks, and 2 cents a gallon on all natural mineral table waters in bottles and on other waters selling for not more than 10 cents a gallon.

"The committee discussed a number of things today, including a provision regarding inadmissable assets in the calculation of capital under the excess profits tax," Chairman Kitchin said at the close of the session of the House Ways and Means Committee. "Inadmissable assets include stocks and bonds other than United States obligations from which income and dividends are not used in computing invested capital."

The bill as tentatively agreed upon provides that borrowed capital to the extent that it is invested in commonly termed inadmissable assets may be credited as part of the invested capital. The committee probably will modify this provision to meet the objection raised in the committee that it would permit companies with large bonded indebtedness to carry municipal and other bonds and thus obtain unfair credit for an overamount of invested capital.

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page 19.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan

"The Red Blood Builder"

YOUR pallor, your loss of strength, energy and ambition very likely are due to anemia. Anemia is *blood poverty*. Make your blood rich with Gude's Pepto-Mangan.

Pepto-Mangan is made only by
M. J. BREITENBACH CO., New York
Manufacturing Chemists
Sold by druggists everywhere

Study this picture so you will know how genuine Pepto-Mangan looks.

Do you want skin-health?

If you are suffering from some distressing, embarrassing skin ailment, why don't you get rid of it by using Resinol Ointment? Unless the trouble is due to some serious internal disorder, it quickly yields to Resinol, and in most cases is easily healed by it. The first application usually stops irritation and makes the skin feel cool and comfortable. Recommended with the utmost confidence because of its harmless ingredients. Aided by Resinol Soap it acts even more quickly.

Resinol

Sold by all druggists and dealers in toilet goods. Trial of each, free, Dept. 3-S, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

TO BE SOLD BY THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

The Property of

GEORGE BENDA

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, A. MITCHELL PALMER, Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale to the highest bidder, at public sale, on the premises of the plant of George Benda at Boonton, New Jersey, at 3 o'clock P. M. on Tuesday, the seventeenth day of September, 1918, all the property and assets of every kind and description belonging to George Benda, a partnership, as a going concern, including the leaseholds, trade names, good will, modern plant for the manufacture of Bronze Powders, machinery and all other property.

Full description of and information concerning the property to be sold and the inspection thereof and the terms and conditions of sale may be obtained by application to the office of the Director of Sales, 110 West 42nd St., New York City.

JOSEPH F. GUFFEY, Director of Sales.

A. MITCHELL PALMER, Alien Property Custodian.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

Willis Mead Winterbottom

Every convenience and facility

MATCH OF EIGHTY-TWO GAMES INAUGURATES NATIONAL TENNIS SINGLES CHAMPIONSHIP TOURNEY

RECORD CONTEST OPENS NATIONAL TENNIS TOURNEY

Throckmorton Beats Taylor in Eighty-second Game of Five-Set Match.

FAVORITES ALL TRIUMPH

Murray Has Easy Time Winning First Struggle in Singles Championship.

A tennis record that has stood for thirty years was brushed aside unceremoniously in the opening round of the national singles championship tournament on the courts of the West Side Tennis Club at Forest Hills yesterday afternoon. Away back in 1888 Palmer E. Presbrey defeated T. Suffern Tailer in a historic contest on the turf courts of the Casino at Newport with the score 19—21, 8—6, 6—1, 3—6, 6—4.

This made a total of eighty games, and until yesterday the match stood as the longest ever played in a national singles championship. It remained for two of the younger players of the game, Harold A. Throckmorton of Elizabeth and Harold L. Taylor of New York, to surpass the record which many had come to believe would last as long as tennis itself.

It was the brilliant, dashing Throckmorton who was returned the victor in a wondrous five set match with the score 6—8, 6—2, 11—9, 7—9, 13—11. This makes a total of eighty-two games played in the contest, which, when it was over, found both of the contenders bordering on complete exhaustion.

Throckmorton, who is now a Sergeant in the Coast Artillery, remarked to one of the linesmen after the fourth set, "Life in the army is a perfect cinch compared to a tennis match like this." Taylor, although the loser, appeared to be the fresher of the two. In fact, for the greater part of the last set, it appeared to the spectators that he would eventually be able to pull out the victory. But Throckmorton hung on doggedly, repeatedly playing an uphill struggle against the vantage game which lay with Taylor, and then finally he broke through and clinched the match in a superb rally.

Winner Takes 43 Games.

How long and how closely waged was the contest is shown by an analysis of the points and games. In all there were 503 points played in the match, 261 of them going to Throckmorton and the other 242 to Taylor. Of the games, Throckmorton won 43 and Taylor 39.

It was a fairly good-sized gallery that saw the two contenders for the singles title battle through more than three hours of play to a conclusion, the significance of which was hardly realized by even the most ardent followers of the game. In the course of thirty years even the most monumental match in tennis history was a bit rusty in the mind, and it was not until the records were glanced over anew that it was found that Throckmorton and Taylor had won fame for having played the longest match in the history of the game.

But it was a match that stood out not alone because of length to gain recognition. There was slashing, brilliant tennis much of the time, and while the mediocre was at times interpolated, this was only to be expected under the strain of such a struggle. By some strange insight into the future, the committee in charge of arrangements had given the match the place of honor on the championship court, and the gallery, which had been circulating here and there watching the other contenders, some of them the most prominent men in the game, got wind of the bitterly fought match that was being waged and most of them took up their places in the stand watching eagerly every shot that the rivals made in the rousing set that closed the contest.

Ripples of applause frequently swept over the courts in recognition of some particularly brilliant shot, but the players were unmindful. Their attention was centred only on the game. Each was wearied but determined. They almost forced themselves to the fray. Throckmorton, usually a picturesque and dashing figure on the courts, was slow in his movements, taking his own time to come into position, and the same was true of Taylor to only a slightly less degree.

Both Players Near Collapse.

Every moment it seemed that sheer physical exhaustion would cause the collapse of one or the other, but that collapse never came. Finally Taylor was broken through and Throckmorton put all his strength into making his own service effective for the match. After he had won the verdict there was a wonderful rejuvenation on the part of the victor. He bounded to the net with all of his early enthusiasm, congratulating Taylor on a match well played.

The match in point of tennis skill cannot be compared with some of the other famous contests of the courts. There were too many lapses. Too often was the opportunity for a finishing stroke thrown away. It was particularly true of Taylor in the final set that he missed many a shot that might have been a determining factor in the match. The same was true of Throckmorton, but the good tennis far overshadowed the bad, and time and again there were flashing plays across the barrier that electrified the gallery. Wonderful recoveries and sparkling volleying duels were so much in evidence that the rather weak tennis of other moments was almost forgotten.

When Throckmorton was forced under in the fourth set, with the score 9—7, it appeared as if he had reached the breaking point, but he rallied his game for the opening of the fifth set and before long broke through Taylor's service. This gave him a commanding position, but he was able to maintain it for only a few minutes, for he was forced to relinquish his own service. After that the match went along merrily, each player taking his service games until finally Taylor was broken through after a deuce encounter in the twenty-third game. This was the turning point for Throckmorton, fired by the knowledge that his own stamina would not avail him much longer, put all his strength into the next game and won it rather handily for the match.

The point score of the match follows:

Harold A. Throckmorton vs. Harold L. Taylor.

FIRST SET.

Throckmorton.	3	4	1	1	4	2	4	4	1	4	3	1	—	39	6
Taylor	5	5	2	4	4	1	4	1	1	0	4	1	5	4	—	41	8

SECOND SET.

Throckmorton	4	5	1	4	4	4	3	6	—	31	6
Taylor	0	3	4	0	1	1	5	4	—	18	2

THIRD SET.

Throckmorton	1	1	2	5	1	5	4	4	4	4.												
	2	5	0	5	0	4	3	4	4	4	—	62	11
Taylor	4	4	4	3	4	4	1	0	6	1			
	4	3	4	3	4	2	5	0	2	0	—	57	9

FOURTH SET.

Throckmorton	1	5	3	2	2	5	4	6														
	4	4	2	4	0	4	2	2	—	50	7
Taylor	4	3	5	4	4	3	2	4														
	6	1	4	1	4	0	4	4	—	53	9

FIFTH SET.

Throckmorton.	1	4	2	6	5	4	0	1	4	4	5	4										
	3	6	4	4	2	4	1	4	0	4	5	6	—	79	13
Taylor	4	2	4	4	3	0	4	4	6	2	7	0			
	5	1	6	1	4	2	4	1	4	0	3	2	—	73	11

Taken as a whole, the opening day of the tournament did not supply any surprises. The leaders established themselves in advanced brackets without difficulty. There were a number of five-set matches during the course of the afternoon, but in no case was one of the prominent players forced to extend himself greatly to earn the verdict. It was among the lesser lights that the hard-fought struggles were played. All of the first-round matches were played and all of the second-round matches in the upper and lower half byes were also finished, so that the tournament has now settled down to the more serious contests when the leaders clash in what are expected to be stirring battles.

Robert Lindley Murray had the honor of opening the tournament, for he is the nearest approach to a defending champion that the event possesses. When he took the court to play against Jack Dudley in the first match of the day the grand stand was well filled, and there was a goodly bit of applause for the winner of the national patriotic tournament of last year, who is always a popular figure with the spectators. Among those present were Walter Camp, representing the navy, and Dr. Joseph E. Raycroft, representing the army. The tournament this year is being played for the benefit of the War and Navy Department Commissions on Training Camp Activities.

Murray met with little opposition from Dudley. The former Californian far outclassed his rival, and Dudley was able to take only one game in three sets, that coming in the last. The work of Murray was watched closely, for in the minds of many he is looked upon as the probable winner of the tournament. It was rather hard to judge of the worth of Murray's play because of the ease with which he won. However, it did seem that he possessed more speed than when playing at Southampton. His game appeared better rounded, with his ground strokes a bit more dependable.

Nathaniel W. Niles of Boston also won in straight sets by a one-sided score from H. Hane, the latter getting only three games. Straight sets prevailed also in the victories which were scored by S. Howard Voshell, Lieutenant Craig Biddle, Fred C. Baggs, Russel N. Dana, Conrad B. Doyle, Ichiya Kumagae, Irving C. Wright, Walter Merrill Hall, and Theodore Roosevelt Pell. In the case of Doyle, the advance was made at the expense of Lieutenant William A. Horrell. Both are from the same club, and Horrell did not exert himself to press Doyle to his utmost.

Today's Matches on Championship Courts.

1:30 P. M.—Court No. 1, Vincent Richards vs. Frank T. Anderson.

3 P. M.—Court No. 2, Robert Lindley Murray vs. Lieutenant H. G. M. Kelleher.

4:30 P. M.—Ichijia Kumagae vs. George W. Wightman.

RESULTS IN NATIONAL TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP TOURNEY.

First Round.

N. W. Niles defeated H. Hane 6—2, 6—0, 6—1; H. A. Throckmorton defeated H. L. Taylor, 6—8, 6—2, 11—9, 7—9, 13—11; H. S. Parker defeated H. R. Burroughs, 6—4, 6—0, 6—1; G. A. L. Dionne defeated Frank A. Fall, 6—0, 6—2, 6—0; T. R. Pell defeated J. B. Hughes, 6—1, 6—3, 6—3; A. H. Chapin, Jr., defeated E. C. Burghard, 6—3, 6—4, 6—2; Ralph H. Burdick defeated Herbert L. Bowman, 6—2, 6—4, 6—4; Frederick B. Alexander defeated George O. Wagner, 6—0, 6—2, 6—2; A. H. Chapin defeated Eugene L. Czintz, 6—2, 6—1, 6—3; Russell N. Dana defeated Alex Iler, 6—2, 6—2, 6—0; R. L. Murray defeated Jack Dudley, 6—0, 6—0, 6—1;

YANKS PROVE MEEK BEFORE DAVENPORT

Lanky St. Louis Twirler Sends Locals to Shutout Defeat by Score of 2 to 0.

NO HELP OFFERED KEATING

Ray Pitches as If Seeking Victory, but Teammates Fail to Provide Runs.

The select gatherings of fans at the Polo Grounds these days do not seem to be any more enthusiastic about the game than they are about 50 cent shaves or dollar haircuts. The process of playing out the schedule brings no storming multitudes to the gates and the crowd which saw the St. Louis Browns beat the Yanks yesterday 2 to 0 wasn't as large as lots of gatherings you can find on any corner where some barker is exhibiting non-disappearing collar buttons.

In being defeated, Ray Keating pitched better ball than usual. That didn't worry big Dave Davenport hardly a bit, for the lanky Missourian was uncorking blinding shoots to the Yank batsmen. It could hardly be expected of the Yanks to slam the ball on the same occasion that Keating decided to pitch a good game. Under ordinary conditions Keating would have had a victory, but with the Yanks making all of four scattered hits, Keating traveled along his usual road.

Bill Lamar has gone away to the army and Manager Huggins planted catcher Al Walters out in right field, sent Gilhooley to centre and decorated first base with old John Hummel, as Jacques Fournier was indisposed. Fournier was supposed to have reported to the White Sox, according to the National Commission, but then the commission has been saying a lot of things lately that the ball players do not believe.

All the players have been given the blue envelope and they will wake up some of these fine mornings and find themselves initiated into an entirely new organization for them called the Sons of Toil. The players have been given ten days' notice of their release. Although they are free agents, the club owners have made an agreement not to tamper with each other's property. Perhaps they won't.

The only sound smash that the Yanks got off Davenport was a two-base prod by Frank Baker in the seventh inning. He made the hit with one out. Pratt asked to Gedeon and Hummel got an infield hit which sent Baker to second. Hummel made the spectators gasp when he stole second. Hyatt walked and jammed the bases and the banquet was all set for Peck to clean up, but all that he could do was to force Hyatt at second for the third out.

St. Louis didn't damage Keating much until the seventh, when Demmitt doubled to left. Tim Hendryx scored him with a single to centre. In the ninth George Sisler started off with a single to left and Demmitt sacrificed. Hendryx was thrown out by Peck at first and Gedeon was hit. Austin plugged a single to deep short and sent Sisler home.

The score:

ST. LOUIS. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A	NEW YORK. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A
Tobin,lf	4	0	0	4	0	0	Gilhooley,cf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Maisel,3b	4	0	0	2	0	2	Walters,rf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Sisler,1b	3	1	1	12	1	0	Baker,3b	4	0	1	3	1	1
Demmitt,rf	3	1	2	2	0	0	Pratt,2b	4	0	1	3	4	0
Hendryx,cf	4	0	3	1	0	0	Hummel,1b	3	0	1	8	0	0
Gedeon,2b	2	0	0	3	7	0	Hyatt,lf	2	0	0	2	1	0
Austin,ss	2	0	1	1	2	0	Paugh,ss	3	0	0	4	1	1
Severeid,c	4	0	0	2	7	1	Hannah,c	3	0	0	6	4	0
D'port,p	2	0	0	0	2	0	Keating,p	3	0	0	0	3	0
Total	28	2	7	27	15		Total	30	0	4	27	14	

Errors—Demmitt, Hummel.

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1—2
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hits—Hendryx, Demmitt. Stolen base—Hummel. Sacrifice hits—Hummel, Gedeon, Demmitt. Double play—Hyatt and Pratt. Left on bases—New York, 5; St. Louis, 6. First base on error—St. Louis, 1. Bases on balls—Off Keating, 4; Davenport, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Keating, 1, (Gedeon.) Struck out—By Keating, 3; Davenport, 2.

BIG SERIES DATES STAND.

Herrmann Says National League Won Choice of Games.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 26. — Chairman August Herrmann of the National Baseball Commission issued a statement here today relative to the complaint made by President Frazee of the Boston Americans of the arrangements for the coming world series. Chairman Herrmann said that contrary to Mr. Frazee's idea, a coin had been tossed to decide which league should have the honor of the first game, and likewise that an agreement had been reached between the National and American Leagues to the effect that whatever league won the toss, the first three games would be played in the city of that league, while the other four games, if it is necessary to play that many, will be played in the city of the opposite league.

"Mr. Bruce, acting for the commission, tossed the coin. Mr. Heydler called "heads" and won. Therefore the first three games were assigned to the city in the National League where the pennant winning club is located, and the other four, if it is necessary to play all of them, in the American League city.

"The schedule will be carried out regardless of whether it suits Mr. Frazee or not."

DETROIT CHECKS RED SOX.

Boston's Journey to Pennant Halted in 6 to 3 Defeat.

BOSTON, Aug. 26.—Detroit took the first game of the series today, 6 to 3, hitting Mays hard and often.

The score:

DETROIT. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A	BOSTON, (A.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A
Bush,ss	4	0	1	2	3	1	Hooper,rf	2	2	1	2	1	
A.Jones,3b	4	1	1	1	2	4	Shean,2b	3	1	2	1	2	4
Veach,lf	4	1	0	0	1	0	Strunk,cf	3	0	2	1	0	
Cobb,cf	3	1	1	2	0	0	Miller,lf	3	0	1	1	0	
Veach,lf	4	1	2	1	0	0	Whiteman,lf	3	0	0	1	0	
Griggs,1b	4	2	3	15	1	0	McInnis,1b	3	0	0	9	0	
Harper,rf	4	1	3	2	0	0	Scott,ss	4	0	0	5	1	
Young,2b	4	0	0	2	4	0	Coffey,3b	3	0	0	2	2	
Spencer,c	3	0	0	1	0	0	Schang,c	4	0	0	5	4	
Cunn'ham,p	4	0	0	0	0	4	Mays,p	4	0	0	0	2	
							aCochran	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	35	6	11	27	16		Total	30	3	5	27	14	

a Batted for Miller in eighth.

Errors—Coffey, Mays, Jones.

Detroit	0	1	0	3	0	0	2	0	0—6
Boston	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—3

Two-base hits—Cobb, Griggs, Miller, Strunk. Three-base hit—Harper. Home run—Cobb. Stolen base—Hooper. Sacrifice hits—Jones, Shean. Strunk, McInnis. Left on bases—Detroit 5; Boston, 6. First base on errors—Detroit. Bases on balls—Off Cunningham, 3; Mays, 2. Struck out—By Cunningham, 1; Mays, 4.

AT WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A	CHICAGO. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A
Shotten,lf	5	1	1	2	1	0	Good,cf	5	0	0	4	0	0
Foster,3b	5	2	3	3	1	1	Leibold,lf	3	0	0	3	0	0
Judge,1b	5	2	4	7	2	0	Weaver,ss	4	0	1	1	2	
Milan,cf	4	2	2	3	2	0	Mandil,1b	4	0	1	7	0	
Schulte,rf	4	1	1	2	0	0	Collins,rf	3	1	2	3	0	
Shanks,2b	4	1	2	3	5	0	Murphy,2b	4	0	1	0	1	
Lavan,ss	4	1	1	5	5	0	Pinelli,3b	4	1	1	2	2	
Picinich,c	4	1	1	1	0	0	Devormer,c	4	0	3	4	2	
Hovlik,p	4	1	1	2	0	1	Cicotte,p	3	0	0	0	3	
							aSchalk	1	0	1	0	0	
Total	39	12	17	27	14		Total	35	2	10	24	9	

a Batted for Cicotte in ninth inning.

Errors—Pinelli, Foster.

Washington	1	0	0	2	2	0	0	7	0—12
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2—2

Two-base hits—Judge, Collins, Shanks, Devormer, Shotton. Three-base hit—Schulte. Stolen bases—Collins, Pinelli, (2.) Devormer. Sacrifice fly—Milan. Double plays—Shanks, Lavan, and Judge, (2.) Left on bases—Chicago, 8; Washington, 4. First base on error—Chicago. Bases on balls—Off Hovlik, 2. Struck out—By Cicotte, 3; Hovlik, 1.

BASEBALL TO-DAY, 2 games; first game 1:30 P. M. New York Yankees vs. St. Louis. Polo Grounds. Admission 50c.—Advt.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

St. Louis, 2; New York, 0.
Cleveland, 5; Philadelphia, 2.
(First game.)
Philadelphia, 4; Cleveland, 0.
(Second game.)
Detroit, 6; Boston, 3.
Washington, 12; Chicago, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 2; St. Louis, 0.
(First game.)
New York, 4; St. Louis, 1.
(Second game.)
Other games postponed; wet grounds.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Boston	70	48	.593
Cleveland	68	53	.562
Washington	66	54	.557
New York	56	58	.491
Chicago	57	63	.475
St. Louis	55	61	.474
Detroit	51	66	.436
Philadelphia	49	71	.408

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	79	41	.658
New York	67	50	.573
Pittsburgh	63	55	.534
Cincinnati	61	57	.517
Brooklyn	54	65	.454
Philadelphia	50	65	.435
Boston	50	68	.424
St. Louis	50	73	.407

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

St. Louis at New York.
(Two games; first at 1:30.)
Detroit at Boston.
Chicago at Washington.
Cleveland at Philadelphia.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia at Pittsburgh.

GIANTS REVIVE IN ST. LOUIS.

Race Over, Perritt and Toney Display Effective Pitching.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 26.—The Giants played well behind the excellent pitching of Pol Perritt and Fred Toney today and took both games of a double header from the Cardinals. Perritt pitched a shut-out in the first game, winning by a score of 2 to 0, his team mates peppering the offerings of Red Ames. In the second game, the Giants knocked Gene Packard out of the box and won by a score of 4 to 1.

In the fourth inning, after Doyle had walked and died stealing, Fletcher singled to deep short. Zimmerman doubled to left, scoring Fletcher. In the seventh, Burns opened with a double to left, reached third on Young's infield hit, and scored on Kauff's single to right. In the face of Perritt's airtight pitching the Cards had few opportunities to score.

Rogers Hornsby disputed a third strike called on him in the second inning of this contest, and Umpire Harrison banished him for the afternoon.

Sicking started the Giants on their way to a run in the fourth inning of the second game by beating out a hit to deep short. Rariden followed with a double to left, scoring him.

Two errors made it possible for the Cards to tie the score in the fifth. Fisher lifted a pop fly, which Sicking muffed close to the pitcher's box, and Toney, picking the ball up, heaved it past first, Fisher reaching third. McHenry then raised a sacrifice fly to Burns on which Fisher scored.

McGraw's men again forged ahead in the third on a single by Zimmerman, a wild pitch, a pass to Sicking, and singles by Rariden, Toney, and Burns.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

NEW YORK. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A	ST. LOUIS. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A
Burns,lf	3	1	1	1	0	0	Grimm,rf	4	0	0	0	1	
Young,rf	4	0	1	2	0	0	Betzel,3b	4	0	2	3	3	
Kauff,cf	4	0	2	3	0	0	Paulette,1b	4	0	1	7	2	
Doyle,2b	3	0	1	1	4	0	Hornsby,ss	3	0	1	0	4	
Fletcher,ss	4	0	1	1	4	0	Wallace,ss	0	0	0	1	1	
Zim'man,3b	4	0	2	3	1	1	Fisher,2b	3	0	1	1	4	
Kirke,1b	4	0	3	9	1	0	McHenry,lf	3	0	0	0	0	
Rariden,c	4	0	0	3	0	0	Heathcote,cf	3	0	0	4	0	
Perritt,p	4	0	1	1	2	0	Gonzales,c	3	0	0	11	3	
							Ames,p	2	0	0	0	2	
Total	34	2	12	27	10	0	aBrock	0	0	0	0	0	
							Total	30	0	5	27	17	

a Batted for Ames in ninth.

New York	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0—2
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hits—Zimmerman, Kirke, Burns. Stolen base—Burns. Double plays—Doyle, Fletcher and Kirke; Fletcher and Kirke; Fisher, Gonzales, Paulette and Gonzales. Left on bases—New York, 10; St. Louis, 4. Bases on balls—Off Perritt, 1; Ames, 5. Struck out—By Perritt, 4; Ames, 5.

SECOND GAME.

NEW YORK. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A	ST. LOUIS. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A
Burns,lf	5	0	3	2	0	0	Grimm,rf	4	0	2	4	1	
Young,rf	4	0	1	2	0	0	Betzel,3b	3	0	1	2	2	
Kauff,cf	5	0	2	4	0	0	Paulette,1b	4	0	0	13	0	
Doyle,2b	4	0	1	1	3	0	Wallace,ss	4	0	0	2	1	
Fletcher,ss	4	0	0	5	4	0	Fisher,2b	3	1	0	2	2	
Zim'man,3b	4	1	1	0	1	0	McHenry,lf	2	0	1	0	1	
Sicking,1b	3	2	2	9	1	1	Heathcote,cf	3	0	0	3	0	
Rariden,c	4	1	2	2	0	0	Brock,c	2	0	0	2	0	
Toney,p	4	0	1	1	2	0	Gonzales,c	1	0	0	1	1	
							Packard,p	1	0	0	0	2	
Total	37	4	12	27	11		Tuero,p	2	0	0	0	4	
							Total	28	1	3	27	13	

Errors—Zimmerman, Toney, Brock, Packard.

New York	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0—4
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—1

Two-base hit—Rariden. Stolen bases—Burns, Young, Grimm, Betzel, Heathcote. Sacrifice fly—McHenry. Double plays—Fletcher and Sicking; Doyle, Fletcher and Sicking. Left on base—New York, 8; St. Louis 3. First base on error—St. Louis, 1. Bases on balls—Off Perritt, 1; Ames, 5. Struck out—By Perritt, 4; Ames, 5.

Three-base hits—Acosta, Dugan. Sacrifice hits—Chapman, Evans, Acosta. Sacrifice fly—Burns. Stolen base—Janison. Struck out—By Bagby, 3. First base on balls—Off Johnson, 1; Perry, 3. Hits—Off Johnson, 1 in 2; Perry, 5 in 7. Left on bases—Cleveland, 8; Philadelphia, 5. First base on errors—Cleveland. Double play—Burns, Johnson and Perkins.

International League.

Hamilton, 4; Jersey City, 3.
Hamilton, 9; Jersey City, 4.
Buffalo, 3; Baltimore, 2.
Toronto, 10; Binghamton, 4.
Binghamton, 5; Toronto, 1.

TRANSPORT CORPS CREATED FOR ARMY

Will Take Over Control of All Vehicles Except Tanks and Caterpillars.

MOTOR TRUCKS' GOOD WORK

Efficiency Shown in Recent Battles to be Increased—Organization Will Exceed 200,000 Men.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The creation of a Motor Transport Corps, to take over complete control of all vehicles in the army—from bicycles to motor trucks—was announced by the War Department tonight. The purpose is the more rapid movement of troops and supplies of the American Expeditionary Force in France.

The new corps is being organized by Colonel Charles B. Drake, a West Point graduate of the class of 1896, an officer experienced in motor transport work. Eventually his command will consist of approximately 5,000 officers and 200,000 men. Motor transport service up to the present time has been under the control of the Quartermaster Corps. It has grown to such proportions that it is deemed necessary to establish it as a separate corps and take steps for its further rapid expansion.

The War Department is following in the footsteps of the British and French armies, which some time ago adopted the plan of putting the whole motor equipment under a single head. Experience in handling American soldiers in the field in France has demonstrated the need for similar action on the part of the American Government.

All equipment and personnel in the various corps, with the exception of tanks and caterpillar tractors, are transferred to the new corps. Tanks have a distinct service to perform that does not involve the movement of troops and for that reason are not brought into the new Motor Transport Corps. Caterpillar tractors which are to be used for hauling guns remain under the supervision of the artillery and ordnance branches. But everything else in the motor transport line goes into the new corps.

Standardization of Equipment.

Among the many advantages sought by the creation of the Motor Transport Corps is the more perfect standardization of equipment, resulting in greater efficiency and economy of operation and permitting a more fluent interchange of drivers and parts. The problem of supplying parts and making repairs will be greatly simplified. Motor trucks are taking a more vital part in each successive big battle. In the recent counteroffensive of the French and Americans at Château-Thierry, motor trucks carried several regiments of troops to critical points in the line and supplied them with heavy and light guns, ammunition, horses, mules, and even wagon for supply train use over difficult terrain.

Motor trucks made it possible for the French to concentrate troops, ammunition, and supplies sufficient to stop the Germans at Verdun. When German aviators destroyed the railroad facilities, General Joffre called motor trucks into service to replace the wrecked trains, which they did with entire success.

In attacking along the Marne recently the American units were supported by machine guns mounted on trucks and even passenger cars, which swept the enemy lines with a storm of fire. Trucks were also used extensively to bring up reserves. Much of the work of the corps must be done at night, and it is well known that much used roads near the front are regularly searched by the enemy artillery, so that the motor transport service, while technically noncombatant, is really quite as active and dangerous as many fighting branches.

The present motor establishment in France includes many repair stations, some of them operated by from 500 to 1,500 mechanics and other skilled men each. The program of the Motor Transport Corps provides for greatly increased facilities along these lines. Repair work is carried on in garages, parks, depots, and reconstruction shops. A service park is a mobile garage which can be moved rapidly to any point where it is needed. An overhaul park is a large station where heavy repairs can be made, and a reconstruction park is equipped to completely rebuild brokendown or shell-shattered machines. Under the new organization the work of salvaging machines, already highly developed, is to receive increased attention. All this work is necessarily in the hands of skilled men, and the personnel must be greatly increased to provide the transport service that will be needed next year.

Adventurous Service.

While the Motor Transport Corps handles many kinds of motor propelled vehicles, the army truck is the most important, and the demand for men especially qualified to drive and handle the trucks is great. Men qualified for this work by their experiences in civil life have offered themselves in numbers, but it has been found necessary to establish several motor transport schools in addition to the one at Jacksonville, Fla. In these schools candidates will learn, under competent instructors, the intricate mechanism of gas engines, so that they will be qualified to keep their trucks running under the trying conditions existing along the front lines, where their principal work will be done.

Men sent to these camps will be carefully chosen, as the work requires initiative and ability. Among those who have already enrolled are many who occupied positions of responsibility in civil life. At Jacksonville now are bankers, highsalaried executives, engineers and men of many professions who have been attracted to the corps by its opportunities for active service overseas after a comparatively short course of training. With the increasing use of motor transport in moving troops from point to point on the battle line, the life of the motor driver is becoming progressively more adventurous and exciting.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Asked.
Spelter	9.50	9.75	9.37½	9.62½
Antimony	14.37½	14.62½	14.37½	14.62½
Quicksilver	$120.00	....	$125.00	....
Aluminium	....	33.00	....	33.00
Iron, No. 2 Cy'r	....	34.25	....	34.25

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 26c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Friday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	122	0	0	122	0	0
Tin, spot	367	0	0	371	0	0
Tin, futures	367	0	0	371	0	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	29	10	0	29	10	0

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Amer. Oil	5	6	Homa Oil	70	72
Bay S. Gas	9	10	Iron Cap	19¼	19¾
Begole	59	60	Iron Blos	38	43
Black Hawk	85	90	La Rose	30	33
Bohemia	80	90	Majestic	18	19
Boston Ely	80	70	Mex. Metals	41	45
Boston Mont.	49	50	Mol. Tung	9	10
Butte & L	15	17	New Baltic	80	95
Boston Ariz.		1⅛	Nat. Z. & L.	16	18
Crystal	43	45	N. Cornelia	17¾	18¾
Calaveras	1¼	1¾	New. Doug.	47	53
Crown Res.	15	20	Nix. Nevada	80	87
Cortez	8	10	Oneco	20	25
Champ. old	4½	5	Onondaga	14	17
Chief Con.	2⅞	3	S. W. Miami		10
Denbigh	1¾	2	full paid	90	1¼
Earl Eagle		⅛	U. Verde E.	37½	38
Fortuna	4	5	Victoria M.	95	1
Houghton	76	1	Yukon Gold.	90	1

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Per. iod.	Pay-able.	Hold. of Rec'd
Grasselli Chem. Co.	1½	Q	Sept. 30	Sept. 18
Do extra	2	—	Sept. 30	Sept. 18
Do pf	1¾	Q	Sept. 30	Sept. 18
United Drug Co.	1¾	Q	Oct. 1	Sept. 15

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
August	$1.50¼	$1.57⅝	$1.50¼	$1.59¼
September	1.60⅝	1.57⅝	1.60½	1.59½
October	1.62½	1.59½	1.62½	1.61⅝

OATS.

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 81¼@82c; No. 2 white, 82@82½c; No. 3 white, 81@81½c; No. 4 white, 80½@81c; ordinary clipped, 81@83c.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
August	71⅛	70¾	71⅛	70½	..
September	71⅝	71⅛	71⅝	71¼	53½
October	73⅛	72	72¾	72⅝	..

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
Sept.	26.87	26.67	26.87	26.72	22.87
Oct.	26.95	26.82	26.95	26.90	22.85
Ribs—					
Sept.	24.80	24.80	24.80	24.70	23.15
Oct.	25.02	24.82	25.02	24.91	23.07
Pork—					
Sept.	43.53	43.25	43.55	..	42.30
Oct.	43.95	43.65	43.80	..	41.82

COFFEE.

Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
August	....	....	8.35	8.25
September	8.40	8.33	8.41	8.35
October	....	....	8.52	8.46
November	....	....	8.63	8.57
December	8.75	8.67	8.75	8.68
March	8.99	8.99	9.01	8.95

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.
September	1.70¾	1.70¼	1.70¾
October	1.73½	1.71⅝	1.73

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 7,723 packages. Fair trading and a stronger market particularly on the high grades of creamery which comprise a small part of current arrivals. Medium qualities are selling better than heretofore. Renovated ½c higher. Ladles and packing stock firm. Creamery, higher than extras, a lb., 47@47¼c; extras, (92 score,) 46¼@46¾c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 44½@46¼c; seconds, (85 to 87 score,) 42@44c; thirds, 40@41½c; salted higher than extras, 40@40½c; extras, 48@48½c; firsts, 46@47½c; seconds, 44@45¾c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 46c; good to prime, 43½@45½c; common to fair, 39@43c; renovated, extras, 42@42½c; firsts, 40½@41¼c; lower grades, 38@39½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 39@40c; ladles, current make, firsts, 37½@38½c; seconds, 36@36½c; lower grades, 34½@35½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 36c; No. 2, 35½c; lower grades, 33@35c.

EGGS.—20,748 cases. There appears no general improvement in the quality of fresh gathered stock arriving; some lots are running even poorer than heretofore, while others show some improvement. There is still a very wide range in the character of the stock. High qualities continue in light supply and firm and there is fair call for good value medium grade eggs which do not show dead loss. Inferior qualities badly mixed with hatched eggs, rots and spots are still pressing for sale at any reasonable offers. There is a good demand for storage eggs and prices rule firm. Nearby white eggs moving slowly and prices averaged lower although the full range of values is about the same as recently quoted. Only a few of the fanciest eggs reach top quotations on sales to jobbing trade. Some further receipts of California eggs but these are not on the market as yet. Fresh gathered extras, a dozen, 50@52c; regular packed extra firsts, 47@49c; regular packed, 43@46c; seconds, 37@42c; poor to fair, 30@36c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, 35@37c; No. 2 and poorer, 20@34c; fresh gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 31@33c; undergrades, 28@30c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, charges paid, 43½@44c; firsts, charges paid, 42@43c; seconds, charges paid, 38@41½c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 60@68c; ordinary to prime, 50@55c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 45@65; Pacific Coast whites, firsts to finest, 63@65c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 45@60c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery browns, 52@55c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 38@52c.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	98½	99	4s, registered, 1925	106½	107
2s, coupon, 1930	98½	99	4s, coupon, 1925	106½	107
2s, coupon, '38, reg	98¼	99¾	2s, Panama, '38, coupon	98¼	99¾
2s, registered, 1946	85	89	4s, Panama, '61, reg	86	..
3s, coupon, 1946	85	89	4s, Panama, '61, coupon	86	..
3s, conversion, 1947	85	89	3s, Fed. Land Bank, '38	105½	106

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Saturday. Bid.	Ask.
4½s July, 1967	99⅝	100¼	99⅝	100¼
4½s June, 1965	99⅝	100½	99⅝	100½
4½s Mar., 1963	99⅝	100	99⅝	100
4½s Nov., 1957	99⅝	100	99⅝	100
4½s May, 1957	99⅛	100	99⅛	100
4½s Mar., 1960-30	94⅝	95¾	94⅝	95¾
4½s Mar., 1964	94⅜	95½	94⅜	95½
4½s Apr., 1964	94¼	95	94¼	95
4½s Mar., 1962	94⅜	95¾	94⅞	95¾
4½s Sept., 1960	94⅝	95½	94⅞	95½
4s May, 1959	90	90½	90	..
4s Nov., 1958	90	..	90	..
4s May, 1957	90	90¼	90	90¼
4s Nov., 1956	89	90¼	89	90¼
4s Nov., 1955	89	90¼	89	90¼
4s Nov., 1956	92	93	3s	1940-1952	84½	85½
4s May, 1919	99½	..	99½	3s	1920-1930	84½	85½
4s Nov., 1917	99½	..	99½	3s	1918-1925	84½	85½

The following are quoted on percentage basis:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Saturday. Bid.	Ask.
3½s Nov., 1955	80½	81½	80½	81½
3½s Nov., 1954	81	82	80½	81½
3½s May, 1954	80½	..	80½	..
1924-1931	4.00	4.45	4.60	
1921-1928	4.00	4.45	4.60	
1919-1926	4.00	4.45	4.60	
1919-1923	4.00	4.45	4.60	
1924-1932	4.00	4.45	4.60	
1940-1953	4.70	4.55	4.70	
1930-1947	4.70	4.55	4.70	
1922-1929	4.70	4.50	4.70	
1918	4.50	..	4.50	
1940-1952	4.70	4.55	4.70	
1920-1930	4.70	4.55	4.70	
1918-1925	4.70	4.55	4.70	

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
165 Cities Service	210½	210	209	211
275 Cities Service pf	73¼	73¼	72¾	73¾

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Power	14	16	Gas & Elec Secur pf	80	85
Adiron Elec Power pf	67	69	Miss River Power	12	14
Am Gas & Electric	81	83	Miss River Power pf	42	46
Am Gas & Electric pf	38	40	Northern Ohio Electric	15	25
Am Light & Traction	185	187	Northern Ohio Elec pf	50	60
Am Light & Trac pf	91½	93	North Ont Lt & Pow	11	15
Am Power & Light	41	43	North Ont Lt & P pf	81	83
Am Power & Light pf	67	70	Northern States Power	44	46
Am Public Utilities	..	25	North States Power pf	82	84
Am Public Utilities pf	..	50	Northern Texas Elec	55	60
Am W W & Electric	4½	5½	Northern Tex Elec pf	70	75
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	57	60	Pacific Gas & Electric	34	36
Am W W & E partic	12	14	Pacific Gas & Elec pf	79	80

Abreast of The Times

The investor who keeps abreast of the times is always in a position to know a good investment opportunity when he sees it.

Shrewd investors will be quick to see in the country's coal situation some of many reasons why we especially recommend an issue of Two Year 7% Notes, secured by mortgage on operating coal properties of great value, to yield

8%

Ask for Circular TH

A.H. Bickmore & Co.
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

Ten-months 6% Note
of the
Oklahoma Gas & Electric Company
To Yield 8%
Details on request
Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street New York

7½ per cent.
for
five years

You assure yourself of this return by the investment now of $980.00 in a $1,000 bond, due June 1, 1923, of a well established company of proven ability.

We have investigated the conditions surrounding the company issuing these bonds and recommend them.

By this investment you take advantage of the exceptional possibilities the present affords.

Write for Circular T-24

E. H. Rollins & Sons
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston San Francisco Chicago

Tilney, Ladd & Co.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co. Conv. 6s at 94 and interest to yield 7.10%

New York

Tax Exempt in New York State

$100,000
City of Buffalo
NEW YORK
4½%
Registered Bonds

MATURITIES 1919—1935

Prices to Yield 4.45%

Legal for New York, Massachusetts and Connecticut Savings Banks.

Eligible to Secure Postal Savings Bank Deposits.

Exempt from Federal Income Tax.

Farson, Son & Co
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York City.

Suggestions for Investors may be had on request
A. B. Leach & Co., Inc.
Investment Securities.
62 Cedar St., New York
Chicago Philadelphia Boston Buffalo Cleveland Baltimore Minneapolis

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks React on Profit-Taking in More Active Session—Foreign Bonds Up.

The upward movement launched under such favorable auspices at the close of last week was halted quickly yesterday when traders who had bought stocks in the early stages of the recovery took advantage of a more active buying demand to realize profits. With a slightly larger volume of business than the Street had become accustomed to, the more active issues, both rails and industrials, yielded ground and the list closed irregular.

The flurry which the market experienced on Saturday was induced primarily by the spreading belief that money would be more plentiful for speculative operations as a result of the broadening practice of lending money on acceptances at a preferential rate. Such a theory is based on a misunderstanding of the workings of the new departure. In the past the stock market has enjoyed a preferential rate because of the liquid nature of call loans secured by Stock Exchange collateral; in the future the advantage will lie with the borrower for commercial uses. Bankers expect to see call money stabilized, in the sense that it will probably move less violently, but they see no reason for adhering to a fixed rate of perhaps 6 per cent. when speculative activity is greater than the supply of call funds justifies.

The decision of bankers to advance call money on prime acceptances at the acceptance ratio is expected to bring about a much more widespread use of this facility, particularly in the financing of crop movements and mill and manufacturing needs. When the South is delivering cotton at the warehouses acceptances secured by the warehouse receipts will come into the New York market; grain receipts will be used in the same way at Chicago and Minneapolis. Banks in one section of the country will be employing surplus funds for the purchase of acceptances when other sections are borrowing. It is a development under the Federal Reserve system which was certain to come and which will make for stability in international as well as domestic transactions.

The effect of the good news from the western battlefront has been more marked in the bond department than in stocks. Foreign Governments were strong yesterday, the City of Paris 6s selling at 93¾, the French Government 5½s over par, and the United Kingdom notes due next year within a small fraction of par. There was a reactionary tendency in Liberty 3½s, which closed at 102 flat, and in the farm loan bonds. The United States Government 2s and 4s available for circulation were in active demand by banks.

CHEERFUL TONE IN LONDON.

Continued Successes on Battlefront Stimulate Trading.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The stock market had a cheerful tone again today. The continued successes of the Allies stimulated the demand, but the turnover was only moderate, as many securities are strongly held. Central American issues were wanted, while other foreigners were quiet.

Shipping shares advanced in anticipation of an extension of the movement toward the concentration of resources. Gold mines were good following the improved labor outlook.

Money was in better demand and discount rates were steady.

Prices Firm on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 62 francs for cash. Exchange on London, 26 francs 60 centimes. Five per cent. loan, 87 francs 85 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
High 6	High 6½
Low 6	Low 6½
Renewals 6	Renewals 6½
Last 6	Last 6½

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime member bank acceptances....4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days ....5¾@6	Sixty days 6
Ninety days 6	Ninety days 6
Four months 6	Four months 6
Five months 6	Five months 6
Six months 6	Six months 6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for retirement with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days....4½@4¾
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days....4¾@4¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days....5¼@5¾

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 60 days....6
4 to 6 months....6
Other Names.
4 to 6 months....6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	$4.75¼	$4.75¼	$4.75¼	....
Cables	4.7660	4.7655	4.7655	—.0006
Francs—				
Demand	5.57	5.60	5.57	+.04
Cables	5.56	5.59	5.56	+.04

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close.—Demand	Checks.	Cables.
London	$4.75½		$4.7655
Paris	5.57		5.56
China—			
Hongkong	85.00		85.25
Peking	127.50		128.00
Shanghai	120.00		120.50
Yokohama	10.45		10.50
Manila	50.75		51.25
Bombay	36.75		37.00
Calcutta	36.75		37.00
Italy	7.50½		7.50
Japan—			
Kobe	54.50		54.75
Yokohama	54.50		54.75
Spain	23.75		24.00
Philippine Islands—			
Manila	49.875		50.00
Scandinavia—			
Stockholm	34.625		35.00
Copenhagen	30.875		31.25
Christiania	31.25		31.40
South America—			
Buenos Aires	44.50		44.75
Rio	24.50		24.75
Switzerland	4.23		4.21
Russia—	Bid.		Asked.
100 rubles	13.50		13.70
500 rubles	13.30		13.50

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers.— 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial.— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.72¾	$4.71¾	$4.72½	$4.70½

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $415,678,487; balance, $60,428,059; United States Treasury debit balance, $2,119,162; Federal Reserve credit balance, $53,473,583.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $19.375 to $20 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 49¼d, unchanged; in New York, $1.01⅛, unchanged; Mexican dollars, 78@81.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$11,193,059	$47,030,949
Internal revenue:		
Income and excess profits taxes	25,687,509	523,182,976
Miscellaneous	67,015,823	172,968,389
Miscel. revenue	19,052,634	41,027,445
Total receipts	$122,948,616	$704,207,759
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	949,309,473	1,567,824,929
Excess of total disb. over total receipts	105,606,134	183,331,010
Expenditures	1,072,258,090	2,332,040,689

Boston Bank Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 26.—The Boston Bank statement this week compares as follows with that of last week:

	Aug. 24.	Decrease.
Circulation	$4,770,000	$27,000
Loans, discounts, and investments	483,701,000	11,594,000
Individual deposits, including U. S.	427,485,000	13,588,000
Due to banks	118,958,000	4,953,000
Time deposits	16,790,000	*234,000
Exchange, clearances	12,873,000	3,985,000
Due from banks	74,924,000	7,337,000
Cash in banks and in U. S. Treasury	57,903,000	3,889,000
Cash in vaults and with F. R. Bank	11,785,000	3,174,000

*Increase.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, AUG. 26, 1918.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Day's sales	429,325	301,444	562,074
Year to date	86,814,990	123,573,141	106,514,607

	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
	3½	3¼	600	Alaska Gold Mines	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼	+ ⅛
	1⅞	2⅛	900	Alaska Juneau	1⅞	2	1⅞	2	...
	33¾	33¾	1,600	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	34	34	33¾	33¾	...
	83	84½	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	84½	84½	84½	84½	+ ⅛
	100½	101	1,400	Am. Agricul. Chem	99⅞	100⅞	99⅞	100⅞	+ ⅛
	70	71	1,700	Am. Beet Sugar	70	71⅜	70	70⅞	+ ⅛
	82	90	100	Am. Beet Sugar pf	85	85	85	85	...
	48	48¼	9,100	Am. Can	47⅝	48⅛	47½	48	+ ⅜
	93	93⅝	100	Am. Can pf	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛	...
	83	85¾	2,900	Am. Car & F'dry	86	86¼	85	85	—1
	41½	42	400	Am. Cotton Oil	42¼	42¼	41½	41½	— ⅛
	21	21¼	3,300	Am. H. & Leather	22	22	21¼	21¼	— ⅛
	93¾	94	800	Am. H. & L. pf	94	94	93¾	93¾	— ⅛
	34	34½	400	Am. Ice	33½	33⅝	33½	33⅝	+ ⅛
	53½	53¾	100	Am. International	53¾	53¾	53¾	53¾	+ ⅛
	42	42¼	2,300	Am. Linseed	41¾	42¼	41¾	42	+ ⅛
	78¾	79	200	Am. Linseed pf	77⅞	78⅞	78⅞	78⅞	+ ⅛
	67	67½	1,400	Am. Locomotive	67¼	67¾	67	67	— ⅛
	5	5¼	200	Am. Malting	5	5	5	5	— ⅛
	77½	78	2,600	Am. Smelt. & Ref	78	78¼	77⅞	78	— ⅛
	76¼	76½	4,300	Am. Steel F'dries	75⅝	76½	75⅝	76½	+ ⅛
	110⅜	111	2,400	Am. Sugar Ref	110	111¼	110	110⅜	+ ⅛
	109½	110	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	109½	109½	109½	109½	+ ⅛
	127½	128¼	500	Am. Sumatra Tob	127¾	128⅝	127½	127½	—1
	98	98	100	Am. Sumat. Tob. pf	98	98	98	98	—1
	98¼	98¼	2,700	Am. Tel. & Tel	98	99	97¼	98¼	— ⅛
	158	160	100	Am. Tobacco	160	160	160	160	+1½
	58¾	59	100	Am. Woolen	58½	58½	58½	58¾	+ ⅛
	...	...	10	Do., odd lot	59	59	59	59	...
	93	96	100	Am. Woolen pf	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾	— ⅛
	36¾	37¾	3,200	Am. Writing P. pf	36	37¼	36	37	— ⅛
	17⅞	18	1,000	Am. Zinc, L. & S	17½	17⅝	17½	17½	+ ⅛
	67½	67¾	9,000	Anaconda Copper	67	67¾	66⅝	67⅛	+ ⅛
	64	65	5	Asso. Oil, (odd lot)	65	65	65	65	—1
	64	65	100	Asso. Oil	64	64	64	64	—1
	86⅞	87¼	900	Atch., Top. & S. F	87	87½	87	87½	+ ½
	81	82	330	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	82	82	81¾	81¾	— ⅛
	94	94¼	8,000	Baldwin Loco	95	95⅝	94	94	— ⅛
	55¾	56	1,000	Baltimore & Ohio	56½	56½	55¾	55¾	— ⅛
	55½	56	200	Baltimore & O. pf	55⅝	56	55⅝	55⅝	— ⅛
	1¼	1¼	900	Batopilas Mining	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	— ⅛
	84½	85	800	Bethlehem Steel	85	85	84½	84½	— ⅛
	84½	84½	6,300	Beth. Steel, class B	85	85	84½	84½	— ⅛
	104⅝	104⅝	100	Beth. Steel 8 p.c. pf	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	— ⅛
	25⅝	25⅝	400	Booth Fisheries	25½	25⅝	25½	25½	+ ⅛
	39	40¼	700	Brklyn Rapid Tran	39⅝	39⅝	39	39	— ⅛
	146	146¼	2,000	Burns Brothers	146	146¼	146	146¼	+ ⅛
	26¼	26½	400	Butte & Superior	25⅞	26¼	25⅞	26¼	+ ⅛
	168	168½	10,200	Canadian Pacific	170¼	170½	167½	168¼	— ⅛
	44	47½	100	Central Foundry pf	44	44	44	44	—2
	70⅞	71⅛	13,800	Central Leather Co	69¾	71¼	69¾	71¼	+ ⅛
	103	104	100	Central Leather pf	103½	103½	103½	103½	+ ⅛
	34	34½	900	Cerro de Pasco Cop	33⅞	34¼	33⅝	34¼	+ ⅛
	58¼	58½	1,000	Chesapeake & Ohio	58	59	58	58⅝	— ⅛
	50¼	50⅜	11,400	Chi., Mil. & St. P	51	51¼	50	50⅛	— ⅛
	70¼	70¾	1,900	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	80¼	80¾	79½	79½	— ⅛
	94	94½	200	Chi. & Northwest'n	93¾	94	93¾	94	+ ⅛
	25¾	26½	1,300	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	26⅜	26⅝	25¾	26	— ⅛
	79	79½	800	C., R. I. & P. 7 p.c. pf	79	79⅝	78¾	79	+ ⅛
	67	67½	900	C., R. I. & P. 6 p.c. pf	67¾	68	67½	67½	+ ⅛
	16½	16⅝	1,300	Chile Copper	16⅝	16⅝	16⅜	16⅜	— ⅛
	39	39¼	100	Chino Copper	39½	39½	39½	39½	+ ⅛
	47	47¼	1,300	Col. Fuel & Iron	47¼	47¼	47	47	— ⅛
	36	36⅛	700	Columbia Gas & El	36	36⅛	35¾	36⅛	+ ⅛
	...	...	50	Do., odd lot	...	...	36	36	—1
	36	36⅛	7,200	Comput. Tab. Rec	35⅞	36⅛	35⅞	36⅛	+ ⅛
	...	...	400	Consolidated Gas	35	35	35	35	—1
	90¼	90¼	100	Continental Can	90	90¼	90	90¼	...
	72¼	72¾	10,300	Corn Products Ref	72¼	72¾	72¼	72¾	...
	43¾	44¾	2,800	Crucible Steel	43¾	44¾	43¾	44⅝	+ ⅝
	69¼	69¾	10,400	Cuba Cane Sugar	69¼	69¾	68⅝	68⅝	— ⅞
	30½	31¼	900	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	30½	31⅛	30¼	31	+1
	80½	81	100	Delaware & Hud	80½	81	80½	81	+ ½
	110	110	100	Del., Lack. & West	110	110	110	110	...
	176	176	100	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	176	176	176	176	+ ½
	6¾	6¾	2,000	Distillers' Secur	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
	59	59	100	Elk Horn Coal	59	59	58½	59	—1
	29	29	1,000	Erie	29	29	29	29	—1
	15¾	15¾	1,000	Erie 1st pf	15¾	15¾	15½	15½	— ⅛
	33½	33½	800	Erie 2d pf	33½	33½	32½	32½	— ⅛
	23¾	24	2,600	Federal Min. & S	23¾	24	23¾	24	+ ⅛
	13½	14	1,400	Fed. M. & S.pf. x d.	14	14	13½	14	+ ⅛
	35½	39	200	Fisher Body	35½	39	35½	39	+ ⅛
	36	36	100	Gaston, W. & W	36	36	36	36	— ⅛
	29¼	29¼	200	General Cigar	29¼	29¼	29¼	29¼	— ⅛
	50¾	50¾	500	General Electric	50¾	50¾	50	50	+ ⅛
	147	147½	100	General Motors	147	147½	147	147	— ⅛
	161⅜	161⅝	100	General Motors pf	161⅜	161⅝	161⅜	161⅜	— ⅛
	81⅝	81⅝	200	Goodrich Co	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝	— ⅛
	44⅝	44⅝	100	Goodrich pf. sei.	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	— ⅛
	100	100	100	Granby Consol	100	100	100	100	— ⅛
	81¾	81¾	500	Great Northern pf	81¾	81¾	81¾	81½	+1½
	93¼	93¼	900	G. N. ctfs. for O. P	93¼	93¼	93	93	...
	32	32½	700	Gt. Western Can. Cop	32	32½	32	32	— ⅛
	44⅝	45	300	Haskell & Barker	45	44⅝	45	45	— ⅛
	46¼	46¼	5,200	Inspiration Cop	46¼	46¼	46	46¼	+ ⅛
	52	52⅝	400	Interboro Consol	52	52⅝	52	52¼	— ⅛
	7¼	7¾	700	Interboro Con. pf	7¼	7¾	7¼	7⅞	— ⅛
	35	35½	400	Int. Agricultural pf	35	35	35	35	—1½
	62	62	200	Int. Harvester, N.J	62½	62⅝	62½	62½	— ⅛
	127¼	128¼	100	Int. Harv., N.J., pf	127¼	127¾	127½	127¾	—1½
	106	110	2,700	Int. Harv. Corp	106	106	106	106	—1½
	88	88	100	Int. Mer. Marine	88	88	88	88	— ⅛
	65	65½	500	Int. Mer. Mar. pf	65	65	65	65	— ⅛
	27¼	27⅝	6,100	Int. Nickel	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼	— ⅛
	102¼	102⅝	800	Int. Paper	102¼	102⅜	101¼	102⅛	— ⅛
	30	30	1,200	Int. Paper pf., sta	30	30	29½	29½	— ⅛
	35	36¼	300	Iowa Central	35	36¼	35	36¼	+1½
	60	60¼	100	Kansas City South	60	60¼	60	60¼	— ⅛
	3	3	200	Kennecott Copper	3	3	3	3	—1
	18¾	18⅞	1,600	Lackawanna Steel	18¾	18⅞	18¾	18⅞	+ ⅛
	33⅜	33⅝	650	Lake Erie & W. pf	33⅜	33⅝	33⅜	33⅝	+ ⅛
	84⅝	84⅝	100	Lehigh Valley	84⅝	84⅝	84½	84½	— ⅛
	22	22	200	Liggett & Myers pf	20	20	20	20	+1½
	59¾	59¾	100	Loose-W.Bis. 1st pf	59¾	59¾	59¾	59¾	+ ⅛
	102	102	2,890	Loril. (P.) Co. pfs	102	102	102	102	+ ⅛
	87	87	200	Lorillard, (P.) Co	87	87	87	87	+ ⅛
	15½	15⅝	1,200	Louis. & Nash	15⅝	15⅝	15	15⅛	+ ⅛
	146	146	100	Manhattan Elev	146	146	146	146	+1½
	115¼	115¼	300	Maxwell Motors	115¼	115¼	115¼	115¼	—2
	96	96	900	Max. Motors 1st pf	96	96	96	96	...
	26¾	26¾	8,900	Mexican Petroleum	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	+ ⅝
	58	58	2,000	Miami Copper	58	58	58	58	...
	101¾	101¾	6,900	Midvale Steel	101¾	101¾	100⅝	100⅞	—1½
	27½	27⅝	100	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	27½	27⅝	27½	27½	— ⅛
	54	54	100	Mo., St. P. & S. S. M	54	54	53¾	53¾	— ⅛
	92⅜	92½	1,300	Missouri Pacific	92⅜	92½	92⅛	92⅛	— ⅛
	9⅞	9⅞	100	Missouri Pacific pf	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
	24⅝	24½	200	Nat. Cond. & Cable	24	24	24	24	— ⅛
	57½	57⅝	100	Nat. Lead	57½	57⅝	57½	57⅝	+ ⅛
	17¼	17¼	100	N. Y. Air Brake	17	17¼	17	17	— ⅛
	59⅝	59⅝	100	N. Y. Central	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	+ ⅛
	127	127	8,300	N. Y., N. H. & H	126¾	127¼	126¼	126¾	+ ⅛
	74⅜	74⅝	15,500	N. Y., Ont. & West	74⅜	74⅝	73¾	74⅛	— ⅛
	44½	44⅝	100	Norfolk & Western	44½	44⅝	43⅝	44	— ⅝
	21¼	21½	100	North Am. 3 days	21¼	21½	21¼	21½	+1
	108	108½	100	Northern Pacific	108	108	108	108	...
	40¼	40¼	400	Nova Scotia S. & C	40¼	40¼	40¼	40½	...
	90¾	90¾	100	Ohio Cities Gas	91	91	91	91	+ ¼
	67	67	1,100	Ohio Fuel Supply	67	67	67	67	+ ⅛
	38¼	38¼	1,100	Ontario Mining	38	38	38	38	+ ⅛
	43	43	300	Owens Bottle Mach	43	43	43	43	+1
	9¾	9¾	1,100	Pacific Mail	9¾	9¾	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅛
	67	70	200	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	67	70	67	69¾	+3½
	32¼	32¼	200	Penn. R. R	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼	+ ⅛
	92	92	100	Pierce-Arrow	92	92	92	92	+1
	44⅛	44⅝	500	Pittsburgh Coal	44	44⅝	44	44	— ⅛
	30	30	800	Pitts. & West Va	30	30	30	30	— ⅛
	51	51	400	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	51	51	50	50¼	—1¼
	37⅝	37⅝	400	Pressed Steel Car	37⅝	37⅝	37	37	— ⅛
	81	81	700	Pullman Co	81	81	80	80	—1
	71	71¼	550	Railway Steel Spr	71	71¼	70¾	70¾	— ⅛
	112	112¼	3,300	Ray Con. Copper	112	112¼	112	112	— ⅛
	67⅜	67⅝	1,500	Reading	67⅜	67⅝	66¾	66¾	— ⅛
	24	24	7,200	Rep. Iron & Steel	24	24	23¾	24	+ ⅛
	91⅞	91⅞	3,500	St. Louis-San Fran	91⅞	91⅞	90¼	90¼	— ¾
	93⅝	93⅝	100	St. L. Southw. pf	93⅝	93⅝	92½	92½	— ⅛
	11⅝	11⅝	100	Saxon Motor	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	+1½
	84½	84½	100	Seaboard Air Line	84½	84½	84½	84½	+1½
	7¼	7¼	100	Shattuck-Arizona	7¼	7¼	7	7	— ⅛
	7¾	7¾	100	Sinclair Oil Refin	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
	15½	15⅝	1,600	Sloss-S. S. & I	15½	15⅝	15½	15⅝	— ⅛
	32¼	32¼	300	Southern Pacific	31⅞	32¼	31⅞	32¼	+ ⅛
	61⅝	61⅝	3,000	Southern Railway	61⅛	61⅝	61⅛	61⅝	+ ⅛
	88⅝	88⅝	2,800	Southern Railway pf	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	+ ⅛
	24¼	24¼	300	Southern Ry. pf	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼	+ ⅛
	64⅞	64⅞	200	Studebaker Co	64⅞	64⅞	64⅞	64⅞	+ ⅛
	44¼	44¼	100	Superior Steel	44¼	44¼	44¼	44¼	+ ¼
	42⅜	42⅜	500	Tenn. C. & C	42⅜	42⅜	42⅜	42⅜	...
	19⅞	19⅞	2,100	Texas Co	19⅞	19⅞	19	19⅛	— ⅛
	154	154	100	Texas & Pacific	154	154	153	153¾	— ⅛
	15	15	2,500	Tobacco Products	15	15	15	15	— ⅛
	72½	72½	200	Union Bag & Paper	72½	72½	71⅝	71⅝	— ½
	75	75	12,500	Union Pacific	75	75	75	75	— ⅛
	128⅜	128⅜	100	Union Pacific pf	128⅜	128⅜	127½	127½	...
	71	71	200	United Alloy Steel	71	71	71	71	+ ⅛
	39	39	2,700	United Cigar Stores	39	39	38⅛	38¼	— ⅛
	103⅞	104⅛	250	United Fruit	103⅞	104⅛	103	103¼	— ⅛
	129½	130	200	U. S. C. I. P. & F	129½	130	129¼	129¼	— ⅛
	134	134½	200	U. S. Express	134	134½	134	134	— ⅛
	16½	16½	200	U. S. Indus. Alco	16½	16½	16½	16½	+ ⅛
	128⅜	128⅜	1,900	U. S. Rubber	128⅜	128⅝	128½	128½	— ⅛
	63½	63½	500	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	63½	63½	62¾	62¾	— ⅛
	104⅝	104⅝	141,700	U. S. Steel	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	— ⅛
	114⅝	114⅝	800	U. S. Steel pf	114⅝	114⅝	113⅞	114⅛	— ⅛
	110⅝	110⅝	1,200	Utah Copper	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	+ ⅛
	81⅞	82	100	Utah Securities	82	82	81⅝	81⅝	— ⅛
	12	12	2,800	Va.-Car. Chemical	12	12	12	12	— ⅛
	56¼	56¼	1,200	Wabash	55	55	55	55	— ⅛
	10	10	2,500	Wabash pf. A	9⅞	10	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
	39¾	40	900	Western Maryland	39¾	40	39½	39¾	— ⅛
	15¼	15¾	1,500	Western Union Tel	15	15⅛	15	15	— ⅛
	85¾	85¾	1,700	Westingh. Air B	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾	—1½
	43¾	44	1,600	Westingh. E. & M	43¾	44	43¾	43¾	— ⅛
	19½	19⅝	1,500	Willys-Overland	19½	19⅝	19⅛	19⅛	+ ⅛
	111	113	100	Woolw. (F. W.) Co	...	...	...	...	...
	66	66¼	1,700	Worthington Pump	111	111	111	111	...
	68¼	69	100	Worth. Pump pf. B	63¼	66¾	63½	66	+2½
					69	69	69	69	...

EXPLAINS BOND CONVERSION

Deputy Governor of Reserve Bank Urges Registering Securities.

Louis F. Sailer, Deputy Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, sent out letters yesterday to banks and trust companies in this district asking their co-operation in acquainting the public with the fact that the privilege of converting the 3½ and 4 per cent. Liberty Loan bonds into bonds bearing interest at the rate of 4¼ per cent. will cease on Nov. 9.

The Bond Issue Division of the bank reports that up to the close of business Saturday there had been converted $24,886,250 of the First Liberty Loan bonds and $400,229,750 of the Second Loan bonds.

Mr. Sailer in his letter calls attention to the fact that registered bonds are safer than coupon bonds, and suggests that the public be advised of the desirability of obtaining registered bonds. There have been sent to the banks several posters containing information regarding the conversion privilege and the safety of registered bonds.

CANADIAN RAILWAY PROFITS.

Three Principal Systems Report Gain Due to Rate Advances.

Owing to the rate advances the aggregate railway earnings of the three chief Canadian systems for the first half of the current year exceed those of any previous corresponding period. The tonnage carried has been practically the same as last year. At present the amount of freight offering is equal to the capacity of the existing facilities.

Discussing the railroad situation in the Dominion, the Canadian Bank of Commerce of Toronto, says:

"Since the beginning of 1915 the cost of operating the railroads has steadily advanced and has absorbed a correspondingly larger proportion of the earnings. Not until the Winter of last year was an appreciable

Canadian
Government, Municipal and Corporation
Securities
A. E. AMES & CO.
Established 1889
74 Broadway
Toronto NEW YORK Montreal
Telephone 8045-6 Rector

GALENA SIGNAL OIL CO.
New 8% Preferred Stock
Circular on request.
Pouch & Co. Members N. Y. Stock Exchange. 14 Wall St., N.Y.

ODD LOTS
Write Dept. 2.
CHISHOLM & CHAPMAN
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
MEMBERS NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE
71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY
161 WEST 125th ST., N.Y. HARLEM BRANCH
12 N. BROADWAY, YONKERS, N.Y.
35 COURT STREET, BROOKLYN, N.Y.
777 BROAD STREET, NEWARK, N.J.

GUARANTY SECURITIES CORPORATION
CHANGE OF NAME.

After April fifteenth, with the approval of the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York, the Secretary of State and the Superintendent of Insurance, the above corporation will be known as
CONTINENTAL GUARANTY CORPORATION.
This involves no change of ownership, management or operation.
244 Madison Avenue, New York City.

FOR convenient method of purchasing Odd Lots of Stocks, send for Booklet E-32.
Hartsborne & Picabia
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
7 WALL STREET TEL. 4590 RECTOR

SMALL BANK ACCOUNTS INVITED
Write or call for booklet
BIGELOW & COMPANY BANKERS
25 PINE STREET NEW YORK

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
25 Broad St. New York
Lone Star Gas
Texas Pacific Coal & Oil
Telephone 1111 Broad

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

West Penn Power Company

To Holders of Two Year Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Notes, Issued Under and Secured by Indenture Dated August 1, 1917:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in accordance with the provisions of Article Three of said Indenture, dated August 1, 1917, and pursuant to the direction thereunder of the West Penn Power Company, above mentioned Two Year Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Notes, outstanding in coupon form, bearing the following distinctive numbers, have been drawn by lot, by the undersigned, as Trustee under said Indenture, for redemption on October 19, 1918, out of moneys on deposit with the Trustee, to-wit:

NOTES AT $1,000.

16, 59, 69, 102, 222, 289, 680, 715, 754, 927, 1048, 1142, 1150, 1200, 1359, 1367, 1378, 1728, 1776, 1779, 1844.

NOTES AT $500.

D96 and D147.

Said Two Year Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Notes so drawn for redemption will be paid at any time at The Equitable Trust Company, 37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, upon presentation and surrender of said notes with all coupons maturing subsequent to August 1, 1918, at par with a premium of one-half of one per cent. of their par value, and interest accrued to the date of presentation if presented prior to October 19, 1918; and if presented on or after October 19, 1918, with interest to and inclusive of October 19, 1918, after which date interest will cease.

Dated, August 20, 1918.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.

SINKING FUND NOTICE.

To the Holders of First Preferred Stock and Second Preferred Stock of Superior Steel Corporation:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in the Sinking Fund of Superior Steel Corporation the following sums are applicable to the purchase of First Preferred and Second Preferred Stock of the Corporation:

$52,500 to the purchase of First Preferred Stock;

$30,000 to the purchase of Second Preferred Stock;

and that Superior Steel Corporation will use and apply such funds on September 23rd, 1918, in the purchase of First Preferred Stock and Second Preferred Stock as provided in the Certificate of Incorporation and the By-Laws of the Corporation, to such extent as the funds in the Sinking Fund may permit, at the lowest prices at which such shares may be offered for sale to the Corporation, but at a price not to exceed One Hundred and Ten Dollars ($110.00) per share and the amount of all unpaid and accrued dividends thereon.

Sealed offerings plainly marked "Offer of Preferred Stock" are hereby invited to be made to the Superior Steel Corporation, at the office of its Transfer Agent, 60 Broadway, New York City, on or before September 9th, 1918.

Such offers shall state the number of shares for sale, and whether First Preferred or Second Preferred, and the price at which such shares are so offered, and shall be signed by the holders thereof.

SUPERIOR STEEL CORPORATION,
By Columbia Trust Company,
Its Transfer Agent.

August 27, 1918.

ELECTRICAL SECURITIES CORPORATION
Collateral Trust Sinking Fund Five Per Cent Bonds.

To the Bondholders:

The Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as successor to the Standard Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under the indenture securing the Fourth, Eighth, Tenth, and Eleventh Series, and as Trustee under the indenture securing the Thirteenth Series, invites proposals for the sale of as many bonds of these series as can be purchased for the following sums:—

Fourth Series	$972.50
Eighth Series	28,174.25
Tenth Series	970.00
Eleventh Series	10,000.00
Thirteenth Series	4,000.00

Sealed proposals will be received at the TRUST DEPARTMENT of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York City, until ten o'clock A. M., Monday, September 9th, 1918.

All bonds accepted will be paid for on Wednesday, September 11th, 1918, on delivery at said Trust Department, and interest will not be allowed after that date.

This notice is given pursuant to the provisions of Article Sixth of the indenture securing the Fourth Series, Article 4 of the indenture securing the Eighth Series, Article 4 of the indenture securing the Tenth Series, Article 4 of the indenture securing the Eleventh Series, and Article 5 of the indenture securing the Thirteenth Series of said bonds.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.

New York, Aug. 16, 1918.

DIVIDENDS.

THE MACKAY COMPANIES.
PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 50.
COMMON DIVIDEND NO. 53.

The regular quarterly dividend of One Per Cent. on the preferred shares and the regular quarterly dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent. on the common shares in the Mackay Companies will be paid October 1st, 1918, to shareholders of record as they appear at the close of business September 7th, 1918. The transfer books will not be closed.

EDWARD C. PLATT, Treasurer.

Dated August 23d, 1918.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.

CALUMET AND ARIZONA MINING COMPANY will pay dividend of TWO DOLLARS ($2.00) a share September 23rd, 1918, to stock of record September 6th, 1918. Books do not close.

GORDON R. CAMPBELL, Secretary.

FEDERAL BANK ASKS CREDIT CURTAILMENT

Pierre Jay Requests Institutions of This District to Agree on Common Action.

LOANS FOR ESSENTIAL WORK

Suggestion Made That Business Men Stop Overbuying, Carry Small Stocks, and Delay Expansion.

Banks and trust companies received in the mail yesterday a letter from Pierre Jay, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, requesting them to conserve credit by restricting or curtailing loans made for purposes not directly connected with Government financing, or the production or distribution of things necessary to maintain the health and efficiency of our armed forces and our civilian population. Mr. Jay suggests that an effective move to bring about the desired results would be for the banks in each city or county to reach an agreement for common action.

The Reserve Bank asks the individual banks to call to the attention of their depositors and customers the need of the conservation of credit. It points out that manufacturers and merchants can reduce their credit requirements by not overbuying, by carrying as small stocks as possible, by postponing new construction or expansion of their business, and by effecting business economies. The Reserve Bank has prepared a form letter on this subject for distribution among depositors, and advises the banks that it will furnish them in any quantity without charge.

Chairman Jay's letter to the banks follows:

Dear Sir: The Federal Reserve Board wrote you on July 6 relative to the necessity of conserving credit in order to furnish the Government the increasing volume of credit it requires to finance the war, and the Directors of this bank have instructed its officers to discuss the subject further with every bank in the district. While no general rules or program for the conservation of credit can be laid down, the duty of each bank is to do its share in securing the desired results, acting reasonably and judiciously, in such ways as its own conditions make practicable and as well spare borrowers undue embarrassment. We have no doubt that, like most bankers, you have already made some progress toward conserving credit, and our Directors wish to supplement the Federal Reserve Board's letter by asking you now to take up this necessary work systematically and conscientiously.

Saving of credit by banks, in order to help the situation as a whole, must be the result of saving on the part of the borrowers. Shifting loans from one institution to another, or sales of collateral which merely throw the burden upon other shoulders, save no credit. Credit conservation can only be accomplished by business or personal economies, and requires co-operation between banks and their borrowers, and education of borrowers by their banks.

Producers, manufacturers, and merchants may do their part and reduce their credit requirements.

By not overbuying.

By carrying as small stocks as practicable.

By postponing new construction, or expansion of their business.

By effecting business economies.

Individuals may do their part by studying their personal expenses and effecting economies which will enable them gradually to pay off their loans.

May we suggest that you make a careful analysis of your loans and lines of discount in order to determine definitely what credit now in use is not directly connected with Government financing, or the production or distribution of things necessary to maintain the health and efficiency of our armed forces and our civilian population? While the majority of bank loans will prove to be for these purposes, most institutions also have a considerable volume of loans to individuals made for other purposes, many of them of long standing. It is to loans of this character, as well as to the less necessary commercial borrowings, that credit conservation should first be applied.

New commercial lines or new loans to acquire or improve property, or for nonproductive purposes, will rarely be justified unless they are to aid directly in the prosecution of the war. A spirit of saving in the use of credit will naturally lead the banks themselves to exercise restraint in offering no or additional lines of credit in competing for business. A frank discussion of the principles and the necessity of credit conservation with a borrower will usually gain his co-operation, and where a borrower is asked to reduce a loan he may sacrifices or commodities as collateral, emphasis should be laid on the necessity of gradual and steady reduction by personal economies rather than by selling the collateral.

Several of our member banks, wishing to discuss the matter with their borrowers, have asked us to prepare a brief statement on the subject. We have prepared such a statement, which banks, if they so desire, may either use as a form letter or inclose with a letter of their own. We shall be glad to furnish either statement in any quantity to any bank in the district. Copies are herewith inclosed.

Will you be so good as to acknowledge this letter, advising us what you are doing or are willing to do in order to save credit and giving us your views as to the best method of accomplishing the necessary results? We suggest that one most effective step would be for all the banks in your city or county to reach an agreement for common action. Whenever this bank can properly assist, you may count upon our co-operation. Very truly yours,

PIERRE JAY,
Chairman Board of Directors.

The form letter prepared by the Reserve Bank for distribution among depositors embodies substantially the statements contained in the foregoing letter to bank Presidents.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Chandler Bros. & Co. announce that H. W. Culver has been appointed manager of their Chicago office.

Howard J. Shellenberg has severed connections with Armstrong & Co. and is now doing business under his own name.

The Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee, is inviting offers up to Oct. 1 of National Conduit and Cable Company's first mortgage 6 per cent. sinking fund bonds to exhaust the sum of $62,500.

Harris, Forbes & Co. have compiled a list of short-term securities yielding 6 to 8½ per cent., which they are recommending to investors.

The Stock Exchange firm of Sheldon, Dawson, Lyon & Co. has been dissolved by mutual consent. Frank L. Sheldon, one of the partners, has become associated with Lamborn & Co.

DIVIDENDS.

F. BLUMENTHAL COMPANY.
Preferred Dividend No. 31.
Common Dividend No. 28.

The Board of Directors has this day declared the following dividends, payable October 1, 1918, to stockholders of record September 30, 1918: On the Preferred Stock a quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the Common Stock a quarterly dividend of 1¼%. Checks for the payment of the dividends will be mailed. The transfer books will not be closed. LOUIS HALLE, Secretary.

New York, August 22, 1918.

PROPOSALS.

Office of the Quartermaster General, New York City.—Sealed proposals for furnishing 4-leaf uniform twills, cotton drills, burlap, paper sheets, jute canvas padding, plain cotton cloth, gray canvas, and jeans will be received here until 2:00 P. M., August 30th, 1918. Information on application. Envelopes containing proposals must be endorsed "Proposals for Cotton Goods" and addressed to the Cotton Goods Branch, Clothing & Equipage Division, 100 East 16th St., New York City.

New York Municipal Railway Corporation invites proposals for the Construction of 36th Street Car Storage Yard and Extension to Existing Inspection Shed and Construction of Coney Island Car Storage Yard. Bids to be opened September 18th, 1918. For plans and further information, apply to Chief Engineer's Office, Room 602, 35 Clinton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

MARKET OPENED HERE FOR ACCEPTANCE LOANS

Rate Paid Is 4½ Per Cent., but Volume of Business Is Comparatively Small.

The acceptance call money market was formally established yesterday when J. P. Morgan & Co. and other banking firms and trust companies freely offered funds to dealers in acceptances at preferential rates. The rate paid was 4½ per cent. as compared with 6 per cent. charged for Stock Exchange collateral call loans. The volume of so-called acceptance loans made yesterday was relatively small, but the willingness of institutions and firms to lend on these liquid securities at rates lower than those charged for the regular stock loans, stimulated the market for acceptances, and the purchases of the bills for investment were larger than for a considerable length of time.

The rate for prime member bank acceptances was 4⅛ to 4¼ per cent. and for nonmember bank acceptances, 4⅜ to 4½, unchanged from last week's quotations.

Although the acceptance call money market had its formal opening yesterday, following last week's announcement by J. P. Morgan & Co., several banking institutions have been making advances to acceptance brokers for some time. It was learned yesterday that one large trust company had been engaged in the business for four or five months, during which time it had had outstanding from $50,000,000 to $100,000,000 in loans on acceptances. This institution has been lending at preferential rates on the average of $2,000,000 a day.

A number of private banking firms made it known yesterday that they were willing to lend money on acceptances at preferential rates, and several trust companies made similar announcements.

The Stock Exchange call money market yesterday was firm at 6 per cent. and the so-called Money Pool was a large lender.

Central Foundry Earnings Decline.

The Central Foundry Company reports a total income of $486,985 after meeting operating expenses in the six months ended June 30 last, a decline of $561,630 from the result in the corresponding period last year. The decline was caused, in part, by the fact that a furnace of the Central Iron & Coke Company, a subsidiary, was out of operation during a period of the second quarter. After providing for sinking funds, depreciation and setting aside $37,200 for the Federal war taxes, a net income remained of $253,136. The balance for dividends was equal to $199,170, against $862,000 a year before, when allowance was made for only a part of the full Federal taxes.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 26.—Thirty-seven new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $2,443,000, were chartered today. They include:

E. H. Pearlman & Co., Manhattan, forwarding agents and freight brokers, $30,000; E. H. Pearlman, A. H. Kane, D. Freiherger, 539A Greene Av., Brooklyn.

Shay-Crandall Co., Filmore, Allegany County, mining, petroleum, gas, and oil, $10,000; W. Crandall, J. W. and D. Shay, Filmore.

Universal Inventors' Assn., Manhattan, $10,000; J. Falk, J. Kahn, H. McMahon, 200 West 149th St.

Morrison & Cinnamon, Inc., Manhattan, tailoring establishment, $5,000; E. I. Heins, I. Cinnamon, S. Morrison, 534 East 70th St.

Canandaigua Vinegar Corp., Canandaigua, $320,000; A. W. Britton, P. S. Smith, S. P. Howard, 65 Cedar St.

Long Dock Coal Co., Beacon, $25,000; W. F. and H. L. Ainsworth, F. A. Hoyt, Beacon.

A. M. MacCallum, Inc., Manhattan, commission merchants, $10,000; A. MacCallum, E. D. Loughman, L. E. Johnson, 27 William St.

Tyler Drug Corp., Buffalo, $10,000; A. C. Heegard, F. W. and F. A. Tyler, Buffalo.

Kramer Auto Truck Co., Manhattan, $5,000; I. Kramer J. Miraglia, S. Mintz, 230 Sixth St.

Tenue Silk Mills Co., Manhattan, deal in silk and silk fibre, $100,000; J. F. Cooley, D. R. Reed, H. R. Stivers, 1 Columbus Circle.

D. Kohn & Rosenberg Dress Co., Manhattan, $10,000; J. Moskowitz, D. Kohn, M. Rosenberg, 13 West 38th St.

Cataract Chemical Co., Buffalo, $100,000; F. C. Slee, J. R. Ulsh, C. E. Blodgett, Buffalo.

Bellewood Trading Corp., hat and feathers and down, $60,000; J. Werner, W. A. Werner, C. Cetron, 168 Pulaski St., Brooklyn.

Realty Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; J. H. Boyle, S. and F. MacReynolds, 1278 East 10th St., Brooklyn.

Robert Hoes Co., Alden Bridge, Columbia County, pumps and pumping equipment, $10,000; A. H. Whitman, G. M. and R. Hoes, Malden Bridge.

Clow Bros., Angola, Erie County, plumbing, $10,000; E. C. Schlenker, V. E. O'Grady, M. E. Robinson, Buffalo.

Walton Gypsum Corp., Manhattan, building materials of all kinds, 100 shares preferred stock $100 each, 10 shares common stock, no par value, active capital $11,000; J. C. Woodhall, D. Haigh, H. W. Sputar, New Brighton.

McWilliams & Houston, Middletown, real estate, $7,500; J. McWilliams, R. H. Houston, G. E. Stanwood, Middletown.

The Darling Dress Corp., Manhattan, clothing, $15,000; J. Lifshitz, H. A. Salbo, V. A. Shofler, 1,083 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

New York Nipple Mfg. Corp., iron nipples, $10,000; M. Kuchner, A. Klackof, E. Eichenbaum, 47 First Av.

Broadway-Fiftieth Street Restaurant, Inc., Manhattan, operate hotels and restaurants, $50,000; J. Pechar, W. Gremer, E. Paner, 140 Vermilyea Av.

Kierstead Warehouse and Forwarding Co., storage wharfage, &c., $20,000; W. H. Kierstead, J. M. Stromberg, W. S. Badger, 485 West 110th St.

Bakery and Kitchen Equipment, Manhattan, kitchen furnishings, $5,000; H. D. Benedict, W. H. Wright, M. Coleman, 1,547 Broadway.

Oaks Investing Co., Manhattan, stocks and bonds, $25,000; F. M. Butehorn, H. M. Olney, T. L. Ernst, 529 West 129th St.

R. and M. and S. Corp., Rome, real estate and mining, $25,000; L. W. Wright, A. P. Vincent, J. H. Lukenbach, 361 Stuyvesant Av., Brooklyn.

Geiger-Crist Co., Cooperstown, printing and publishing, $1,200,000; J. H. Garver, C. F. White, A. H. Crist, Cooperstown.

Doudera Decorating Co., Brooklyn, chemicals, dyes, and paint, $10,000; W. E. Slater, O. A. Gillig, E. J. Abrahams, Yonkers.

The Wynnemoor Realty Corporation, Manhattan, $120,000; S. F. Houston, H. E. Young, E. Zacharias, Philadelphia, Penn.

West Fourteenth Street Warehouse Co., Manhattan, $10,000; E. Kahaya, J. Valenal, M. S. Amaco, 120 Broadway.

Pomillo Brothers Corporation, Manhattan, airplanes and aviation equipment, $100,000; A. C. Sherwood, F. E. Tilley, E. Pomillo, 501 8th Av.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

R. J. Zidenberg Co., Buffalo, $50,000 to $100,000.

Kaufman's Blouse Shops, Manhattan, $20,000 to $50,000.

Richmond & Mathers, Lockport, $1,200 to $9,000.

The Simon Cohen Co., Manhattan, $6,000 to $30,000.

Providence Theatre Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $100,000.

The Peelle Co., Brooklyn, $50,000 to $150,000.

The State Bank, Manhattan, $1,500,000 to $2,000,000.

John Henrich Co., Buffalo, $50,000 to $50,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

W. H. Nye & Co., Inc., Manhattan, $30,000 to $18,000.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

Brownell Shoe Co., Penn., capital not given; representative, S. F. Granger, Niagara Falls.

Thomas E. Wilson & Co., Maine, oils and products from fats, $100,000; representative, J. C. Good, 818 1st Av.

Anglo-Saxon Trading Corp., Del., importing and exporting business, 1,000 shares preferred stock $10 each, 1,000 shares common stock no par value; representative, I. D. Williams, 7 Wall St.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Hildreth-Geer Corp., Cohoes, to Mott-Geer Mfg. Corp.

Likely-Armatage Co., Manhattan, to Kempton-Kilely Co.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Unique Cap Mfg. Co., Manhattan.

Greenwich Leather Board Corp., Greenwich.

Jack Warshauer, Manhattan.

Tinsel Threads, Manhattan.

John Fraetz, Brooklyn.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Aug. 26.—Charters filed:

The Gardner William Shipping Co., $200,000; Charles E. Ray, George G. Stegler, J. H. Dowdell of Wilmington.

Fulton Truck Co. of Wilmington, $75,000; A. W. Britton, Paul S. Smith, S. B. Howard, all of New York.

Fulton Truck Co. of Illinois, $75,000; Paul S. Smith, S. B. Howard, A. W. Britton, all of New York.

Pittsburgh Fulton Truck Co., $10,000; A. W. Britton, Paul S. Smith, S. B. Howard, all of New York.

SAYS RUMELY LAID A TRAP FOR CREEL

Deputy Attorney General Becker Tells How Odell Article Was Rejected.

DISSECTED BY AN EXPERT

Investigator Quotes from Mail's Correspondent to Show How Berlin Inspired "News."

Deputy Attorney General Alfred L. Becker, in charge of the German propaganda investigation now being made at the request of the Federal Government, issued a statement yesterday in which he said that Dr. Edward A. Rumely, who was publisher of The Evening Mail during the period that paper was in control of the German Government, had tried to get the approval of George Creel, Chairman of the Committee on Public Information, of a pro-German article.

"On Jan. 3 of this year, nine months after this country entered the war," said Mr. Becker, "Dr. Rumely wrote to Mr. Creel, as Chairman of the Committee on Public Information, as follows:

Dear Mr. Creel—I am sending herewith proof of a translation of a German manuscript which Odell brought with him. It may interest you.

EDWARD A. RUMELY.

"With this letter was inclosed an article entitled 'A Plea for Peace by Reconciliation,' by Gerhardt von Schulze-Gaevernitz, a member of the Reichstag and Professor of Economics in Freiburg University. On Jan. 7, Mr. Creel returned the proof to Rumely with the following letter:

My dear Dr. Rumely—I return the proof sent me together with the comment on it of one of our finest experts.

Sincerely,
GEORGE CREEL.

"The comment referred to by Mr. Creel, which was unsigned, was as follows:

This article by von Schulze-Gaevernitz is a typically specious bit of German pleading. It leaves the question of who started the war—" to historical research." It falsifies dates in order to make the submarine war on commerce a consequence of the British blockade.

It declares that President Wilson has expressly shaken off the claim of France to Alsace-Lorraine, and quotes him as standing for peace, "without victors or vanquished." It argues for the status quo, with various additions to Germany's "small land, rich in children, poor in raw materials," with economic preferences in Turkey, &c., ad nauseam.

The only honest thing for American purposes in the whole article, is the paragraph in which the author warns the "Fatherland Party" of the danger of a general strike and revolution toward which they are driving.

Excerpts from articles written by Odell after his return to this country were quoted by Mr. Becker as illustrating the misleading propaganda which he said was designed to curb military activity in the United States.

"No matter what the military outcome may be," Odell quotes Professor Gaevernitz as saying, "the moral victory of the war will be won by the western democratic nations, and that alone will be the greatest blessing that can befall the German people."

"All Germany is for peace," Odell wrote. "The industrial workers and the peasants want it for obvious reasons. * * * The business men want it."

"The revival of the U-boat warfare last February was unpopular with the German business men," wrote Odell, "and Zimmermann's offer to Mexico to hand over Texas, Arizona, and New Mexico as recompense for an alliance and in getting Japan to switch over to the Central Powers' side in the war, made them thoroughly angry."

Mr. Becker pointed out that Odell tried to create the impression in this country that the views of President Wilson carried great weight in Germany.

"To their initial desire for peace, which began to manifest itself a year ago," he wrote, "the German masses have now added the wish to live on a par with the rest of the civilized world. * * * Those principles of peace first enunciated by President Wilson, and restated by the Russian revolutionists, struck a responsive chord in the hearts of the German people."

Mr. Becker said that Odell has admitted that he obtained most of his data in Germany after this country entered the war, and that articles cabled to this country had the sanction of Dr. Roediger, official censor of the German Foreign Office.

"In other words," said Mr. Becker, "the articles were written to mislead the President and people of the United States, the purpose being to bring about a lull in America's war preparations."

NO LABOR DRAFT FOR PROFIT

Men, if Called, Will Work Only for the Nation, Says Post.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—The Administration's attitude toward conscription of labor was outlined before the Association of Commerce today by Louis F. Post, Assistant Secretary of Labor.

"The time may come," he said, "when we will have to conscript workers in mines, forests and factories, but in the name of democracy these men shall not be conscripted until we have first conscripted the places where they shall work. This democracy will not stand for the conscription of men to work for the profit of other men. The conscripted man must work for Uncle Sam and no one else."

COTTON MAKES GAINS IN UNSETTLED MARKET

Net Results Range from 40 to 55 Points with Trading on Limited Scale.

The cotton market yesterday was irregular and unsettled. It opened barely steady unchanged to 45 points lower. Trading was not on a large scale. Moderate liquidation was induced by poor cables and further reports of rain over Texas and Oklahoma, and also in Mississippi and Tennessee. On the decline, Liverpool and trade buying orders absorbed the contracts and a rally followed, with the market selling up to above the levels reached at Saturday's close.

During the morning session the market was quiet. Following the early decline the market moved upward and closing prices recorded net gains of 55 points for October, 50 for February, 45 for March and May, and 40 for December.

The market closed barely steady.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Sept.	.....	.....	.....	33.60 Bid	33.05
Oct.	32.60	33.90	32.60	33.60@33.64	33.05
Nov.	.....	.....	.....	33.15 Bid	32.75
Dec.	32.10	33.35	32.10	33.00@33.09	32.60
Jan.	32.10	33.11	32.10	32.90@32.92	32.30
Feb.	.....	.....	.....	32.80 Bid	32.30
March	32.00	33.10	32.00	32.75@32.78	32.30
April	.....	.....	.....	32.70 Bid	32.25
May	32.15	32.70	31.95	32.65 Bid	32.20
July	32.20	32.57	32.20	32.60 Bid	32.20

The local market for spot cotton was steady and 45 points higher, with 35.60 cents for middling upland; sales, 100 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 35c; New Orleans, 32½c; Savannah, 34bc; Augusta, 32.63c; Memphis, 32½c; Houston, 33⅝c; Little Rock, 32c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	11,074	9,135	19,776
Exports	.....	11,300	32,646
Exports, season	212,216	.....	296,755
New York stocks	93,055	87,728	50,513
Port stocks	827,250	826,628	417,011
N. Y. arrivals	5,412	2,487	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet; middling, 24.37d; good middling, 23.28d; sales, 2,000 bales, of which 1,000 bales were American; imports, 2,000 bales. Futures opened irregular, 3 points decline to 8 points advance, and closed quiet, 24 to 28 points advance from Friday's closing quotations; August, 24.06d; September, 23.72d; October, 23.46d; November, 23.36d, and December, 23.16d.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Forecast:

N. C. and S. C.—Thunder showers Tues.; fair Wed.

Ga.—Thunder showers Tues. and Wed.

Fla.—Fair Tues. and Wed.

Ala. and Miss.—Rains and thunder showers Tues. and Wed.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Tues. and Wed.

Ohio, Ind., and Mich.—Fair and cooler Tues. and Wed.

La.—Cloudy and showers Tues. and Wed.

Ark., Okla., and Texas—Fair Tues. and Wed.

SURPLUS TAX DUE THURSDAY

Corporations Warned to Make Remittances on Time.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue issued a warning today that under the War Revenue act returns for the 10 per cent. tax on undistributed surplus must be made not later than next Thursday, Aug. 29. This applies to corporations whose fiscal year terminates with Dec. 31, 1917.

Under Treasury Department regulations it is held that returns must be made within sixty days after the expiration of six months following the end of the business year. Many corporations have construed the ruling to mean they have two calendar months instead of sixty days.

The Internal Revenue Bureau will regard Aug. 29 as the last day of grace rather than the 31st. The penalty for failure to file returns on the day named is 50 per cent. of the amount of the tax.

The revenue act imposes a tax of 10 per cent. on all undistributed surplus remaining after six months following the end of the business year. It is provided, however, that this tax shall not apply to whatever portion of such surplus may be actually invested and employed in the business or retained for employment in the reasonable requirements of the business or may be invested in the obligations of the United States after Sept. 1, 1917.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.02	Jacket	.06
Alta	.02	Justice	.01
Andes	.04	Justice	.01
Best & Belcher	.02	Mexican	.18
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.04
Caledonia	.01	Overman	.01
Challenge Con	.03	Potosi	.05
Chollar	.03	Savage	.03
Confidence	.04	Seg. Belcher	.01
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.11
Con. Virginia	.25	Union Con	.42
Hale & Norcross	.08	Utah	.01
		Mexican dollars	.78¼

TONOPAH.		Goldfield Con	.20
Belmont	2.85	Goldfield Merger	.01
Cash Boy	.05	Great Bend	.03
Halifax	.11	Jumbo Ext	.00
Jim Butler	.70	Kewanaas	.02
McNamara	.31	Lone Star	.04
Midway	.04	Silver Pick	.04
Mispah	.08	Spearhead	.01
Monarch Pitts	.05	MANHATTAN.	
Montana	.10	Big Four	.02
North Star	.08	Consolidated	.04
Rescue	.13	Union Amal	.01
Tonopah Divide	1.30	White Caps	.18
Tonopah Ext	1.35	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West End	1.05	Nevada Hills	.02
West Tonopah	.23	Packard	.27
GOLDFIELD.		Rochester	.34
Atlanta	.03	Round Mountain	.18
Booth	.03	United Eastern	3.75
Florence	.10		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4¼	5	Isabella	4¼	4⅝
Dr. Jackpot	3¼	5½	McKinney	8	10
Elkton	4⅛	5	Portland	80	88
El Paso	10	25	U. Gold M.	13	15
Golden C.	160½	171	Vindicator	35	45
Granite	17	30	Rose Nicol	7	8

Bank Balances Guaranteed
Against Loss
By Reason of Your Bank Checks Being Raised

Every **banker, merchant** and **manufacturer** should procure one of our **NEW** check alteration bonds indemnifying against loss through bank checks and drafts being "raised."

Folder and application blank upon request.

We Sign All Kinds of Bonds!

National Surety Company
115 BROADWAY
"The World's Largest Surety Company"

Canada, the Land for a Vacation

Tourist traffic in Canada is estimated to be worth $50,000,000 yearly to the Dominion. From Nova Scotia to British Columbia there is an endless variety of natural beauty—sea, river, lake, prairie and mountains—whose attractions, added to an extremely healthful and exhilarating climate, appeal to people of all tastes and inclinations.

There are more than 300 branches of the UNION BANK OF CANADA located in the most important cities and towns, each offering to the American traveler in the Dominion a complete banking service.

Travelers' Cheques and Travelers' Letters of Credit may be obtained at the New York Agency

Union Bank of Canada
New York Agency, 49 Wall St. | Head Office, Winnipeg, Capital and Surplus, $8,500,000 | Geo. Wilson, F. T. Short, Agents

Municipal Bonds
Exempt from All Federal Income Taxes
Our Municipal Bond list contains among many others the following attractive issues:

ISSUE	MATURITY	YIELD
*N City of Syracuse, N. Y., Reg. 5s	1919-1934	4.45%
* Allegheny County, Pa., 4s	1936	4.60%
*N City of Lockport, N. Y., Reg. 4¼s	1919-1928	4.60%
*N State of Arkansas 4¾s	1931	4.60%
*N Village of Ellicottville, N. Y., Reg. 5s	1919-1923	4.70%
* City of Newport, Ky., Dir. Obl. 5s	1938	4.70%
* City of Lakewood, Ohio, 5s	1924-1932	4.75%
* Jefferson County, Mo., 4½s	1924-1930	4.75%
*N City of Antonio, Texas, 5s	1941-1953	4.85%
* State of Louisiana Port 5s	1941-1958	4.85%
* Navarro County, Texas, Road 5s	1947	5.00%
Port of Astoria, Oregon, 5s	1932-1948	5.00%
Marin Co., Cal., Mun. Water Dist. 5s	1929-1954	5.00%
* Mitchell Co., Texas, 5s	1924-1957	5.00%
Freestone Co., Texas, Road 5s	1919-1948	5.20%
Southeast Arkansas Levee Dist. 6s	1923-1937	5.50%
Walthall Co., Miss., Sup. Dist. 6s	1928-1941	5.50%

N. Legal Investment for New York State Savings Banks and Trustees.
* Eligible to secure Postal Savings Deposits.

We shall be pleased to send our latest revised list, G-202, on request, together with any full descriptive circulars desired.

William R. Compton Company
Government and Municipal Bonds
"Over a Quarter Century in this Business."
14 Wall Street, New York
St. Louis Cincinnati Pittsburgh Chicago Jackson, Miss.

Protecting Prosperity

The present condition of prosperity is perilous. None who are familiar with the past can doubt it. The reaction will be proportionate to the present inflation.

At such a time as this, American Credit Insurance furnishes a bulwark of safety to manufacturers and wholesalers, against the uncertainties of trade. It assures, under policies of unusual clearness and liberality, against excessive losses through sudden mishaps—against temporary or prolonged reaction through falling prices or any other cause.

The American's Unlimited Policy not only insures against abnormal credit losses; it serves to *prevent* losses. It provides for the collection of all covered accounts not over 45 days past due, or the loss is provable under the bond.

Such service is of tremendous protective value, not only to the individual business man, but to the whole community as well. The full particulars will gladly be sent free to any manufacturer or wholesaler upon request.

The AMERICAN CREDIT-INDEMNITY CO.
A. B. TREAT, Gen. E. Mgr. R. S. CHAMBERS, Gen. Agy.
91 William St., Phone John 533-534-3365, New York City

Banking Facilities for Americans Serving Abroad

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
16-22 William Street, New York
Branch Office: 475 Fifth Avenue, at 41st Street
LONDON
16 Pall Mall, East, S. W. 1, 26 Old Broad Street, E. C. 2
PARIS
41 Boulevard Haussmann
BORDEAUX
8 Cours du Chapeau Rouge
and
Two Special Agencies in the War Zone
Convenient to the United States Army Camps

This Company offers its services for all banking transactions to American officers and enlisted men serving here or in France.

The Company has been designated as Depositary of Public Moneys in New York, London and Paris by the United States Treasury Department.

Member Federal Reserve Bank and New York Clearing House

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL, New York City.—Sealed proposals for furnishing 1,680,000 yards 39-inch 68x76 4.00 8-leaf twill will be received here until 2 o'clock P. M., September 3, 1918. Information on application. Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for 39-inch 68x76 4.00 3-leaf Twill" and addressed to the Cotton Goods Branch, Clothing & Equipage Division, 100 East 16th St., New York City.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL, New

RESORTS.
NEW YORK.

GRANT HOUSE
Jefferson Heights, Catskill, N. Y.
"Where tired people grow strong and strong people enjoy life."
3 Hours by rail. Fare $2.25 by boat. Wonderful location and views. Private park of 25 acres of lawns and shade trees. Own vegetable and fruit farm. Broad, cool porches 800 feet long. Well appointed bath suites. Tennis, Golf, Baseball and Croquet on hotel grounds. Motor boating and canoeing. Deep water and bathing beach. Fine orchestra. Dancing afternoon and evening. Fine State roads.
Capacity 300. Now Open. Garage.
PETER G. CORNELL, Manager.

Dutcher House
AND COTTAGES
GOLF PAWLING, N. Y. LINKS FREE TO HOTEL GUESTS
Family and Tourist House. Home Garden Supplies. L. W. Blankinship, Phone 24 Pawling.

RAQUETTE LAKE HOUSE,
On Beautiful Raquette Lake, N. Y.
The "centre" of life and home congeniality. Modern rooms with bath; table and appointments of the first order. Tennis. Every amusement. Booklet. Special Fall Rates.

THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE
Ideal country resort. OPEN ALL YEAR. Valhalla, Westchester County, N. Y.; 45 min. to 42d St.; sleeping porches; tennis, dancing; capacity 150; $12 up; special rates for families. Phone White Plains 1165. Booklet.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

KEEP COOL AT
Belle Terre,
PORT JEFFERSON, L. I.
Bathing, Motoring,
Horseback Riding, Tennis,
Golf and Dancing.
Under New Management.

Whittier Inn Sea Gate New York Harbor
RESERVATIONS NOW BEING MADE
For SEPETMBER and OCTOBER
SPECIAL FALL RATES.
Private Boat From Battery, 1:30, 3:30, 5:30.
Phone 900 Coney Island

THE CLIFFTON (Bonaire.)
Patchogue, L. I.
Directly on Great South Bay, largest and best hotel near Camp Upton. All hotel conveniences for refined people. Open until Oct. 1.
William A. Riley. Phone 38 Patchogue.

NEW YORK—Adirondacks.

Grand View Hotel
LAKE PLACID, N. Y.
Exceptional table; orchestra; private baths. FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT. All out-of-door Adirondack diversion. Circular.
M. B. MARSHALL, Lake Placid, N. Y.

NEW SARANAC INN
ON UPPER SARANAC LAKE, COTTAGES AND CAMPS FOR RENT.
All modern improvements.
Certified Milk.
Harrington Mills, Mgr., Upper Saranac, N.Y.

McPhillips Hotel and Cottages
In the Adirondacks; booklet on request. McPHILLIPS BROS., THE GLEN, N. Y.

NEW JERSEY.

ALAMAC
In the Mountains
(Formerly The Breslin)
LAKE HOPATCONG, N. J.
Nearest Mountain Resort to New York
1½ HOURS FROM N. Y.—LACKAWANNA R. R.
Rebuilt and Refurnished. Capacity 450. Every modern comfort and appointment.
FAMOUS LATZCELLAR GRILLE.
Music and dancing. Bathing, boating, fishing, tennis, saddle horses, etc. Garage. 'Phone 1, Hopatcong. R. J. MACKLATZ CO.

Ideal Home for Fall and Winter
HOTEL MONTCLAIR
MONTCLAIR, N. J.
MOST DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED RESIDENTIAL HOTEL IN NEW YORK'S SUBURBS. OPEN THE ENTIRE YEAR. Exclusive Clientele. Golf, Splendid Orchestra. Dancing. Delightful Grill. Private Motor Bus Meets Lackawanna Trains.
FREDERICK C. HALL COMPANY.

New Hollywood Hotel
West End—Hollywood, N. J.
Now open. Within easy commuting distance of New York. Special attention to week-end and automobile parties. An exclusive seashore hotel operated only on the European plan. Private golf club and golf course. Tennis courts. Garage facilities.
Dayton Roberts, Prop. John E. Graham, Mgr.

THE WARREN
ON THE OCEAN
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
A house that is "different" in its fine appointments, unusual and artistic decorations, homelike atmosphere and service. Surrounded by green lawns and gardens, at the edge of the sea. W. B. STUBBS, Prop., N. Y. Office Nor-gee Hall, Tel. 7140 Schuyler. RESERVATIONS FOR SEPTEMBER.

TAKANASSEE HOTEL
On the Ocean Front,
West End, N. J.
Telephone 1083 Long Branch.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Marlborough-Blenheim
THE LEADING RESORT HOUSE OF THE WORLD
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
"THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP"
HEALTH IS EFFICIENCY
A Germicide Climate and Clean Streets, No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments
Ownership Management JOSIAH WHITE & SONS CO.

ROYAL PALACE HOTEL
COTTAGES AND CASINO
On the Beach, ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
Coolest location on the Coast
Near all Piers and Amusements
Swimming Pool, Tennis, Surf-bathing
Special Diet Kitchen
Cap. 600 S. Hanstein, Proprietor

ALAMAC HOTEL
FIRE PROOF
OCEAN FRONT, IN THE HEART OF ATLANTIC CITY
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.

Hotel St. Charles
With its new, absolutely fireproof addition. Entire block on ocean front. The final expression in hotel appointment, service and comfort. Always open. Illustrated literature. WILLIAM A. LEECH, Manager.

The Breakers
Atlantic City's Newest Fireproof Hotel
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.
THE WILTSHIRE VIRGINIA AVE. AND BEACH
Ocean view. Capacity 350. Private baths, running water in rooms, elev., etc. American plan. Open all year. Booklet and special rates upon request. SAMUEL ELLIS.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Burlington Hotel
431 Rooms with Bath, $2.50 to $5.00
WASHINGTON, D. C.

UNION OF CAR MEN SEEKS FEDERAL AID

Counsel Sends Message Complaining of Discharges for Joining Organization.

OFFICIALS DENY DELAYS

Shifts Made from Other Divisions to Bolster Up Service Below the Harlem River.

Louis Fridiger, counsel for the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America, sent a telegram to the War Labor Board at Washington yesterday afternoon in which he set forth the grievance of the motormen and conductors of the Third Avenue Railway system who voted to "suspend work" on last Friday night. The message was sent to W. Jett Lauck, Secretary of the National War Labor Board, and read as follows:

"The Third Avenue Railroad Company has discharged 100 motormen and conductors for organising and wearing union buttons. The officials stated at the time that all men wearing buttons or joining union would be discharged. As a result, over 75 per cent. of the men are off the cars, practically crippling road. Spreading to other parts of the system. Men are desirous of avoiding complete tieup."

Superintendent George J. Murphy of the Third Avenue Company said yesterday that the cars were running on the normal schedule and that the majority of the men felt they had no grievance against the management of the company.

"Some of the men were influenced," he said, "by agitators who are trying to make trouble, but we do not expect any open rupture. The police are in charge of the barns, but there is little fear of violence. I hope that the men who have walked out will soon see the error of their ways and come back."

All cars on the Bronx division were running yesterday and Police Inspector Walsh said that no disorders had been reported beyond the arrest of a disturber at a meeting of car men yesterday morning at Curtin's Hall, Third Avenue and 136th Street.

Officials of the company said that men had been shifted from other divisions to bolster up the service below the Harlem River, the region thus far affected by the strike, and one of them added that the most strenuous measures would be employed to maintain the normal headway. This official said the lines were being run "near the schedule," but admitted that cars running on Third Avenue were far behind schedule during the rush hours, and at times were operating on a thirty-minute headway.

1,300 SHIPWORKERS QUIT.

Seattle Employes Demand More Pay —Strikes at Other War Plants.

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 26.—The plant of the Pacific Coast Steel Company, engaged on contracts for the Emergency Fleet Corporation, was closed today as a result of a strike of nearly the entire force of 1,300 workmen, after the company and unions involved failed to agree on new working contracts. Officials of the company said wage demands amount to 68 per cent. above last year's pay.

The workers said they ask only the same wages and working conditions enjoyed by all other metal trades here doing Government work. The War Labor Board probably will be asked to settle the strike.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., Aug. 26.—Two thousand plumbers who quit work on Government construction here last week were still out today, insisting upon a wage increase from 75 to 87½ cents an hour. The Government has agreed to their demands for double time after 4 P. M. five days a week and after 11 A. M. on Saturdays and Sundays.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 26.—Demands made by structural ironworkers who quit work on Friday for an increase from 80 cents to $1 an hour were rejected by employers today after information had been received that 80 cents was the rate prevailing in Buffalo and 75 cents the rate paid in Syracuse. Work on an addition to one factory engaged in munitions work is being delayed by the strike.

Expect Stefansson at Dawson.

DAWSON, Yukon Territory, Aug. 26.—Vilhjalmur Stefansson, Arctic explorer, is expected to arrive here today or tomorrow from Fort Yukon, where he has been convalescing since his illness last Winter.

RESORTS.
NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.

NEW MONTEREY HOTEL
ACCOMMODATING 500
NORTH ASBURY PARK, N. J.
ASBURY PARK,
The ideal resort, combining ocean, lakes and country. Write, Publicity Bureau, 507 Boardwalk, Asbury Park, N. J.

NEW ENGLAND.

Tour New England
THE
Vacation Land
GOOD ROADS, MAGNIFICENT SCENERY, BRACING AIR, AND WAYSIDE INNS, MODERN HOTELS AND COMPLETELY EQUIPPED RESORTS ARE READY TO PROVIDE FOR YOUR COMFORT AND PLEASURE.
All Hotels of the New England Hotel Association are members of the United States Food Administration.
Send for a four-color New England Hotel Association Map to
WM. HIMBAL, Secretary,
Draper Hotel, Northampton, Mass.

EDGEWOOD INN
Greenwich, Conn.
45 Minutes from Grand Cen. Station
Under management of
MISSES GILLAN & EDWARDS.
Telephone Greenwich—1760.

NEW WAUMBEK
HOTEL AND COTTAGES
Jefferson, White Mts., N. H.
The Hotel De Luxe of the Mountains.
Altitude 1,600 ft., 28-mile unobstructed view. Open until Oct. 1st. 18-hole golf course, finest in New Hampshire. Tennis, horseback riding.
H. N. Townsley, Mgr.

PENNSYLVANIA.

KITTATINNY The Mountain Paradise.
DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.
Open to December. Capacity 500. Finest appointed, best located and leading hotel in this famous region. Orchestra; golf; tennis; saddle horses; bathing, fishing, etc. Grill; garage. Booklet and Auto Maps mailed. JOHN PURDY COPE.
84 Miles from New York—Good Roads.

MONNOMONOCK INN, in the Pocono Mts., Cresco Sta., D., L. & W. R. R. Mountain-home, Pa., P. O. Mountainhome's leading hotel. Steam heat, running water in rooms, private baths. Special fall rates. Booklet.

HEARST SUES FOR LOSSES.

Asks $1,400,000 Damages Because Mt. Vernon Bars His Papers.

MOUNT VERNON, Aug. 26.—The Star Publishing Company today filed suits against fourteen city officials, including Mayor Edward F. Brush, the ten Aldermen, the Police Commissioner, Corporation Counsel, and Chief of Police, for $100,000 damages each, arising from the recent city ordinance barring the sale of the Hearst papers. The complaint asserts that the city officers are "unlawfully contriving and intending to hinder and prevent plaintiff from carrying on its lawful trade."

It is said that the Star Publishing Company has asked Corporation Counsel Esser to make an arrest for the violation of the ordinance forbidding the sale of the banned papers so that it can be tested on habeas corpus proceedings. Mayor Brush and several others are away, and it is expected no date will be fixed for the test case until all defendants are served.

260,000 GERMANS LISTED.

Total of Unnaturalized Males Announced in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—About 260,000 unnaturalized male Germans live in the United States and have registered with police and postmasters under the enemy alien regulations, the Department of Justice reported today.

The registration for males was held in January, and a few additional Germans are being recorded from time to time. Reports of the registration of German women more than two months ago have not yet been fully tabulated, but it is believed that less than 200,000 enrolled.

These figures do not include the interned Germans, whose number never has been made public.

WELFARE BOARD APPEALS.

Wants Men Up to 55 Years Old to Aid Those in the Army.

Four hundred workers for home and overseas duty are needed by the Jewish Welfare Board, according to an appeal for recruits sent out over the country yesterday. The call is for men between the ages of 38 and 55 years, who are in good health—men of magnetic personality, executive ability, experience, and broad human sympathy.

A good Jewish and secular education, though desirable, is not absolutely essential, the appeal says. It calls for "men of ideas and ideals, who stand ready to give their all in this great world struggle."

GERMAN TROOPS DOWNCAST

Believe There Will Be No More Offensives, Prisoner Says.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE VESLE, Aug. 25, (Associated Press.)—German soldiers believe that Germany is not planning any more offensives because of the man power shortage, according to one of a party of seven of a German patrol captured by the Americans early Sunday east of Fismes.

The soldier, who was a former bank employe and the owner of a Berlin restaurant, said the soldiers no longer had any enthusiasm for war. Most of those with whom he came in contact believed the war would end soon.

The prisoner had been fighting three years and declared he was thoroughly tired of it. He said the soldiers understood that the German losses in the recent allied offensives had been very great. These reports were credited by the soldiers and were having a demoralising effect. He said he knew of one division of 15,000 which had been reduced to fewer than 1,000. He did not know what became of the men.

Plenty of Germans, he added, would desert and surrender if they had the opportunity. Many of them were constantly watching for a chance to give themselves up to the Americans. Trouble had been threatened in the German munition plants, and the army leaders were tightening conditions there. The prisoner said the rules governing munition workers were more strict now than ever.

Germany, he declared, had plenty of ammunition, but the man-power question and the actual entry of American troops into the fighting were worrying the military leaders.

Naval Men Killed in Seaplane.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Dale Vern Campbell, Portland, Ore., and Lester Achan Barnett, Mount Pleasant, Tenn., Navy Quartermasters, were killed Aug. 22 in a seaplane accident in French waters. The accident was reported to the Navy Department today without details. Campbell's body was not recovered.

Expect Early Reorders.

Manufacturers of women's coats and suits in this city are of the opinion that reorders for Fall garments will begin to come in this year much earlier than in former seasons. It was pointed out by one authority in the local trade that the higher prices now prevailing exhausted the retailer's purchasing power before he had secured the usual volume of merchandise. Necessarily, then, with a more limited stock, retailers will find their lines working out very soon after the Fall season sets in, and they will be compelled to come back to market early for duplications in order to keep their stocks intact.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

FREDERICK E. BAMER of 408 West 145th Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,091 and assets of $500. Frank G. Banister is the only creditor.

KRAUS BROS.—Max Kraus, also known as Moe Kraus, and George Kraus, partners, trading as Kraus Bros. at 207 Avenue B, have filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,040 and no assets. The individual schedules of Max Kraus show liabilities of $6,046 and no assets, while those of George Kraus show liabilities of $2,025 and no assets. Among the firm's largest creditors are Joseph Levy, $500, and W. Vernick, $377.

CLARENCE C. PERPALL, trading as Clarence C. Perpall & Co., stock broker, at 50 Broad Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of $249,482, of which $75,000 is a secured claim and assets of $164,747, consisting of debts due on open account. The Continental Bank is a secured creditor for $75,000, and among the largest, unsecured creditors are Sneebner & Heath, $40,690; William Bailey, $4,054; G. D. Curtis, $7,753, and A. J. Brower, $4,111.

MARTIN LYNCH, cafe, at 2,110 Eighth Avenue, has filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of $11,082, of which $5,500 is a secured claim represented by a chattel mortgage held by Beadleston & Woerz on fixtures and chattels in liquor store at 2,110 Eighth Avenue, and no assets. The estate of Emil Bachman is a creditor for $5,575.

MORRIS JACOBS, fur supplies, of 9 West Twentieth Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $22,026, unsecured claims and assets of $5,075, consisting of stock, $3,000; accounts due, $2,000, and deposits in bank, $75. Among the largest creditors are Chatham & Phenix Bank, $4,000, and Bower & Gelder, $1,700.

WILLIAM R. JENKINS COMPANY, books, of Sixth Avenue and Forty-eighth Street.—Judge Mayer has appointed Charles Kingsley, receiver, in $5,000 bond.

AMERICAN PLAYER ACTION CO.—Judge Mayer has appointed Martin R. Musser, receiver, in $3,000 bond in a suit brought by John W. Sullivan, who claims that he loaned the concern $63,021. It is said that the total indebtedness of the company is $182,355.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Adams, Richard F.—Booksellers' Protection and Collection Association.....$104.75
Arnheim, Pellce—F. Wherry.....630.56
Baker, Richard J.—W. E. Darnall.....165.95
Cowan, Sam K.—E. V. Harman.....372.08
Close, Somah S.—Stern Bros.....268.70
Dagis, Paul—P. Dargels.....510.30
Du Gay, Charles M.—W. P. Stephenson.296.72
Elwood, Clare—Stern Bros.....373.11
Fleischman, Louis and Esther—R. Finkelman.....331.40
Gilmore, Betty—J. A. Munser et al....153.74
Goodwin, Leroy T.—G. W. Ringrock....101.02
Hercules Rubber and George H. Quennard—Irving Nat. Bank of N. Y..233.50
Harris, Herbert—M. Philips et al.....194.43
Hopkins, Arthur—T. J. Hayes Printing Co.....311.63
Hogan, George J.—F. Perman.....387.12
Krechmar, Samuel—H. Kramer et al....155.04
Koehler, Alfred—Bridelin Co.....181.90
Kosminsky, Hyman—N. Atlesberg et al. 216.55
Klein, Isidore—Central Tile Co.....107.40
Lehmann, Henry—Stillwell Co.....535.96
Mogal Mining Co.—American Surety Co. of New York.....113.02
McDougall, William—J. B. Bowden Co.....169.96
Norton, Robert F.—N. Y. Metallic Bedstead Co.....510.94
Neri, Tony—Auslander Safety Lock Co.105.99
Phillips, Moore—International Requirements Co.....220.16
Perlman, Anton—M. Kahn.....433.08
Perri, Leonce—Packard Twin Six Auto Sales Co.....284.20
Phyfe, Lawson, (Phyfe's Garage)—L. F. Goodrich Rubber Co., costs.....141.69
Palmer, Courtland K.—D. Gumbiner....176.70
Roors, Erma—Lebolt & Co.....249.66
Remme, Walter—Schoenmaker.....108.50
Shanley, William, and Martin Colline—R. Marks.....949.26
Tiedemann, Henry—E. Tiedemann.....180.75
Weinstein, Morris—H. Sherman.....227.92

In Bronx County.

Neri, Tony—Auslander Safety Lock Co.$105.99
Zip the Zip Co.—E. Loopesko.....1,033.47

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The following satisfied judgments were filed yesterday. The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date when the judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Cohen, Israel—N. Rosenberg, Oct. 28, 1917.....$286.55
Allen, Franklin W.—A. Green, Nov. 6, 1917.....174.83
Johnson, Wilbur E.—F. Taylor & Co., June 12, 1916.....16.88
Lobesco, Joseph—J. Marrone, June 27, 1918.....346.18
Nastine—Nastine Stopper and Machine Co., April 16, 1918.....79.30
Textile Protective Bureau, Inc., and Joseph Briskman—S. I. Hepner, Aug. 21, 1917.....176.49
Zondman, Isaac and Sarah—C. E. Neher, as exr., March 15, 1918.....3,608.87
Zondman, Isaac W. and Sarah—M. Schuster, Jan. 24, 1918.....1,925.44

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(c) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Sheppard, J.—Room 823, Third Floor, P. O. Building, at 10:30 A. M. —Jury calendar. Bt Peter Clerk.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 10 A. M., in Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn. US Leland E. Hawkins et al. At 10:30 A. M.: US Gertrude Nelson.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Ottinger, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Prescott c O'Donohue.
Re U S Fid & Guar Co c Delehanty.
Kronson c Goldenberg.
Marcone c Cluti.
Toomer c Penn RR.
Spector c Winthrop.
Hook c Hook.
Re CNY. (Hunts Point Road.)
Am Transatlantic Co c Comilano Reguladora, &c. (2.)
Stoloya c Ikin Hts RR.
Mintz c NY Cons RR.
Healey c same.
Grafstein c same.
Davidowitz c C I & B RR.
Ward c Dethloff.
Hattin c Battin.
Reilly c Fletcher.
Re Donohue (Selgret.)
Kahn c Goldsmith.
Blum c Blum.
Re Cohen, (Gleeksman.)
Rainess c Rainess.
Saunders c Forman.
Madison Lunch c Olenik
Totenkopf c Rosenberg
Berger c Bienstock.
Citizens Sav Bank c Mack.
Kandel c Combined R E Interest (2.)
Wilk c Solder Rity (2.)
Gage c Kaufman.
Wolf c Wolf.
Denis c Dincin.
Apuglese c Pizzutiello (2.)
Doll c Metropolitan Distributors.
Maher c Loew's Theatrical Enterprises.
Underhill c Underhill.

PART II.—Weeks, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERMS—Part III.—Recess.
PARTS IV. to VIII., inclusive, adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Recess.
PARTS III. to XVIII., inclusive, adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Wills for probate:
Mary E Farley
Susie Warner Wolfe.
Meyer H Lehman.
Giuseppe Mosco.
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Valentine c Rabain.
Tornay c Reiners.
New Am Gas Co c Dickstein.
Palmer c Seibert.
Standard Paint Co c Col Circle Con Corp
Degnan c Sadowsky.
Sloan c Dwyer.
Rosewater c Mogi Mosonol Emanary.
Trustees of Leake & Watts Orphan House c Hartcorn.
Christopher c Christopher.
Eldridge c Cohen.
Met Life Ins Co c Johnson-Kahn Co.
Seymour c Powell.
Stewart c Stewart.
Nagle c Nagle.
Bos General Corp c Knott.
Garford Motor Truck Co c Taylor.
Littlejohn & Co c Polak Van Almele Bros.
Posner c Pirst Indept Pultusker, &c.
Aron c Sachs.
Griffin c Submarine Film Corp.
Berman c Eastern Car Distributors (2.)
Ginsberg c Gritman.
Kessler c Shenbaum.
Mazer c Oz Realty Co.
Plutzer c Meyer.
Parisi c Kommel.
Ryan c Glidden Motor Supply Co.
Re Klaskin, (Entmacher.)
Alberthy c Gruich.
Zimmerman c Lanoss.
Chatfield c Buehler.
Ricci c Ricci.
Van Nest c Loretta Corp.
Re McDowell c Board of Education.
Re Klatzkin, (Wechsler.)
Cohen c Grintzenstein.

Clarke c Hughes.
Taylor c Ellsworth Bldg Corp.
Howard Holding Corp c Larkin.
Re Lewin.
Re Clermont Av.
Re Liberty Av.
Gearthy c CNY.
Lugomayer c Litzenburger.
Gravesend Ex-Firemen's Assn c Lake.
Devitto c Cerillo.
Cragg c Pinnerty.
Greenwood c Grindrod.
Maddren c Welch.
Pokley c Pokley.
Lifshitz c Lifshitz.
Re New Utrecht Av, (Munniek.)
Rosenthal c Rosenthal.
Skripco c Standard Ice Cream Co.
Lebovitz c Bernstein.
Meyersohn c Goldstein.
Steinberg c Ward Bak.
Auer c Esterre, (2.)
Siegel c Friedland.

TRIAL TERMS—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Ford, J.—Rector c Rector —Joseph D Kelly.
SUPREME COURT—Ottinger, J.—Emigrant Industrial Sav Bank c Schlesinger—Millard H Ellison.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Weeks, J.—Rachel Levy c Millie Rosenberg—John C Hertle. Henry C Reed c Ryshpan—John J Collins.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM, (Chambers)—Giegerich, J. —At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Giegerich, J.—Motion calendar.

Potash c Schapiro & Davis, (2.)
Menken c Nouskajian.
Bloeman c Krosknit Mills.
Cibotti c Cibotti.
Vitale c Cottone.
Miller c Miller.
Wallace c Wallace.
Re Catania.
Re Morvillo.
Herrman c Haney.
Mut Life Ins Co of N Y c Barnard.
Meeks c Perna.
People ex rel Benjamin c Benjamin.
Lubin c Lubin.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department —Recess.
APPELLATE TERM.—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Faber, J.—At 10 A. M.

Long c Winkelmann.
Aliuo c M Patane & Co.
Rossi c Rose & ano.
Dierks c Clough-Bourne.
Cunningham c Orpheum Operating Co.
Just c Just.
Taranto c Pace.
Carannante c Barbuto.
Santamarita c Overseas Shipping Co.
Gillora c same.
Lombardi c same.
Vallero c Brenack.
Larralde c Monture.
Kinkel c Kinkel.
People ex rel Jones c Enright, (Commr.)
A. D Granger & Co c D A Higgins & Co.
Gerard c Cross & Brown Co.
Yonofsky c Fein.
Tesoriero c Rose.
Yodice c McGrath Const
Vezzano c Overseas Shipping Co.
Deseno c East River Stevedoring Corp.
Kramer c Mutusow.
Santis c Turner & Blanchard.

PART II.—Lazansky, J.—Ex parte business, at 10 A. M.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Wm Herriman, Albert Tschupp.
Mary Batton, Chas O'Neill.

County Court.

CIVIL—Adjourned for the term.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants
50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

AMOSKEAG SERGES 6002 or 7002; wanted to buy for cash; quote your best price. I. Wasserman. Chelsea 9750.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—$3.15 Botany; also F. & H. Duvet De Laine, all colors. Call between 9 and 10, Madison Square 4621, Mr. Cohn.

BROADCLOTH and KERSEYS Wanted.—N. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th. Farragut 2840.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—315 Botany, all colors, for cash. Sol Levine & Co., 12 West 27th St.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany 315, or F. & H., Columbia. Jacob Cohen, 11 W. 32d

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany, F. & H.; serges, 09070, 54289, cash. Gramercy 845.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—F. & H. or botany; also 9 and 99. Farragut 9339.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—For spot cash. Chelsea 1360.

BURELLAS Wanted.—American 0310, black, brown, navy, green; F. & H. broadcloth, navy and black. Murray Hill 1713.

CHINCHILLA Wanted.—White Salt's or similar quality. Gramercy 6516.

COATS Wanted.—Large jobber placing orders on new snappy Fall coats. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at samples of new Fall coats. Call after 1 o'clock, 3d floor, 10 East 33d.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on new models in misses' and ladies' coats. 5th floor, 45 West 27th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobs; cash. Farragut 9333.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on advance models. 1st floor, 15 W. 26th.

COATS Wanted.—Will look at better coats, 10th floor, 141 West 36th St.

COATS Wanted—Better grades, job. Fourth floor, 45 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at coats of the better kind. 4th floor, 12 West 27th.

CORDUROY Wanted.—Black, narrow wale, single or double width. Greeley 4582, Piece Goods Department.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—64-60, bombazine, printed voiles, gabardines, drills; also 54-inch goods or wider. Rice, 96 5th Av.

COTTON PIECE GOODS Wanted.—Call 7th floor, 44 East 23d St., Dept. 12.

CRYSTAL CORD.—Wanted Holden Leonard Fall shades, and quantity for cash. Telephone Greeley 2137.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on new styles in jersey, velveteens, georgette, and serge dresses. 11th floor, 54 West 25th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles serge and satin dresses. Call with samples afternoons, 35 W. 38th, 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Better grade; a jobber is looking from 9 to 12; Georgettes, serges, and other kinds. 118 West 29th, 9th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber open to buy for spot cash any quantity of jersey dresses. Call with samples, 4th floor, 44 West 20th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders serge and satin dresses. Call with samples. Samuel Greenberg, 146 West 25th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will buy for cash job of serge, satin, jersey, velvet, and taffeta dresses. Chelsea 696.

DRESSES Wanted. — Children's colored dresses; retail 50c—$1.50; want quantity. Madison Square 3079.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will pay spot cash for jobs satin jerseys and serge dresses. Spiro-Kutner, 279 5th Av.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Skirts Waists Wanted; better grade; cash. National, 4345 Franklin.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—Navy and black; also Gilbert serge 18539. Phone Mad. Sq. 8276.

FLANNEL Wanted.—All wool, navy, red, and green, for manufacturing of middies. Abe Millman, successor to Bloom & Millman, 50 West 17th St. 6350.

FLANNELS Wanted. — Scarlet color; open for quantity 54-inch, 27-inch. Kindly call with samples, Levett, Frank & Co., 40 West 32d St.

GABARDINES Wanted. — Will exchange taupe Garfields for navy; open for crystal cord, taupe and brown. Gradwell & Henry.

HUDSON BAY Wanted.—Blumenthals, Mad. Sq. 3564.

JEANS Wanted.—In the market for 25,000 yards Hill-Jeans or like quality. Telephone 6346 Prospect.

JERSEY Wanted.—All colors, dress weight quality; will pay $3.50. Hyman W. Ginsberg, 25 West 32d.

JERSEY CLOTH Wanted.—Open for quantity; all colors. Broder & Co., 48 W. 25th.

JERSEY WOOL Wanted for cash, all colors, any quantity. Farragut 3093.

MIXTURE COATINGS Wanted.—Green mixtures, all wool or cotton wool, weight about 16 ounces, large quantity. Kindly call with samples, Levett, Frank & Co., 40 West 32d St.

OXFORDS Wanted.—Peking velour, silvertones; cash or exchange; other shades. Mad. Sq. 7216.

PEBBLE CHEVIOTS Wanted.—All colors; American or Lymansville; spot cash. Greeley 5344.

PECO PLUSH Wanted.—Any quantity; must be 50 inches wide. Madison Square 2715.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—All kinds of piece goods re-dyed to all colors; also trimming and garments. Arrow Piece Dye Works, 160 West 86th. Greeley 1693.

PLUSH Wanted.—H. & H. Baffin seal for cash. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st.

POM POM Wanted.—All wool pom pom 0815. Farragut 4078.

POPLINS Wanted.—Open for qunatity 36-inch, high lustre poplin, all shades. Albert Skirt Co., 110 West 26th.

POPLIN Wanted.—American, in brown only; P. P. L., in brown only. Call 7080 Madison Square; ask for Shreero.

POPLINS Wanted.—Cotton black American, all colors. Modern Cloak and Suit House, 15 W. 20th.

POPLINS Wanted.—American navy, black, and brown, for cash. Far. 5920.

POPLIN and SERGES Wanted.—American; also plushes; spot cash. Gramercy 1807.

POPLIN Wanted.—American and 774; serge 4040 or similar. Madison Square 0837.

POPLIN Wanted.—All shades and all makes; net cash. Albert Levy, 113 West 31st.

POPLIN Wanted.—American 090610 and 774. Madison Woolen Mills, Inc., 315 4th Av.

POPLINS.—Wanted American 0600½; black. Madison Square 2607.

REMNANTS Wanted.—Woolens, silks, and cotton goods. Call Spring 1192.

SATIN Wanted.—Cotton back, white and colors. Stern, 149 West 36th.

SATIN Wanted.—P. D. C., navy only, $1.25 to $1.35. Fred, Mad. Sq. 6036.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy 1210, C. S. G., S. B. G. L. 87, W. S. G.; must be reasonable on terms. Call Gramercy 2744.

SERGES Wanted.—11433 and other numbers; will pay spot cash. Call Monday morning, H. B. Levine Co., 12 East 33d.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for job in serges, poplins, and Venetians; any quantity, but must be cheap. Goodman, Gram. 1529.

SERGES, TRICOTINE Wanted.—Botany, Garfield, Whitman; large quantities; spot cash. 4882 Mad. Square.

SERGES Wanted. — 54289, navy, brown, black; must be cheap for cash. H. Wolfenson, 256 5th Av.

SERGES Wanted.—Pay cash quantities 7301 navy. Spitzer, 1,265 Broadway, Madison Square 1872.

SERGES Wanted.—Will buy for cash, 09070, 0600, and 209, in navy. Stuyvesant 5172.

SERGES.—Wanted 94, 200, 211, 0600, 0606, 2372, 7301, 235. Levy, Stuyvesant 3327.

SERGE.—Wanted 10 pieces 54289 Julliard navy serge; spot cash. Phone Chelsea 9710.

SERGES Wanted.—11433 and 104. Madison Woolen Mills, Inc., 315 4th Av.

SERGE Wanted.—54289, original tickets, for cash. Farragut 723.

SERGE.—Wanted 11433 navy; cheap for cash. W 143 Times.

SERGES Wanted for cash; 0600, 09070, 87, 94, 11433, 54280. Progress, Chelsea 6540.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, 7120, cash. Gramercy 6544.

SERGES Wanted.—Botany 11433, cash. Bildmore Dress Co., 6 West 20th.

SERGES AND SATIN Wanted.—For cash. Ginsberg & Bason, 16 West 17th.

SICILIAN GREEN MOHAIR Wanted.—Any width. Phone Farragut 3207.

SILKS Wanted.—Open to buy silks of all description. Mad. Sq. 576.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Dark blue. Frans Ners, 12 pieces, at once. Plaza 3605.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—H. & L., all colors, for cash. Mad. Sq. 4160.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades. Sprayregen & Marks, 158 West 29th St.

SUITS, coats, dresses, and waists wanted; large or small quantities for spot cash. E. E. Gordon, care of J. H. Friedman, 3,161 Broadway, New York City.

TAFFETA Wanted, black and navy, for cash. Call H. L. Bloch, Inc., 128 West 22d.

TRICOTINE Wanted, in navy only. Klein Marcus Cloak Co., 7 Division St. Orchard 3066.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Will exchange navy 5880 for black. Madison Square 1452.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Navy; also jersey; all shades. Madison Square 8287.

TWEEDS Wanted.—Fisher & Kennedy, style 1600. Samuel Fine Co., 12 W. 27th.

VELOURS Wanted.—0360 or similar, all shades, for spot cash, or will exchange broadcloth for velours. Greeley 5186.

VELOURS Wanted.—K544, silvertones, and navy; pom pom. Mad. Sq. 3094.

Buyers' Wants
50 Cents per agate line each insertion

PRISCILLA COATS for MISSES

Comparison will convince you that Priscilla Coats excel in style, workmanship and value. They are now on exhibition at our showrooms in the new soft tones, in such fashionable fabrics as duvet de laine, broadcloth, silvertones and velours.

Let us show them to you.

H. GOLDWATER & COMPANY
46 WEST 25th STREET NEW YORK CITY

Our Three Specials
Fisher & Kennedy Tweed
Suit No. 274 at $23.75
Dress No. 364 at $19.75
Coat No. 54 at $26.75
Michael Senft & Co.
29 West 35th St.

BELTS
For Women and Children
We are naturally pleased at the enthusiasm displayed over our latest French Novelty Sweater Belts in their smart combinations of assorted leathers lined with silk. Have you seen them yet?
SLOTE & SCHAFFER
"The Belt House of New York"
49-53 E. 21st St. New York City

HATS
for
Chicks, Flappers, Chickens
MAX MAYER, Inc.,
352 Fourth Ave.

DRESSES
$13.75
Serge, Satin, Charmeuse, Georgette, Meteor, Wool Jersey.
GINSBERG BROS
6-8 WEST 32nd ST. NEW YORK

TOPS for TOTS HATS
for Chicks
Flappers
Chickens
MAX MAYER, Inc.,
352 Fourth Ave., N.Y.

"Rushing the Duck"
is what our busy mills are doing in order to supply the tremendous demand for our
ELASTIC DUCK
for shaping Women's and Misses' Cloaks and Suits.
Benzer-Nathan
321-31 Broadway, New York

Heavy Weight All Silk
TRICOLETTE
DRESS
Black, Navy, Rookie, Tan, Taupe
At $16.75 Net.
SATIN WOOL JERSEY
SERGE DRESSES
FROM $7.50 UP.
READY FOR PROMPT SHIPMENTS.
Tip Top Waist and Dress Co.
134 West 37th St., N. Y. C.

DRESSES
for Immediate Delivery
SILKS and SERGES $6.75 up
M. Weisman & Sons
118 West 22nd St., N. Y. C.

DRESS NO. 350 PACIFIC
50-50 SERGE.
A WONDER! SEE IT $4.37½ NET
CLOVER GARMENT CO.
23 West 32d Street, New York

CUBA SEEKS SHOES HERE.

Proposes Government Sale to Cut High Prices of Dealers.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Aug. 26.—Pedro Osorio, Secretary of the Cuban Food Administration Board, has been selected by President Menocal to proceed to Washington to confer with the American Food Administrator in an endeavor to arrange for the purchase of a cheap make of shoes to be sold here by the Government on account of the exorbitant prices charged by dealers.

The Italian Minister has notified President Menocal that the Italian Government has decorated him with the War Cross of San Mauricio and San Lorenzo.

Plan to End Profiteering.

According to information that has reached this market, the State Council of Defense for Arizona is endeavoring to end alleged profiteering by retailers in that State by recommending that on and after Oct. 1 these merchants show the wholesale prices they have paid for their goods. These prices may either be plainly marked on each article or may be listed, the list to be hung in a prominent place in the store. So far as could be learned here yesterday the wholesale figures on the goods must not represent the "landed" cost or cost plus "overhead," but the prices actually paid for the merchandise in the market in which it was purchased.

Light Hat Facings Not Popular.

Though some of the local millinery wholesalers are showing Fall models with light facings of panne velvet or velvet, hats of this type are not popular at the moment. It is impossible at this time, according to a trade authority, to predict whether they will find favor in "dress" models later on. Up to the present time, hats in taupe, brown, sand, beaver, black, and navy have sold best. Henna, a new shade from Paris, is expected to find more or less favor, for, being a reddish brown, it makes a good combination with brown, navy or black. Among the favored color combinations now are sand with brown, taupe with peacock blue, and navy with sand or beaver.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—A. Polsky Co.; K. Fedderson, general mdse.; 353 4th Av.
ALBANY, N. Y.—S. Sparborg, millinery; 621 Broadway.
ALLENTOWN, Penn.—Hess Brothers; J. Diefenderfer, dress goods, silks; 41 Union Square.
ALTOONA, Penn.—Kline Bros.; C. W. Lantz, draperies; G. G. Kinch, silk, dress goods; 23 E. 26th; Prince George.
AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—M. Graymen, women's ready-to-wear; Continental.
ATLANTA, Ga.—P. Elson, clothing, furn. goods; Herald Square.
ATLANTA, Ga.—F. O. Watson & Co.; F. O. Watson, men's clothing, furn. goods; Miss E. L. Watson, waists, underwear; Martinique.
ATLANTA, Ga.—J. Silvey & Co.; D. P. McDaniels, cloaks, notions, hosiery, furnishing goods; 72 Leonard.
ATLANTA, Ga.—M. Rich & Bros. Co.; W. H. Rich, general mdse; 1,150 B'way.
AUGUSTA, Ga.—J. B. White Co.; R. H. Pendleton, ladies' ready-to-wear, juvenile wear; 28 East 26th.
BALLSTON SPA, N. Y.—E. C. Welch & Co.; E. C. Welch, millinery; Park Avenue.
BALTIMORE—Daniel Miller Co.; W. M. Starkey, hosiery, gloves, sweaters; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; G. M. Eytinge, ribbons; H. S. Messersmith, remnants; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Wm. Koch Importing Co.; E. H. Zeller, toys, china; Imperial.
BALTIMORE, Md.—M. M. Bernstein & Co.; M. M. Bernstein, neckwear materials; 440 4th Av.
BALTIMORE, Md.—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss C. H. Fuld, infants' wear; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE, Md.—Bernheimer Bros.; L. Michelson, millinery, ribbons; S. D. Sampson, cloaks, suits, dresses; 470 4th Av.
BALTIMORE, Md.—Stewart & Co.; Miss B. Conway, books, stationery, jewelry; C. H. Collins, silks, dress goods; F. E. Pannock, wash goods, domestics, linens, blankets; 2 West 37th.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Loveman, Joseph & Loeb; J. B. Joseph, dry goods; 116 W. 32d.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Yielding Bros. & Co.; W. J. Yielding, dress goods, silks; St. Andrew.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; G. A. Hitchcock, men's clothing; Mr. McCarty, general mdse.; F. H. Jury, dresses, negligees; Miss Regan, boys' furn. goods; J. Lamb, general mdse.; F. A. Fuller, furs; F. C. Kemball, women's costumes; 482 4th Av.
BOSTON—Butler's; Mr. Saunders, shoes, trunks, bags; 1,150 B'way.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Miss E. Keltner, house dresses, infants' wear, muslin underwear; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—Wolff Bros.; L. Wolff, M. Wolff, furs; McAlpin.
BOSTON—G. F. White & Co.; G. F. White, notions, hosiery, gloves; Continental.
BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland D. G. Co.; J. E. Keely, notions; 404 4th Av.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—The W. Hengerer Co.; S. J. Strahan, wash dress goods; J. Boyle, silks, velvets, dress goods; Miss P. Brinton, cloaks, suits, dresses, waists; 2 West 27th.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; Mr. Miller, silks, velvets, dress goods, linings, wash goods, woolens, patterns; H. N. Bartlett, millinery, trimmings; 2 West 27th.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Goodman Millinery Supply Co.; M. Marks, millinery; Wallick.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; J. A. Taylor, handkerchiefs, laces, neckwear; 2 West 37th.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; J. Ferguson, embroideries, laces, ribbons; E. H. Hammett, boys' clothing; 230 5th Av.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Richards; J. A. Rubin, ready-to-wear; Belmont.
CHARLESTON, S. C.—O. Levy, clothing, furn. goods; Broztell.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; F. G. Sutfield, domestics; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—W. A. Wieboldt & Co.; H. Summerfield, hosiery, gloves; 353 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Browning-King Co.; E. J. West, furn. goods; 16 Cooper Square.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; O. A. Fink, coats, suits; 404 4t hAv.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss F. S. Tarrson, cotton, silk underwear, silk negligees; 13 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Hillmans; L. Moss, men's, boys' clothing; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; R. R. Davis, leather goods; T. A. Lamond, domestics; 404 4th Av.
CINCINNATI, Ohio—The Fair Store Co.; H. Alexander, piece goods; 23 E. 26th.
CINCINNATI—John Shillito Co.; W. D. Clark, dress goods, silks; 432 4th Av.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; J. Kaplan, fur coats; Miss M. Cohen, house dresses, petticoats, bloomers; 37 W. 26th.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Economy Clothing Co.; H. Kahn, clothing; Cumberland.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Boston Store; C. Melancon, jobs suits; 37 W. 26th.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Miss I. L. Shull, waists; 225 5th Av.
DETROIT—Kline's; Miss M. Buell, misses', children's wear; 404 4th Av.
DETROIT, Mich.—Newcomb-Endicott Co.; W. Bridge, ready-to-wear, (basement;) 200 5th Av.
EASTON, Penn.—Bush & Bull; W. Hagenbach, notions, leather goods; Cumberland.
ELMIRA, N. Y.—Sheahan, Dean & Co.; F. H. Allerton, women's, infants' wear; 404 4th Av.
FREMONT, Ohio—Joseph Dept. Store; B. Joseph, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.
HARRISBURG, Penn.—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; H. Boyd, linens; 230 5th Av.
HARRISBURG, Penn.—Kaufmann's Underselling Store; Miss K. Wilhelm, millinery; 37 West 26th.
HARRISBURG, Penn.—Bowman & Co.; C. R. Bowman, toys, rugs; 1,270 B'way; Breslin.
HAVANA, Cuba—C. Bergowitz; H. Gouraud, lawn, Japanese silk waists; Martinique.
HUNTINGTON, W. Va.—Croft-Stanard Co.; O. L. Stanard, general merchandise; 256 Church.
INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; Miss M. Philips, books, stationery; 225 5th Av.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Helle D. G. Co.; Mr. Wohlfeld, furs; 1,150 B'way.
JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Kohn-Furchgott Co.; M. Marks, toys; H. Meyerheim, men's clothing, furn. goods; 353 4th Av.
JAMESTOWN, N. Y.—Saxe Bros. Co.; S. Saxe, coats, suits, dresses; 15 E. 20th.
JOHNSTOWN, Penn.—Schoenfeld Mercantile Co.; Mr. Schoenfeld, jersey dresses; 339 5th Av.
KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Smith-McCord-Townsend Dry Goods Co.; W. Geissler, ladies' ready-to-wear; 72 Leonard.
LANCASTER, Penn.—Hager & Brother; Miss E. Martin, laces, neckwear, trimmings; 404 4th Av.
LASALLE, Ill.—P. Lutey & Bros.; L. M. Lutey, dry goods; 1,170 B'way.
LAWRENCE, Mass.—A. B. Sutherland Co.; Miss E. V. Raidy, millinery; 432 4th Av.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Elite Garment Co.; I. M. Goldstein, woolens; Imperial.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Kaufmann-Strauss Co.; G. P. Walmsley, coats, suits, waists; 230 5th Av.
LOUISVILLE—John C. Lewis Co.; J. J. Cretty, silks; 105 Grand; Cumberland.
LYNCHBURG, Va.—J. R. Millner Co.; J. H. Montague, notions; 1,150 Broadway.
LYNCHBURG, Va.—Wills Camp Co.; W. G. Wills, clothing, furn. goods; Breslin.
MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Bry-Block Merc. Co.; R. B. Snyder, infants' wear, negligees; Mr. Freidheim, waists, sweaters; 1,150 B'way.
MEMPHIS—Bry Block Merc. Co.; Mrs. R. E. Poindexter, misses', children's wear; 1,150 B'way.
MEMPHIS, Tenn.—B. A. Bogy Co.; B. A. Bogy, domestics, flannels, blankets; 329 B'way.
MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Bry Block Mercantile Co.; M. J. Starr, millinery; 1,150 B'way; Imperial.
MEMPHIS—F. O. Watson & Co.; L. Watson, men's clothing, furn. goods, waists, underwear; Martinique.
MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—Wrubel's; Miss R. Wrubel, ladies' wear, millinery; Park Avenue.
MILWAUKEE—Ed Schuster Co.; H. Greenblatt, general mdse.; 404 4th Av.
MILWAUKEE—Hersfeld-Phillipsen Co.; J. J. McDonough, domestics, wash goods; 1,133 B'way.
MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; Miss E. Spillane, coats, suits; 230 5th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—M. W. Savage Factories; A. M. Stateler, ladies' garments; 1,170 B'way; Imperial.
MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Powers Mercantile Co.; R. S. Bartle, silk, velvets, dress goods, linings; 2 West 37th.
MONROE, N. C.—Belk Bros.; Miss J. Russell, ready-to-wear; 116 West 32d.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.—Steiner-Lobman D. G. Co.; L. L. Baarche, hosiery, notions, laces, embroideries; 48 Leonard.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.—Nachman & Meertief; E. A. Upham, notions, laces, gloves, ribbons, neckwear; 1,150 B'way; Collingwood.
MT. PLEASANT, Texas—C. Lide, ready-to-wear; 41 Union Square.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—E. Malley Co.; Miss K. A. Davis, books; 404 4th Av.; Imperial.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Shartenberg & Robinson; O. C. Herman, floor covering; 404 4th Av.
NEW ORLEANS—Maison Blanche; A. Magnitzsky, rugs; 116 W. 32d; Broztell.
NEW ORLEANS—The Tulane Shop; Mrs. J. Burnstein, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.
NEW ORLEANS, La.—Marks-Isaacs Co.; Miss H. Marks, jewelry, leather goods, hats, neckwear; 1,150 B'way.
NORFOLK, Va.—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz; Miss R. Barber, laces; H. Tolen, dry goods; 1,230 Broadway; Gregorian.
NORRISTOWN, Penn.—H. C. Warner, dry goods; York.
NORTH ADAMS, Mass.—McCraw & Tatro; W. J. Tatro, coats, suits; Imperial.
OMAHA, Neb.—Burgess-Nash Co.; Miss Durr, coats, suits, skirts; 220 5th Av.
OXFORD, Miss.—J. E. Neilson & Co.; J. E. Neilson, millinery, ready-to-wear; Cumberland.
PETERSBURG, Va.—Rucker D. G. Co.; J. A. Rucker, notions, linens, hosiery, knit underwear; Grand.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; Miss R. Esterly, waists; 1,261 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; Miss Weiss, georgette blouses; Mr. Kamhois, furs; 15 E. 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—Strawbridge & Clothier; drew. Miss O'Donnell, ladies' serge, jersey dresses; 230 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Gross & Co.; M. Gross, suitings; Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Norwick & Son; H. Norwick, piece goods; 1,182 Broadway; Aberdeen.
PHILADELPHIA—Ulman Bros.; B. H. Ulman, skirtings; Imperial.
PITTSBURGH—F. Half & Bro.; R. Half, carpets; Ansonia.
PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; D. E. Menogue, gloves, hosiery; R. C. Clark, millinery; E. E. Grafftey, men's furn. goods; 22 E. 26th.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; Miss Frantz, infants' wear; Mrs. Meyers, furs; N. Kaufmann, knit underwear; 404 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; L. A. Dempsey, upholstery goods; 23 East 26th.
PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh D. G. Co.; C. W. Dickinson, hosiery, underwear, gloves; 43 Leonard.
PITTSBURGH — Solomen-Bibro Co.; Miss McGowan, furs; Wolcott.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Stores, Inc.; Miss Goodman, cloaks, suits; Mr. Harris, china, glassware; A. B. Kuehn, ready-to-wear; Miss Long, Miss Walleston, millinery; 1,261 Broadway.
PITTSFIELD, Mass.—Holden & Stone Co.; W. J. Fearby, linens, blankets; 1,230 B'way; Grand.
PITTSBURGH—J. Weisberg, piece goods; New Strand.
PITTSFIELD, Mass.—Pittsfield Millinery Co.; L. Rosenberg, millinery; Wallick.
PORTLAND, Me.—Porteous, Mitchell & Braun Co.; Miss B. Peters, neckwear; 432 4th Av.
POTTSVILLE, Penn.—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; Miss B. Falkowitz, ladies', misses', children's garments, millinery, (basement;) 230 5th Av.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Browning, King & Co.; J. B. Leeman, clothing; 16 Cooper Square.
RICHMOND, Va.—Richmond D. G. Co.; E. B. Sydnor, dry goods; 43 Leonard.
RICHMAND, Va.—Miller & Rhoads; W. R. Scott, dress goods, silks, trimmings; 432 4th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—McCurdy-Robinson Co.; Mrs. McDonald, laces; 353 4th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y. — McCurdy-Robinson Co.; J. C. McCurdy, representing; 353 4th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; R. W. Butler, neckwear ,trimmings; 432 4th Av.; Imperial.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy-Powers Co.; H. K. Bright, children's, juniors' dresses; 470 4th Av.
SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Frost's; W. C. Frost, women's, misses' ready-to-wear, millinery; 3 W. 29th; Breslin.
SAN FRANCISCO—J. Abrams, ready-to-wear; 1,170 B'way.
SAN FRANCISCO—Reich & Lievre; H. A. Levinson, wool jersey dresses; 1,170 B'way.
SAN FRANCISCO—P. Greenberg & Co.; P. Greenberg, woolens, tailors' trimmings; New Victoria.
SAVANNAH, Ga.—M. & J. Richman; M. Richman, ladies' ready-to-wear, men's furnishing goods; Breslin.
SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—H. S. Barney Co.; V. S. Siegler, coats, suits; 404 4th Av.; Park Avenue.
SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—C. Hagerdorn, furn. goods; Grand.
SCRANTON, Penn.—I. Roos, ladies' ready-to-wear; Martinique.
SIOUX FALLS, S. D.—Hager & Sjolsith; P. O. Hager, ladies' ready-to-wear; 116 West 32d.
SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Davidson Bros. Co.; A. Davidson, mdse. manager; 1,261 B'way.
SOUTH BEND, Ind.—John Chess Ellsworth; Miss A. Krueger, coats, suits, waists; D. Fischgrund, representing; 404 4th Av.
SPRINGFIELD, Ohio—E. Wren Co.; M. G. Dowling, ladies' h'dk'fs, gloves, ribbons, jewelry, toilet goods; Mr. Hickey, representing; 353 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Co.; Miss Lowenstein, dresses; M. M. Eckert, silks, velvets; 225 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Rice-Stix D. G. Co.; O. Putnam, hosiery; 377 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Rice-Stix Dry Goods Co.; A. S. Rauh, P. Treumann, domestics; 377 B'way.
ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Famous & Barr Co.; T. D. Page, dresses, (basement;) 57 W. 26th.
ST. LOUIS—Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Co.; Mr Weiss, millinery; 303 5th Av.
ST. PAUL—Field, Schlick & Co.; F. G. Winter, silks, h'dk'fs., ribbons; 1,135 B'way; Woodward.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Syracuse D. G. Co.; J. F. Rule, linens, laces, corsets; 15 W. 34th; Wallick.
TOLEDO — Thompson-Hudson Co.; F. J. Frigge, boys' clothing; 200 5th Av.
TOLEDO—Tiedtke Bros. Co.; J. M. Friedlander, stationery; 37 W. 26th; Longacre.
TROY, N. Y.—Goodkind Co.; F. Kranson, general mdse.; 1,133 B'way.
UNIONTOWN, Penn.—I. Silverman, dry goods; Imperial.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Pettit & Co.; D. J. Grinsfelder, men's, women's, children's clothing; York.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; H. Grunebaum, dress goods, silks, wash goods; Wallick.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—F. R. Jelfef; Mrs. M. Goodman, coats, suits, waists; Holland House.
WATERBURY, Conn.—Wilson & Tyrrell; R. A. Tyrrell, N. W. Tyrrell, men's furn. goods; Continental.
WICHITA, Kan.—Stanley Hat Co.; J. Stanley, hats; Great Northern.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—E. F. Shuman, ready-to-wear; Holland House.
WOONSOCKET, R. I.—Bogin Bros.; H. Bogin, dry goods; Miss Farley, ladies' wear; Imperial.
WORCESTER, Mass.—Denholm & McKay Co.; F. A. Krim, coats, suits, dresses; 230 5th Av.
YORK, Penn.—P. Wiest's Sons; L. S. Hydeman, mdse. manager; 404 4th Av.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—G. M. McKelvey Co.; Miss M. L. Connell, dress goods, silks; 1,270 Broadway.

IMPORTED LINEN SUBSTITUTE THAT CANNOT BE MADE IN AMERICA
(NAME STAMPED ON SELVEGE)
Lino Mulo Suiting . . . LIGHT WEIGHT
W. M. Co's English Suiting . . . MEDIUM WEIGHT
ORIGINAL QUALITY WHITE ROSE
Jumbo Suiting . . . HEAVY WEIGHT
Linen Finish, Snowy Whiteness, Original Texture, Guaranteed Unimpaired After Washing, Unequalled Strength & Durability. AT ALL DRY GOODS STORES.
A. E. NATHAN CO. 66-72 LEONARD ST. NEW YORK

BUYERS
TAKE ADVANTAGE NOW OF THIS UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY
CLOSING OUT SEVERAL DEPARTMENTS
Entire Stocks at SWEEPING REDUCTIONS
Novelties, Laces, Embroideries,
Chiffons, Nets, Beaded Goods.
Shoninger Brothers, Inc.
Fifth Avenue and Broadway at 19th Street

DRESSES for
GIRLS & FLAPPERS
SERGE GINGHAM
VELVETEEN SILK
Come and See Our No. 710
Biggest Value in the Market
SAMILSON BROS.
12 W. 17th St. Phone 9557 Chelsea

CHILDREN'S WASH
DRESSES & FLAPPERS
$12 per dozen up. Prompt Deliveries.
ALLIANCE DRESS CO.
130 West 29th Street.

BATH-ROBES
for delivery
$36 to $120 per dozen.
Ab. & A. Franklin
151 West 26th St., New York

RAINCAPES
Largest Mfgrs. in the U. S
Buy at Today's Prices for Future Delivery
Large Stock on Hand.
FLIGEL & SON, 40 E. 12 St.

DRESSES for Immediate Delivery
2,000 Wool Mixed Serge, $5
Imitation Jersey Cloth, Special, $6
Also Poplin Dresses on hand.
IPP & KWINT
118 West 22d.

MY FALL LINE OF
COATS at $7.75 to $15.00
SUITS at $8.50 to $20.00
IS NOW READY.
Benjamin Martin,
22 West 27th St.

HOLLSTEIN, YOUNG
AND COMPANY
WOOL AND TWEED AUTO COATS
TWEED AND SILK RUBBERIZED COATS
NOVELTY RAIN & AUTO COATS
24-26-28 WEST 27th STREET

COTTON FABRICS On Price
R. SERIL & SONS, 486 B'way, N. Y.

OFFICERS' MILITARY UNIFORMS,
GABARDINE, MOLESKIN, KHAKI.
Immediate Delivery.
U. S. UNIFORM CO.,
93 Fifth Ave., New York.

SUIT No. 1852. F. & H. Broadcloth $21
All colors; detachable velvet collar and cuffs.
D. M. JONAS, 3 EAST 28TH ST.

Booth, Bregman and Sumberg,
Serge, Satin and Novelty Dresses.
$8.75 to $18.75.
129-133 WEST 27TH ST.

"Inside Information"—
Why Should Your
Competitor Get it First?
Daily news of market moves, new firms, coming styles, retail policies, is being turned into money by hundreds of merchants and manufacturers of women's clothing and accessories.
You see them reading
Women's Wear
the daily paper unique
At news stands, from 4:15 P. M., 2 cents a day; 12 cents a week. Tell the man to reserve a copy. Subscription $6.00 yearly. Two months' trial $1.00. WOMEN'S WEAR, 8 East 13th Street, New York.

EFFICIENCY
AND REAL SERVICE ARE
GIVEN BY THE
U. S. Cloth Cutters
D. C. and A. C.
Straight & Round Knives
Phone 9296, 6533 Spring.
U.S. CLOTH CUTTING MACHINE CO.
414-416 West Broadway, N. Y.

Commercial Investment Trust
Merchandise Loans
Acceptances Discounted
Accounts Financed
347 Madison Avenue at Forty-fifth St.
Telephone Murray Hill 1128.

HEGLA FABRICS
Our Line of
WASH FABRICS
for
Spring and Summer
1919
is now ready
HENRY GLASS & CO
44-46-48 WHITE ST. Phone: Franklin 1397-1399

An Extraordinary Value
Here are 5,000 handsome dresses on the racks—fashionable all-wool Serges and splendid Silks.
Serges, $7.50 up
Silks, $6.75 up
Be sure to see this wonderful offering!
PIONEER
LADIES' GARMENT COMPANY, INC.
STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND.
6-8 WEST 32ND ST., N. Y. C.

THE MEETING PLACE
In the final analysis, sales are the aim of every progressive retailer—and KARP BROTHERS garments certainly do sell!
Exceptional values in COATS, SUITS and SERGE DRESSES from $17.50 up
Quick Delivery!
KARP BROTHERS
45-47 WEST 27th ST.

"What Do You Mean By It?"
The above inquiry refers to the oft-repeated phrase in my advertising—"My contract is non-binding."
The whole thing in a nutshell is this: Those who avail themselves of my funds are not tied up to *a time contract*. They quit when they please. My terms are reasonable and there is no "red tape." Strictest confidence. Tel. "Chelsea 327."
UNIVERSAL DISCOUNT CO.
Jacob Rosenstock
100 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

POLANSKY.—Explain your money propositions intelligently. Telephone, call, 123 Nassau St., N. Y.

NEW LOAN PLAN: 90% on accounts. Best Finance Co., 1133 B'way.

STEAMBOATS. STEAMBOATS.

Large Day Line Steamers, with broad, breeze-swept decks, afford many splendid one-day outings. You can sail to Bear Mountain, West Point, Newburgh or Poughkeepsie and return. Through service daily between
New York and Albany
Through steamer leaves Desbrosses St., daily, including Sunday, 8.40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9.00 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9.20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9.50 A. M.; stopping at Bear Mountain, West Point (week days only), Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Through rail tickets between New York and Albany and Troy Evening Line tickets accepted for passage. Orchestra. Restaurant.
Poughkeepsie steamer leaves daily, including Sunday, Desbrosses St., 10 A. M.; West 42d St., 10.20 A. M.; West 129th St., 10.40 A. M.; Yonkers, 11.10 A. M.; for Bear Mountain, West Point (week days only), Cornwall, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie, and return to 42d St.
On Saturdays steamer leaves Desbrosses St., 2; W. 42d St., 2.20; W. 129th St., 2.40; Yonkers, 3.10, for Bear Mountain, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany.
Half fare for all soldiers and sailors in uniform. Religious and patriotic services each Sunday, 2.15 P. M., in Pavilion No. 2, Bear Mountain Park.
HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
Desbrosses St. Pier. Tel. Canal 9300 New York

Iron Steamboat Co.
CONEY ISLAND
Special Schedule TUESDAY, AUGUST 27th.
Lv. W. 129th St., 9:40, 10:30, 11:15, 12:15, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 10:30.
PIER 1, N. R., 10:20, 11:15, 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:00, 6:00, 6:40, 7:15, 8:15, 9:30.
CONEY, †11:25, 12:25, 1:10, †2:10, 3:10, 3:55, 4:55, *5:25, 6:10, *7:10, 7:50, 8:25, 9:25, 10:30.
Trips marked † do not go to 129th St.
Trips marked * do not go to Pier 1, N. R.
ROCKAWAY BEACH
Lv. W. 129 St., 9:30 A.M. Pier 1, N. R., 10:15 A.M. Rockaway, 5:30 P.M. Tel. Rector 872.
HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES.
NEW YORK—ALBANY—TROY.
Leave Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal st., week days, 6 P. M.; Sundays and holidays, 8 P. M.; West 132d st., half hour later.
During August Steamer Berkshire will sail from New York on even dates. Steamers Trojan and Rensselaer on odd dates.
Express freight service. Automobiles carried. Sunday day trips to Newburgh and return, $1.00.
Our beautifully illustrated "Searchlight Magazine" sent free.
Hudson Navigation Company.
TROY EVENING LINE
Daily
TO TROY DIRECT
Modern steel freight and passenger steamers "Clermont" and "Onteora" leave foot of Christopher St. daily 6 P. M.; West 42d St., 6:20 P. M.; West 129th St., 6:45 P. M. Due at Troy 6 A. M. Restaurant. Horses and automobiles carried. Tel. Spring 1845.
THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON BY BOAT AND RAIL
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1 TO $3.
Week Days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 36, N. R., foot West Houston St.
Phone Spring 9491.
A PLEASANT WAY TO SPEND A DAY
BEAR MOUNTAIN
45 MILES UP THE HUDSON
Str. 'Grand Republic' Lv. Battery Daily 9 A. M., W. 132d St., 9:45 A. M.
MUSIC, DANCING, REFRESHMENTS.
ROUND TRIP Weekdays 50c. Children 30c. Sundays 85c. Children 50c., inc. War Tax.
Bear Mountain Line. Tel. Broad 1700.
METROPOLITAN LINE
Labor Day Excursion
To BOSTON
via CAPE COD CANAL
Staterooms, Meals—The Best
TELEPHONE BARCLAY 6000.
RED BANK LINE For Highlands, Oceanic, Locust Point & Red Bank. Week days lvs. Franklin St., Pier 34, 8:30 A. M., 2:45 P. M.; Battery, 8:55 A. M., 3:15 P. M. SUNDAYS, Franklin St., 8:30, 9:15; Battery, 8:55, 9:35 A. M.
NEWBURGH, POUGHKEEPSIE, KINGSTON.
Franklin St., 4 P. M.; W. 129th St., 4:30 P.M. Franklin St., 6 P.M. for Newburgh. Tel. 4875 Franklin. Sunday steamer R. B. Odell, Franklin St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:30 A. M. for Newburgh and Poughkeepsie.
CENTRAL HUDSON LINE.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LIZZIE F. BROWN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Aug. 27, 1918, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 107 West 127th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of baking fixtures, electric and other ovens, racks, trays, troughs, scales, presses, sifting machines, furnace and boiler, mixing machine and motor, moulding machine and motor, tanks, office fixtures, safe, cash register, etc. And immediately thereafter at 117 West 128th Street, 9 horses, 11 wagons, 2 sleighs, and 11 sets of harness.
MORRIS FRANK, Receiver.
PAUL M. CRANDALL, Attorney for Receiver, 253 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.
In the matter of DLUGASCH & COMPANY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Aug. 27, 1918, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 285 Bowery, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a large stock of Drugs, Druggist Supplies, Sundries, Chemicals, Office Fixtures, &c.; and immediately thereafter at the garage of Schaflin Bros., 238 East 20th Street, one Ford delivery truck.
ELLWOOD M. RABENOLD, Receiver.
ZALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Receiver, 51 Chambers Street, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.
In the matter of BENJAMIN SOLOMON and JOSEPH H. SUGARMAN, trading as B. SOLOMON & CO., Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Sept. 3, 1918, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 44 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office furniture, desks, typewriters, chairs, tables, safe, etc.
WILLIAM MICHAEL BYRNE, Receiver.
ZALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Receiver, 51 Chambers St., New York.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

DISSOLUTION OF JEAN BRY IMPORT CO., INC.
This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the JEAN BRY IMPORT CO., INC., a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on the 15th day of August, 1918, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 231 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.
Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this fifteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.
C. W. TAFT,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.
All persons having claims against the above named corporation are directed to present the same forthwith at the office of Eugene L. Bondy, Attorney, No. 280 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

STEAMSHIPS.
(a) SOUTH AMERICA
(b) Central America
(a) The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
(a-b) The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
SOUTH AFRICA
By
UNION-CASTLE LINE
SANDERSON & SON, Gen'l Agents, 26 Broadway, New York.
Or Any Steamship Ticket Agent.
AMERICAN LINE
Frequent Sailings
WHITE STAR LINE
Frequent Sailings
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
DRAFTS & MONEY ORDERS
Britain—Ireland—Italy—Scandinavia
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York
AUSTRALIA
HONOLULU, SUVA, NEW ZEALAND
CANADIAN AUSTRALASIAN ROYAL MAIL LINE
Largest, Newest, best-equipped Steamers
For fares and sailings apply Canadian Pac. Ry. 1261 Broadway, New York, or to Gen. Agent, 449 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.
FRENCH LINE
Express

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Operators Buy West Sixteenth Street Lofts—Y. M. C. A. Takes More Space.

A loft building in the old downtown shopping district was bought by operators yesterday for a reported price of about $265,000. Hugh E. O'Reilly sold to the Nason Realty Company, Max N. Natanson, President, the twelve-story mercantile structure at 42 to 47 West Sixteenth Street, on a plot 65 by 22. Several weeks ago the buildings were damaged by fire. They will be altered by the new owners.

Y. M. C. A. Needs More Space.

In order to provide for increased war activities, the International Committee of the Y. M. C. A., which leased seven floors in the Equitable Trust Building at Madison Avenue and Forty-fifth Street last January, has practically completed negotiations for the leasing of about 12,000 additional square feet on the fourth and fifth floors of the newly altered building at the southwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street, formerly the Hotel Renaissance. The property is owned by William Ziegler, Jr. The lease is understood to call for a rental of about $36,000 a year for a three and a half year term.

The Bronx Market.

Barry Aronson, Inc., resold to William Jones, the two-story frame dwelling at 2,523 Sedgwick Avenue, on a plot 37.7 by 85, near Bailey Avenue.

The Benenson Realty Company resold 338 East 137th Street, a five-story flat on a plot 27 by 100, near Alexander Avenue.

Brooklyn.

C. L. Livingston sold to a client of Charles E. Rickerson, the three-story dwelling at 902 Union Street, near Prospect Park West.

Long Island.

Frederick C. Gilsey bought from Perle M. De Ford, the dwelling and garage at the northwest corner of Beverly Road and Netherwood Drive, at Great Neck, L. G. Wolf was the broker.

Westchester County.

The Scarsdale Estates Organization sold for Arthur P. Vermilya, his house on Walworth Avenue, in the Greenacres section of Scarsdale, N. Y., to Earl M. Wilson of Kew Gardens, L. I.

Plan Cranford Development.

Lincoln Graffin of Montclair, N. J., sold to William S. Hammond and associates of Chicago, an acreage tract near Cranford, N. J., for residential development; also a large tract in the new industrial zone of Bergen County. The selling price of the combined properties was $74,000.

Commercial Leases

Pease & Elliman leased for Tucker, Speyers & Co. as agents the store and basement in 743 Fifth Avenue, between Fifty-seventh and Fifty-eighth Streets, to Haas Soeurs, milliners, now at 648 Madison Avenue.

Thomas J. O'Reilly leased the store and basement at 140 Sixth Avenue to E. L. Spellman & Co.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Samuel Marx.

115th St, 7 East, n s, 150 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11, five-story flat and stores; Memorial Hospital for the Treatment of Cancer and Allied Diseases against Selma Alexander et al; Parsons, C. & Mcl., attorneys; due, $21,223.18; taxes, &c., $972.56; to the plaintiff for $15,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, AUG. 26.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

ARDEN ST, 29, e s, 269 ft n of Nagle Av, 27x110; Jeannette and Carlos L. Henriquez to Olds Holding Corporation, 217 Broadway, mtg $20,000, all title, Aug. 1; attorney, J. H. Zieser, 217 Broadway.....$100

CENTRAL PARK WEST, s w corner 97th St, 100.11x200; 370 Central Park West, Inc., to Hudson Investing Co., 27 Cedar St, b. and s., all liens, Aug. 1; attorney, Clifford C. Roberts, 27 Cedar St.....$1

JANE ST, 41, n s, 87.2 ft w of 4th Av, 26.6 x87.6; Elizabeth C. L. Roland to William S. Bogert, at Leonia, N. J., all title, quitclaim, Aug. 23; attorney, Frederick N. Gilbert, 55 Wall St.....$1

MADISON ST, 282, e s, 115 ft w of Montgomery St, 25x100, foreclosure Aug. 21, 1918; William W. Hoppin, referee, to Bessy C. Coles, 2,010 Delancey Place, Philadelphia, Penn., Aug. 21; attorney, Frederick H. Comstock, 36 Wall St.....$15,000

PARK AV, w s, 50.5 ft s of 119th St, 25x90; Christian Haist to Bessie Cohen, 527 East 150th St, mtg $13,250, Aug. 23; Cahn & Fittman, 406 East 149th St.....$100

8TH AV, 2,664, e s, 49.11 ft s of 142d St, 25x100; Annie Bishop to Leo Bishop, her husband, 610 West 191st St, all liens, Aug. 26; attorneys, Mapes & Raynor, 370 East 140th St.....$100

6TH ST, 422 East, s s, 256.6 ft e of 1st Av, 25x102.2; Anna Fantel to Ernest N. Adler, 1,506 1st Av, mtg $13,000, all liens, Aug. 1; 14TH ST, 526 and 528 East, s s, 371 ft e of Avenue A, 50x103.3; Bessie Hamburger to Laura Realty Co., 40 East 123d St, mtg $25,000, Aug. 24; attorneys, Lewis & Scharp, 299 Broadway.....$1

85TH ST, 166 West, s s, 60 ft e of 7th Av, 18x67.3x18.10x72.9; William H. Hussey to Frederick Hussey, East Orange, N. J., ½ part, mtg $18,000, all liens, Aug. 21; attorneys, Norwood, A. & W., 12 East 44th St.....$4,000

84TH ST, 111 West, n s, 224.8 ft w Columbus Av, 40x102.2; Alben Realty Co. to Walter C. White, Ocean Township, N. J., mtg 42,100, all liens, Aug. 22; attorney, C. H. Friedrick, 35 Nassau St.....$100

119TH ST, 149 West, n s, 185 ft e of 7th Av, 20x100.11; Aron N. Rotholz to Walter C. White, Ocean Township, N. J., mtg $9,000, Aug. 9; attorney, C. H. Friedrick, 35 Nassau St.....$100

Bronx.

ALEXANDER AV, 286 and 288, e s, 40x106.6; James J. Williams and another to Lucy G. Williams, 229 East 176th St, and another, July 22; attorneys, L. G. Williams, 229 East 176th St.....$1

LOTS 56 and 57, Block 3,239, map of Bailey estate; Michael J. Dowd to Thomas Dowd, 31 West 91st St, ½ part, mtg $2,000, Nov. 27, 1917; attorney, Thomas Dowd, 1,235 Ogden Av.....$100

LOTS 18 to 21, Plot 1, Map 1,253; Michael J. Dowd to Thomas Dowd, 31 West 91st St, Nov. 27, 1917; attorney, Thomas Dowd, 1,235 Ogden Av.....$100

LOTS 62 to 65, map of Trask estate; Michael J. Dowd to Thomas Dowd, 31 West 91st St, Nov. 28, 1917; attorney, Thomas Dowd, 1,235 Ogden Av.....$100

MULINER AV, e s, 160.9 ft s of Bronx and Pelham Parkway, —x—; Jennie Schaffner to Horace B. Packer, Wellsborough, Penn., Aug. 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....100

WESTCHESTER AV, n w s, at n s Freeman St, runs w 142.3 to Boone St x n 11.10 x n e 136.10 to Edgewater Road x s e 116.10 x s w 19.3; Michael J. Dowd to Thomas Dowd, 31 West 91st St, mtg $10,000, Nov. 28, 1917; attorney, Thomas Dowd, 1,235 Ogden Av.....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

1ST AV, s w corner 59th St, 25x100, Aug. 20; Max Katz and Ludwich Polacek to Frederick Schwarz, 1,330 1st Av, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Abr. Willar, 261 Broadway.....$7,000

15TH ST, n s, 125 ft e of 5th Av, 75x103.3, July 24; Society of the Commonwealth Centre, Inc., to Workers' Credit Union, 48 Wallace Av, Fitchburg, Mass., due July 31, 1921, 6 p. c., prior mtg $50,000; attorneys, Hillquit & Levene, 30 Church St.....$10,000

22D ST, 322 West, s w s, 25x98.6, May 22; Julia S. Wallberg to Julia I. O'Hara, 336 West 56th St, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, George W. Files, 115 Broadway.....$3,000

Bronx.

UNDERHILL AV, e s, 75 ft s of Randall Av, 25x100; Antonio De Gregorio to Henrietta Levenson, —x— West 178th St, May 10 due as per bond; attorney, N. Levenson, Berger Building.....$200

206TH ST, n s, 42.8 ft e of Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 25.1x102; James D. Murphy to Charles Doehtermann, 48 St Mark's Place, Aug. 24, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $2,500

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

AV C, 155, mtg $10,000; Abraham Novey to Ray Flashenberg, 403 Kosciusko St, Brooklyn; attorney, Charles Pearley, 256 Broadway.....$1

2D AV, s e corner of 69th St, 20.4x75, mtg $16,000; Raymond Meagher to Elizabeth J. Lalor, 23 West 28th St; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$6,000

142D ST, 66 West, mtg $4,000; 180th St, 133 West, mtg $3,000; Katharine L. Minifie to Lydia B. Sanford, Gifford Park, Tuckahoe, N Y, and another; Mortgage Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; two assignments $7,000

Bronx.

FRANKLIN AV, e s, 75.6 ft n of Jefferson Place, —x—; Benenson Realty Co. to John

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MORTGAGE MONEY

A. W. McLAUGHLIN & CO., 128 B'WAY.

McNulty, 3,058 Bainbridge Av; attorney, J. McNulty, 1,945 Prospect Av.....$3,000

HONEYWELL AV, 2,006; Mary B. Martin to Mary McElarney, 210a North Henry St, Brooklyn; attorney, Joseph V. Mitchell, 233 Broadway.....$100

MATILDA AV, w s, 175 ft n of 237th St, 25 x100; Robert Caterson, administrator, to George Dillemuth, 339 East 154th St; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$3,000

MATILDA AV, w s, 150 ft n of 237th St, 25 x100; same to Ida Ilingel, 4,379 Richardson Av; attorney same.....$3,000

MONTEREY AV, w s, 50.9 ft s of 179th St, —x—; Benenson Realty Co. to John McNulty, 3,058 Bainbridge Av; attorney, J. McNulty, 1,945 Prospect Av.....$6,000

PARK AV, n e corner of 186th St; Benenson Realty Co. to John McNulty, 3,058 Bainbridge Av; attorney, J. McNulty, 1,945 Prospect Av.....$7,750

PLIMPTON AV, 1,325; Carrie C. Catt to Harris Mandelbaum, 12 West 87th St, and another; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

WASHINGTON AV, 1,180-88; Denwood Realty Co. to John McNulty, 3,058 Bainbridge Av; attorney, J. McNulty, 1,945 Prospect Av.....$6,750

WASHINGTON AV, 2,063; John C. Hart Realty Co. to John C. Travis, 130 East 24th St; attorney, John C. Travis, 32 Nassau St.....$1

136TH ST, n s, 140.4 ft w of Southern Boulevard, —x—; Benenson Realty Co. to John McNulty, 3,058 Bainbridge Av; attorney, John McNulty, 1,945 Prospect Av.....$7,000

142D ST, s s, 287.6 ft e of Alexander Av, —x—; Mary B. Martin to Mary McElarney, 210A North Henry St, Brooklyn; attorney, Joseph V. Mitchell, 233 Broadway.....$100

165TH ST, 580 East; John C. Hart Realty Co. to John C. Travis, 130 West 24th St; attorney, John C. Travis, 32 Nassau St...$1

183D ST, 403 East; John C. Hart Realty Co. to John C. Travis, 130 West 24th St; attorney, John C. Travis, 32 Nassau St.....$1

RECORDED LEASES,

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

2D AV, 603, ½ of store and part basement; Henry Cosmody et al. to Samuel Diamond, 603 2d Av., 2 years from May 1, 1918; address, 605 2d Av.....$750

42D ST, 261 West, store, ½ basement and the yard, Thomas Kelly to Dawson and Walter Glendenning, 330 West 45th St., 9 5-12 years from Dec. 1, 1918; address, 261 West 42d St.....$4,000

90TH ST, 230-34 East, all; Rachel J. Brown to Max Rogow, 1585 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn, 3 years from Sept. 1, 1918, attorney, Israel Gruenstein, 116 Nassau St..$5,532

117TH ST, 18 East, all; Sara Gordon to Louis Oremland, 18 East 114th St., 3 years from July 1, 1918; attorney, Israel B. Schober, 51 Chambers St.....$3,120

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 1,708 to 1,722; John P. Kane Co. against Ford Motor Co., owner, Long Acre Construction Co., Inc., contractor.....$3,022.16

56TH ST, 12 East; Joseph Warm against Josephine E. Leeds, owner; Ebegue Platta and Marion L. Ferguson, contractor...$120

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

MONROE ST, n s, 90.5 ft e of Pike St, 20.2x 45.1x irregular; John A. Rutherfurd against Bertha K. Kleinberg et al, foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, C. A. Sparks.

84TH ST, 64 West; Charles O. Kuhnert et al. against Charles L. Berge et al, executors, foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Norwood, Appell & Walsh.

Bronx.

LONGWOOD AV, s s, 75.1 ft w of Leggett Av, 50x91.8; Municipal Liens Co. against James T. Lee et al, action to foreclose transfer of tax lien; attorney, E. C. Smith.

136TH ST, n w corner of 3d Av, 25x99.6; Bond & Mortgage & Securities Co. against Farmers' Loan & Trust Co., as trustees, et al, foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Geller, Rolston & Horan.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION

JOHN JOHNSON JR. CO. REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEERS.

MASPETH RIDGEWOOD SECTION

Positive Auction

LABOR DAY

MONDAY, SEPT. 2

At 2 P. M., on Premises, Rain or Shine, Under Capacious Tent.

182 Maspeth LOTS

Grand St., Flushing Ave., Fresh Pond Rd., Maspeth Ave. and Clermont Ave.

The above streets being among the more important in the Borough of Queens.

3 GREAT TROLLEY LINES

Converge at the Property

Viz.:—The GRAND ST. line from Williamsburg Bridge; the FLUSHING AV. line from the Brooklyn Bridge, and the Fresh Pond extension of the Myrtle Av. elevated.

The property is also within 3 blocks of the Borden Av. trolley to Long Island City.

The masses are waiting for a chance to locate on this property, and remember that the masses create values.

Lots may be paid for in

Monthly Instalments

or with 3% discount for all cash, or on purchases of $1,000 and over 60% may remain on mortgage.

ALL TITLES INSURED TO PURCHASERS WITHOUT EXPENSE TO THEM BY THE

Title Guarantee and Trust Co.

Illustrated maps and further particulars from EDWARD W. COX, 16 Maspeth Av., opposite the property, or

JERE JOHNSON JR. CO.

REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEERS, *Business established* 1866.

193 Montague Street, Brooklyn

REAL ESTATE.

ESTABLISHED 1889

SLAWSON & HOBBS

Real Estate

Brokers--Agents--Appraisers

162 West 72d St., New York City

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

OVERLOOKING VAN CORTLANDT PARK

"Fort Independence Cottages"

NEW—COMPLETE OCTOBER 1ST.

Located on Cannon Place, near W. 238th St., Kingsbridge, three blocks from Broadway.

Seven rooms, bath, laundry, basement, large veranda, grand view, garage.

Construction, stone, brick, hollow tile, stucco.

Sales Agents,

M. J. MARTIN & SON,

161 West 231st St. Phone Kingsbridge 253.

$100 PER MONTH

Buys 5-Story House

In one of the best locations on the West Side, next to Riverside Drive. This house can be bought for less than what you would pay in rent. First payment, $2,500. House all refinished and in perfect condition. Selling price is ¾ of cost. A rare bargain. Can be seen by appointment.

Mr. Dunn, Telephone Rector 5741.

5th Avenue, Near 34th St.

AT A SACRIFICE.

A five-story loft building, with store. Immediate possession. Will sell for $10,000 above one mortgage for 5 years at 5%.

F. R. Wood-W. H. Dolson Co.

BROADWAY, COR. 30TH ST.

308 WEST 70th STREET

Rent $1,200 Per Year

ELECTRIC LIGHT, STEAM HEAT, PARQUET FLOORS.

With Your Eyes On The Future

Just as the wealth of many families in America is based on real estate investments made during war times, so

A World War Opportunity

is now offered to secure bargains in the best fully improved New York City Ocean Front Lots on which to erect a home or to sell at a profit when peace comes.

Manhattan Beach

Liquidation Sale

400 Fully Improved Lots and 6 Handsome Dwellings Must Be Sold at

Absolute Auction

Next Saturday, August 31

2:30 P. M. on Premises, Rain or Shine.

Title Policies Free.

Unusually Liberal Terms.

Mortgage or Installments. 10% on Day of Sale. Balance 2% a Month.

Bookmap on Request.

Take Brighton Beach "L" from Brooklyn Bridge. Change at Sheepshead Bay station for Manhattan Beach car, or take Ocean Ave. trolley to Sheepshead Bay and walk across bridge.

Joseph P. Day Auctioneer.

31 Nassau Street

Telephone Cortlandt 744

70,000 Sq. Feet

Possession February 1

Six stories and basement, two elevators; frontage on two streets. South of 14th Street.

Wm. A. White & Sons

46 Cedar Street

TEL. 5700 JOHN

270 PARK AVE

Group of Housekeeping Apartments

47th to 48th Streets—Park to Madison Avenues

With Ritz-Carlton Restaurant

6 to 9 Rooms, 3 to 4 Baths, $5,000 to $8,300

14 to 17 Rooms, 5 to 6 Baths, $7,500 to $14,000

Under the Management of

Douglas L. Elliman & Co.

Specialists in Residential Properties

At 48th Street 414 MADISON AVE. *Murray Hill 5600*

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forest Hills Gardens

"A Forward Movement in Suburban Development."

15 minutes from Penn. Station.

Houses and Villa Plots for Sale.

SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO.,

47 West 34th St., or Forest Hills, L. I.

Send for Booklet T.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SPECIALISTS IN

WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.

Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

New Dutch Colonial Cottage

At highly restricted Colonial Heights, near depot; only 30 minutes from Grand Central; 8 rooms, 2 baths; large garage; fine plot with magnificent view; every improvement; sewers, gas, electric lights, &c. Very little cash required; balance easy terms. For information

L. H. Tasker, 154 Nassau St., Bkman 4500

PELHAM

New house, large plot, eight rooms, three baths; mortgage $8,500 at 5½%. Owner anxious to sell. Will consider small amount of cash.

Cooley Realty Company

Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Phone 3400-01.

ON THE SOUND.

New Dutch Colonial House of 10 large rooms, 3 baths, hardwood floors, hot water heat, electric light and gas; shrubbery and gardens; bathing, tennis, and golf; 5 minutes to Stamford station; price $25,000; rent $1,800.

F. L. FIELD, 18 EAST 41ST ST.

NEW ROCHELLE

Along the Sound, 30 private parks; special value in houses from $6,000 up; also furnished and unfurnished for the year or season, in NEW ROCHELLE, PELHAM, LARCHMONT.

J. T. LAMPREY, ROCHELLE PARK. Phone New Rochelle 1404.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SEMI-BUNGALOW

7 rooms and bath; hardwood trim; modern improvements; gas and electricity; private beach, dock boat and anchorage; 30 minutes from Manhattan; easy terms. Owner, 243 West 34th St., New York.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

OWN YOUR OWN HOME.

THE RENT YOU NOW PAY

$750 cash buys it. Price $7,500. Plot 100x 205 ft.; ten big rooms, two tiled baths; wide verandas, beautiful grounds; in select, dottled neighborhood; near lakes, golf and country clubs, churches, schools; easy commutation; express service; ready for immediate occupancy; plenty of flowers and shade; 800 ft. elevation; splendid year-round climate. Curtis Smith, 442 Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Tel. 9687 Prospect.

A MOST ATTRACTIVE

6-room house, good location, good transportation, 35 minutes out; schools, clubs; all city conveniences, yet in the country; good auto roads; house is handsomely finished; hardwood parquet floors, tiled bath, steam heat; built by day's work and is most complete. Price $4,500. Only $500 cash required. Full particulars.

A. A. CHRISTIE,

Room 611, 63 Park Row, New York City.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Handsome Country Place.

Large and beautifully laid out grounds; well built house, 12 rooms, finished in best manner; garage, man's quarters. Place cost $45,000. Must sell. Price $20,000. A big bargain. Investigate. Forty-five minutes out; good transportation; splendid auto roads, clubs, &c.

H. E. WHITE,

183 Broad Avenue, Leonia, N. J.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

A 54-ACRE FARM

fully stocked, one hour out; ½ mile from station; running water, electric lights, bath; splendid outbuildings; mile road frontage; owner in draft will sacrifice, including crops, for $7,000 to quick buyer. No triflers. Drafted, 178 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

5 EAST 47TH ST., NEAR 5TH AVE.

3D LOFT. 25x80. RENT $2,800.

STEAM HEAT & ELEVATOR.

710 MADISON AVE., COR. 63D ST.

DESIRABLE PARLOR FLOOR CORNER. ALL PLATE GLASS FRONT. SIZE 20x38. RENT $1,500. POSS. SEPT. 15TH.

812 MADISON AVE., COR. 62D ST.

DESIRABLE CORNER STORE, 19x25. RENT $2,000. POSS. SEPT. 1ST.

RULAND & WHITING-BENJAMIN CORPORATION,

710 Madison Ave. Plaza 4951.

340 Madison Avenue

At 43rd St.

Pease & Elliman Building

Parlor floor and offices for rent. Immediate possession.

PEASE & ELLIMAN,

340 Madison Avenue

Telephone 6200 Murray Hill

22-26 West 32d St.

Store and Basement

Sprinkler system; suitable for silks, ribbons, cotton or woolen goods, furniture, &c. Immediate possession; will divide if desired.

Minturn Post Collins, 1 West 34th St., or Superintendent, on premises.

17 WEST 50TH ST.,

NEAR 5TH AV.—NEW BUILDING.

ATTRACTIVE STORES.

$3,000 AND $4,000.

Apply on premises.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FACTORY BUILDING WANTED

Wanted to rent, fireproof factory building, not less than 50,000 square feet; within 40 miles of New York, on main railroad; small village preferred. Address J. B., 605 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

THE PLAZA,

795 St. Nicholas Ave., cor. 150th St.

6-7-8-ROOM ELEVATOR APARTMENT.

$60 to $82.

Continuous high service. Superintendent.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

270 WEST END AVE.

Corner 73rd St.

New Building

Just Completed

To Sublet.

ONE TEN-ROOM APT., 4 BATHS

APPLY ON PREMISES or to

JACOB AXELROD, 200 W. 72nd St. Phone 3957 Col.

THE TURRETS

116 Riverside Drive

S. E. Cor. 84th St.

10 Rooms-3 Baths

Rental $2,200 to $2,600

J. Romaine Brown Co.

299 Madison Avenue

TEL. MURRAY HILL 1481

NEW BUILDING READY FOR OCCUPANCY

196-200 NAGLE AV.

at Dyckman St. Subway Station

3-4-5 ROOMS

Exceptionally Large and Light. Embodying Every Modern Improvement.

RENTALS $31 to $48

Apply representative, on premises, or

M'DOWELL & M'MAHON

1438 St. Nicholas Av. Tel. St. Nicholas 8910.

THE NETHERLAND

340 West 86th St.

5 Rooms & Bath	$1,500
6 Rooms, 2 Baths	1,700
7 Rooms, 3 Baths	$1,700 to 2,000
8 Rooms, 3 Baths	$1,800 to 2,300
	$2,600

Finest Location in City. Modern Fireproof Structure.

Koppel Bros. Inc. Agt. 505 5th Av.

Telephone Murray Hill—2804

CATHEDRAL COURT

541 W. 113TH ST. Near B'way.

High-Class Elevator Apartments

6, 7, 8 Very Attractive Rooms & Bath, $1,100-$1,300

Doctor's or Dentist's Apartment, six rooms; ground floor; separate entrance.

Apply Premises or

A. BRANDSTEIN, 74 Broadway.

ADLON—ALJOMAR

7th Av. & 54th St.

SUITES OF

3-4-5 ROOMS.

References Indispensable. Ownership Management.

$9 UP. WHY PAY MORE? One Block from Subway. Room Cars, N. Y. Central.

Marble Hill Apts.

MARBLE HILL AVE., COR. 225TH ST.

Elegant large 3, 4, 5, 6 rooms, countrified apartments. Day and night elevator. Telephone service. Plenty of fresh air. Plenty of steam heat.

BONNY CASTLE HIGHLAND COURT

St. Nicholas Av. at 191st St.

Elevator Apartments

3 to 8 Rooms

WARREN & SKILLIN, 174 Fulton St.

THE HAMPTONS,

201-203 W. 117th St.

St. Nicholas to 7th Avs.

Facing Park. One block to Subway. Fifth Avenue busses pass door. Harlem's Most Exclusive Apartments. Beautiful Corner Suites.

6-7 and 8 Rooms; $900 to $1,150

Apply Office, 140 St. Nicholas Av.

1 OR 2 ROOMS & BATH,

Strictly Modern In Private House Block

CENTRAL LOCATION

THE CAMBRIA,

347 WEST 55TH ST.

Large, Fully Equipped Kitchenette, Restaurant, Maid's Service Arranged.

THE PINEWOOD

72 PINEHURST AVE., at 181st St.

3-4-5 Rooms—Bath

Modern in every respect, $30 to $48. Apply on premises or

McDowell & McMahon 1438 St. Nicholas Av. Corner of 182d St.

6 ROOMS, 2 BATHS.

Large rooms and closets; private house neighborhood; convenient to "L" and subway stations.

302 CONVENT AV., CORNER 142D ST.

W. D. MORGAN, Agent, 3573 B'way (147th St.)

8 and 9 Rooms, 2 Baths.

EXCEPTIONAL APARTMENTS and arrangement of rooms, every one being outside and large; abundance of closet room.

805 St. Nicholas Av., Corner 150th St.

W. D. MORGAN, Agent, 3573 B'way (147th St.)

28 WEST 46TH ST.

NON-HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS

2 Rooms & Bath, $55 to $65.

ALL IMPROVEMENTS

Worthington Whitehouse, Inc., Agents

9 East 46th St. Tel. 1000 Murray Hill

Hamilton Terrace, 144th St.

Two Blocks East of Amsterdam Av.

3-5-6 ROOM APARTMENTS.

High-class elevator apartment house; exclusive residential section; near subway. Reasonable Rent. Inquire on Premises.

ANNAPOLIS COURT

634 WEST 135TH STREET.

Modern, elevator apartment; choice residential section; 4, 5 and 7 rooms, all large and airy; all improvements; rent $47.50 to $70. Superintendent on premises.

WILBRAHAM, N. W. Corner 5th Av., at 80th St.—Choice Apartments, two rooms and bath each; rent $65.00 and $70.00 per month, including maid's services. Superintendent on premises or FRED'K FOX & CO., 14 West 40th St. Vanderbilt 540.

COURTWOOD

500 W. 169th St., S. W. Cor. B'way.

Subway Station 168th St. Overlooking Hudson.

7 Rooms, $85 to $95.

709 West 170th Street

5 large, light rooms and bath to lease. All improvements; $48.

Whitehall, 1871 7 Av. Cor. 114th St.

Modern Elevator Apts.

8 unusually large rooms $1000-$1350

MANHATTAN—East Side.

MAPLE COURT

1229 PARK AVE., COR. 96TH

High-Class Elevator Apartments.

Corner Suites, 7 Rms. $1200, 8 Rms. 2 Baths $1400

Suitable for Doctor or Dentist. Seven rooms ground floor.

Apply Premises.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

LEXINGTON AV., NEAR 60TH ST., 4-story and basement, 20-foot dwelling; splendid business location; adjoining 2 subway stations; will rent and alter to suit tenant or will sell at a sacrifice.

MAURICE WERTHEIM, 405 Lexington Av. Phone Murray Hill 83.

For Rent.—Private house, 136 West 121st St., three-story basement, twenty foot wide, handsomely decorated, parquet floors all but top floor, two bathrooms, electric light; only private people need apply; specially adapted for doctors or dentists; rent $1,400. J. Einstein.

INSPECT THESE HOUSES.

78 East 92d St., rent $1,650.

76 East 91st St., rent $2,000

Electric lights; parquet floors; two baths; perfect condition. Caretaker, on premises.

610 WEST 138TH ST.

Small house, ten rooms, 3 baths, $70 per month.

J. S. MAXWELL, 3,422 Broadway.

A 4-story, 14 rooms, 121 West 111th; near Park and subway; $1,000; ready for occupancy. Caretaker, Wilcox & Shelton, 2,107 7th Av.

Steam-heated 12-room house, 6 bedrooms; parquet floors; Winter's coal in. 425 Convent Av., (148th,) owner.

Long Island.

Best bargain, Queens County, beautiful 8-room colonial home, all extra large rooms, sun parlor, open fireplace, parquet floors throughout, living room, 14x28, hardwood trim, 1¾ inch birch doors, hot water heat; Winter coal in, plot 60x100, seven minutes' walk to station, 30 minutes to New York or Brooklyn; price $7,000; this is a great opportunity to obtain a nice home for small amount of cash. W. V. Champlin, Jamaica, L. I. Phone 2253J Jamaica.

FINEST CORNER IN FREEPORT.

Four blocks from station; house 14 rooms and bath, hardwood floors and trim, hot-water heat, electric light and gas, large porches, garage for three cars, two stalls, chicken houses and runs; plot 150x200 feet; beautiful, large trees, shrubs and garden plot; fruits; owner must sacrifice; value $20,000; will take $15,000 for quick sale. Owner, 814 World Building, New York.

PHYSICIAN'S HOME

On the North Shore of Long Island, offered for sale because of owner retiring from active practice; unequalled location for general practitioner; former owner made from $35,000 to $50,000 a year for the last twenty years; every modern office facility; a rare opportunity for the right man; price $25,000, easy terms to responsible buyer. Address Doctor, 88 Times.

Beautiful semi-bungalow, nine rooms, two baths, modern improvements; two-car garage, chic en houses, runs, large corner plot; five minutes station; out of town owner must sell for one-half value; $3,000 cash over bank mortgage. Owner, 176 Pine St., Freeport, L. I.

A more complete home for $13,500 isn't found than this charming 15 minutes by electric I have at Forest Hills. Telephone 2596 Beekman. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row.

New Jersey.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $500 and monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 8 cent commutation fare; 6 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, and built-in bookcases in living room, panelled dining room, bedrooms in white enamel, hardwood trim, large front porch; also sleeping porch in rear; terraced lawn, trees, finely improved street of beautiful homes; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome combination fixtures, concrete basement, attic, ample space for garden and garage, driveway in rear; near fine schools, and station, 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. Telephone, John 5047.

BEAUTIFUL ELBERON.

New Colonial house, 7 rooms, all modern improvements, beautiful shade trees; two blocks from depot, four blocks from ocean; three lots, easy terms, or will consider desirable lots in partial payment. F. L. Ferguson, 66 Orange, Brooklyn.

COMMUTER'S FARM; 15 acres, 8-room modern house, all imp'ts, stable, chicken houses, well kept grounds, 1½ miles to R. R. Sta., 8 S. W. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J., and 120 Broadway, N. Y.

Ridgewood, unsurpassed, beauty, healthfulness, school, commuting facilities; will sacrifice; modern dwelling; nine rooms, two baths; garage; acre; shade, fruit. Frank Stevens, 200 Broadway, New York.

Bargain.—Six rooms, bath; all improvements, hollow tile stucco; half hour Erie; $3,750, easy terms. Brady, 154 Nassau St., N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

1182-1186 MADISON AVE.

Corner 87th Street.

Handy to Express Station Lexington Ave. Subway at 86th St.

7 & 8 ROOMS.

Elevator Service.

Rental, $780 to $1,200.

INQUIRE ON PREMISES

J. Romaine Brown Co., 299 MADISON AVE., COR. 41ST ST.

MADISON AVE.,

N. E. COR. 84TH ST.

8-Room Apartment.

Rental $1,500.

Apply on premises, or PRINCETON CONSTRUCTION CO., 280 Madison Ave. Murray Hill 4897.

40th St., Nos. 34 & 36 East

High-Class Elevator, All Improvements.

2 & 3 Rooms and Bath, Non-housekeeping, including Service.

$1200 to $1500.

BOHNENKAMP & SCHNEIDER, Agents

542 Fifth Av., N. Y. Tel. Vanderbilt 3839.

STUDIO APARTMENT.

Furnished or Unfurnished.

New house; east of Central Park; four rooms and bath; studio 14x30, with north skylight; rent on application.

RULAND & WHITING-BENJAMIN CORPORATION, 710 Madison Ave. Plaza 4951.

34-36 EAST 58TH ST.

DESIRABLE TWO-ROOM & BATH APTS. RENT $800 PER YEAR, INCLUDING SERVICE.

RULAND & WHITING-BENJAMIN CORPORATION, 710 MADISON AVE. Plaza 4951.

2 and 3 Rooms and Bath.

1,000 Madison Av., bet. 77th and 78th Sts. High-class furnished and unfurnished, non-housekeeping apartment house; unusually large, light rooms, with open fireplace, and containing every modern improvement. Agent on premises.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Brooklyn.

56 PROSPECT PLACE, BROOKLYN.

To let, very attractive 9-room house. Address for full particulars John R. Hill, 8-10 Bridge St., New York.

444 SIXTH AV., BROOKLYN.

To let, attractive 9-room house, in fine condition. Apply to A. J. Shannon Co., 252 7th Av., Brooklyn.

Westchester County.

Home, Mohegan Heights; 8 rooms; city conveniences; large garden; garage, chickens, fruit; 5 minutes from depot; 30 minutes Grand Central Station; price, $7,000; rent, $55. Dr. Hall, phone Tuckahoe 1089.

RYE FOR SALE OR RENT UNFURNISHED.

Gentleman's residence, beautifully situated, near Sound; handsome house, spacious garage, attractive ground.

STEWART C. SCHENCK, 51 East 42D ST.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Westchester County.

Upper part 2-family house, 8 rooms, 2 baths, and porch; near golf links, fine schools and churches; refined, healthful surroundings; west of Van Cortlandt Park, Tynball Av., 261st St., Riverdale, N. Y. C. Phone 50 Kingsbridge.

REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Corner Grand and Greene, 18,600 sq. ft.; street frontage 286 feet; three five story, basement, loft buildings, containing elevators, sprinkler, heat, ample plumbing, fire and labor laws complied with; early possession. Owner, 5 Beekman, Room 333.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

A brownstone one-family, 2-story and basement house, 420 50th St., between 4th and 5th Avs., Bay Ridge; excellent condition; electric light, hot water heat, instantaneous hot water supply; parquet floor; reasonable price. M. Kaplan, owner, 7,306 5th Av., Brooklyn.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTIES. GEORGE HOWE, 527 5th Av., New York.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

24 miles out, on main road, near two stations, is a 60-acre farm, substantial buildings, two streams, large trees, for $10,500; terms; nothing like it so near. Telephone 2596 Beekman. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Single or en suite, 2 adjoining offices, each 15x15, occupying entire front space of eighth floor of 244 5th Av., between 27th and 28th Sts.; four large windows facing 5th Av.; private desk tel

The New York Times
BROOKLYN OFFICE

At the Brooklyn office of The New York Times, at The Brooklyn Citizen office, 401 Fulton St., advertisements and subscriptions are received for the daily and Sunday editions of The New York Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 745, (Corner 152d.)—Elevator, 6-7 rooms; $70 up; worth investigation.

STEAM HEAT GUARANTEED.
4 Fine / 5 Large / 6 Light / 7 Corner ROOMS $55 / $60–$75 / $85–$90 / $100
40 MORNINGSIDE AVENUE.
3 Min. 116th St. Exp. Sta. 6th & 9th Av. "L."

THE MODERN, 40-42 WEST 127TH ST.—Elevator apartments, 6 rooms, $65.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Wanted, apartment or house, Mount Vernon, Bronxville, Pelham, or New Rochelle, for 2 adults, Oct. 1 to May 1; give full particulars, location, price, &c. R. K., 267 Times Downtown.

WANTED:—For 6 or 7 months, 4 or 5 room apartment, completely furnished, below 72d St.; two adults; full particulars with price. A. F. Hinrichsen, 531 West 21st St. Chelsea 9240.

WANTED.—Five-room apartment, between 80th and 110th Sts., not over $70, unfurnished or furnished, or might buy furniture and piano; responsible references. J. A. K., Room 61, 6 Wall St.

I WANT furnished apartment with three sleeping rooms, bath, kitchen, living room; ground floor, one flight; six months or longer from Oct. 1; $60, less monthly. E. H. Hopkins, 50 Broad St., phone Broad 2910.

LET US RENT YOUR FURNISHED APARTMENT OR DWELLING FOR YOU. List now for Fall and Winter leasing. L. J. PHILLIPS & CO., 148 West 72d St. Columbus 2780.

The Berlock Co. wish furnished and unfurnished apartments and houses, 4 to 12 rooms, $150 to $1,000 per month. Berlock Co., 46 W. 49th St. Telephone Bryant 7152.

LIST APARTMENTS, furnished and unfurnished, now waiting clients; all locations. Prince & Pritchard, 1 West 34th. Greeley 1574.

WANTED—Three rooms and bath, completely furnished, between 160th and 190th Sts., Washington Heights. H. Hauser, Chelsea 9240.

High-class furnished apartments wanted for our clients; send particulars or phone to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d Street.

APARTMENTS WANTED. FURNISHED. Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Bingham, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Columbus 886.

116TH ST., or below; west side preferred; 7 rooms for 5 or 6 months; best references. A. M. Well, 814 East 5th Street.

Want small well-furnished apartment, west side, below 116th St.; $50-$70 month. William Beck, Tribune Building.

Furnished 4 room apartment; linen, silver; west side; responsible adults. K 480 Times Downtown.

Well furnished two bedrooms, living room, kitchenette; east side to Washington Square. M. Bridgeford, 120 East 82d St.

LET US RENT YOUR APARTMENTS, FURNISHED; responsible clients waiting. APARTMENT RENTING CO., 176 West 72d St. Columbus 1277.

Unfurnished.

FAMILY OF FOUR (three adults) want unfurnished apartment with three sleeping rooms, bath, kitchen, living room; ground floor or one flight; $50 or less monthly, from Oct. 1. E. H. Hopkins, 50 Broad St. Phone Broad 2910.

A refined middle-aged lady desires one large room and bath, unfurnished, with small family or in an apartment hotel, not exceeding $40 per month, from 72d to 110th St., west side; references exchanged. A 77 Times.

TWO rooms and kitchenette in quiet neighborhood; about $30. 5-7 East 10th, 11th floor.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

30TH, 122 EAST.—Large, well furnished back parlor for business woman or gentleman; refined.

55TH, 17 EAST.—Bachelor's rooms; residence of art collector; references required.

ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR, two large rooms and bath, separately or together; private house; furnished or unfurnished; breakfast if desired. Phone Lenox 8166, 122 East 95th St.

GRAMERCY PARK, (145 East 21st.)—Newly decorated, furnished or unfurnished rooms, private baths, electricity; park privileges; references.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,286. (86th-87th.)—Subway, elegant front parlor, with bedroom; all conveniences; apartment. Mommer, Swiss family.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th.)—Large, small furnished, unfurnished rooms; music studios allowed.

West Side.

97TH, 41 WEST.—Large, cool room, private bath; single rooms; electricity; references.

100TH, 66 WEST.—Floor, two rooms, bath; single or en suite; small room; references.

117TH, 49 WEST.—Comfortable small, large rooms; private bath, electricity, elevator; references.

118TH, 32 WEST.—Attractive hall and medium rooms, adjoining bath, in quiet home.

150TH, 14 WEST.—Large room, private bath; also small room; gentlemen. Circle 1810.

51ST, 62 WEST.—Beautiful large, small, rooms; electricity; telephone; refined; $7-$25.

68TH, 46 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms; all conveniences; electricity; references.

69TH, 50 WEST.—Beautifully furnished double room, second floor; electricity; also basement front.

69TH, 63 WEST.—Large and small rooms, kitchenette, electricity, water; private house; references.

69TH, 61 WEST.—Double room, private bath; large front room; refined; maid service.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Home-like, airy rooms; suites and entire floors reasonable; gentlemen, business couple.

70TH, 215 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms, single or en suite, electricity; private, gentlemen.

71ST, 109 WEST.—MAGNIFICENTLY FURNISHED LARGE FRONT ROOM; ONE FLIGHT; PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY, SHOWER; MEDIUM AND SINGLE ROOMS; SUMMER RATES.

71ST, 147 WEST.—Attractive, large room, with washroom, bath adjoining; also large hall room, bath adjacent.

71ST, 135 WEST.—Attractive, large, cool room, full bay window; private bath, phone, electricity.

71ST, 221 WEST.—Room with bath; good service; moderate; gentlemen.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Large double rooms with private bath; other rooms; exclusive.

71ST, 206 WEST.—Parlor floor or part, bath; suitable studio.

72D ST., 301 WEST, (Corner West End Av.)—Non-housekeeping suites, large and small; also single rooms, with or without baths.

72D, 58 WEST.—Attractive, cool rooms, electricity, shower; reasonable. Debernyz, Columbus 3588.

72D, 261 WEST.—Large room, private bath; board optional.

73D, 140 WEST.—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED LARGE FRONT HALL ROOMS; ELECTRICITY; BATH ADJOINING.

73D, 155 WEST.—Attractively furnished large rooms, adjoining bath; $7-$12; references exchanged.

73D, 273 WEST.—Comfortable, cool, single, double rooms; private house; near Riverside.

74TH, 33 WEST.—LARGE, LIGHT ROOM; RUNNING WATER; ADJOINING BATH; STEAM HEAT; PRIVATE HOME; BREAKFAST OPTIONAL.

74TH, 242 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms, with private bath; Japanese service.

75TH, 150 WEST.—Attractively furnished large, small; adjoining bath; running water; electricity.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Desirable room, adjoining bath; $8-$10; electricity; parquetry; artistic home.

75TH, 46 WEST.—Comfortable, large room, lavatory, private bath, electricity; select residence; references.

75TH, 155 WEST.—Large room, with private bath; couple; one flight; Summer rate.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Immaculately clean, large rooms; private baths; electricity; kitchen privileges; references.

76TH, 251 WEST.—Rooms, single, en suite; private bath, continuous hot water; electricity.

76TH, 147 WEST.—Artistic home; perfectly appointed room, private tiled bath; electricity; parquetry.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

76TH, 45 WEST.—Parlor floor, private bath; also smaller room, running water.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Large room with private bath; small room; reasonable.

77TH ST., 123 WEST.—Attractively furnished large room, with, without private bath. Schuyler 7297.

78TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive, large, cool room, with bath; piano, electricity, phone.

78TH, 142 WEST.—Desirable rooms, $4 to $10; telephone, reception room.

79TH, 177 WEST.—Front living and bed room; gentlemen; comfortable home; telephone. Schultz.

81ST, 27 WEST, (Overlooking Parks.)—Single, double; private baths; exceptional. Schuyler 1826.

81ST, 166 WEST.—Large and medium rooms, adjoining bath; private house; references.

82D, 24 WEST.—Large, cool rooms; private bath, electricity; refined house; references.

86TH, 125 WEST.—Beautiful large front room, private bath; electricity; southern exposure.

85TH, 138 WEST.—Rooms with private baths; also others; electricity. Schuyler 8726.

85TH, 209 WEST.—Single outside room; just renovated; one flight up. Collins.

86TH, 2 WEST.—Corner room, 11th floor, bath adjoining; $7. Schuyler 5300. Blanchard.

86TH, 337 WEST.—Elegant large front rooms, private bath; small rooms; near Drive; references.

86TH, 55 WEST.—Elegant rooms, twin beds; private bath; electricity; $10; also parlor.

86TH, 315 WEST.
Attractive rooms in select residence; references.

97TH, 64 WEST.—Clean, elegant, large rooms; bath; phone. Riverside 3249.

100TH, 252 WEST.—Single room, top floor, private house, every modern convenience; very reasonable; reference essential; newly furnished, clean.

101ST, 322 WEST, (Riverside, Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence suite, overlooking Hudson; double, single rooms; board optional; moderate.

106TH, 301 WEST (Broadway.)—Desirable suite, private bath. Modern elevator apartment; 5-B.

108TH, 256 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Large, cool rooms; $5, $6; gentlemen. Rogers.

118TH, 541 WEST.—Beautiful light comfortable room, adjoining bath; elegant elevator apartment. Hart.

116TH, 488 WEST, (opposite Columbia.)—Comfortably furnished rooms for gentlemen; high-class apartment; references. Apartment 52.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Pleasant room; near Columbia; all the improvements; $4. Apt. 3.

118TH, 421 WEST.—Large front room; ladies; references. O'Brien.

152D, 568 WEST.—Two large, one small room; very desirable; gentleman or business couple. Audubon 7146.

BROADWAY, (110th St.)—One or two gentlemen; superior home accommodations. Cathedral 9068.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 270, (Corner 178st.)—Beautiful outside room, adjoining bath; modern elevator apartment. Apt. 54.

MANHATTAN AV., 400, (cor. 117th St.)—Two large rooms, kitchen and bath; first class; $55.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 76.—Large, light, clean rooms, en suite or single.

Two or three large, outside rooms, private bath, shower; $25. Apartment near Riverside, 110th St. subway. Academy 3288.

WEST END AV., (98th St.)—Lady will rent beautifully furnished, large corner room to business woman; home privileges. River 4177, 8 to 10 mornings.

WEST END AV., 275 (72nd).—Attractive room; also suite; private and adjoining baths.

WEST END AV., 549.—Attractive room; private house.

YOUNG MAN having five fine rooms in exclusive apartment house wishes to share or rent to couple responsible young men; every convenience. W 116 Times.

Brooklyn.

MANHATTAN BEACH.—To rent, oceanview room; private home; exclusive. K 519 Times Downtown.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

47TH, 12 WEST.—Two front rooms in private apartment; references. Bryant 8625.

78TH, 214 WEST.—Parlor floor, three rooms, with bath, electricity, suitable for business.

CHARLTON ST., 30, (Greenwich Village.)—Two large, connecting rooms, unfurnished; references.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Gentleman, French, wishes large, airy front room in apartment house, west of Broadway; large writing table and closet; no other roomers; price about $30 month. Address D. L., 37 Wall St.

GENTLEMEN desire a large room with small private family; no other roomers; kindly state terms and how many in family. J. T., W 113 Times.

By man and wife, Protestants, one, two large rooms, private bath, in refined east side home, between 5th and Park Ave. S 324 Times.

Unfurnished.

Bachelor, middle-aged, desires comfortable bedroom, sitting room, bath, unfurnished, electricity, below 80th St.; private entrance preferred; not more than $50 month; give dimensions of rooms, exposure, &c. B 423 Times Annex.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

5th Av., 7.—Thoroughly renovated throughout; private baths; electricity, switchboard; refined service.

80TH, (1,345 Lexington Av.)—Large, small rooms; excellent table; private house; telephone.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

MADISON AV., 191-193.—Large rooms, private baths; excellent table.

West Side.

57TH, 323 WEST.—Beautiful large and small front rooms; steam, electricity; references.

58TH ST., 41-43-45.
Elevator.
MADISON ARMS.

58TH, 56 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large rooms; private baths; electricity; southern cooking.

70TH, 23 WEST.—Large room, attractive, modern, bath adjoining, refined Jewish surroundings, excellent cuisine, Winter reservations. Mrs. Newburg.

72D, 228 WEST.—Elevator, steam heat, electricity, table guests; subway express; references.

72D, 228 WEST.—Elevator, steam heat, electricity; table guests; subway express; references.

72D, 267 WEST.—Double, single rooms; parlor suite; private bath; excellent table.

73D, 302 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Attractive large room, private bath; small room.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Rooms, private bath; switchboard; dining room opens Sept. 9.

76TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Beautiful large, sunny room, private bath, electricity; French cuisine.

80TH, 148 WEST.—Large room, private bath; medium room; electricity; homelike; references.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

82D, 174 WEST.—Little house, beautiful rooms, delicious home table.

83D, 40 WEST.—Beautiful furnished rooms; excellent cuisine; every convenience; electricity; table guests.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large and small room; excellent board; electricity; table guests accommodated; references exchanged.

86TH, 164 WEST.—Large rooms, suite and bath; excellent meals; Winter reservations.

87TH, 138 WEST.—Comfortable, large rooms, private bath; other rooms; references; table board.

93D, (676 West End Av.)—Large rooms; running water, bath adjoining; electricity; exclusive; married couples or gentlemen; reference.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Large, small rooms; first-class meals; electricity; references.

110TH, 601 WEST.—Attractive, large room, twin beds, running water, home cooking; exclusive surroundings. Tel 6600 Morningside. Address Apt. 8 N.

111TH, 515 WEST.—Large room, bath; board; gentlemen, couple. Apartment 5F.

115TH, Corner Manhattan Av.—Near elevated and park, "The Columbia"; few single rooms and suites; good board. 6270 Cathedral.

122D, 150 WEST.—Desirable double and single rooms; "L," subway; telephone; reference.

140TH, 544 WEST.—"The Audubon"; bright rooms; good board; $10 up, one; $18 up, two. Telephone 2767 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 46, (CORNER 75TH ST.)—HIGH-CLASS RESIDENTIAL HOTEL; COOL AND ATTRACTIVE ROOMS; EXCLUSIVE TABLE.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

WEST END AV., 878, (103d.)—Just opened; ideal location; Hudson view; all outside, light, airy; ample closets, electricity, gas logs, open fireplaces; parquet floor; spacious parlor and dining same floor; one-two rooms, bath; meals optional; moderate.

WEST END AV., 524, (80th.)—Large, small rooms, suitable young people; excellent table.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th St.)—Couple; one flight; meals, bath, $30; single, $10.

BOARD WANTED.

FOR THE FALL AND WINTER, YOUNG MARRIED COUPLE, NO CHILDREN, DESIRE TWO ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH AND BOARD WITH REFINED PRIVATE FAMILY; LOCATION, WEST SIDE, BELOW 100TH ST. WEST END AV. OR RIVERSIDE DRIVE PREFERRED; ALL NECESSARY REFERENCES. ADDRESS R 42 TIMES.

GENTLEMAN, with wife and three-year-old boy, wishes nice double room, all conveniences, and board, with private family, preferably Washington Heights district. 149 Broadway, Room 2203.

A gentleman wants two weeks in September, room and bath with board; must be first-class, private party; no other boarders; will pay liberal price. Address Z 379 Times Annex.

BUSINESS WOMAN (Jewish) wants room and board with private family; apartment preferred; reference. Room 206, Endicott Hotel.

BOARD, room, private American family, west side, by business lady. H 782 Times Downtown.

Board wanted by gentleman, refined people; $12; near Riverside. W 161 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Staten Island.

THE EVELYN LODGE,
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Family House of Highest Standard.
20 Minutes' Delightful Sail N. Y. Fare 5c.
Fifty Lovely Rooms, Exquisitely Furnished.
Excellent Chef and Service. Small Tables.
Parlors, Porches, Lawns, Comforts.
Weekly, $12-$18 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

Westchester County.

"Hopsin," 245 Prospect Av., Mt. Vernon.—Reservations Fall, Winter; four minutes from New Haven Station; adults only. Phone 2624.

Rockledge Manor Hotel and cottages, 134 Bruce Av., Yonkers; convenient location; refined clientele; moderate prices. Telephone 5344 Yonkers.

New York State.

Ellinwood.—Board; Ulster County farm. Arrange 309 West 46th St. Phone 34 Bryant.

Country Board Wanted.

40 MINUTES from city by convalescent woman with boy 17. S 333 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

BILLING CLERK.—Quick, accurate, 2 years' experience, $15. W 136 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, office manager of exceptional ability; eight years' actual experience, controlling accounts; capable of taking complete charge; salary, $30. S 297 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, absolutely thoroughly experienced, at present with large woolen concern, desires change; capable. W 128 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST.—Knowledge of stenography; bright beginner desires position; $10 to start. F. L., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. Double entry; controlling accounts; advertising, publishing experience; $25. J 679 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—Capable of taking entire charge; six years' experience; highest references. O 43 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert bookkeeper and stenographer, capable managing office with help. W 147 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, competent; salary $23. B. Schiff, 232 East 110th St., New York.

CASHIER.—Young lady, 22, wishes position as cashier; five years with present employer; salary $16. H 787 Times Downtown.

COOK, competent, experienced, and economical, wishes position small private family; good manager and housekeeper; present employed. Schuyler 0327.

DAY'S WORK wanted; washing, ironing, and cleaning; references. Sweeney, 125 East 123d.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.—Very rapid typist, high school graduate, five years' experience; best references; $25 per week. K 473 Times Downtown.

DRESSMAKER, late with leading establishment, wants few customers, out by day. Dressmaker, 212 West 84th. Phone Schuyler 6653.

DRESSMAKER, late with leading establishment, wants few customers, out by day. Dressmaker, 212 West 84th. Phone Schuyler 6653.

EVENING WORK of clerical nature desired; experienced in office details. K 485 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY.—Active, capable young woman wants position as outside executive; understands entire charge of motor car; adjuster of difficulties; everyday diplomat; willing to demonstrate abilities for two weeks free. S. 327 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER and manager in small, refined family. Address Mrs. M. Shaw, Mamaroneck, N. Y.

HOUSEKEEPER, experienced, refined English woman, good references, seeks a position. W 134 Times.

LADY, married, would care for apartment, in exchange living rooms. S 201 Times.

MASSEUSE (licensed) desires patient; references. Brook, 211 West 88th. Tel. 3329 Riverside.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR. — Experienced; hand and power driven; neat, efficient. S 232 Times.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—Children between 3 and 8; wages $50; also mother's helper, $30. Call from 9 to 10 A. M. Phone 9180 Riverside. Semon, 817 West End Av.

NURSE. — By graduate nurse, position in factory or store. W 124 Times.

NURSES.—Experienced infant nurses. Hornig's Agency, 944 3d Av.

OFFICE CLERK.—Experienced, accurate, executive ability, knowledge bookkeeping; $15. Greene, 1,225 Boston Road.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.
Three years as Vice President's, Freight Traffic Manager trunk line railroad; three years' experience steel construction lines; educated; thorough expert. What offer? K 475 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced young lady, with initiative and executive ability, desires position with reliable person or firm; highest references; minimum salary $25. Box 113, 852 Columbus Av.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Expert; excellent education and references; conscientious, willing; $26. K 518 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, willing, ambitious worker, desires situation with busy man; $25. K 481 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—First-class experience, rapid, accurate; highly recommended; $25. W 133 Times.

SECRETARY to man of large affairs; $3,000 yearly; ready September. W 436 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — A1. If you desire one with thorough business knowledge, possessing every qualification of the expert, both Wall St. and export experience, salary $25, best references, address E. L., 602 West 180th St., city.

STENOGRAPHER, efficient, capable, three years' experience, high school graduate, seeks position with old established concern, where ability and initiative will be appreciated; best references. P. E. J., 1,845 62d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, secretarial; high-grade miscellaneous experiences; newspaper, literary, publication; initiative; handle correspondence; Washington position considered; $30. Steno, Apt. 57, 60 St. Nicholas Av.

STENOGRAPHER. — American, thorough banking experience, accustomed to work for executives and being in charge of important details; salary $25 to start. N 516 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, now employed; rapid, accurate, experienced; references; salary $16. K 518 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY desires position with opportunities; expert; 10 years commercial and law; salary $25. K 510 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Efficient; executive ability; extensive practical and commercial experience; Christian; age 24; $25 to $30. L 584 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Bookkeeper, Typist.—Two years' experience; conscientious, willing worker; best references. Hilda Nirenberg, 794 Caldwell Ave.

STENOGRAPHER.—Secretary with experience in literary dictation, part time only. Miss Jones, Vernon Terrace, East Orange, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, correspondent, 4 years' experience, brokerage, export; $20. H 709 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, intelligent, with several years' experience, seeks position. N 519 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, refined, competent; office work; $20. Box 304, 1,358 2d Av.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper; 8 years' experience; energetic, accurate; salary $25. H 781 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-CORRESPONDENT, thorough experienced credit and collection work, $20. B 444 Times Annex.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright, energetic, accurate typist; willing worker. Phone Lenox 4085.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, desires permanent position; $20. K 483 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Five years' experience; competent; possessing initiative; $23-$25. 219 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER, COMPETENT, RELIABLE, EXPERIENCED; EXCELLENT REFERENCES. K 482 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, American; two years' experience; best references; $15. H 749 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (19,) thoroughly experienced; American; $14. Fox, 182 West End Avenue.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert, ten years' technical experience. Apartment 19, 39 Charles St.

STENOGRAPHER, A1, desires situation; secretarial duties; references. W 132 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Nine years' experience; $27; excellent references. Address K 488 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS, (2,) Christians, desire position together; 3 and 6 years' experience; $15 and $18. K 524 Times Downtown.

TYPIST. — Girl wishes position as typist; knowledge of stenography; experienced in typing; salary $12. Mae Reden, 23 Louis Place, Brooklyn.

TYPIST wishes to do work at home. Samlowitz, 480 East 141st St.

TYPIST.—Neat, accurate worker; 3 years' experience; salary $18-$19. O 38 Times.

YOUNG LADY, experienced secretary-companion, two years with prominent singer, is open for position with responsible party; best reference. Call Miss A. Knapp, 306 West 134th St. Morningside 8936-R.

YOUNG LADY wishes position, speaks French, English; good penman; reference. K 476 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN, 21, initiative and ambitious, college education, thorough knowledge French, general clerical, business ability. Marian Wallach, 246 Albany Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

BERTA CARLSON Swedish Agency supplies first-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (corner 88th.)

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 133d St. Morn. 6916.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, OFFICE MANAGER, executive ability, expert systematizer, manufacturing specialist, cost accounting, 26 years' experience, several years public accounting, capable, constructive calibre of mind, open for permanent engagement with manufacturing or commercial concern, full charge of large office; salary $3,000. Address Jersey Commuter, K 435 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, 34 years old, married, with two children, university graduate, desires high-grade connection. K 491 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, arrangements for simplifying bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. 132 Nassau St., Room 1221. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT.—Young man, spare time after 4:30 P. M.; books kept part time; financial statements. K 450 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 30; executive; experienced purchaser, salesman, and systematizer; salary, $40. H 777 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances, audits, $5 upward; books opened, closed. Friedlander, Bleecker 996.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Audits, systems, financial statements, tax reports. Room 112, 203 Broadway. Cortland 4565.

ACCOUNTANT.—Connected with large concern; engagements solicited for evening work. H 776 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Auditing, cost, or general accounting; public and private experience. K 486 Times Downtown.

AMERICAN, (25,) draft exempt, wants position as invoice clerk; six years experience office routine; best references. S 825 Times.

AUTOMOBILE MANAGER. — Branch manager or charge of service, purchasing agent; thoroughly experienced electrical depts. S 263 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 32 years, married, 15 years' experience, disengaged during September; also desirous securing regular engagements after 5 P. M. weekdays and 2 P. M. Saturdays; thoroughly efficient. H 779 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 4 years' wholesale experience, double entry, controlling accounts, good penman, reference, desires position without Saturday. K 520 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 20 years' experience, desires position evenings weekly. Saturday afternoons; accounting or other work. H 785 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, over 60, in good health and fully competent, desires position owing to closing of New York office where he is now employed. H 784 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND OFFICE MANAGER desires position; draft exempt; costs, accounting; competent take full charge; best references. K 514 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT, 21, draft exempt; three years' experience; thorough knowledge double entry; competent and efficient. H 767 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST. — Experienced; intelligent; efficient; capable man for responsible position. W 140 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (20,) draft exempt; university man; thoroughly experienced modern methods. H 758 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (20,) experienced, trial balance, controlling accounts. Box 71, 2,121 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, (32,) German, (first paper,) experienced in double entry; moderate salary. 406 East 57th Street.

BOOKKEEPER with long varied experience in modern systems, desires position; $20. S 326 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Coat and suit experience; can handle any line successfully. S 323 Times.

CAPABLE, industrious married man, 25 years, deferred classification, desires position as salesman or clerk; best references. J. E., 1,187 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, N.Y.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau, Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway, Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR, American, 31 years old, desires position private service in city; 8 years' experience; best of private references; draft exempt. Address H. Adam, 159 East 84th St. Phone 8476 Lenox.

CHAUFFEUR.—Expert driver, mechanic; draft exempt; highly recommended; seeks position city, country; careful; strictly temperate. S 321 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—French; discharged from the French army for wound; wishes similar situation in private family. Boissonade, 166 East 61st St.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC. — Married, 32; 15 years' experience high-grade cars; expert Pierce driver; city, country. Scheibin, 528 East 89th.

CHAUFFEUR, three years' experience, draft exempt, wishes position with private family; careful and reliable man; best references. S 310 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 45, married, wishes good steady position; any car; city, country or touring; 11 years' experience; references. P. Worin, 140 Manhattan Av., city.

CHAUFFEUR.—Age 33; 6 years' experience; first-class mechanic; careful driver; willing to go to city or country. H. Trulson, 58 West 124th St. Tel. Harlem 3517-W.

CHAUFFEUR for private; draft exempt; not much experience, but willing to make good if given slight chance; well acquainted with city. S 320 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 34; excellent city driver; good mechanic; neat, polite, obliging; personal references. Hector, 58 W. 66th, Columbus 4927.

CHAUFFEUR seeks private position; do own repairs; careful driver; city or country; sober. Address Salonen, 31 E. 125th St.

CHAUFFEUR, 21, exempt, 4 years' experience, does own repairs; best references; private; city, country. Kuluk, 308 E. 81st.

CHAUFFEUR, Italian, married, desires position with private family; best references. W 119 Times.

CHAUFFEUR. — Responsible colored mechanic; references. Bryan, 156 West 144th St. Phone 9313 Audubon.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with private family in city or country; A1 reference. Mula, 241 East 59th.

CHAUFFEUR, Swede, 35 years; careful driver; experienced; good mechanic. Adamson, 219 East 60th.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC. — Experienced; private family; country preferred; references. S 311 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Married; 12 years' experience; highly recommended. Fill, 206 East 80th St.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with private family. Ben Stewart, 101 West 141st St. Janitor.

CHAUFFEUR.—Married, 30; drives any car; mechanic; references. Kinney, 1,448 2d Av.

COMPANION. — Gentleman, 33, educated, wishes position as companion or congenial employment. O 31 Times.

COST ACCOUNTANT.—Age 25; 7 years of bookkeeping and accounting experience; last position held with large aircraft corporation; best references; salary $40. K 477 Times Downtown.

COTTON CONVERTING HOUSE.—Young man; draft exempt; age 24; knowledge of cotton goods and business experience. W 117 Times.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, experienced handling skilled and unskilled labor, speaks several languages, engaged in labor agency business, desires connection responsible firm. A 251 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ENGINEER, mechanical and sanitary; a qualified executive; practical on steam power plants, pumping stations, plumbing, drainage, and sewer disposal plants; experience on Government plants. S 317 Times.

ENGINEERING EXECUTIVE. — Graduate, married; 20 years' mechanical, electrical, civil, Government, sales, and production engineering experience; linguist. R 280 Times.

EXECUTIVE.—Graduate civil engineer, 35 years of age and married, having thorough legal and general education, broad experience in business, sales, management, and in municipal engineering, has reached the limit of opportunity in present position and seeks a change; at present earning $3,500, but would make sacrifice in salary, if necessary, in consideration of opportunity for further development. H 763 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—Christian, 29, exempt; ten years' experience thorough accounts., credits, financing, organizing; thorough business man; clean, successful record; opportunity most important. K 499 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—High-grade American, 46, office manager, auditor, treasurer, comptroller; exceptional experience and references; $400 to $500. Address H. 660 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—Energetic, industrious, and sober man, executive ability, desires position of trust with reliable concern; best references. W 120 Times.

EXPORT.—Married man with dependents, age 34, seeks a position; has several years' general experience; good correspondent; knows how to meet and deal with foreign merchants; moderate salary. W 457 Times Downtown.

GARDENER, Scandinavian, 47, wishes position as head gardener or Superintendent on gentleman's estate; thirty years' experience; best references; prefer State of New York or Connecticut. P. J., 61 3d St., Hoboken.

GARDENER.—Landscape, forestry, expert on trees, wants position as superintendent; first-class references. B. S., Post Office, Weehawken, N. J.

GENTLEMAN, 33, educated, wishes congenial employment 4 to 9 P. M. O 32 Times.

MAN.—Expert; Latin-American; age 26; graduate U. S. college; thoroughly conversant English, Spanish; proven executive ability; capable of promoting trade; exceptionally good references; desires connection with firm where good future may be obtained; thorough, conscientious endeavor; salary $35. G. M., 190 Times.

MAN, American, married, 46, fifteen years' experience in clerical work, desires position with reputable house where there are chances for advancement. H 768 Times Downtown.

MAN seeking position; 12 years' experience auto tire business; has been manager of company, wants position in that line or other line of business. O 42 Times.

MAN, 25, married, capable, discharged from army, wishes position at anything; Government work only. H 766 Times Downtown.

MAN, experienced, understanding managing loft and high-class apartment property and repairs. Raina, 1,118 Forest Av.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER.—Technical graduate, age 38, 10 years' experience; A1 draftsman. Address R. R., 68 4th Av., Paterson, N. J.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE, 30 years old, married, draft exempt; thorough knowledge of bookkeeping and all office details; competent to take charge; can furnish best of credentials; salary, $30; no objection to go out of town. K 480 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER, with experience; competent to take full charge; familiar with modern methods; exceptional references. R 491 Times Harlem.

PHYSICIAN and surgeon desires location or position with large corporation. Address Doctor, Box 450, 1,418 5th Av.

PURCHASING ENGINEER AND EXPORT MANAGER ACQUAINTED GENERAL TRADE CONDITIONS; SPECIALIST IN EXPORT BUYING, SELLING, ELECTRICAL, MECHANICAL DEVICES, AGENCY AGREEMENTS; NOW EMPLOYED; MARRIED; SEEKS INCREASED REMUNERATION WITH WELL-RATED STABLE CONCERN; BEST REFERENCES. WHAT OPENINGS? R 4 TIMES.

PRODUCTION MAN, 33, technically trained, 16 years' business experience; keen observer; judicial temperament; resourceful; good executive and manager. M. M. D., 1,851 Park Place, Brooklyn.

RESIDENT MANAGER, HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENT; LARGE EXPERIENCE. DAVIS, 471 CENTRAL PARK WEST.

SALES MANAGER
with knowledge of advertising, 15 years' experience, now directing sales organization of 85 men, having reached the limit of his opportunity, desires to make a change; good organizer, systematizer, and detail man. K 530 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 26, draft exempt, 5 years' road selling experience, real producer, desires connection with reputable firm handling only staple line; will only consider bona fide propositions; road only; unquestionable. W 137 Times.

SALESMEN.—Two aggressive, well known in New England, Pennsylvania, and New York States, desire the following lines: Dresses, suits, coats, waists; no advances; commission basis. W 83 Times.

SALESMAN, (36,) New Yorker, now Boston sales manager, steel and iron products, returns to New York Sept. 1st; fifteen years' successful record. Z 338 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 24, Class 4 draft, experienced, hustler, desires to travel for competent, reliable mercantile establishment; salary and commission. W 145 Times.

SALESMAN, (40,) owns and drives auto, will entertain proposition with responsible concern; road experience; bond and

Want Advertisements

for the Sunday Edition of The New York Times must be in The Times Building by

4 P. M. Saturday

HELP WANTED—Female.

HOUSEWORK.—Woman, with or without a child, housework, no washing; New Rochelle. A 56 Times.

LEDGER OR RECORD CLERK

wanted in large

BRONX CORPORATION.

Chance for advancement.

$10 a week to start.

C. A., 609 Times Downtown.

LEDGER CLERK

for large wholesale house, must be good penman, quick and accurate at figures, accustomed to the off monthly trial balance; steady position; state age, experience, and salary. S. S., 317 Times.

LEDGER CLERK, experienced, quick and curate; able to take off trial balance; Borough Hall section, Brooklyn. Particulars, K 502 Times Downtown.

MACHINE SEWERS wanted. Max Orloff, 240 Broadway.

MARRIED WOMEN,

whose husbands are now in service; good positions are open. See Mr. Lewis, 2 Albany St., 8th floor.

MILLINERS, TRIMMERS,
INFANTS' CAPS, CHILDREN'S MILLINERY; BEST WAGES; PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT. ZENO CO., 387 4TH AV.

MILLINERS, FIRST-CLASS; LONG SEASON AND HIGHEST SALARY PAID. D. J. CURRAN, 37 EAST 56TH.

MODELS.—SEVERAL TALL AND ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES WANTED TO TRY ON GARMENTS IN OUR RETAIL SHOWROOM. APPLY, ALL WEEK, CLARK & WEINBERG, 634 5TH AV.

MOTHER'S HELPER, assist with light housekeeping, no washing, for a family consisting of baby, 9 months, and boy, 6 years; live out. Phone Fordham 3611, between 8 and 9:30 A. M.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR, experienced, can make permanent connection, with excellent salary and surroundings. Apply by letter, B 382 Times.

NURSE.—Doctor requires experienced office nurse; good home; fair salary; permanent position; references. Answer by letter, 62 West 87th.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, competent, to take care of child of 6 at country place, Oyster Bay; must have good references. Address Anderson, Box 34, Station O, New York City.

NURSE.—Graduate, registered, for door duty; moderate sized hospital; advancement; state age, experience and salary desired. Box 64, 2,181 Third Avenue.

NURSE.—Practical, to care for invalid lady; permanent; good salary and home; reply, giving experience, age, nationality, religion and references. Z, 395 Times Annex.

NURSE, white, two-year boy. Call or telephone morning or evening, 823 Sanford Av., Flushing. Telephone Flushing 3485.

NURSE, white, experienced, for baby 8 months old; complete charge. Saunders, 375 West 181st., Apartment 2C.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young lady as office assistant; age, 19-38; must be competent at figures and familiar with all office detail; hours, 8-5; good chance for advancement; state age, nationality, experience, and salary wanted. Write Assistant, 8 Greenwich Av., city.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young lady, 18-21; must operate typewriter, write good hand, figure accurately, and be well recommended; salary $12. O 40 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, with knowledge of typewriting and filing; state in detail education, experience, if any, age and salary expected. S 316 Times.

OFFICE GIRL, bright; large wholesale house. Apply, own handwriting, stating age and salary expected, O. B., Box 53, 1,364 Broadway.

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO.,
34TH ST., WEST,
REQUIRE
EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN
FOR THEIR
MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT.
PERMANENT POSITIONS AND GOOD SALARIES TO THOSE WHO QUALIFY.

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO.,
34TH ST., NEW YORK,
REQUIRE EXPERIENCED
APPRENTICES,
IMPROVERS,
MILLINERS;
PERMANENT POSITIONS AT GOOD SALARIES.

ORDER CLERK.—Good penman, with clerical experience; resident of Brooklyn preferred. Reply, stating experience and salary expected, Box 86, 208 Broadway, Brooklyn.

PHOTOSTAT OPERATORS. — Young women, experienced, to operate photostat machine; good chance for advancement and good salary to start. P. P., 345 Times Downtown.

SALESLADY.—Refines young woman; unusual chance; silks specialties; strictly high-class, dignified position; experience unnecessary; $35-$50 week, salary, commission. Tiffany, 2338, 15 Park Row.

SALESWOMEN,
CHINA AND HOUSEFURNISHING; MUST BE EXPERIENCED; AT WANAMAKER'S. APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

SALESWOMEN,
HENRY HESSE,
899 SIXTH AV., 54TH-55TH STS.,
has vacancies in the
ART EMBROIDERY,
HOSIERY, AND KNIT UNDERWEAR DEPARTMENTS.

SALESWOMAN for importers of veilings, nettings, chiffons, to cover Pennsylvania, Ohio, and West Virginia; must be experienced in this or kindred lines over territory; salary and commission. A 61 Times.

SALESWOMAN.—Good money selling approved food saving device for home use; thoroughly indorsed; liberal commission. S 306 Times.

SALESWOMAN.—Experienced for coat, suit and dress department. Apply at Martin's, Fulton St., corner of Bridge St., Brooklyn.

SALESLADY, intelligent, in a downtown retail drawing material store. Apply Keuffel & Esser Co., 127 Fulton St.

SALESLADY experienced in coats, suits, dresses, furs. Louis Bernstein, 681 6th Av.

SECRETARY to corporation President wanted; young woman experienced in stenography and typewriting, also knowledge of bookkeeping; salary $25. Write or apply Wednesday or Thursday afternoon, Room 1008, 347 Madison Av.

SHOE SALESWOMEN,

Must be thoroughly experienced. At Wanamaker's. Apply employment office.

SHOE SALESLADY wanted; highest salary paid. Rosenbach Co., 10 West 23d St.

SLIP STITCHERS.—Experienced in men's neckwear. Meyer Bacharach & Freidheim, 21 East 22d Street.

STATIONERY AND OFFICE SUPPLY saleslady to sell inside on the floor; large retail stationery store; permanent position; good salary; must be experienced. Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

STATUS CLERKS.—Young women, some mechanical experience, to speed production by phone, also to analyze correspondence and attend to general clerical work. Apply 360 Madison Av., 9th floor.

STENCIL CUTTER, experienced on silk stencils, by prominent uptown publishers; liberal pay, permanent position, pleasant surroundings. B 337 Times.

STENCIL FILERS wanted by large uptown publishing house; liberal salaries; steady positions, considerate treatment and pleasant working conditions. B 386 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHERS.

TYPISTS.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS.

COMPTOMETER OPERATORS.

Girls who have had training and experience as stenographers, typists, dictaphone or comptometer operators will find pleasant, profitable employment in our organization; these positions offer excellent opportunities.

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 Washington St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED, EXPERIENCED, WITH GOOD KNOWLEDGE OF FRENCH (FRENCH STENOGRAPHY NOT ESSENTIAL.) FOR GENERAL OFFICE WORK IN FRENCH ART FIRM; STEADY POSITION. ADDRESS, STATING AGE AND SALARY REQUIRED TO R. P., B 386 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER,

BRIGHT, ENERGETIC, AND POSSESSING INITIATIVE. WRITE FOR INTERVIEW,

BAY RIDGE
SHEET METAL WORKS,
72D ST. AND 7TH AV.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER. — PERMANENT POSITION FOR EXPERIENCED WORKER.

KNOX HAT CO., INC., 601 GRAND AV.,

BROOKLYN, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat typist, accurate at figures and billing, who can keep brief set of double entry books and take trial balance, wanted in lumber business near West 23d Street Ferry; hours 8:30 to 5:30; salary, $18 to start. Reply in own handwriting stating qualifications at length. S 380 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.

Young woman, 25 years or over, familiar with general office work and able to compose as well as take dictation; good opportunity for industrious worker; state age, experience, salary desired to start. A. 267 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER with knowledge of bookkeeping; must be of initiative type, efficient and trustworthy, for a responsible position; knowledge of export necessary and if conversant with Spanish language, a good asset, tho' not essential. Sifto Porset & Co., 17 Battery Place.

STENOGRAPHER, conversant with office detail and routine as assistant to busy executive; must be able to attend to correspondence without dictation, and must have brains and initiative; $20 to start; quick advancement. Phone Beekman 4805.

STENOGRAPHER, (Remington or Underwood operator,) wanted by prominent real estate concern; to a lady of initiative, ability and neat appearance an attractive position is offered; state experience and salary required. H 18 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS, EXPERIENCED, WILLING TO DO CLERICAL WORK AND MAKE THEMSELVES GENERALLY USEFUL; GOOD OPPORTUNITY; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. K 528 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER.—One possessing tact and ability; not afraid of detail work; excellent opportunity for future advancement; between age of 25 and 30. Apply by letter, stating past experience, and salary wanted, K 498 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent girl with experience; none other need apply; with knowledge of bookkeeping; position permanent; salary $15 to start; advancement. Davis Can Cleaner Corp., 1506 Flatiron Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Some experience necessary; would consider applicant preferring to work four or five days weekly only. Address, with particulars, A. B., P. O. Box 642, City Hall Station, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young woman, experienced, wanted, large cotton and silk house, permanently; one experienced in the line preferred; answers state age, experience, salary expected. S 320 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge of bookkeeping; one who, in time, will take charge of office; good opportunity; kindly state experience and salary to start. B 457 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist and office assistant in old-established electrical contractor's office; good opportunity for willing beginner; start $10 to $12; state age, experience, and references. R. O., 132 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, by large corporation, must be experienced, capable, and neat; position permanent; state experience, references, and salary expected. A 702 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; one thoroughly experienced and possessing initiative, rapid, and alert; state experience and salary desired. Intelligent, P. O. Box 56, Station S, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER in law office; salary $20 to commence; good opportunity for advancement; state qualifications. W 459 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, with some knowledge of bookkeeping, in old-established real estate and insurance office. Address, stating salary expected, Box 170, 3,013 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, experienced; permanent position; New York office of manufacturing company; state age, experience and salary desired. H 782 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER for Brooklyn office; experience and knowledge of the dictaphone will be useful; state experience and salary expected. B 461 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, experienced; knowledge of bookkeeping and general office work essential. Address, stating full particulars and salary, M. C., 189 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter in silk and ribbon house. Apply in own handwriting, stating experience and salary wanted, A 68 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, several years' experience, capable of composing good letters; fine opportunity. Great Eastern Paper Co., 377 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER for general office of large manufacturing retiler; clientele most refined people of city; must have good education, expert in English punctuation and setup; $20 to $25. A 59 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, age between 25 and 30; take company's ferry at foot of West 95th St. each morning at 8:15. Spencer, Kellogg & Sons, Inc.

STENOGRAPHER. — Permanent position for experienced American; law experienced preferred; Christian firm. Call Room 33, 55 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, well educated young woman; experienced typist and stenographer. Call between 11 and 1, Room 1012, 133 Union Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced young lady, must have at least 3 years' experience; good, permanent position; $16-$18. Call Limpert Bros., 625 Greenwich St.

STENOGRAPHER.

Large corporation require services of stenographer. Apply National District Telegraph Co., 229 West 28th.

STENOGRAPHER by downtown import and export house; one with several years' experience; salary $20. Address K 446 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced; must also understand Spanish correspondence. Call Paul Wenger Co., 56 Liberty St.

STENOGRAPHER AND SECRETRY wanted; a bright young lady; write your application, stating education, experience, references, and salary. B 464 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, with relatives in service, can find pleasant Y. M. C. A. work at $65 a month. West Side Y. M. C. A., Educational Department, West 57th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Remington operator, at least three years' commercial experience; hours 9 to 5; hour lunch; half-holiday Saturday; salary $18. K 521 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—EXPERIENCED; MUST BE RAPID TYPIST; UNDERWOOD MACHINE. GRIFFON CUTLERY WORKS, 74 7TH AV.

STENOGRAPHER, excellent opportunity for advancement; must have previous experience. Apply Room 117, 90 West Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner or experienced, quick and accurate; also act as office assistant. Hugo Gold & Co., 136 Water St.

STENOGRAPHER, efficient and competent, with commercial experience. Arapahoe Mfg. Co., 723 Union St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, with experience, for commercial office; work light; state age and salary expected. A 71 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS who can operate dictaphone; $18 to $25 weekly; will teach if necessary. Miss Kelly, Room 225, 280 B'way.

STENOGRAPHER, neat appearance, experienced; large corporation, downtown; salary $16. K 497 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, intelligent, for broker's office; good opportunity. Call Room 717, 67 Exchange Place.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid; must be experienced; no other need apply. P. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced only; Spanish speaking preferred; steady position, Seneca Co., 15 Park Row.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, ambitious; steady position; good salary. Imperial Hygienic Co., 136 West 52d St.

STENOGRAPHER AND ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; SALARY $14; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY. A. B., 267 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER.

One who is experienced and willing to help in the office work; excellent opportunity to one who can qualify. Apply main office, 6th floor, Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST

with business experience; steady position; good salary.

C. LUDWIG BAUMAN & CO.,
1,449 BROADWAY, BROOKLYN.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; $14. Address O. A. Keenan, Bridge Plaza North, Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHER.—Will rent private office for services in large building; investigate. Room 1008, 90 West St.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; rapid typist; state salary and experience. B 453 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—State experience and salary; references required. K 487 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, capable handling correspondence and looking after office; salary $15. K 526 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; steady position; good salary. Dale Lighting Fixture Co., 109 West 13th St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced and competent; good opportunity for willing worker. Merit Co., 1,333 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent and willing worker; splendid opportunity. Demmerle & Co., 45 West 25th St.

STENOGRAPHER, young lady, for literary and dramatic business. A 20 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced mail order business. M. B. Tailoring Co., 80 4th Ave.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced only; $15. 366 Broadway, Room 314.

STENOGRAPHER; state schooling and experience. B 459 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, good education, may be beginner, $7. 88 Park Row, Room 917.

STENOGRAPHER AND OFFICE ASSISTANT. CUPPLES CO., 386 3D AV.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid, accurate worker; ability determines salary. R 44 Times.

STOCK GIRL.—Beginner, mail order house. Korein Co., 142 East 32d St.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, with knowledge of typewriting; salary $12; state experience. Box A 78 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Refined middle-aged woman for apartment house. S 319 Times.

TELEGRAPH OPERATORS.—Young women, experienced as telegraph operators, with large New York corporation; must have had experience with technical expressions; good salary; advancement. Apply 360 Madison Av., 9th floor.

THE WESTERN UNION TEL. CO.
requires young women to train for positions as TELEPHONE-TELEGRAPH and AUTOMATIC-TELEGRAPH OPERATORS; short course with salary; immediate increase on graduation; rapid promotion and further increases. Apply in person only from 9 to 4 P. M., Room 1702, 24 Walker St. (Canal St. Subway, Franklin St. elevated.)

TRIMMERS.

INFANTS' CAPS, CHILDREN'S HATS; BEST WAGES; STEADY EMPLOYMENT. ZENO CO., 387 4TH AV.

TYPEWRITER AND COPYIST; rapid; insurance brokerage office; advancement; state salary. K 490 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS.—Large mail order house requires young ladies, 16-20, as typists; steady position, quick advancement; excellent opportunity for beginners; call personally, Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. L.

TYPIST, on Underwood machine, for billing; $15 to start; give full particulars. Address Wholesale Hardware, H 687 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, experienced; steady position, pleasant surroundings, chance for advancement. Call Robt. H. Ingersoll, 30 Irving Place, 7th floor.

TYPIST, ORDER AND BILL CLERK; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; RHODES, 115 FULTON ST.

TYPIST; mail order experience preferred; good salary; steady work. Apply Lane Bryant, 23 West 38th St., 3d floor.

TYPIST.—Experienced L. C. Smith operator, quick and accurate at figures; state experience; salary, $14-$15. A 73 Times.

TYPIST and assistant bookkeeper; experienced. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

TYPIST and Filing Clerk.—Good opportunity for advancement. A 54 Times.

WAITRESS wanted to assist butler; country place, Oyster Bay. Address Anderson, Box 34, Station O, New York City.

WANTED.
Lunch Room Work.
Young women by New York Telephone Company for general work in girls' lunch room. Pleasant surroundings; good wages; eight-hour day; permanent positions; opportunity for advancement.
Apply 58 West Houston St., New York, or 81 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

WOMEN OF ABILITY.—We need educated, refined, tactful women in our organization; a rare opportunity for women of intelligence to take up the profession of salesmanship, placing stock of large financial institution; earnings are from $50 to $300 weekly to those who qualify; commission basis. Apply in person to Room 815, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

WOMEN CHAUFFEURS for Ford army trucks; good salary. Apply 370 Avenue A. Tel. Gramercy 5852.

WOMAN care rooming house; rent, light, heat, $25 monthly. 66 West 69th.

YOUNG GIRL to assist on mailing desk; bright and neat; experience not necessary; wholesale hardware. Box K 495 Times Downtown.

YOUNG GIRL, living with parents, to answer phone and do office work. L. Seely, 38 West 52d.

YOUNG LADY

to handle special detail work; only one who will accept permanent position; advancement depends on ability and accuracy; experience will be waived if you are bright; salary to start $15. See Mr. Rosenbaum, Phillip Jones Co., 829 East 134th St., Bronx.

YOUNG LADY.—Bright, energetic, full charge of receiving department piece goods large manufacturing concern; exceptional prospect of right party; preferably one who has been employed in this capacity before; open Sunday; closed Saturday. Address R. R. 210 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, bright, intelligent, well-educated, to take charge of department in large corporation; one conversant with detail and able to operate typewriter; bright future for right party. Write, stating age, salary, and experience if any, Box Y. L., 1,364 Broadway.

YOUNG LADY, good at figures, fair penman; in office large dry goods importing house; state salary expected. Miller, P. O. Box 147, City Hall Station, Manhattan.

YOUNG LADY to assist in office of wholesale dry goods house; state experience, references, age, and salary expected. K 478 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, above 18 years, as assistant in office of silk concern; state previous experience and salary expected. Write L. B., Box 16, 125 East 34th.

YOUNG LADY for office work, filing, and indexing; in replying, state age, experience, references, salary desired. A 511 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY in office of dry goods house; knowledge of samples preferred; give experience and references. K 484 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMEN

wanted as messengers; must be over 21 years of age. Apply

AMERICAN DISTRICT TELEGRAPH CO.,

33 PARK PLACE.

YOUNG WOMAN.—Wanted, in office of large manufacturer, neat, intelligent young woman, in a clerical capacity; high school graduate preferred; excellent opportunity for advancement; in replying, state age, education, previous business experience, and salary desired. K 505 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN, experienced, as blue-print clerk, to take charge of the ordering of blue prints and distribution of same; good salary to start; excellent chance for advancement. Apply 360 Madison Av., 9th floor.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted for general office work; must operate typewriter; answer own handwriting; age, experience, salary wanted, religion; steady position to right party. K 790 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN, capable, wanted as assistant in renting department of large real estate company; experience not necessary; salary $15. H 772 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN in office, weekly journal; must be good at figures and able to use typewriter. Apply F. G., P. O. Box 1148, City Hall Station.

YOUNG WOMAN, who thoroughly understands bookkeeping, capable of keeping general ledger for a corporation; state salary and experience. R 41 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Instruction.

BOOKKEEPERS AND CREDIT OFFICE ASSISTANTS! Double your salary; personal evening training, practical bookkeeping, credit investigation; moderate rates; write for Prospectus A. Edward Levi, Room 619, 200 5th Av.

LADIES, GIRLS, ATTENTION!
Learn telephone, switchboard operating, typewriting, stenography, billing, dictaphone, bookkeeping. Capt. O'Brien's School, 112 East 23d, 127 Decatur, Brooklyn.

YOUR OPPORTUNITY.

Are you taking advantage of your unusual opportunity in business? Women trained in Accounting Procedures in great demand. Write for free Bulletin 19 and details of this training preparing you for high-grade positions. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping. Individual training. Beginners, advanced students, post-graduates. Begin any time. Hours student's convenience. BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL, 280 Madison Ave. Telephone 7880 Murray Hill.

FILING.—We are unable to supply the demand for our graduates; instruction in day, evening, and correspondence courses; visitors invited. New York School of Filing, established 1912. Singer Building, New York.

GIRLS, LADIES, ATTENTION!
Learn telephone, switchboard operating, typewriting, stenography, billing, dictaphone, bookkeeping. Capt. O'Brien's School, 112 East 23d, 127 Decatur St., Brooklyn.

LADIES, GIRLS, ATTENTION!
Learn elevator operating, telephone operating. Captain O'Brien, 112 East 23d St.

FILING COURSE—ATTENTION!
FILING COURSE, $10; WHY PAY MORE? CAPT. O'BRIEN'S SCHOOL, 112 E. 23D ST.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING. PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 40TH ST. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

Employment Agencies.

PACE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS, INC., HUDSON TERMINAL, 30 CHURCH ST.

PLACEMENT IN BUSINESS THROUGH SCIENTIFIC VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE.

ACCOUNTANT, STEAMSHIP EXPERIENCE, $30-$40.
BOOKKEEPERS, CONNECTICUT INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL, $700 AND MAINTENANCE; ASSISTANT, $25; ASSISTANT, KNOWLEDGE OF COST RECORDS, $18-$20.
STENOGRAPHERS, GOOD OPENINGS, $18-$25.
CLERKS, INVOICE EXPERIENCE IN EXPORT SHIPMENTS, $23-$25; EXPERIENCE IN COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, $20-$25; FILING, $12.

CALL IN PERSON, 9 A. M. TO 2 P. M.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 Church Street.
Established 1909.

If it is a good position we have it.
We need quickly

PAY ROLL CLERK for position near Philadelphia; must have actual payroll exp.; $125 month.

SAVE
TIME—ENERGY—ANNOYANCE.
TAKE YOUR CHOICE.
HUNDREDS OF EXCELLENT OFFICE POSITIONS, $10-$35.
CALL IMMEDIATELY.
BROWN AGENCY
239 Broadway, (Entrance, 1 Park Place.)

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE.
Formerly Hodges-Brown Exchange.
Secretaries, stenographers, clerks, bookkeepers; excellent openings.
99 Nassau. Free registration. 3519 Cort.

Jupp Agency, 67 Nassau. Established 1899. Literary ingenuity handle permanences stenographers, bookkeepers, typists, clerks, stenographers combining bookkeeping, multigraphers.

STENOGRAPHERS, office assistants, typists, bookkeepers; good openings for educated, refined Americans. Clark Agency, 5 Beekman St. Cortland 4249.

BOOKKEEPER, $25; several assistants, $18; typists, $12-$18; office assistants, $12-$15. Registration free. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, Bookkeepers, Typists, Clericals, $10-$35. Rose Webber Agency, 1009 Tribune Building.

STENOGRAPHERS; POSITIONS PAYING FROM $12-$25; IMMEDIATELY. FULTON AGENCY, 489 5TH AV., 93 NASSAU ST.

STENOGRAPHERS, $18-$25; typists, $15-$18; immediately. Stenographers' Bureau, 153 Broadway.

MANY EXCELLENT OPENINGS, stenographers, bookkeepers, typists, clerks; others. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers; numerous desirable positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ADVERTISING ASSOCIATE.—A. I. Namm & Son, Brooklyn, N. Y., require an associate in the advertising dept. Apply by letter to advertising manager.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER for New York office of a large corporation; must be good writer, quick and accurate at simple mathematics; state age, experience, education and salary desired; good opening for right man. B 456 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and cost clerk; man in deferred classification or over draft age as assistant bookkeeper and cost clerk in large export house; give full particulars, with references and salary expected. B 449 Times Downtown.

A UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PLANT
NEEDS YOU!

Largest shell-making plant in America needs able-bodied men; no experience necessary; ideal working conditions; good wages; advancement possible; age between 18 and 50; if not employed on Government work apply in person, or by mail, at once.

T. A. GILLESPIE LOADING COMPANY,

SOUTH AMBOY, NEW JERSEY.

Directions to plant: Take Penn. R. R. or Jersey Central to South Amboy, and trolley from there direct to plant.

OR TO

Representative at
UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT OFFICES,
142 Bowery, New York City.

OR TO

UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT OFFICES,
310 Jay St., Brooklyn, New York.

"Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 50."

BANK CLERKS WANTED, BY A LARGE NEW YORK BANKING INSTITUTION, EXPERIENCED BANK CLERKS; ALSO YOUNG MEN AS MESSENGERS. A 762 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BANK CLERK wanted; excellent opportunity for man familiar with general ledger and teller's duties. State full particulars to Z 341 Times Annex.

BILL CLERK QUICK AND ACCURATE AT EXTENDING BILLS; GOOD PENMAN. B. C., 226 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BILL CLERK, Elliott-Fisher machine; good opportunity; reference; salary. G. M., 76 8th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly competent and experienced, capable of taking trial balances and familiar with controlling accounts and voucher system; a rapid and accurate worker with legible handwriting; a good salary and rapid advancement to the applicant meeting our requirements; state your age, experience, and salary expected. H 788 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry and trial balances; one with knowledge of stenography preferred; in reply outline experience, salary desired, nationality, &c. Parodi Cigar Co., Inc., 26-38 Cornelison Av., (near Grand St.,) 12 min. trolley car ride from Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, with thorough knowledge of stenography and typewriting, for import and export house; closed Saturdays; good salary; must come well recommended. Call Chalten & Bebrow, 133 West 35th St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Must be quick and accurate at figures; salary $18; apply letter only, stating age, references, and how long and between what dates applicant was in each position; hours 8 to 6. Heidelberg, Wolf & Co., 648 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER.—One thoroughly acquainted in double entry, controlling accounts, monthly balances; draft exempt; good salary; open Sunday, closed Saturday. H 783 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPERS or assistant bookkeepers in an old-established Wall St. bank; experience not necessary, though preferred; opportunity for a wide-awake man to advance. B 455 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; thoroughly experienced; good opportunity; state salary and experience. Post Office Box 87, West New York, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER AND OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Experienced. Apply Schaeffer Brewing Company, South 9th St. and 10th Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER wanted at Catholic supply house; state salary wanted and experience; also references. K 507 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, must know typewriting; references required. Alliance Dress Co., 180 West 29th.

BOYS!

BOYS!

BOYS!

MUST BE 18 YEARS OLD, TO DO DAY AND NIGHT WORK IN SHOP.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

BOY WANTED.

Excellent opportunity to learn the advertising business; good chance for advancement. Apply or write to Room 712, 381 4th Av.

BOYS.

Office boys, 17-18 years of age; public school graduates or those having attended high school preferred; state insurance brokerage; Christian corporation; permanent position with unusual opportunity for quick advancement to bright, intelligent, well-mannered boys of good habits; address own handwriting, stating references, nationality; salary to start $9. K 525 Times Downtown.

BOY, 16, willing and ambitious, to work in stock and make himself generally useful in lace importing house; no experience necessary; salary, $10; chance for advancement. Call, Tuesday or Wednesday, between 9 and 10, with references, L. H. Junod & Co., 100 5th Av.

BOYS.—THE ABERCROMBIE & FITCH CO., 45TH ST. AND MADISON AV., REQUIRE TWO BOYS AS ENVELOPE AND ERRAND BOYS; $9 PER WEEK. APPLY TO MR. ORTH, 7TH FLOOR.

BOYS AS STOCK CLERKS; ALSO TO RUN ERRANDS AND MAKE THEMSELVES GENERALLY USEFUL; PERMANENT POSITIONS AND CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. J. F. CAHEN & BRO., INC., 372 BROADWAY.

BOY WANTED IN OFFICE OF LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN; MUST COME OF GOOD PARENTAGE; SPLENDID CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; APPLY, STATING AGE AND SALARY EXPECTED. S. S., 207 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY wanted, 16-18, to commence as office boy, with old established export, import house; good chance for right boy; state age, references and salary desired. K 493 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—New York corporation in advancing present employes has several openings for bright, industrious boys; good salary to start; short hours. Apply 360 Madison Av., 9th floor.

BOYS wanted in banking house; 2 bright boys between 15 and 18 years; references required; good opportunity. Z 387 Times Annex.

BOY or elderly man wanted as messenger and to make himself generally useful in law office; no objection to colored person. Telephone 4553 Broad.

BOYS, bright, ambitious, in stock room of large silk house; excellent opportunity to learn silk business; state salary, age, and schooling. O 44 Times.

BOYS, large insurance company, excellent chance for advancement for bright, well educated boys; state age and schooling. B 404 Times Downtown.

BOY IN OFFICE OF LARGE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS COMMISSION HOUSE; SPLENDID CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. H 414 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOYS, bright, ambitious, by large casualty company; excellent opportunity; salary $30 monthly; state age and schooling. B 403 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Bright, neat appearance, by Christian insurance broker; good opportunity. Apply Room 1008, 80 Maiden Lane.

BOYS wanted to work in bindery; good pay; steady position. Apply ninth floor, Hill Building, 475 10th Av., corner 36th.

BOY wanted in large wholesale house; good chances for advancement. G. Sidenberg & Co., 116 5th Av.

BOY for general office work; must be public school graduate; good opportunity for advancement. P. S., 264 Times Harlem.

BOY, American, in office of large manufacturing business. P. O. Box 485, City Hall Station.

BOY Wanted, 14 to 15 years, large Wall Street office; good chance for advancement. B 463 Times Downtown.

BOY, intelligent, exceptional opportunity, wanted by Wall St. house. Apply 49 Wall St., Room 800.

BOY.—A small boy in advertising office of a magazine. Woman's World, 280 Madison Av.

BOY for wrapping packages general work. Call Robert H. Ingersoll & Bros., 30 Irving Place, 7th floor.

BOY, an active, willing worker, for errands and around office of large manufacturing concern. Call at 102 Diamond St., Brooklyn.

BOY wanted in busy law office. Advancement, H 655 Times Downtown.

BURGLARY INSPECTOR

wanted by a casualty company in its home office, New York City; state age, experience, and salary expected. Address "Inspector," H 796 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEURS wanted for army buses; good salary. 370 Avenue A. Tel. Gramercy 5852.

CHAUFFEUR experienced on Dodge car; $18 weekly. Call 407 West St.

CHEF, Japanese; must be honest and strictly sober; all year position; two in family; must do baking. Reply, stating age, salary, and references. W 458 Times Downtown.

CHEF, Japanese; one who can cook and bake; good salary, steady position. J. R. Haas, 398 Broome St., near Centre St.

CHEMISTS

wanted for explosive and chemical plant in Pennsylvania; both research and control; can use inexperienced men with technical education; few positions also for experienced research and analytical chemists; liberal salary commensurate with experience; good chances of advancement; apply by letter, telephone, or in person. Aetna Explosive Co., 120 Broadway. Telephone Rector 6900, extension 125.

CLERK for payroll, familiar with detail payroll, in connection with cost system; must be capable of handling 2 assistants; a fine opportunity for man with a pleasing personality to work into costs and handling customers on repair work; state age, present salary, and experience; $20-$25. A 58 Times.

CLERK.—Over draft age, one with bookkeeping experience preferred; moderate salary; state age and expectations. S 315 Times.

CLERKS—IN OFFICE.
SOME TYPEWRITING EXPERIENCE. CALL ANSONIA CLOCK CO., 7TH AV. AND 12TH ST., BROOKLYN.

CLERK for checking material lists general work; nice, interesting position. Call Robert H. Ingersoll & Bros., 30 Irving Place, seventh floor.

CLERK.—Young man wanted in downtown office; permanent position. H 792 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR with selling ability; experience not necessary if alert and industrious; permanent outdoor position with bright future; guaranteed salary plus substantial commission; state age and previous business history. N 520 Times Harlem.

COLLECTORS.—Three men to collect for large insurance company, on salary and commission. Call at Room 2, 953 3d Av., corner 57th St.

COMPLAINT CLERK familiar with order and shipping routine; resident of Brooklyn preferred; reply, stating experience and salary expected. Box 82, 208 Broadway, Brooklyn.

COMPTOMETER OPERATORS.—This corporation, employing many thousands doing work for Uncle Sam, wants several men and women experienced comptometer operators for their plant in the South; transportation and room furnished free; excellent chance to do your bit and be well paid at the same time; give full details, which will be treated confidentially. S. T., 267 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT in collection department of mercantile agency; credit man capable of fulfilling executive position; excellent opportunity to form permanent connection; state in detail age, previous experience, minimum salary expected at start. K 523 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

CUTTER, first-class, for custom tailoring; to go South. Apply Hager, Clark & Co., 548 Broadway.

DRAFTSMEN, MECHANICAL, WITH SEVERAL YEARS' EXPERIENCE ON DESIGN OR LAYOUT WORK; CAN ALSO USE A FEW MEN CAPABLE OF DETAILING FROM LAYOUTS; ELECTRICAL EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY; VERY ATTRACTIVE AND PERMANENT POSITIONS ASSURED TO MEN WHO QUALIFY. IN REPLYING GIVE DETAILED STATEMENT OF EXPERIENCE, APPROXIMATE SALARY EXPECTED, AND ADVISE ABOUT WHAT DATE YOU COULD REPORT FOR WORK. ADDRESS CHIEF CLERK, ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT, WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC & MFG. CO., EAST PITTS

Persons looking for situations may leave advertisements for The New York Times at offices of the American District Telegraph Company at office rates.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SHOE SALESMAN to handle our popular-priced "Young America" boys' puttees and leather leggings; quick sellers; commission. S. H., 372 Times Downtown.

SHOE SALESMAN, experienced; good salary for right man. Apply L. Weiss, 451 Broadway, Bayonne, N. J.

SHOE SALESMAN.
Must be thoroughly experienced. At Wanamaker's. Apply employment office.

SEVERAL MEN between the ages of 45 and 55 wanted; clean cut, good physical make-up, for outside night patrol work; salary to start, $18 per week. Patrol, H 572 Times Downtown.

STATUS CLERK.—Young man, some mechanical experience, to speed production by phone; also to analyze correspondence and attend to general clerical work. Apply 360 Madison Av., Ninth Floor.

STENOGRAPHER AND CORRESPONDENT.—Rapid, accurate, able to handle correspondence and assist in mail order department of large publishing house; to insure reply state fully age, experience and lowest salary to start; splendid chance of advancement to the right party. W 148 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND SECRETARY for business manager of large publishing company; high school or college graduate, with some business experience is preferred; should be exempt from immediate military service. Z 391 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Efficient law stenographer for Sunday work. W 138 Times.

STOCK CLERKS
FOR MEN'S CLOTHING.
EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY
FOR MEN AND YOUTHS.
NO OBJECTION TO
APPLICANTS OVER 45 YEARS OF AGE.
COHEN, GOLDMAN & CO.,
FOURTH STREET AND BROADWAY.

STOCK CLERK IN PIECE GOODS DEPARTMENT OF DRESS HOUSE; ONE WHO CAN SHOP AND BUY PREFERRED. J. & W. GOETZ, 10 EAST 32D.

STOCK CLERK EXPERIENCED RETAIL FUR ESTABLISHMENT; MUST HAVE A1 REFERENCES. STEIN & BLAINE, 13 WEST 57TH, 6TH FLOOR.

STOCK BOY wanted by handkerchief house; salary $8 to start. Apply Henry Matler Co., Ltd., 45 East 20th St.

STOCK CLERK, large retail stationery store; must be experienced; permanent position, good salary. Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

STOCK BOY, $10 weekly. Report to Pollak-Behrens, 140 4th Av., 11 A. M.

STOCK SALESMEN—Stock or magazine, experience preferred; must be live wire; salary and commission. A. 66 Times.

STOCK CLERKS wanted; only those experienced in sweater line need apply. Pearless, 1 East 28th St.

STRONG MAN wanted for shipping department. Eagle Manufacturing Co., 425 Broadway.

SUPERINTENDENT for office and loft building, with executive ability; must be draf exempt; good position. A 67 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR—NIGHT WORK WILL TEACH YOU. HOW TO RUN THE BOARD, IF NECESSARY. MOUNT SINAI HOSPITAL, 1 EAST 100TH.

THE
STANDARD
AIRCRAFT
COPORATION
OF
ELIZABETH, N. J.,
REQUIRE THE FOLLOWING:
TOOLMAKERS,
TINSMITHS.
Ten first-class bench hands; must understand drawings and be experienced on high-class work.

RADIATOR REPAIR MAN.
Thoroughly experienced repair man for radiators; these repairs are on new radiators that have been slightly damaged by shipping and handling; steady work and good wages.

TYPEWRITER REPAIR MAN.
Must be first-class repair man, to keep in repair a number of typewriters, mimeographs, tabulating and addressograph machines; this is a steady position, and the working conditions are the best.

TURRET LATHE OPERATORS.
J. & L. OPERATORS,
Who can set up their own
work from blue prints.
SCREW MACHINE HANDS.
NIGHT AND DAY SHIFT.
10 PER CENT. EXTRA FOR
NIGHT WORK.
MUST BE CITIZENS.
APPLY AT ONCE.

TOOL AND GAUGEMAKERS
ON JIGS, FIXTURES, AND GAUGE
WORK; ALSO FIRST-CLASS MACHINISTS ON MILLING MACHINE
WORK, HARDENERS ON HIGH-SPEED STEEL TOOLS, GRINDERS
ON TOOLS AND CUTTERS; STANDARD RATE; 48-HOUR WEEK.
SLOCUM, AVRAM & SLOCUM LABORATORIES, INC., 531 WEST 218T.

TOOL AND DIE MAKERS
PLANERS, LATHE, SHAPER, MILLING MACHINE AND GRINDER OPERATORS,
EXPERIENCED ON TOOL WORK; GUARANTEE STEADY EMPLOYMENT; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER.
P. O. BOX 1,986, COLUMBUS, OHIO.

TOOL AND DIE MAKERS FOR STEADY EMPLOYMENT; WITH UP-TO-DATE WAGES. WANTED AT ONCE; APPLICATIONS OF ONLY FIRST-RATE MEN CAN BE FILED IN PERSON ONLY. EISEMAN MAGNETO CO., 68 33D ST., BROOKLYN, 4TH FLOOR.

TOOL AND DIE MAKERS, FIRST-CLASS, PLANERS, LATHE, SHAPER, MILLING MACHINE AND GRINDER OPERATORS, EXPERIENCED ON TOOL WORK; GUARANTEE STEADY EMPLOYMENT; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER. P. O. BOX 1,986, COLUMBUS, OHIO.

TOOL DRAFTSMEN
on punches and dies, jigs and fixtures for small interchangeable work; only men with experience need apply; good pay.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

TOOL DRAFTSMEN
on punches and dies, jigs and fixtures for small interchangeable work; only men with experience need apply; good pay.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

TOOL, DIE AND GAUGE MAKERS, ALL AROUND MEN, FOR WORK ON AUTOMOBILE PARTS; STEADY EMPLOYMENT; GOOD WAGES. APPLY AT ONCE. 1,219 ATLANTIC AVE., BROOKLYN.

TOOLMAKERS,
INSTRUMENT MAKERS,
78c. PER HOUR.
Expert instrument and toolmakers, with thorough knowledge of their business, will receive the above rate to start; Government work; 48-hour week; anything over that overtime.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

TOOL AND DIE MAKERS FOR STEADY EMPLOYMENT; WITH UP-TO-DATE WAGES. WANTED AT ONCE; APPLICATIONS OF ONLY FIRST-RATE MEN CAN BE FILED IN PERSON ONLY. EISEMAN MAGNETO CO., 68 33D ST., BROOKLYN, 4TH FLOOR.

TOOL AND DIE MAKERS, FIRST-CLASS, PLANERS, LATHE, SHAPER, MILLING MACHINE AND GRINDER OPERATORS, EXPERIENCED ON TOOL WORK; GUARANTEE STEADY EMPLOYMENT; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER. P. O. BOX 1,986, COLUMBUS, OHIO.

TOOL, DIE AND DIE MAKERS, A1 MECHANICS, FOR GOVERNMENT WORK. STEADY POSITION; GOOD WAGES. METROPOLITAN ENGINEERING CO., 1,219 ATLANTIC AVE., BROOKLYN.

TOOLMAKERS, INSTRUMENT MAKERS, 78c. PER HOUR.
Expert instrument and toolmakers, with thorough knowledge of their business, will receive the above rate to start; Government work; 48-hour week; anything over that overtime.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

TRAFFIC MAN.—Splendid opportunity with grocery concern for experienced man; state particulars, including salary expected. H 750 Times Downtown.

TRAFFIC MANAGER.—Must understand domestic and foreign traffic thoroughly and possess executive ability; state full particulars as to age, experience, and salary desired. Z 382 Times Annex.

TRADE PAPER has opening in news department for bright young man, draft exempt; experience valuable, but not essential. Williams, Box 30, Station D.

TYPISTS.
Experienced men for night shifts; 5 nights per week; 45 hours. 290 Hudson.

TYPIST AND ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, experienced. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th.

WANTED,
STATION MEN AND TRAINMEN,
AGES 21 TO 55,
SUBWAY AND ELEVATED DIVISIONS,
INTERBOROUGH RAPID
TRANSIT CO.
APPLY
ROOM 1233, 165 BROADWAY,
9 A. M. TO 5 P. M., DAILY,
EXCEPT SUNDAY.

WAREHOUSE MAN wanted, married, experienced keeping books required in warehousing coffee; salary $30 to $35. L 684 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN. — Opportunity to learn a good trade. — electrical wiring and testing; positions are permanent; good salaries to start; advancement according to ability; men of sixteen years or over are eligible. Apply by mail. L 349 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN.—Splendid opportunity with large insurance corporation. See Mr. Lewis, 2 Albany St., 8th floor.

YOUNG MAN, 17 or 18 years of age, in office of wholesale hardware firm to learn the hardware business, for which thorough training is necessary; high school graduate or attendant preferred; fixed line of promotion starting on mailing desk at $9 per week, with advance in pay and position in three months and again in six months. K 503 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN.
Large silk waist manufacturer offers excellent positions to several young men experienced as order clerks in waist line; high salaries to start; advancement when ability is proven. Address R. H., 267 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted in office of large manufacturer; an intelligent, well educated young man, draft exempt, for position calling for initiative and industry; in replying state age, education, previous business experience, and salary desired. K 506 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced as blueprint clerk, to take charge of the ordering of blueprints and distribution of same; good salary to start; excellent chance for advancement. Apply 360 Madison Av., Ninth Floor.

YOUNG MAN, capable of installing a system for filing, mailing, name plate, &c.; knowledge of general office work; nominal salary to start; exceptional opportunity; write, giving age and salary expected; Bronxite preferred. F 2, Station 72, Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, about 17 years of age, as assistant mail clerk in the office of a manufacturer; must have good education and come well recommended; state salary expected. K 447 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for old-established concern to assist in cost department; excellent opportunity for one seeking steady employment and advancement; accounting student preferred. R 24 Times.

YOUNG MAN as assistant in receiving and shipping department; must be experienced and capable; state references and salary. A. A., 389 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 16-17 years, for office and errand work; grammar school graduate. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, nationality; salary required. W 142 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 17 to 18, quick and accurate at figures; one experienced in the newspaper line preferred. Metropolitan News Co., 47 and 53 Chrystie St.

YOUNG MAN, strong and athletic, for gymnasium work; one with deferred classification. Apply after 10 A. M., Suite 107, 50 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN with adding machine or typewriter and mechanical experience preferred; excellent opportunity; good salary. B. A., 266 Times.

YOUNG MAN, bright, 16 or 17 years old, for office position; splendid opportunity for advancement. Z 394 Times Annex.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in thirty days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syl-a-ble Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for free trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 537 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

MEN.—EARN $25 TO $75 A WEEK.
We teach Mechanical Dentistry by actual practice; no book study, short course, day or evening; easy payments; big demand now for our students. Write for free Booklet "C."
Boden Models of Mechanical Dentistry, 15 W. 44 St., N. Y.; 15 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

EARN $25 to $75 weekly taking photographs; many jobs now open; we teach motion picture, studio, and commercial photography; 3 months' studio instruction, day or night; easy terms. Call or write for Booklet "P." N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 W. 36th St.

MEN WANTED to learn a paying professional trade, Mechanical Dentistry. Splendid opportunities for trained men. Practical work all through. Perfectly equipped laboratories. Call or write. West Side Y. M. C. A. School of Mechanical Dentistry, Dept. B., 25 West 45th St., New York.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANT-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

BOOKKEEPERS AND CREDIT OFFICE ASSISTANTS; Double your salary; personal evening training, practical bookkeeping, credit investigation; moderate rates; write for Prospectus A. Edward Levi, Room 619, 200 5th Av.

ARE YOU INTERESTED
in a profession paying $3,000 to $15,000 yearly? We graduate experts; day or night; class now forming; write for Booklet C. Naturopathic Institute, 254 West 34th, N. Y.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

AIRPLANE MECHANICS.—Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE,
30 Church Street.
Established 1909.
No capable man can have too many opportunities within his reach. A talk with us may mean a brilliant future for you.
CLERICAL DEPARTMENT.
SHIPPING CLERKS—$—domestic and local shipping; $25.
EXPORT CLERKS—4—$25-$30.
LEDGER CLERK, with export house, knowledge of Spanish, $25.
STOCK CLERK, keeping stationery and office supplies; near Newark; middle-aged man preferred, $25.
INVENTORY CLERK, buildings and machinery; familiar with figuring depreciation; $125 mo. and bonus.
ASST. TO ACCOUNTANT, experienced in bookkeeping, typewriting, and correspondence; unusual future for hard worker; 25 to 30 years preferred; $30.
ASST. TO AUDITOR, general ledger experience, $25.
BOOKKEEPERS over 45 years old; wonderful opportunities for permanent position for thorough D. E. men; can place 3 or 6 at $25 to $30.
COLLECTION CORRESPONDENT, $25.
"THE"
"NATIONAL."

BOOKKEEPERS, accountants, clerks, others; worth investigating. Mighill, Flatiron Bldg.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Employment Agencies.

PACE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS, INC., HUDSON TERMINAL, 30 CHURCH ST.
PLACEMENT IN BUSINESS
THROUGH SCIENTIFIC
VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE.

ACCOUNTANTS.—General accountant familiar with banking and the financing of a manufacturing concern, about 40 years of age, near Boston, $4,000; construction costs accountant, Government work in Virginia; $3,000; accountant experienced in steamship work, $2,500; cost men, (4,) Government work in New Jersey, $1,200-$2,000.
BOOKKEEPERS.—Full set, assistant to head bookkeeper, $33; ledger clerks, (2,) local, $28; for wholesale florist, full set, $25; assistant, ledger work, but chance for advancing to head bookkeeper's place, $20.
STENOGRAPHERS.—Secretary to President of large publishing house, $20; private secretary, fine opening, $25; typist and clerk, express company, $23.
OFFICE MEN.—Experienced man for local Government work, $28; shipping clerks, (2,) $25; several office boys, $10.

CALL IN PERSON, 9 A. M. TO 2 P. M.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICK D 6-44 roadster, special top, plate glass windows; run less than 7,000 miles; perfect condition, newly painted and overhauled; no dealers. Telephone River 6039.

BUICK 1917 Little 6 Limousine; exceptional bargain. 305 West 59th. Columbus 1433.

BUICK Little 6 cabriolet; like new every way. Handley, 305 West 59th.

BUICK 1916 CABRIOLET.
Beautiful condition. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters, Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

CADILLAC 1917 landaulet, practically new; unusually beautifully car.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
Plaza 4837. 665 Fifth Av.

CADILLAC 1917 Coupe; 1917 Roadster, Landaulet, Limousine; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC limousines, 1916 and 1917 models; perfect condition; bargains. W. A. Trock, 411 West 55th St.

CADILLAC tourings, 1916 and 1917; just overhauled and painted; fully equipped; bargains. W. A. Trock, 511 West 55th.

CADILLAC 1917 touring; also 1916 touring and roadster; bargains. 305 West 59th.

CADILLAC 1918 SUBURBAN.
10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078.

CADILLAC touring car, good condition. Kennedy, 50 East 62d Street.

CHANDLER 1917 Sedan, practically new; very reasonable. 305 West 59th. Columbus 1433.

DODGE 5-passenger touring, 1918 model, excellent condition; owner must sell. D. D. Meadwcroft, Jr., phone 808, Morristown, N. J.

DODGE 1917 touring; can't tell from new; bargain. Handley, 305 West 59th.

FORD touring, used 2,000 miles, starter, demountable, tire carrier, spare shoe, speedometer, ammeter, switch lock, &c.; equal to new car; $525. Scharil Bros., 156 2d Av., near 9th St.

FORD COUPELET, LIKE NEW, FINE RUNNING CONDITION; BARGAIN PRICE. 171 EAST 122D ST. NO PHONE.

HAYNES touring, five-passenger; newly equipped with Packard furnishings. 152 West 90th St.

HUDSON, late 1917, sport model, 4-passenger; beautiful car, elegant condition; seen 1,264 Bedford Av., 2 doors from Fulton St., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 567.

HUDSON Sedan, 1916, 6-40; condition excellent; reasonable. 305 West 59th. Columbus 1433.

Hudson, 1917 4-passenger Sport, must be seen to be appreciated. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St.

HUDSON sedan, 1916, first class shape. Mr. Thompson's car, Ormsby Garage, 447 West 151st.

HUDSON 1917 Super-Six touring; exceptional bargain. 305 West 59th. Columbus 1433.

HUDSON town car, 1917, Super-Six; bargain. 305 West 59th. Columbus 1433.

HUPMOBILE, 1914, 4-passenger; good condition; new tires; bargain, $300. Oliver, Tremont 1883.

ISOTTA rebuilt, 4-passenger, perfect condition; very reasonable to immediate buyer. Ecclesine, 464 West 152d St. Audubon 6054.

LANCIA 1918, four-passenger sport type; run 1,000 miles; practically new.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
Plaza 4837. 665 Fifth Av.

LANCIA SEDAN. LIKE NEW.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

LEXINGTON 1918, fine condition throughout and a very exceptional opportunity. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor. Circle 1872.

LEXINGTON Chummy 1918, bargain, guaranteed. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor. Circle 1872.

MARMON 41, 1916, seating seven; Bosch starter, wire wheels; bargain; A1 condition. P. O. Box 24, Rosebank, S. I.

MARMON 1917 Touring car, 1918 Roadster, Sedan; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON 1917 sedan; like new throughout. Call at 112 West 52d.

MARMON LIMOUSINE—ALMOST NEW.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

MAXWELL 1917 5-passenger, with slip covers; excellent condition; very reasonable. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor. Circle 1872.

MAXWELL 1917 cabriolet; beautiful car; excellent condition; bargain. Handley, 305 West 59th.

MITCHELL 1917 5-passenger, recently overhauled; big opportunity for immediate buyer. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor. Circle 1872.

OAKLAND 1917 roadster; very desirable; appearance, condition perfect. Handley, 305 West 59th.

OLDSMOBILE special speedster, two extra seats. Model 43; classy little car; perfect mechanical condition; newly painted; real bargain; $685; trade considered. 1826 Webster Av., near 176th, Bronx.

OLDSMOBILE touring. Model 43; fully equipped; good running order; fine tires and extras; bargain. J. McDermott, Gedney Farms, White Plains. Phone 178M.

OWEN MAGNETIC.—For sale, at a very low price, 7-passenger landaulet with specially made Healey body; car has run a total of less than 11,000 miles; equipped with Westinghouse shock absorbers, an entirely new Philadelphia battery; tires in excellent condition. Can be seen at the Mineola Garage, Park Av. and 59th St. Telephone 159 Ring 5 Ridgefield, Conn., or write "Orineco," R. F. D. 46, Ridgefield.

OVERLAND touring, Model 83; shows very little use; excellent mechanical condition; good tires all around; for quick sale, $395; no less. 1,826 Webster Av., near 176th, Bronx.

PACKARD 1915, 3-38, seven-passenger touring car; bargain. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PACKARD roadster; excellent condition; cheap for cash. Roberts, Barclay 5835.

PACKARD 1917 BROUGHAM LIMOUSINE. Almost new. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

PAIGE 1918 roadster; disappearing seats in rear; practically brand-new. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St.

PIERCE-ARROW "66" TOURING.
This Manufacturer is the latest model built, and is handsomely equipped with slip covers, tonneau, windshield, two extra tires mounted, tire covers, tools, &c.; same looks like a brand new car and is guaranteed to be in perfect mechanical condition, having been driven only 6,300 miles; to duplicate this car would cost $7,400; will sell at a genuine bargain to quick purchaser.
BURRELLE, 1,680 BROADWAY.

PIERCE-ARROW (1918) limousine; 38 H. P.
PACKARD (1918) four passenger; like new.
CADILLAC (1917) limousine; like new.
F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

PREMIER four-passenger 1918, perfect condition, almost like new; excellent tires; reasonable. Ecclesine, 1,922 Broadway, Columbus 4648.

RENAULT landaulet town car, completely equipped; no dealers. Circle 4572, before 12.

REO 1917 touring; condition and appearance like new. Handley, 305 West 59th.

REO 1917, 5-passenger; perfect condition; quick buyer wanted. Tel. Columbus 2063.

S. G. V. four-passenger "special" touring; wire wheels, starter, lights, &c. 4572 Circle.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH.—Good mechanical condition, 3 new tires, 3 extras. Simmons, 568 Pacific St., Brooklyn. Telephone Sterling 1200.

SCRIPPS roadster; very snappy job; will sell reasonable. Handley, 305 West 59th.

STANDARD 1916 "8" touring; has appearance and condition of new car; a very exceptional bargain, guaranteed. Taylor Motors Corporation, 1,920 Broadway. Columbus 4648.

STANDARD "8" 1917 4-passenger, in finest condition; guaranteed; very reasonable. Taylor Motors Corp., 1,920 Broadway. Columbus 4648.

STANDARD 1918 touring, demonstrator, same as new; fully guaranteed. Taylor Motors Corp., 1,922 Broadway. Columbus 4648.

STANDARD 1917 "8" touring 7-passenger, completely overhauled, fully guaranteed. Taylor Motors Corporation, 1,920 Broadway, Columbus 4648.

STEARNS KNIGHT 1917 special touring, Victoria top, same as new, two extra tires. Ecclesine, 1922 Broadway. Columbus 4648.

STEARNS KNIGHT "8" Limousine, perfect condition, excellent tires, one extra; exceptional buy. Ecclesine, 1,922 Broadway, Columbus 4648.

STUTZ 1918 Runabout, 1918 Touring, 1917 Bulldog; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST RECEIPT.
A receipt issued by the U. S. Assay office, No. 1492, dated July 26, 1918, for 11 40-100 ounces gold bullion, payable to Powers & Mayer, Inc., or order, has been lost; payment has been stopped at the assay office.
POWERS & MAYER, INC.,
JOSH W. MAYER,
Aug. 27th, 1918. President and Treasurer.

LOST—By working girl, Sunday afternoon, purse containing money and key, on New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad, between 180th Street, New York, and White Plains; liberal reward. Notify Tonart, 539 West 112th, N. Y. C.

LOST—25-inch tan traveling bag, between Seacliff and Roslyn, L. I., containing wearing apparel, toilet articles, mail from France, camera, &c., from auto. McCann, 603 West 148th. Audubon 4094.

LOST—A black leather satchel containing ladies' apparel, on Thursday afternoon on the Rye Beach road; liberal reward if returned to Miss B. Johnson, 73 East 90th St.

LOST—Gold ring, hand carved, set with Chinese jade stone, at Feltman's, Coney Island, Saturday night; liberal reward. Return G. H. Peterson, 38 East 30th.

$25 REWARD, no questions asked, return pearl scarf pin, lost Aug. 19, between Broad and 44th Sts. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

LOST—Between 84th and 85th, Central Park West, diamond bar pin; liberal reward if returned to Mrs. Rayner, Apt. 8E, 1 West 85th St. Phone Schuyler 5966.

LOST—Thursday, Aug. 22, Port Newark Bay Shipyard, pocketbook containing three Liberty bonds and change; reward. R. Cazan, 308 West 55th St., New York City.

LOST—Finder of lady's silk bag, lost near 6th Av., 46th to 28th Sts., please return; keep money as reward. Mrs. Hill, Oxford Court, Suffern, N. Y.

LOST—At 94th St., between Amsterdam and Columbus, a lavalliere, crescent, and three rings; will give reward. Wiesbader, 626 Columbus Av.

LOST—Between 93d and 38th Sts., on 6th Av. elevated, brown stone cameo brooch; reward. Gerber, Barthold & Gerber, 29 West 38th.

LOST—Wallet containing military registration card and credit check from Stern Bros.; $10 reward. Sacks, 1,874 3d Av. Harlem 5248.

LOST—Book containing Bradstreet's card and sum of money, Saturday afternoon, 5th Av. bus. E. L. Bennet, Knickerbocker Hotel.

LOST.—Diamond and pearl crescent pin, between 116th St. and Church, 121st St., near Broadway. 616 West 116th St., Apt. 34. Morningside 6704. Reward.

LOST—Black change purse, containing $29, keys, between 59th and 116th St., 7th Av. subway; reward. Intervale 1930.

LOST—Umbrella, Manhattan St. subway station; crook handle, brass initials; reward. B 446 Times Downtown.

FOUND.—Lower east side, pocketbook containing money. Samuel M. Goldberg, 330 Broadway.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Boston brindle bulldog, brown and white markings. Reward. Ferguson, 364 West 57th St. Phone Columbus 7965.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

STEARNS KNIGHTS
OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED.
1917 Cloverleaf, 8 cylinder.
1917 7 passenger, 8 cylinder. Reasonable
1917 5 passenger, 4 cylinder. prices.
1916 5 passenger, 4 cylinder.
Also Limousines and Landaulets.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.,
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

STUTZ 1918 four-passenger, 10 days old, equal to brand new automobile, including two brand new extra Goodyear shoes, mounted, Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St.

STUTZ 1916, 2 extra tires, spotlight, paint and mechanical condition perfect. Call at 863 East 12th St., Brooklyn, or phone Midwood 5802 for particulars.

STUTZ 1918 Roadster; absolutely perfect condition; make offer. Telephone Owner, 348 Rector.

WINTON Six, seven-passenger touring car; electric lights, self-starter; overhauled, repainted; guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
No war tax on used cars.
CRANE SIMPLEX TOURING.
FIAT (30) Sedan, foreign; latest importation.
1918 CADILLAC town car.
1918 BUICK Little "6" roadster.
1918 CHANDLER touring.
1918 HUPMOBILE touring; like new.
1918 MITCHELL touring.
1918 CHANDLER semi-roadster.
1917 CADILLAC touring.
1917 PREMIER touring; like new.
1917 STUTZ speedster.
1917 NATIONAL touring.
1917 PEERLESS touring.
1917 STUTZ Bulldog Special.
1917 HUDSON cabriolet.
1916 FRANKLIN touring.
1916 STUTZ roadster; practically new.
1916 STUTZ speedster; Bearcat.
1917 OVERLAND Little "6" Sedan.
TRUCKS. TRUCKS.
PACKARD, 3½-TON.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.,
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
No war tax on used cars.
Phone 667-668 Circle.

RIGHT PRICES.
1918 HAYNES 7-passenger touring.
1917 CADILLAC SEDAN, "exceptional."
1917 CHANDLER chummy roadster.
1917 CADILLAC touring.
1917 HUPMOBILE runabout.
1917 MITCHELL 5-passenger touring.
1917 STUDEBAKER "6" touring.
1917 OVERLAND "6" small touring.
1917 OVERLAND small runabout.
1916 CADILLAC touring; exceptional.
1916 CHALMERS 7-passenger.
1916 DODGE runabout; exceptional.

Open 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Closed Sunday.

THE BRIGHTON AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.,
Appraisers to the Trade,
1,077 ATLANTIC AV., CORNER FRANKLIN AV., BROOKLYN.

USED CHANDLER.
Overhauled, refinished. Ninety-day guarantee.
USED CARS.

Model	17-B	7	passenger touring.
"	17	7	" touring.
"	17-B	4	" coupe.
"	16	3	" cabriolet.
"	16	7	" touring.
"	17-B	7	" sedan.
"	17	7	" limousine.

OTHER MAKES.
1916 7 passenger Marmon touring, 6 wire wheels and tires.
D. E. worm drive one-ton truck.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS. Reconditioned & guaranteed by the manufacturer. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St.

Motor Trucks.

ATTENTION!—Motor trucks, 2, 3½, and 5 ton, sold on easy terms to reliable buyers; contracts for steady employment at liberal rates guaranteed; immediate delivery. Wilson Motor Truck Corp., 1,457 Broadway. Tel. 5685 Bryant.

HURLBURT truck, 1½-2 tons, completely overhauled, with van type express body; elegant condition; extraordinary bargain for immediate buyer. Superior Garage Co., 210 West 76th St. Schuyler 9670.

TRUCKS.—Will sell 3½ and 5 ton trucks on deferred payment plan to responsible parties, and give yearly contract for work. 1,457 Broadway, Room 903.

TRUCKS.—Will sell 3½ and 5 ton trucks on deferred payment plan to responsible parties, and give yearly contract for work. 1,457 Broadway, Room 903.

Automobiles for Rent.

AUTOS.
Best Private service at taxi rates.
HOUR, DAY, WEEK OR MONTH;
touring, limousine and landaulet.
HOTEL AUTO RENTAL SERVICE,
411 West 55th. Columbus 2892.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire, hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARDS.—(Twin sixes,) Pierce-Arrows; hour or season. Muldoon, 254 West 68th. Telephone Col. 2151, Col. 7261.

PACKARD landaulet hire; owner drives. Lenox 885. Home phone Intervale 3722. Boltin.

PACKARD (7-passenger) for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. Murray Hill 4661.

Automobiles Wanted.

SEDAN wanted; Hudson, Franklin, or similar; state full particulars. P. G., 142 Times.

WANTED Dodge Roadster; cash waiting. Moyle, Hartley Hall, Columbia University.

WANTED AUTOS; SPOT CASH READY; all makes bought. Jandorf, 1,763 Broadway.

HIGHEST prices paid for cars. Telephone before you sell. Burns, 4005 Fordham.

FORD car wanted; describe, price; cash. B., 37 West 48th St.

FORD or any small car; reasonable price; state particulars. N 522 Times Harlem.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Following to Camp Greenleaf:
Heggie, Maj. N. MacL.

CAPTAINS.

Wilkinson, C. H.	Sanders, A. O.
Harris, R. C.	Ward, R. J.
MacLachlan, J.	McLaughlin, P. J.
Morgan, H.	

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Davis, M. D.	Schiegel, H. T.
Sweeney, J. J.	Swope, R. E.
Horst, O. C.	Taquino, G. J.
Johansen, F. A.	Sharpton, B. T.
Moore, W. R.	Haynes, F. W.
Beck, A. F.	Chilton, C. M.

Following to Camp Cody:

CAPTAINS.

Lauterbach, W. F.	O'Connor, J. H.
Slayton, F. H.	Phelan, J. R.
Espy, J. G.	Van Dalsem, S. B.
Fairly, J. M.	

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Ochs, L. M.	Tuff, W. H.
Lyons, P. D.	Mulvehill, W. W.
Shipley, M. H.	Patterson, S. T.
Gibbs, C. A.	Thompson, A. F.

Beach, Maj. G. C., Jr.; Schwars, Capt. S. G.; Campbell, 1st Lt. A. S.; Cosgrove, 1st Lt. J. J., and Deeds, 1st Lt. C. R., to Camp Greene.

Following to Camp Kearny:

CAPTAINS.

Weishbrodt, I. A.	Smith, A. M.
McCleave, T. C.	

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Johnson, F. H.	Cromeans, R. E.
Loudon, J. P.	Van Winkle, J. O.

Thomson, 1st Lt. S. W., and Snowden, 1st Lt. E., to Camp Lee.
Frazer, Capt. T., and Harris, Capt. C. E., to Camp Custer.
Lower, 1st Lt. Col. W. E., and Aubry, Capt. W. J. C., are hon. discharged.
Bender, Capt. F. F., and Hughes, 1st Lt. C. R., to Camp Wheeler.
Wheatley, Capt. L. F., and Harlow, Capt. W. P., to Army Hosp. No. 21 at Denver.
Hilger, Capt. A. E.; Woodbridge, Capt. J. W., and Ormond, 1st Lt. J. K., to Camp Dodge.
Ralston, Maj. W.; Hall, Capt. T. N.; Schwars, Capt. J.; Ruedeinann, 1st Lt. R. H.; Stewart, 1st Lt. J. S., Jr.; Bird, 1st Lt. U. S., and Tracey, 1st Lt. N. N., to Camp Jackson.
Abraham, Maj. H.; Bogen, Capt. I. L.; Mills, 1st Lt. L. D., and Payne, 1st Lt. J. H., to Base Hosp. No. 71 at Camp Beauregard.

Following to Camp Taylor:

CAPTAINS.

Brannon, H. O.	Glasgow, S. McP.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Beavly, J. S.	Hopkins, R. L.
Day, R. B.	Price, J. J.
Ford, L. H.	Vallandingham, J. L.

Following will report to Chief of Staff for temp. duty at Army War College:

LIEUT. COLONELS.

Aydelotte, J. T.	Foust, L. R.
Cade, W. T., Jr.	Schoenleber, A. W.
Johnston, J. F.	

MAJORS.

Gaylord, H. R.	Reddy, J. J.
McIntyre, H. B.	

Following to Camp Funston with 305th Inf.:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Ingram, G. R.	Myrick, A. LeR.
Lightfoot, E. C.	Rhodes, A. H.
Lowda, W. J.	Rush, G. A.

Boskowitz, Capt. G. H., to Camp Fremont.
Lazelle, Capt. H. G., to Camp Lewis.
Caldroney, 1st Lt. T. L., and Chalat, 1st Lt. J. H., to Camp Taylor.
Daugherty, 1st Lt. E., and Hullsick, 1st Lt. H. E., to Camp Grant.
King, 1st Lt. E. D., and Laughon, 1st Lt. W. I., to Camp Pike.
McNeil, 1st Lt. C. L., and Peacock, 1st Lt. K. C., to Camp Sherman.
Sullivan, Capt. C. F.; Barnes, 1st Lt. B. S.; Kleinman, 1st Lt. F.,

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

A woman buying ships and railroad equipment for France

WOMEN
Bank Managers in England

The London City and Midland Bank was the first to promote a woman as manager of one of its branches. Of its 3,000 employees today, 2,600 are women.

In England, 278,000 women have directly replaced men in commerce.

"IT is the nation with the best women that's going to win this war."

The nations today are counting their woman-brain-power. Will it hold the lines behind the men? Never before has such a startling call rung out—women wanted, to keep their countries' commerce going! Women in thousands to shoulder important financial responsibilities!

It is perhaps the one gap of which an over-burdened world would have said despairingly: "Here women *cannot* help. *They have never had the training.*"

But look! A *woman's* business sense, a *woman's* business enterprise, is helping France to keep her transportation lines open for communication with the front!

Cecile Bornozi, railway woman of France, holds a special commission from her country. Already she has bought a million dollars' worth of railway rolling stock, had it shipped across the Channel, and rented it to her Government. She buys the fire-brick with which France is rebuilding her demolished factory furnaces. She buys the very ships for transporting it!

How women got the training

Mlle. Sanua, one of France's leading business women, applied to the Department of State for a School of Commerce for Women. "After all, Mademoiselle, is a woman's brain really capable for commerce?" the Minister of Commerce asked wearily.

"Train it. Then try it," she insisted.

So Paris got her School where the *jeunes filles* of today study commercial law, monetary systems, banking, merchandising.

Undaunted, they lay aside their workbags, and take up the studies which will enable them to fill the places of fathers, husbands, brothers in maintaining France's commerce—now, and in that rebuilding "after the war" when they will perhaps be needed even more.

Thousands of women in banking

It is the same in England. England has her women holding high government offices—her women controlling large enterprises—her Lady Mackworth, assuming complete charge of her father's, Lord Rhonda's, vast coal and shipping interests—her women bank managers, women accountants.

Thousands upon thousands of English women promptly, quietly took hold with an efficiency, a breadth of grasp which has won men's admiration.

New York's Schools of Finance for Women

Opened at Wall Street's request, the "Financial Center for Women," under the direction of Elizabeth Wylie, is training women in banking, investment, accountancy and managerial positions. Already it has placed young women in responsible positions in leading New York banks.

New York University, in order to meet the new business conditions caused by our entrance into the war, opened to women 142 courses in Commerce, Accounts and Finance.

One New York bank has its own training course for women. Since the war, this bank has already engaged nearly 500 women.

Until their countries' need aroused them, these women had been unacquainted with the very terms of banking — as unfamiliar with "stop payments," "certified checks," and a host of mysterious terms of "the street," as any man is with the language of frills and chiffons!

But now!—forty-two thousand women in finance and banking alone! Petticoats in London's financial district! Petticoats in the innermost recesses of the Bank of England itself—where for hundreds of years before no woman's foot had ever trod!

The call to American women

Months ago, Pictorial Review told this stirring story—told it along with the inspiring news of America's call for women trained in commerce—of American Schools of Commerce now open to women.

Because Pictorial Review really believes in women, it has never been afraid to come forward and advocate a broader usefulness and wider interests for women.

Woman suffrage, direct representation of Women's Labor in the Government, more power and permanency for the Woman's Committee of the Council of National Defence—these are some of the causes Pictorial Review has been the first to advocate editorially.

In every sphere of life, in the home and out of it, these big throbbing Woman-questions that Pictorial Review discusses are the things that are interesting American women.

Pictorial Review is known among women as the magazine with a vision.

Wresting the Toy Business from Germany

Mlle. Sanua, organizer of Paris's School of Commerce, organized also the Federation of French Toy Makers, which she intends shall wrest the world's toy trade from Germany.

Through her efforts, French women are receiving the commercial training which already has enabled thousands of them to take men's places in banking and commerce.

Largest 20-cent circulation in the world—1,500,000 copies monthly

$2,500,000 Advertising Revenue—only one other monthly magazine has as much

Since the war, 100,000 more families read Pictorial Review every month

In ten years, the number of Pictorial Review readers has grown from 200,000 to 1,500,000 a month

PICTORIAL REVIEW

AMERICA'S GREATEST WOMAN'S MAGAZINE

The Pictorial Review Company
New York

At news-stands everywhere

20 cents the copy
$2.00 the year